

FINAL SITE INSPECTION REPORT AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC. MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY

PREPARED UNDER TECHNICAL DIRECTIVE DOCUMENT NOS. 02-8805-04 AND 02-8910-03 CONTRACT NO. 68-01-7346

FOR THE

ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DIVISION
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

OCTOBER 31, 1989

NUS CORPORATION SUPERFUND DIVISION

SUBMITTED BY

DIANE TRUBE
PROJECT MANAGER

REVIEWED/APPROVED BY.

GERALDI HANNAY

SITE MANAGER

RONALD M. NAMAN FIT OFFICE MANAGER SITE NAME: ADDRESS:

Aircraft Painting, Inc.
Millville Municipal Airport
Millville, New Jersey 08332

EPA ID NO.: LATITUDE: LONGITUDE: NJD096854229 39° 22' 29" N 75° 04' 23" W

BLOCK NO.: LOT NO.: 631 23

1.0 SITE SUMMARY

Aircraft Painting, Inc. is an active facility located in the former Boeing-Vertol hangar at the north end of the Millville Municipal Airport in Millville, Cumberland County, New Jersey. The surrounding area is generally flat and rural in nature, with the major population center located in the center of the city of Millville 2 miles northeast of the site.

Aircraft Painting, Inc. has been owned and operated since 1977 by Thomas and James Iwasz. Operations include the stripping and repainting of small aircraft. These activities take place inside a hangar that is leased from the City of Millville. The hangar is 65 feet wide and 165 feet long and has a cement floor that is slightly depressed to form a channel along the east wall, allowing for the accumulation of wash waters from the paint stripping process. Three floor drains, now plugged, are also located along the east wall in the channel. The concrete pavement outside and in the front of the hangar slopes gently downward to a storm drain 300 feet south of the hangar. The storm drain crosses the property from west to east, draining the adjacent airport properties and discharging eventually into a drainage ditch in a wooded area approximately 1200 feet north of the site.

Paint is removed from the airplanes either by the spray application of a solvent stripping agent or by sanding. The solvent used consists primarily of methylene chloride, but also contains ammonia, sodium chromate, and methanol. After the solvent has dissolved and removed the paint from an airplane, the plane is hosed down with fresh tap water or with previously used wash water. Three or four airplanes are stripped per month, using approximately 18 to 20 gallons of solvent per airplane. Prior to 1983, the company owners collected and disposed of the coagulated paint drippings into a garbage dumpster for disposal at the Millville Municipal Landfill. The wash waters were allowed to enter the floor drains located along the east wall of the hangar, which discharged into the storm drain 300 feet south of the hangar. In May 1982, the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) began an investigation into possible sources of alleged contamination in a municipal well, identified as Airport Well No. 3, located several hundred feet southeast of the outfall of the storm drain into the drainage ditch. Data evidencing alleged contamination of Airport Well No. 3 is unavailable. The NJDEP identified Aircraft Painting, Inc. and the adjacent Airwork Corporation as potential sources of contamination. As a result of this investigation, the owners of Aircraft Painting, Inc. plugged the floor drains and began collecting the wash waters and paint sludges via a sumple pumpinto a 4000-gallon steel tank on site. The NJDEP

had collected a sample of this paint sludge in June 1982, but because the facility qualified as a small waste quantity generator, the sample was never analyzed. There is no indication that any groundwater samples were collected during the NJDEP investigation.

On August 2, 1988, NUS Corporation Region 2 FIT collected surface water and sediment samples from the drainage ditch north of the site and an aqueous sample from the solvent wash water storage tank on site. Groundwater samples were also collected from two municipal wells located at the Millville Municipal Airport. The analytical results of these samples indicated the presence of butylbenzlphthalate, bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, 2-methylnaphthalene, phenol, tetrachloroethene, antimony, cadmium, and lead in the solvent tank as well as the surface water and/or sediment of the drainage ditch. In addition, tetrachloroethene at a concentration of 15 ppm and cadmium at a concentration of 6.2 ppm were detected in Airport Well No. 3. Both of these contaminants were present in the solvent wash water storage tank on site, and therefore may be attributable to the facility. Because of the close proximity of Airwork Corp., and the possibility that it may be responsible in some part for the contamination present, it is not possible to positively identify Aircraft Painting as the source of these contaminants.

Ref. Nos. 1-5, 22, 23, 24

2.0 SITE INSPECTION NARRATIVE

2.1 EXISTING ANALYTICAL DATA

During a site inspection of the Aircraft Painting facility by the NJDEP in June 1982, a sample was collected of the paint sludge produced by the paint stripping process. However, because the company qualified as a small waste quantity generator, the sample was never analyzed. Although the NJDEP targeted Airport Well No. 3 as allegedly contaminated as of May 1982, there are no data available evidencing contamination of Airport Well No. 3, prior to the analysis of samples taken during the August 2, 1988 Region 2 FIT site inspection.

Ref. Nos. 4, 5

2.2 WASTE SOURCE DESCRIPTION

The main waste source on site is a 4000-gallon aboveground steel tank located approximately 50 feet south of the Aircraft Painting, Inc. hangar along the east property boundary. The tank is used to store the chlorinated solvent wash waters generated by the paint stripping process. The tank is held in place by metal brackets underneath it, elevating the tank several inches above the concrete pavement. There are four 2-inch-diameter openings on the top of the tank which allow for evaporation of its contents. Because the tank is situated on a slight incline, the south end of the tank is slightly lower than the north end. There is no liner underneath the tank, nor are there any containment or diversion structures surrounding it.

Prior to 1983, the wash waters were allowed to enter the floor drains along the east wall of the hangar, which discharged into the storm drain south of the hangar. The storm drain eventually empties into a drainage ditch in a wooded area 1200 feet north of the Aircraft Painting, Inc. site. Based on field observations and information provided by the Millville Engineering Department, at least a portion of the drainage ditch is concrete-lined. The drainage ditch does not appear on the topographic map (Millville, N.J. Quadrangle), and there are no obvious migration pathways from the drainage ditch to a downslope surface water. For these reasons and because the contents of the drainage ditch may be percolating into the groundwater, the drainage ditch is considered to be a waste source. The addition of the drainage ditch as a waste source does not significantly increase the waste quantity.

It was noted during the site inspection that the concrete pavement between the Aircraft Painting, Inc. hangar and the storm drain was stained a grayish-green color. No sample was collected from the storm drain, however, as there was an insufficient quantity of water in the drain.

2.3 GROUNDWATER ROUTE

The aquifer of concern is the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system, a designated sole source aquifer, generally the shallowest source of groundwater throughout most of Cumberland County and the most important source of water in the county. It is composed primarily of the Kirkwood Formation and the Cohansey Sand, with locally distributed overlying Pleistocene deposits of the Bridgeton and Cape May Formations. The Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system is a predominantly unconfined aquifer, and underlies an area of approximately 3000 square miles in the coastal plain of southeast New Jersey. The lithology of the Kirkwood Formation varies from thick clay beds with interbedded zones of sand and gravel along the coast to an inland composition of fine to medium sand and silty sand, with regionally extensive clay beds occurring at the base of the formation. The overlying Cohansey Sand is coarser-grained than the Kirkwood Formation, and consists of a predominantly light-colored quartz sand containing minor amounts of pebbly sand, fine- to coarse-grained sand, silty and clayey sand, and interbedded clay. Some local clay beds within the Cohansey Sand are relatively thick. Perched water tables and semiconfined conditions may be present locally in the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system.

Silt, sand, and gravel deposits of the Bridgeton Formation overlie the Cohansey Sand on the flatter upland areas and basin divides in the northern, central, and northeastern parts of Cumberland County. The Millville Municipal Airport is located on a deposit of Bridgeton Formation sediments. Reported thicknesses of the formation range up to approximately 50 feet. In much of the upland areas of Cumberland County, the Bridgeton Formation occurs largely above the water table. In these areas, it serves as a collecting unit for infiltrating recharge from precipitation to the underlying Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer. Where the water table is within the Bridgeton Formation, the formation may yield small amounts of water to shallow domestic wells. The Bridgeton Formation consists of clayey silt, sand gravel, and thin layers of silty clay, with an estimated permeability of 10⁻⁵ to 10⁻⁷ centimeters per second.

The older Bridgeton Formation sediments were partially removed by erosion prior to the deposition of the Cape May Formation. The Cape May Formation consists of alternating layers of sand, clay, and fine gravel. A belt of Cape May deposits, ranging up to 2.5 miles wide, extends up the Maurice River Valley through Millville to about the Gloucester County line. The thickness of the Cape May Formation ranges up to approximately 120 feet in Cumberland County.

The total thickness of the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system in the Millville area is approximately 325 feet, with the base of the unit occurring at an estimated depth of 250 feet below sea level. The permeability of the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer has been reported to be 2,700 gallons per day per square foot, or greater than 10⁻³ centimeters per second. The depth to groundwater in the vicinity is

generally less than 30 feet, although local variations occur. Groundwater flow is reported to be in a west to east direction. Net precipitation for the vicinity is approximately 10 inches per year.

Eight public supply wells located within a 3-mile radius of the Aircraft Painting, Inc. site and drawing from the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer serve approximately 24,500 persons in the city of Millville. Six industrial wells located northeast of the site draw from the Cohansey Sand, the upper water-bearing unit of the aquifer of concern. Numerous private wells used for domestic supply and irrigation are also located within 3 miles of the site. Table 1 summarizes the available well data and groundwater usage information for the public supply and major industrial wells within a 3-mile radius of Aircraft Painting, Inc. The available well data usage information can be found in References 11 and 12 of this report. As can be seen from this table, the Millville public supply wells Airport No. 1 and Airport No. 3 are the closest wells to the site, located 0.2 mile to the southwest and 0.2 mile to the northeast, respectively. During the site inspection by NUS Corporation Region 2 FIT on August 2, 1988, samples were collected from these wells to document the presence or absence of contaminants attributable to Aircraft Painting, Inc. The samples were collected from taps in the distribution lines from the well pumps. The analytical results of these samples indicated a value of 15 ppm of tetrachloroethene and 6.2 ppm of cadmium that might be attributable to the facility, in Airport Well No. 3 downgradient of the site. No tetrachloroethene was detected in Airport Well No. 1, which is upgradient of the site. Cadmium was present in Airport Well No. 1 below CRQL limits.

As previously mentioned, an investigation conducted by the NJDEP in 1982 to determine possible sources of alleged contamination in Airport Well No. 3 identified Aircraft Painting, Inc. as a potential contributor. However, there is no indication that any groundwater samples were collected during the NJDEP investigation, and there are no analytical data available evidencing contamination of Airport Well No. 3, prior to the analysis of samples taken during the August 2, 1988 Region 2 FIT site inspection. An NJDEP investigator noted during his field investigation that the drainage ditch into which the storm drain discharges had diminished in size downstream, "indicating that some of the flow had percolated to the groundwater." Current waste collection procedures at the Aircraft Painting, Inc. facility should minimize the potential for groundwater contamination to occur via such a route, as all wastes generated by the solvent stripping process are pumped into a 4000-gallon steel tank located on a concrete pavement. The practice of reusing the solvent wash waters and the evaporation process have maintained the quantity of wastes in the tank to its present volume of less than one-half full. If, however, spills or site runoff from this or the adjacent Airwork Corp. property were to enter the storm drain and discharge into the drainage ditch, the potential for groundwater contamination would be greatly increased, as the underlying geologic materials are highly permeable. Contaminants potentially attributable to the site already present in the ditch are listed in Section 4.0 of this report.

Ref. Nos. 1, 4, 5, 7-16, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25

Table 1

Groundwater Usage
within 3 miles of Aircraft Painting, Inc.
Millville, New Jersey

<u>Name</u>	Owner Identification Number	Distance from Site (miles)	Direction from site	Well Depth (feet)	Aquifer	Static Water Level (feet below ground surface)	<u>Use</u>	Population <u>Served</u>	Acreage <u>Irrigated</u>
City of Millville	Airport No. 1	0.2	Southwest	181	Kirkwood-Cohansey	94	Public Supply	24,500*	N/A
Millville, N.J.	Airport No. 2	0.3	Southeast	147	Kirkwood-Cohansey	64	Public Supply		
	Airport No, 3	. 0.2	Northeast	161	Kirkwood-Cohansey	78	Public Supply		
	Ware Ave. No. 13	2.1	Northeast	260	Kirkwood-Cohansey	Flowing	Public Supply		
	Ware Ave. No. 14	2.1	Northeast	120	Kirkwood-Cohansey	68	Public Supply		
	Ware Ave. No. 15	2.3	Northeast	131	Kirkwood-Cohansey	54	Public Supply		
	Ware Ave. No. 16	2.3	Northeast	86	Kirkwood-Cohansey	66	Public Supply		
	Bridgeton Pike	2.2	Northwest	118	Kirkwood-Cohansey	56	Public Supply		
National Can Corp.	1	2.1	Northeast	115	Cohansey	0	Industrial	N/A	N/A
Millville, N.J.	2	2.1	Northeast	108	Cohansey	17	Industrial	N/A	N/A
	3	2.2	Northeast	140	Cohansey	20	Industrial	N/A	N/A
Wheaton Glass	1	2.9	Northeast	132	Cohansey	Not Reported	Industrial	N/A	N/A
Millville, N.J.	2	3.0	Northeast	34	Cohansey	Not Reported	Industrial	N/A	N/A
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3	3.0	Northeast	34	Cohansey	Not Reported	Industrial	N/A	N/A

^{*}All wells are interconnected and serve a total population of approximately 24,500.

2.4 SURFACE WATER ROUTE

The Aircraft Painting, Inc. hangar is located at approximately 75 feet above mean sea level (MSL). The concrete pavement in front of the hangar slopes southward to a storm drain that crosses the site from west to east; all runoff from the site is intercepted by this storm drain. Site slope is less than 2 percent. Within a 3-mile radius of the site, there is a general decrease in elevation from approximately 90 feet MSL at the westernmost radial extent to 10 feet MSL along the Maurice River, 1.85 miles to the east.

There are no potentially affected downslope surface waters. The nearest downslope surface water is an unnamed stream located 0.8 mile south of the Aircraft Painting, Inc. hangar. All site runoff in the direction of this stream is intercepted by the storm drain located 300 feet south of the hangar. The drainage ditch into which the storm drain discharges does not appear on the topographic map (Millville, N.J. Quadrangle), and there are no migration pathways from it to a downslope surface water. For these reasons, and because the contents of the ditch may be percolating into the groundwater, the drainage ditch is considered to be a potential waste source rather than a surface water body.

The nearest major surface waters in the area are the Maurice River, located 1.85 miles east of the site, and Union Lake, located 2.1 miles northeast and upstream from the closest section of the Maurice River to the site. Union Lake was once used as a source of public water supply, but such use was abandoned in 1964 because of the inability to satisfactorily treat the water. Other designated uses of the Maurice River include the maintenance, migration, and propagation of the natural and established biota; primary and secondary contact recreation; industrial and agricultural water supply; and any other reasonable uses.

The nearest freshwater wetland is the Buckshutem Swamp 2.1 miles southeast of the site in an area designated as a state hunting and fishing grounds. There are no coastal wetlands within 2 miles and no critical habitats of federally listed endangered species within 1 mile of the site. One-year 24-hour rainfall for the area is 2.5 to 3 inches.

Ref. Nos 1, 2, 4, 12, 13, 17, 18, 19

2.5 AIR ROUTE

During the collection of the downstream sediment sample in the drainage ditch by NUS Corporation Region 2 FIT on August 2, 1988, readings of more than 10 parts per million (ppm) on the Organic Vapor Analyzer (OVA) and 7 ppm on the HNu photoionization detector (HNu) were detected in the

first sample bottle filled for volatile organics analysis. As sampling continued, a strong organic odor and also a petroleum odor were noted by the samplers. Sampling activities were temporarily halted so that the samplers could don level B respiratory protection. When sampling resumed, readings of 8.5 ppm on the OVA and 7 ppm on the HNu were detected in the mixing bowl filled with sediments. A reading of 5 ppm was detected on the OVA in the ambient air at the downstream sample location.

At the upstream sample location, a reading of 2.2 ppm was noted on the OVA during the collection of the surface water sample. Because the level of detection on the OVA continued to rise, sampling was again temporarily halted so that the samplers could don the appropriate respiratory protection. Prior to the collection of the aqueous sample from the solvent wash water storage tank at the Aircraft Painting, Inc. Site, readings of 20 ppm on the OVA and 3 ppm on the HNu were detected at one of the openings on the top of the tank. Readings of 75 ppm on the OVA and 1.5 on an explosimeter were detected from the sample collected into the receiving flask. There were no readings on any of the instruments in the breathing zone.

The nearest historic landmark is located 2.4 miles northeast of the Aircraft Painting, Inc. facility and is not within view of the site. There are approximately 25,400 residents within 4 miles of the site.

Volatile and semivolatile contaminants present in the drainage ditch are listed in Section 4.0 of this report.

Ref. Nos. 2, 4, 20, 26

2.6 ACTUAL HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS

In May 1982, a representative of the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) conducted an investigation at the Millville Municipal Airport in an attempt to determine the source of alleged contamination in Airport Well No. 3. During the investigation, a gray-green discoloration of the bottom sediments in the drainage ditch was observed. The same discoloration was observed in two of the three immediately upstream manholes located along the storm drain which discharges into the ditch. The inspector also visited the Airwork Corp. and Aircraft Painting, Inc. facilities. At the latter, he noted that one of the planes in the hangar had been painted with what appeared to be a primer similar in color to that seen in the manholes and the drainage ditch. The Airwork Corp. facility included machine shops, assembly shops, plating shops, and testing areas for jet engines. No samples were collected during the NJDEP investigation in May 1982. Another inspector for the NJDEP visited the Aircraft Painting, Inc. facility in June 1982, at which time he collected a sample of the paint sludges generated from the paint removal process. The sample was never analyzed, however, because it was determined that the operation qualified as a small waste quantity generator. A gray-green discoloration of the concrete pavement in front and downslope of the hangar was noted by

NUS Corporation Region 2 FIT personnel during the site inspection on August 2, 1988. Actual hazardous conditions exist at the site in relation to the evidence indicating the possibility of a release of tetrachloroethene and cadmium from the facility to the groundwater, which is present in Airport Well No. 3 at concentrations of 15 ppm and 6.2 ppm respectively, according to analytical results of the groundwater samples collected by NUS Corporation Region 2 FIT on August 2, 1988. A sample was not collected from the storm drain during the NUS Corporation Region 2 FIT site inspection conducted on August 2, 1988, as there was an insufficient quantity of water in the drain to allow for such sampling. However, contamination present in the drainage ditch downstream of the storm drain would indicate that the storm drain is contaminated. None of these contaminants can be positively attributed to the site because of the close proximity of Airwork Corp., which may have been responsible for all or part of the contamination. Although a fire marshal has not certified that the facility presents a significant threat, the reading of 1.5 on an explosimeter obtained during the NUS Corporation Region 2 FIT site inspection on August 2, 1988, indicated the potential for a fire or explosion in relation to the contamination present in the drainage ditch. There are no actual hazardous conditions pertaining to human or environmental contamination that have been documented in the following areas of concern:

- Contamination has not been documented either in organisms in a food chain leading to humans or in organisms directly consumed by humans.
- There have been no documented observed incidents of direct physical contact with hazardous substances at the facility involving a human being (not including occupational exposure) or a domestic animal.
- There have been no documented incidents of damage to flora (e.g., stressed vegetation) or to fauna (e.g., fish kill) that can be attributed to the hazardous material at the facility.
- There have been no analyses of soil samples showing above-background contamination that is attributable to the facility.

Ref. Nos. 4, 5, 23, 24

3.0 MAPS AND PHOTOS

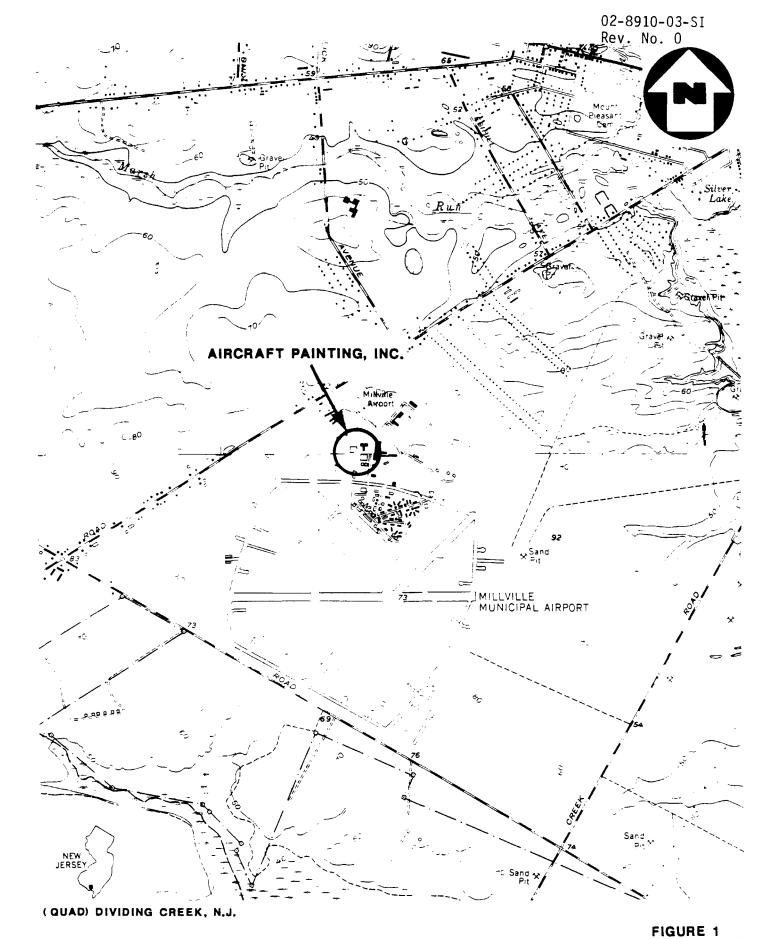
AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC. MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY

Figure 1: Site Location Map

Figure 2: On-Site Sample Location Map

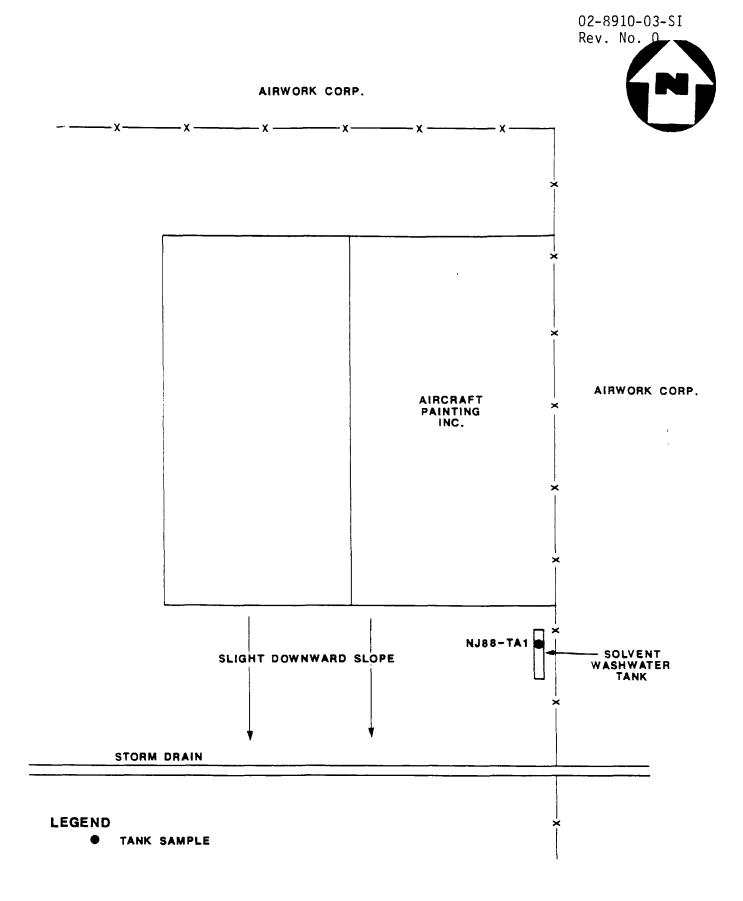
Figure 3: Off-Site Sample Location Map
Figure 4: Drainage Ditch Sample Location Detail Map

Exhibit A: Photograph Log



SITE LOCATION MAP
AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC., MILLVILE, N.J.

NUS



ON-SITE SAMPLE LOCATION MAP
AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC., MILLVILLE, N.J.

FIGURE 2

NUS

CORPORATION



OFF-SITE SAMPLE LOCATION MAP
AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC., MILLVILLE, N.J.

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FIGURE 3

DRAINAGE DITCH SAMPLE LOCATION DETAIL MAP AIRCRAFT PAINTING INC., MILLVILLE, N.J.

(NOT TO SCALE)



EXHIBIT A

PHOTOGRAPH LOG

AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC. MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY

JULY 19 and AUGUST 2, 1988

AIRCRAFT PAINTING INC. MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY JULY 19 and AUGUST 2, 1988 PHOTOGRAPH INDEX

ALL PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN BY JOANN WAGNER

Photo Number	Description	Time
1P-9	July 19, 1988 View from the rear towards the front of the Aircraft Painti Inc. hangar, showing the east wall along which floor drains located.	1040 ng, are
1P-10	July 19, 1988 East wall of the Aircraft Painting Inc. hangar, showing the location of one of the plugged floor drains (within the dar area to the right of the step ladder), approximately 15 to feet from the hangar door.	kened
1P-11	July 19, 1988 Storage tank into which solvent wash waters are pumped, loc the east side of the site, approximately 50 feet south of t	
1P-13	July 19, 1988 View of the storm drain that extends across the airport pro feet south of the Aircraft Painting, Inc. hangar, into which floor drains in the hangar once discharged.	
1P-10	August 2, 1988 View of the discolored sloping pavement between the Aircraf Inc. hangar and the storm drain. Photo was taken while sta storm drain, facing north.	
1P-11	August 2, 1988 View along the storm drain, facing east towards the adjacen Corp. property. The storm drain extends across that prope	1825 t Airwork rty also.
1P-14	July 19, 1988 Stan Shulfer and Kurt Fendler conducting reconnaissance of the storm drain outfall into the drainage ditch, located wooded area approximately 1200 feet north of the Aircraft P Inc. hangar and behind the Airport Restaurant and Lounge.	1143 I in a Painting
1P-1	August 2, 1988 Kurt Fendler collecting surface water sample NJ88-SW1 from downstream sample location in the drainage ditch into which storm drain empties.	0905 the the
1P-2	August 2, 1988 Kurt Fendler collecting sediment sample NJ88-SED1 from the downstream location as NJ88-SW1.	1010 same
1P-3	August 2, 1988 Phil Solinski collecting surface water sample NJ88-SW2 from sample location in the drainage ditch near the storm drain	

AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC. MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY JULY 19 and AUGUST 2, 1988 PHOTOGRAPH INDEX (CONT)

ALL PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN BY JOANN WAGNER

Photo Number	Description	<u>Time</u>
1P-4	August 2, 1988 Phil Solinski collecting surface water sample NJ88-SW3 from same upstream location in the drainage ditch as NJ88-SW2 (SWenvironmental duplicate of SW2).	
1P-5	August 2, 1988 Kurt Fendler collecting sediment sample NJ88-SED2 from the supstream location in the drainage ditch as NJ88-SW2.	1138 same
1P-6	August 2, 1988 Kurt Fendler collecting sediment sample NJ88-SED3 from the supstream location in the drainage ditch as NJ88-SED2 (SED3 environmental duplicate of SED2).	
1P-7	August 2, 1988 Chris Casiere collecting downgradient groundwater tap sample from Millville public supply well Airport No. 3.	1225 <u>.</u> • NJ88-GW2
1P-8	August 2, 1988 Darrell Soo Hoo collecting upgradient groundwater tap sample from Millæ†lle public supply well Airport No. 1.	1235 NJ88-GW1
1P - 9	August 2, 1988 Kurt Fendler collecting aqueous sample NJ88-TA1 from the so water storage tank at the Aircraft Painting,Inc. site.	1600 Ivent wash

Rev. No. O



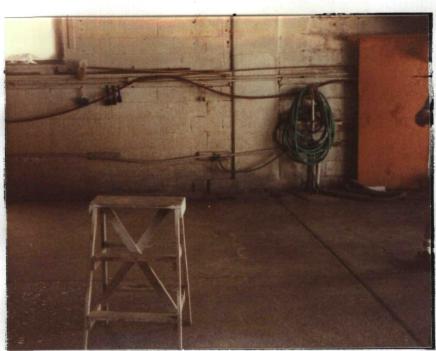
AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC. MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY



1P-9 July 19, 1988

View from the rear towards the front of the Aircraft Painting, Inc.

hangar, showing the east wall along which floor drains are located.



IP-10

July 19, 1988

East wall of the Aircraft Painting, Inc. hangar, showing the location of one of the plugged floor drains (within the darkened area to the right of the step ladder), approximately 15 to 20 feet from the hangar door.



AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC. MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY



July 19, 1988

Storage tank into which solvent wash waters are pumped, located along the east side of the site, approximately 50 feet south of the hangar.



July 19, 1988

View of the storm drain that extends across the airport property
300 feet south of the Aircraft Painting, Inc. hangar, into which
the floor drains in the hangar once discharged.



AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC. MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY



1P-10 August 2, 1988
View of the discolored sloping pavement between the Aircraft Painting,
Inc. hangar and the storm drain. Photo was taken while standing at
the storm drain, facing north.



August 2, 1988

View along the storm drain, facing east towards the adjacent Airwork Corp. property. The storm drain extends across that property also.



AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC. MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY



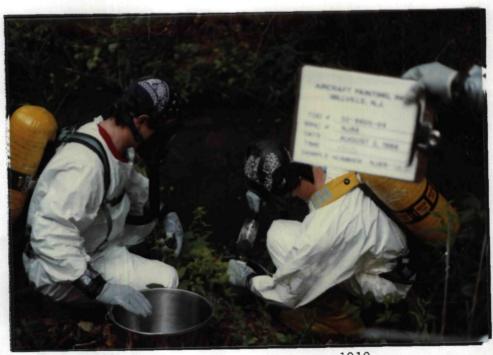
July 19, 1988
Stan Shulfer and Kurt Fendler conducting reconnaissance of the storm drain outfall into the drainage ditch, located in a wooded area approximately 1200 feet north of the Aircraft Painting, Inc. hangar and behind the Airport Restaurant and Lounge.

AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC. MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY



August 2, 1988

Kurt Fendler collecting surface water sample NJ88-SW1 from the downstream sample location in the drainage ditch into which the storm drain empties.



August 2, 1988

Kurt Fendler collecting sediment sample NJ88-SED1 from the same downstream location as NJ88-SW1.

AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC. MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY



August 2, 1988

Kurt Fendler collecting sediment sample NJ88-SED2 from the same upstream location in the drainage ditch as NJ88-SW2.

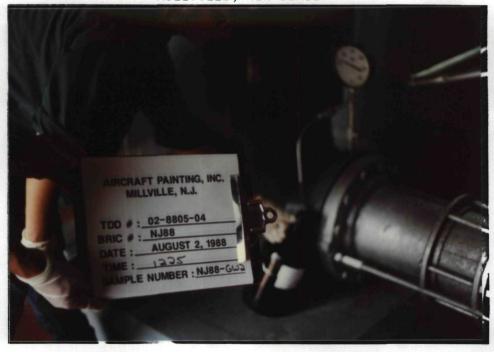


August 2, 1988

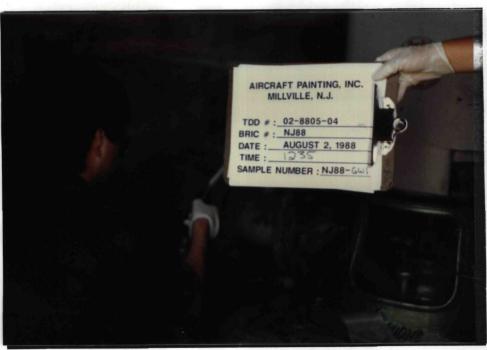
Kurt Fendler collecting sediment sample NJ88-SED3 from the same upstream location in the drainage ditch as NJ88-SED2 (SED3 is the environmental duplicate of SED2).



AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC. MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY



1P-7 August 2, 1988
Chris Casiere collecting downgradient groundwater tap sample NJ88-GW2 from Millville public supply well Airport No. 3.



August 2, 1988

Darrell Soo Hoo collecting upgradient groundwater tap sample NJ88-GW1 from Millville public supply well Airport No. 1.

AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC. MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY



1P-3 August 2, 1988
1110
Phil Solinski collecting surface water sample NJ88-SW2 from the upstream sample location in the drainage ditch near the storm drain outfall.



August 2, 1988

Phil Solinski collecting surface water sample NJ88-SW3 from the same upstream location in the drainage ditch as NJ88-SW2 (SW3 is the environmental duplicate of SW2).

1P-4



AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC. MILLVILLE, NEW JERSEY



1P-9 August 2, 1988 1600
Kurt Fendler collecting aqueous sample NJ88-TA1 from the solvent wash water storage tank at the Aircraft Painting, Inc. site.

4.0 SITE INSPECTION SAMPLE RESULTS

NUS Corp. Region 2 FIT personnel conducted a site inspection of Aircraft Painting Inc. on August 2, 1988, during which aqueous, soil, and sediment samples were collected. The analytical results are presented in References 23 and 24 of this report. Sample locations are presented in Figures 2, 3, and 4 found in Section 3.0 of this report. These samples were analyzed to determine the presence of Target Compound List (TCL) substances which may be attributable to the site.

Analyses of groundwater samples indicate the presence of tetrachloroethene at a concentration of 15 ppb and cadmium at a concentration of 6.2 ppm in Airport Well No. 3, downgradient of the site. Both of these substances may be attributable to the site because of their presence in samples taken from the solvent storage tank on site and the drainage ditch. The absence of these substances in quantifiable amounts in Airport Well No. 1, upgradient of the site, further indicates the contaminants as possibly attributable to the site.

Three surface water and companion sediment samples were collected from the drainage ditch to document the presence or absence of contaminants in the ditch. Sample numbers NJ88-SW1 and NJ88-SED1 were taken 8 feet downstream of the end of a concrete embankment along the southeast side of the ditch. Sample numbers NJ88-SW2, NJ88-SED2, NJ88-SW3 and NJ88-SED3 were taken 10 feet downstream of the outfall of the cement storm drain into the ditch. Because of the nature of the drainage ditch it was not possible to obtain an upstream sample. In addition, an aqueous sample, NJ88-TA1, was collected from the storage tank on the Aircraft Painting, Inc. site to determine whether any contaminants in the drainage ditch, if detected, might be attributable to the Aircraft Painting facility. Delta - BHC, a pesticide, was present below quantifiable limits in sample NJ88-TA1 and at a concentration of 22 ppb in sample NJ88-SED1. Pesticides detected in the drainage ditch, but not in the storage tank are as follows: endosulfan I was present below quantifiable limits in sample NJ88-SED3, 4,4'-DDT was present at a concentration of 410 ppb in sample NJ88-SED2, 4,4'-DDD was present at a concentration of 170 ppb in sample NJ88-SED3, and gamma chlordane was present at a concentration of 26 ppb in NJ88-SED3 and below quantifiable limits in NJ88-SED2. Complete analytical data are in References 23 and 24. Additional analytical results of samples that indicate the presence of contaminants possibly attributable to the Aircraft Painting facility in the drainage ditch are listed as follows:

A. Volatile and Semivolatile Organics:

<u>Substance</u> Butylbenziphthalate	Sample No. NJ88-SED1	Concentration in ppb J
	NJ88-SED2	j
	NJ88-SED3	J
	NJ88-TA1	7,100 E
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	NJ88-SW1	J
	NJ88-SED1	J
	NJ88-SED2	71,000 E
	NJ88-SED3	j
	NJ88-TA1	1100 E
2-Methyl naphthalene	NJ88-SED1	j
	NJ88-SED3	j
	NJ88-TA1	J
Phenol	NJ88-SED2	ı
	NJ88-SED3	10,000 E
	NJ88-TA1	3,700 E
Tetrachloroethene	NJ88-SW1	J
	NJ88-SW2	1
	NJ88-SW3	J
	NJ88-TA1	j
	NJ88-GW2	15
B. Inorganics:		
<u>Substance</u>	Sample No.	Concentration in ppm
Antimony	NJ88-SW1	60.9
	NJ88-SW3	75
	NJ88-TA1	4,630
Cadmium	NJ88-SW1	70.7
	NJ88-SED1	5.1
	NJ88-SW2	85.4
	NJ88-SW3	80.2
	NJ88-TA1	1,320 E
Lead	NJ88-SW1	155
	NJ88-SED1	1,370
	NJ88-SED2	243
	NJ88-SED3	419

E = estimated value

J = estimated value, compound present below CRQL but above IDL

5.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Sample analysis indicates contamination of surface water and sediments in an off-site drainage ditch by volatiles, semivolatiles, inorganics and one pesticide, which may be attributed to the facility. Airport Well No. 3 is contaminated with concentrations of 15 ppm of tetrachloroethane and 6.2 ppm of cadmium. Both of these substances may be attributed to the facility because of their presence in the drainage ditch and waste solvent tank. Because of the close proximity of Airwork Corp., and the possibility that it may be responsible in some part for the contamination present, it is not possible to positively identify Aircraft Painting as the source of these contaminants. Groundwater within 3 miles of the site serves approximately 24,500 people in Millville. For these reasons a Listing Site Inspection recommended for this site.

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- 15. Syed, Aziz. Staff report, in the matter of Wheaton Glass Company, Application No. 2095P to renew permit to divert from 15 wells in the City of Millville, Cumberland County, New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Water Allocation.
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REFERENCE	NO.	1	

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NUS CORPORATION

TELECON NOTE

CONTROL NO:	DATE:		TIME:
1,2-880 2-04		122128	11 46 :
DISTRIBUTION:			",30
/ -1:	rcraft	Painting, Inc.	
BETWEEN:		OF:	BUONE
Ton Iwasz		Aircraft Painting 1	Enc (604) 825-6792
AND:	···		(NUS)
DISCUSSION:			
I called for addit	Timal !	struction which	- will help in prep-
Chatine Of the ST wor			
			La V
·			e water/solvent mixture
in the tools while a	t the r	rangar. The ope.	ing on the tank is on
-top, about d'inches	in dia	meter. The hose	which they connect to
The Lank to gump a) it the	diluted solvent is	s used only for year
purpose. The toule	does no	+ have to he sull	for than to pump
out the wash waters	(i.e)	they could pump out	the necessary volume
into a stainless steel	1 bucker	+ cor us to coller.	1 a sample).
Accept Painting	Inc. oc	coupies the sorme	- Boeing-Votal hanger
idensitive as building	No. 7 0	- the map from	the Millville Eng. Dept.
In addition to	the nel	1 along Boaden B	lud. there are this
ells "at the other			
exact locations	1	so salul planina	on doing the Sign
			the recon, He said that
	se had	mentioned during	the recom, he suite the
would be OK.			
			Joan
			7/11/88

CONTROL NO:	DATE:	TIME.
02-8802-04	8/25/88	O 8 5 5
DISTRIBUTION:		
Aircra	H Triming, Inc. 5.1	e
	2	
BETWEEN:	OF:	PHONE:
Tom Jwarz	Aircras-1 Paintin	5, Inc (609) 835-6792
AND:		
Joann was	ner	(NUS)
DISCUSSION:		
Tom Iwas sets	ned my call of the	previous day as par the
		e The pupose of my call
	_	data appain -, croft
St report. Tom In	ast provided the Sollow	intermation:
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1977; no other g	orthions location. The	leave the honger from
	<i>-</i>	to the comp live exact size
12 property is unknow	I asked . I he kne-	- the Black allot Nos
I wanted to compare	it with that on the DE	7 PA) - all me could tell me
is that the number	321 Bis on the hange	
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_		
		softon of rung - he
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= 300 × 100 = 1.660	3)	
	Storage table is constru	ucted of steel
ACTION HEMS. 20 0 No 625-5, to dispuse	1 of materials in stor	age tank has been
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the recueling an	l evaporation processes	have kept level to its
present 1/3- +0		
)		negar wext to office are
}		
Dant & Saris C	colors are shade all als	permits are required for
NUS 067 REVISED 0581 The storage O	c make materials, at least	permits are required for not that he is aware.

REFERENCE NO. 2

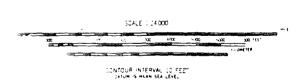
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

DIVIDING CREEK QUADRANGLE NEW JERSEY—CUMBERLAND CO. T.5 MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC)

MILLVILLE QUADRANGLE
NEW JERSEY
TE MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC)

BRIDGETON QUADRANGLE NEW JERSEY 7.5 MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC)

CEDARVILLE QUADRANGLE NEW JERSEY-CUMBERLAND CO. 7.5 MINUTE SERIES (TOPOGRAPHIC)





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There may be private inholdings within the boundaries of the National or State reservations shown on this map



NEW USPRE:



CEDARVILLE, N. J.

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BRIDGETON, N.J.

N3922.5-W7507.5/7 5

1953 PHOTOREVISED 1972 AMS 5962 | NW-SERIES V822

MILLVILLE, N. J.

N3922.5-W7500/15

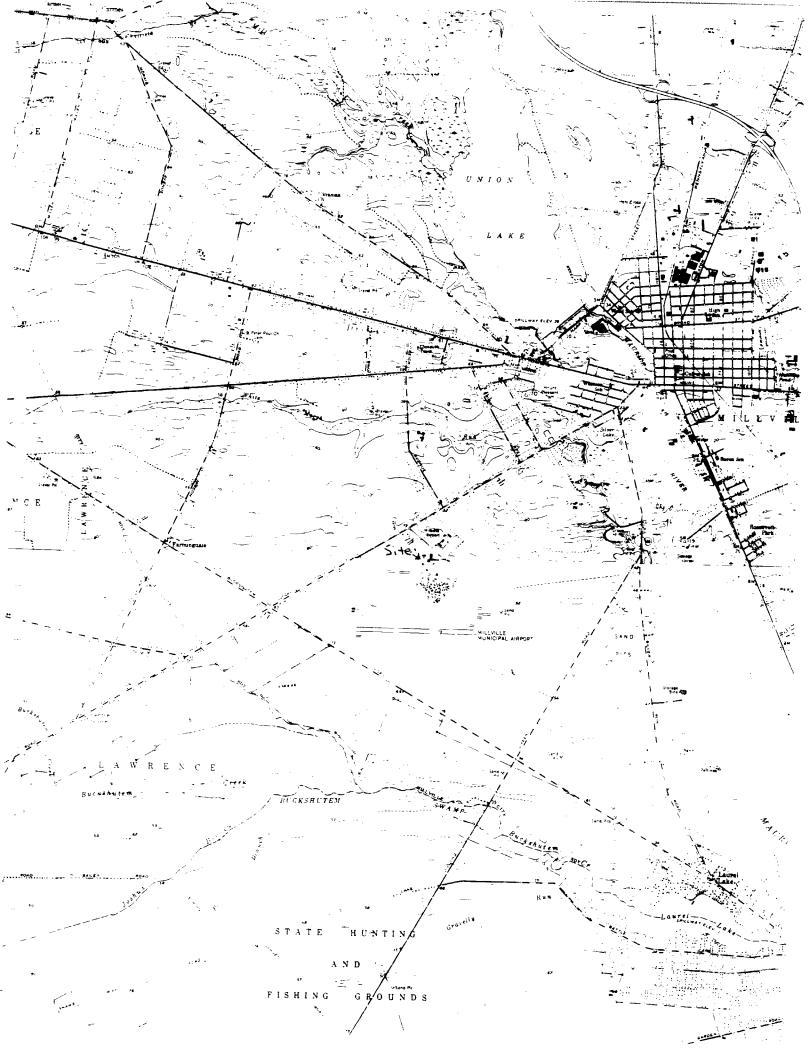
1953

AMS 5962 | NE-SERIES V822

DIVIDING CREEK, N. J.

N3915-W7500/7.5

1956 PHOTOFOVISED PT AMS 5962 I SE-SERIES V822



REFERENCE NO. 3

NUS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONTROL NO:	DATE:	TIME:	$\overline{}$	
03-8805-04	7/11/58	14105		
DISTRIBUTION:				
Air	Crast Paintin	~ 2:1e		
BETWEEN: Tom Iwacz	OF :	1 ald Painting (609) 825-6792		
AND:	mer			
DISCUSSION:				
Mr. I wast called	- do led no k	inou-that he had received		
the access letter	- +odas (7/11/	188) - he has no problem		
_		- us described in the letter.		
		y background information:		
	,	man operation located in a		
		by OT feet in size. The		
are in a very visi	nle location.	Then, do not use any respirate	<u>~~</u>	
protect on, and co	muning wear si	norts dring the warm weather	<u>*-</u>	
A. Crass Printing	was cited b	2 AR NODEP WALL Tyears		
ago Ser discharging	into a storm	arain that emptied into a		
drainage ditch. Wa	in unders are	now fildered and discharged	<u>Q</u>	
to a holding tank	for recycling	. Everyone at the airport uses	<u>c </u>	
		in; the current method of		
disposal was approved by the DEP				
ACTION ITEMS:				
we agreed upon 10 Am on 7/19/58 us the time for				
the on-site recomple said the time could be changed it				
necessary, but that the morning would be better forhim.				
*In addition to the solvent removal of paints from the planes, they				
also sometimes	remove paint	by sanding.		

REFERENCE NO. 4

NUS CORPORATION

Provides the basis for later existen reports.

CUIDANCE FOR PROPER USE OF LOS. BOOKS

AIRCRAFT PAINTING
02-8805-04
SITE MANAGER - J. WAGNER
LOGBOOK # 0284
JULY 13, 1988

Wirerally Inc

Description.	Page 10
12 m site 1000 mais sance	4-4
Reconnuissance es dromage d'ion	6 - 1
File sowe	7-8
Site Imperaion	
Arrival and sampling at drainage after area	9-14
Collection of ground-rater (top) samples	(2-13
Health isasol and debriefing	1-35
Treparation for out sampling of solvent mush maters table	13-16
Shipmen, of samples	المسا
Sample Dopatch Tido, Sample Bettle Lot Numbers	19
Photograph Louis	٧٥ - ٥٥

Laure Litary

Joan . Vagn

10950 Arriver of site, Met Jong Ton I wace Racon gersconel

> Joseph Dagner Site Manager Stanlar Shulfer Site Salety Cillicer Kurt Fendler Surveillance,

1000 Tanagare Safery meeting held-details in Health &
Safery Sheld 120g

OVA L EPH ID NO 4109785 Field ready 7/14 50

HNU M EPH ID No. 4139749 (117 exprobe) Field ready

Rad neter "4109786 brokegrend 18 cpm

Facage packs. 192094 J. Vanne 192386 S. SLUKER 192355 K. Fandler

Floor drain in located along right wall of hanger about 15-20' into langer Has been plussed on readings on UVA. What Faller reports.

Here there is acting up - had been zeroed on a mandal them dropped balow. At storm drain, while however the troing a breating a breating.

chamical, Miami. Ela. No reading on OVA

or HVV at closed sport on drum. Tom Invest
shows is a MSDS for solvents theserous insect.

I ents include Dicheromental Immenia, rodium.

The mate, and methanols The ingredient that is a

Trate secret is excluded from this list."

Adding 8-7-88

along length of right wall. Higher, no readings on the OVA immediately above the man, but

*Note - Floor is very clear - no dist or paint sudso around at all the sanding method sometimes used whitees well should should should be believed.

Todays on OVA: I-IND is harming crowd of pportion breathing 2000 - uncertain if this is due to audient conditions or defective harm. Tom

Thask same than this rear area is where

painting is normally done. Is also conside the

LMD is saill and of pport over which outside.

1070 wash nuters are collected along right wall of harmour - pump hose takes in collected water from plugged floor drains, pumped into table over eight sock inside the home again, find gets to pome on the as floor drain, while there is nathing on the OVA. & ppm at second train, 7.5 at loses on the USSIGE is located at Sar end of langur. Solvent storage area next cloor, By just holding OVA inside solvent storage, 3.5 gpm on UVA, his readings on 14Mir. In sink row, storage appears of 15 to pome.

Sconf, included man along which floor drains are liscated and door of Som end.

Lama La Loryan 8-9.88

Joan 1. Wagn 7/19/88 1043 18-10, 19-9 Picture of right would be warear

Cu-ver.

10 45 Tank into which wash maders are proper, located actified of hunger to the right.

10 elle Vien is 8,000 of Min (red) Panas Inc.

1050 Proceed to drainage ditch in suburban fullings

Drainge dita in accord behind carponing restaurant down a 10-took embandament, extends for about 3000 feet back according to Jim France, to set up D do Love 1 B recon next and require setting up decument of bound and on trestourant property, we will to you him another occer point.

1110 Returned to Aircrast Pointing, will call the office

To speak with Rits in about downered by reconst

draining ditch because of its proximity to

restaurants lynn Rodd Oxis use of just dermel

Proxection for reconditing prome call at 1125

Time. Chica - may of Airport Rest, I longe gave

us po-mission to set up decon area bound the restaurant

Lama Le Tory 8-9-88

Joann Cooper

- The December of the beautiful of the decimal distribution of the decimal decim
- 1100 Feur persond proceed to training which
 - 1143 17-10, 15-13 Picture of Was I Stanley doing
 1840 of upstream not portion of draining discur
 The near no rading on the OVA or who before
 or after throwing a rock and the water in the discur-
 - 1199 10-15, 15-14 View of upstream and part on of draininge distan
 - 1150 Return to docon area. No seading the recorded of the OVA or HAND while at the drainings disch.
 Will cleaned and lone site!
 - 1200 inno Lower Hirport Rostaurant Klounge Contacts, Manager Rich Pancetys Eyn (609) 327-2284 Zina Cinicia, Assit Manager - Rich Pancetys Eyn (609) 327-2284 1810 Supposed by Airport Administration Blood to Sind out 18 they have a way shouting the Analmage system of the air port. We were told to cheek at city Hall Eng. Dept.
 - 1330 Acrived at minume City Hall wint check at Engineering
 Dept for map of drainage system and at mater dept. For
 well location intermedian records, and analyses.
 - 1400 Returned to vehicle. The milluite Eng. Dept. will send us need the drainage eightern and well locations. It super-turned are 3 wells on the cirport property). The super-turned are 3 wells on the cirport property) will have intendent of the Eng. Dept. (B.11 Mc Castery) will have have daying 8-9-88

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0740 Alline at remainent which which will be collicity sustace made and set ment samples. Mus personnel

John Lugar - Side manager Star Sholder - Sine Saley Officer Chris Casiere - Sample Managorens Office Phil Sugski - Sample 1601 Fondler - Sampler Darrel Sou How - Sample

The Solling oir monduring instruments will be wreak. OUA G FFA ID 110, 428821 THAN I ELY ED NO. 1 19742 Explusiment D EPA ID No. 307151 (Ser tank sampling only)

Rad meter EPA ID No. (128520 (minimoter) * An 11.7 er probe was not available for use. A 10.2 er grobe HM will be used instead. The drainings diam was record to weeks ago with the 11-7 exprebeno readings were obtained before or the disturbance of the dringe ditch

0758 Filmer Bird , Zone Health & Safety manager wrives on site. Davel gives him copy of Sita Sale-In Plan

0805. Tailgare sakety meeting held , Details in Health's Safely Field Log.

> Weather - war, while, so'E light unds from the gurthwest sunny

Laure La Torge 84-88

Accured Painting, Inc.

0820 Personnel decoming equipment (travel is 'soul) prior

الهم معتبه

1550 Arrive at SUI location. Begin collection of MAI USSS Stanley reports reading of 0,4 to 0.4 ppm at surface of mater mothing in breathing zona.

Budgey one or minited is 18 cpm.

1905 Kirt Fembrer collecting MJ88-501

0910 No reality above backgroup. Sul location is a great past concrete embandment of draining differ

0915 OVA Pengal on seed sample in bendle

1400 uses 7 ppm in totalle

beth instrumers dropped down in breaking 3000,

through orbsanic oder reported, also pentules smell

unil have to go back to commend gost toget SCRAS

SEBA numbers!

192083 Star Shulfer (back -0) 307175 Phil Solinski

2 - NOTAL 11 AIS

1005 Kurl & Phil on air

8.5 ppm on UVA Zin bowl vith sedment

7 ppm on HMW Semple

Sun reports 5 ppm on OVA in breaking 30he

Stan reports 5 ppm on OVA in breaking 30he

-1014 Kist 15 Phil 855 C.L.

John L. Wagner 8/2/69

Accoration ruled on The

-1 Shall

1010 Sampling cran wops of SED 1 somple holding of commend produced for the contract sometimes and sometimes and one shall be called the case of shall in the surface name of the solutions.

1020 Difficulty encountered in trying to get to somple location with air non-terms withrests at B unite also wearing SCOIT toulos, will then a break, school to-les, seemed to sample location in a few minutes

Dorrel in Elmer Mind have been naintaining.

Vine of Signet at dop of drainings dist bank and

domestream sample location, while Cours issiere

was been grationed within view of commond post

as upstream sample location.

1040 KUCK & Phil deconsing MISE SEDI Sangle body's

1100 1Crt a Duit begin collecting NJEE-SWD 5503

1100 1Crt a Duit begin collecting NJEE-SWD 5503

1100 1Crt a Duit begin collecting NJEE-SWD 5503

No readings a bout backeground have been observed

0-10 0000 0 1100

Shar reporte readings at 2,2 ppm al rising in the breathing zone Sanglers renormal post of the soul Rising

Danny McLorghton at 1200 1-stad of 1-30 dame Laloger 8.9.88

. 62 agun 2188

Awarett Pring In

- 1130 Cre reasons to agreem somple ocasion on hand By Stan in Level B back p Duil & Word Fraker on oir at 1138
- 13-4, 15-4 DW15 COILECTIO MJ88-SWS. SW-2, SW-5, SED-3, SED-3 sample 1.com/w 1, 10 (eet below storm drain outsail
- 17.5, 15.5 Kard Feadler collections MJ88-SELA Phil Solinsh reports that sediment is very gravelly . with specks of point diss
- 1140 W1+ Zaller wilecton 1588-3003 Kit's SCBA bell lessies ringing la como up out of draininge ditter to commend post. This soll-of finishes callecting sample. He al Star return to contrad post aiso.
- 1144 Kora of a air
- Phil of S wir. 1145

Sample bottles will be placed in track begs and gorland up with everyoning else to be decemed at Arrast Paint-gater tie

- 1310 Everything has been been been hasget and we pactical up. Kurd and Phil will follow Stan and Elmer to Mircraft Hinting to bed Toming Dim Iwase lenow on will be there shouthy. (Wis Darrell, and I will Sullen Darry McClos Milaughter no well incontions
- Chis , Davel, J. Magner acrise, at 6002 -- 11 worse location (Arrent well no. 3)

Laur La long 8.8.88 Sister

1832 Danny McCoight a tring on tap of normalist in the same

12-5 (Mily Earline Collections NIES-GWZ (Jamyralla From well nowise horasted bearing restour and portunity

1230 Finish collecting 10568- Guid out proceed to 10388 Gui

1232 Arrive at opgradient well I scation Airport Dell And in well house near running, south of Aircrub Pointing 1235 Darrell Bootho Collection NJ 88-601

1245 Redich to Aircraft Painting Inc. Hove debriefing needing with Elmer Bord, as rear of Aircraft Painting harger

1300 Finer Bird leaves sine.

- content hose attachment to tank and storm it win.

 Show dring a almost dry puddles were and three

 bother but three is not through to fully cover to

 bother of the drain. The poverner is a lained from

 the hangae to the storm drain, sort of gray-green work
- 1310 Ston Darrell, and I return to hungar to ancid return of Tom & Jim to side from lunch
- 1335 Stur, immed al E so to Red Baron Restaurant to call
 the office about the al lose sex up. Red South has
 not in Stur talled to Dan Hessen. He did not
 like the idea of its sing that pumps at Moses
 dema helogy 8-9-88

Archaes Painting Tues

1345 We reason is homeon Tome of the Engle who see up street and in from 12 notes and many of the track.

hose ran from rank -10 pump, Small socie we show hose ran from rank -10 pump, Small socie were from pump to the for mix. It is small south hose and a notice on it we could have collected sample from collection in terms of sampling equipment, we will have to use our own sent up, The toule is by to be full. It wills approx. 4000 gallows. It is sithly on a significant the upper and. The toule is located about 50 feet so. In and outside of the hanger.

and obtaile of the hanger.

1413 Weather - Sunny, hot, 950 F and 5-10 mph

from west. Sampling personnel (Kurt & Phil) and I

Octom previously used equipment all sample bothles

Chris & Dovel! will hadle SMD

Chris EDerell mill handle SMD

1445 Kura & Phill begin collections Rinsade Don-the Francese Flask

1487 Carrector to the above entry. Phil is collecting

Ringare & Scommen Stage, Knowl bowl

1510 Same air mondaring instruments will be used

Lere as at restrument sampling locations. The

Some SCBAS will also be used by the same people

as last lineausing fresh tacks. The explosineter

will also be used. The aux must originally set at loope

in rose to 3 ppm sixting ar cooler in deem are a

and has seen holding steady.

Joan by segments of the segments

for that sampling, will a soul will be very a scrip of the sampling. Will be soul will be very a scrip of the sampling.

1542 Kind is Duil on our town of air or state of the command for the command the c

second only to be getting studge or air of timer and of tank star remains CVA from comment post.

1955 No readings in hirearting zone on WH, but 75 ppm in flagk. Northing on LING in breature, zone or slack Explosiness reading 15 in stack

1600 Yuri Faulter collecting duck sample

Hels Sayll collections samples. Tom I-vest explains

that the took was originally blade so that the

liquid would evaporate och, which the last year the

City of minimize decided must thing didn't live man

blade tank, so they painted it whose white,

11020 Kurn Ferder Leeder a breck. Leaves sampling

area to go off air all change tanks.

Stay overight egain in milly, lie interest permission to exhaustion of the sampling crew. Don It, gives is the Oil to do so. Rebute 2. ((a says he can drop see samples temperature recessary.

Laur Leton 8-9-84

Joseph 1 10 mgm

Arrente Francis Tre

1700 Kurt. Phi both Tilling is break

1710 Kurt and Phil back on the As for as for as

1-15 Finished collecting samples. Samples will decome some ples contest on Level 3.

1735 Judger cult hestel to reverse ruch a wind

1835 IP-W/15-12 View of discovered poverment between himser and show it was IP-11, 15-13 View along storm draw found east at atomores Corp.

Express on 8/3 8%, The newest fed Ex office closes at 1930, and stopped picking at 1730.

The storm train sample most collected at inde collected as insulficient made in the drain to collected a sample.

Laure Lelays 8-9-88

0850 Med Cor accountage

DAGE Wend to millione City Hall to get major

of the disport from the engineering department

smilling disport layout, shown droine, were reading acc

U950 Lest million

drop sti samples from yesterday, will go to
Every station up the road before returning to

-1-regilee to go back to office.

1135 Lely Exxon Staton

Kaum Leloy 8-9-88 S/3/88

Mircratt Pointing, Inc.
Millylle, MJ
Sample Dispaten Information
Sampling Dute: 8/2/88
(ase No. 10079

CLP NUMBERS

Momber HUS Sample	ORGANIC	INORGANIC	Sample Maria Pag	e Me.
NJ88-TA1	BT 411	MBQ 700	Aqueous took sample wheat	15
NJ88-SED1	BT 412	MBD 701	Sed. ment (MS/MSD)	10
NJ88-SED2	BT 413	MBQ 702	Sellment	1.7
NJ88-SED3	BT 414	MBQ 703	Sediment (env. dup. of NJ88-5003)	17
NJ88-SH1	BT 415	MBQ 704	Surtace water (MS/MSD)	10
NJ88-SW2	BT 415	MBQ 705	Siture water	11
NJ88- SN 3	BT 417	MBQ 706	Surface water Lenvidue of Central	17
NJ88 -GW 1	BT 418	MBQ 707	Groundwater (tup sample)	13
√188 -6¥ 2	BT 419	MBQ 708	Groundwater (-10 p Sample)	17-17
NJ88-RIN1	PT 421	MBQ 710	Trowellbowl aqueous rinsole	۱4
NJ88-RIN2	PT 422	MBQ 711	Flash agrees rinsale	14
NJ88-TBLK1	BT 423	HEG 712	Aqueous Ario blank	W/H

Samples for organics analysis were shipped to Recru Environmental In vin Federal Express under Airbill Nos. 9276042613 (100 conc.) and 6004136460 (medium conc.) at 1100 hours on August 3, 1988.

Samples for inorganics analysis were chipped to ITC Environmental Consultants via Federal Express under Airbil Mos. 9276042834 (100 conc.) and 6004136456 (medium conc.) at 1100 hours on Argust 3, 1968.

Ham Leton

Millville no Sample of Dare 8/2/88 Case No. 10079

SAMPLE BOTTLE LOT NUMBERS

	YOA	32 OZ	16 OZ
TA1	I-CHEM	I-CHEM	EAGLE PICHER
	88132413	J8105073	E8064094
	VOA	8 02	
SED1	I-CHEM D8200583	I-CHEM F8028303	
SED2	I-CHEM D8200583	I-C HEM F8028303	
SED3	I-CHEM D8200583	I-CHEM F8028303	
	VDA	80 OZ	POLY
TBLK1	I-CHEM B8132413		
RIN1	I-CHEM	I-CHEM	EAGLE PICHER
	88132413	A8188113	C8134273
RIN2	I-CHEM	I-CHEN	EAGLE PICHER
	88132413	A8188113	C8134273
GW1	I-CHEM	I-CHEM	EAGLE PICHER
	98132413	A8188113	C8134273
S N S	I-CHEM	I-CHEM	EAGLE PICHER
	88034823	A8188113	C8134273
SW1	I-CHEM	I-CHEM	EAGLE PICHER
	88034823	A8188113	C8134273
S W2	I-CHEM	I-CHEM	EAGLE PICHER
	88034823	A8188113	C8134273
SW3	I-CHEM	I-CHEM	EAGLE PICHER
	88034823	A8188113	C8134273

Haura Jotory John Statos

Milly 112, 115 Damping Dute: 8/2/86 Case no 10079

BLANK WATER LOT NUMBERS

70A I-CHEM B8132413

AMBER

I-CHEM

A8188113

SUFA

EAGLE PICHER C8112020

laure to tage

5/4/88

Aircraft Duinning, The

Photograph Lig.

J 1 J	
Onsite Reconnaissance July	19, 1988

			toann wayner
		, ,	g
12.11 M.	Frame No	Time	Dugto Description
17	9	1040.	_
15	<u>\$</u>		View from cear of Aircrott.
	o .	1040	Parming, Inc. hangar durards
			the front, showing the wall
	•		along which the Gloor drains
			are located,
1 '>	10	1043	East wall of honger along
, 5	9	1343	. which Stock drains are licenter.
		· · · · · -	. This shows the location of the
			of the played drains (within
			the top of the stee ladder)
National Section of the Section of t			approx 15 to 10 feet from
			the hamper door
			,
IP.	12	1046	View of the front of the
			facing morth,
17	11.	1045	5-lurage tout into which
			Sulvent wash waters are
	4		
, <u></u>			pumped. The tout is located
			site in from of the honger.
			51te in transcot the houser.
17	13	1047	Storm drain 300 feed swith
			of hanger into which floor
	Joan C. Daga	8/9/56 7	dun Like P-4 SV

	Tail Mu.	Frame No.	Time	Proto Description	-
	1 12	14	1143	Stan Shulfer and Kust E	- willer
	15	13	1143	contrains real	o ~
				of storm drain cutfoli	
				drainage direct both 1 +	
				Airport Restaurant and Los	
7.	, P	15	11419	Upstream-most porting	سل ساسع
1	1 P	14	1149	drawage durch borind -	
ÿ				Mirpurt Restaurant and	
	-			The storm drain is j	- 5-1
				bush wishe at the le	4
	- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			conter of the photo.	
			-		
		· · · · ·			
			_ = [9]	< x	
1			,		
1					
J					
	. 4				
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	E- 2-2-2-	ray ray manner ray a r	taun to	toys	~

A revolut Pointing, Inc.

Photograph Log

Site Tospection August a 1988

Photographer Jeann Dagren

Rul 16.	Frame Mo.	Time	Sample 10	Dhoto Description
IP	1	0905		
15	L	0405	(G2m/2ms/ms/ms/ms/ms/ms/ms/ms/ms/ms/ms/ms/ms/m	surface water sample
				tram draining ditan
				bolical the Arpert
				Prestaurant and Louise;
				sample location is approx.
				8 feet demotrom from
			4	Le ent de a concrete
				embenkment on the distal.
112	2	1010	NJ88-SEDI	Kurt Fauller collecting
15	2	1010	NJ88-3ED13(MS/MED)	sediment sample from
				sine location as MJ88-
			·	
(7)	. 3	1110	N788-507	Duil Solvagle collecting
15	3	440	NJ88-5W2	surface water sample.
-				from drainage ditch
				baland Airport Restaurant
				allowne sample
				location is approx. 10 feet
				downstream of storm
				drain attail.
13	4	1135	MJ88-563	Phil Surnaci collecting
15			NJ66-503	env. dup. sumple
			(env. dup. of Saus)	from some location as
dan 1	1_1_2_		\1.00 \(\tau_{\text{in}} \)	NJ88-503.
dame d		John Co	26/4/86	

A. Tereso Da. Ming, Inc.

Franciscopia Log (contid)

Site Ingertion August 2, 1988

Protographer: Joann Wagner

Rell do	Frame No.	Time	Sample No.	Dusto Description
17	5	1138	4788-8ED7	Kurt Foundler collecting
15	5	1138	NJ88- 55D7	Sediment somple
				from come location
				as no 88-5W1.
15	(11410	NIER-ZEDS	Mich Feuller collecting
ιS	(e	1140		env. dip. sample
			MJ68-SED3 (onv. dup. of sepo.)	from some location
				US MIRE-SEDD
				(10 feet hadon storm
				die outfall).
۶)	7	1722	N788-GW7	Chris Casiere collecting
15	7,8	1272	NJ88-6W3	donnyrudiens grund-
	•			water (tup) sample
				from well house
				of miss Dirport well
				Mo. 3, located
				northeast of Airport
				Restorant and Large
	-· ·	-		parking Lot.
10	8	1435	NJ88 - CWI	Darrell Sw 400
15	9,10	1235	NJ88-GUI	collecting upgradient
				groundwater (+0g)
				sample from A 1904
	4.5.45			Well No. I well worse.
	dawn Litory		Jummel Waren	_

Accorded Painting, Inc
Thorograph Log counties

Site Inspection Magnet 3, 1984

Theregrapher Total Laguer

<u>1011 11</u>	_	T. me	Sample 16.	Photo Deccription
IP		۵۵ یـ	14T-88 TH1	Kird Fendler collecting
15	((1600	1788-TAI	sample from Tank
				into Frenmeyer Clark
				via a hard-opened
				vacuum pump and
				Testion of and polypropylene
				Tubing.
	. v	1825	4/4	View of discovered /stemed
. 15	12	1835	n/A	pavement between
				Accorde Painting, The
			<u>.</u>	honger and storm drain
				lucional 300 legs south
				cf . 1. Photo mes taken
				whole standing as it.
				Storm down and facing
				north,
'' Z '	_13	1892		located 300 feet south
			•	(mid downslope) of A., -
	The second of th			hangar, facing east
				. Howard adjace at
-	····			. A. rwark Corp Socility.
-				The stormation extends.
	1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-			across that property
	1-9-87	Jam	2/9/88 came	alse.

REFERENCE NO. 5

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PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT REVIEW FORM

SITE NAME: au Craft Painting Inc

ALIASES:

ADDRESS: Millville municipal au Poré

Millville

COUNTY: Cumberland a

STATE:

STATE: NJ PRIORITY RATING GIVEN: 60 60 (BY STATE OR CONTRACTOR)

AGREE:

DISAGREE: 🗸 (CHECK ONE)

IF DISAGREE, WHY?

Site inspection done in 1982. Prior to that wastervate untaining methylene - chlonde washed into storm sewer. Possible ground water containation

OTHER COMMENTS: Ditch that previously received discharge from storm somer to which facility discharged may contain residual PA does not indicate how long this process had been discharging to ditch from storm some. RECOMMENDATION: Hedium FINAL (BY EPA)

REVIEWER: Karen Sudy DATE: 2/14/85

> Concur of Reviewer's recommendation. Determine current status of State actions, if any. Conduct SI,



Preliminary Assessment

Air Craft Painting Inc. Millville Municipal Air Port Millville/Cumberland County New Jersey Air Craft Painting Inc.
Millville Municipal Air Port
Millville/Cumberland County
New Jersey

Air Craft Painting Inc. is involved in the cleaning and painting of small aircraft.

Mr. James Iwasz, co-owner of Air Craft Painting Inc. stated that 3 or 4 aircraft are painted per month. The process involves spray application of solvent onto the aircraft body. This causes the paint to coagulate and the paint eventually drips off onto the floor. The practice at Air Craft Painting Inc. prior to any D.E.P. investigation was to scrap up all the paint off the floor and place it in drums and dispose of the paint into a garbage dumpster. The floor was then washed down with water which goes to a drain along the wall and eventually flows into the storm sewer.

The practice at Air Craft Painting Inc. now is to store the paint sludges and wash water in 55-gallon drums inside the building. Swanson's Hauling and Trash Removal of 2 Edgehill Ave., Millville (327-1052) removes the waste to the Millville Landfill.

Due to all the steps taken to prevent any further danger to the environment, a low priority is given to this site.

Submitted by:

Fred Schmitt Project Manager NJDEP-HSMA

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CERCLA 104 Project

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

-	
1	LIDENTIFICATION
	OUSTAILIGE EN COM

SEPA PARTI	PRELIMINARY A - SITE INFORMATI			MENT		S als d'refile
IL SITE NAME AND LOCATION						
O1 STE WARE Augus agreement or desiration of the of any		2 STREET	T. ROUTE NO.,	ON SPEC	PER TRADE HOLTAGO	
Air Craft Painting Inc.		Mil	<u>lville</u>	Mun	icipal Air	Port
os criv	9		04 23º COOM		-	07 COUNTY OF CONS
Millville		NJ_	08332	Cu	mberland	
DE COORDINATES LATITUDE LON	CITUDE					
39°31'54". 75°31	24"	Bloc	k 631		Lot 23	
10 DIRECTIONS TO SITE (Survey was reserved public reserved) Rte	47 South t	0 H	igh St.	.Mil	lville take	Rte 59
West to Cedarville Rd.Tak	e left han	d ti	irn to	8 o g	den Blvd.in	to Air Port
R/H turn onto Beacon Ave.	to dead en	d.S	ite on	rig	ht.	
III. RESPONSIBLE PARTIES						
OI OWNER of arrows		2 STALE	7 Handards, 4444			
City of Millville	ł					
a) Crit		M STATE	05 2P COOL	Ţ¢	A TELEPHONE PLANSER	T
Millville P.O. Box 609	į	NJ	08332	[609825-7000	
DT OPERATOR IS WELL AND AND AND PARTY.			1 00000			- L
	į					
09 CTV		O STATE	11 20 COOK	11	2 TELEPHONE HUMBER	T -
			}	10	()	
OZ SITE BYATUS receive entry	EPA () 8. EPA LOCAL HEALTH OFFIC TRACTOR NAME(S): _ 03 YEARS OF OPERA		CTOR D F. OTHER:	Ø c. s		A CONTRACTOR
Q A. ACTIVE B. INACTIVE C C. UNICHOWN		derived v	14 UK	च्य न्य	C UNKNOW	M
04 DESCRIPTION OF SUBSTANCES POSSIBLY PRESENT, KNOW	I. OR ALLEGED					<u> </u>
Solvent containing 58% me	thylene ch	lori	de str	i pp	ing	
OS DESCRIPTION OF POTENTIAL HAZARD TO ENVIRONMENT AND	DICA POPULATION					
Wastewater containing meth	nvlene-chl	orid	e was	waci	ned off the	floor and
into the storm sewer. May o	contaminat	e st	orm se	wer	basin and o	groundwater.
V. PRIORITY ASSESSMENT						
O1 PRIORITY FOR INSPECTION (Choose one. If high or once on a phosphol. A. HIGH	CE C. LOW		11 3 - Octobrisher d 12 0 N		s Candinate and Deutemay age excepted, someway surrors deal	erden forth
VI. INFORMATION AVAILABLE FROM						
01 CONTACT	02 OF Ingenty-Organics					03 TELEPHONE MUMBER
Jee Douglass	NJDEP/DE	IR				609292-187
DA PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSMENT	DE AGENCY		Maria Land		OF TELEPHONE NUMBER	96 9ATE 2 9 6
Fred Schmitt	NJDEP	Luci	AA-BEE!	DΛ	1609292-121	\$ 1,2,85

EPA FORM 2070-12 (7-81)

ŞEF			PRELIMINARY PART 2 - WASTI	DOUS WASTE ASSESSMENT EINFORMATION	SITE	L IDENTIFICATE	
	rates, quantities, an						
OI PHYSICAL S	ATES ACROSS OF MAN ASSESSED,	02 WASTE QUANTIT	Y AT SITE	03 WASTE CHARACTE	LASTICS (Charles) and then see		
ILI A SOUD	LZ E. SLURRY	~~~		U A TONC	ù € SQLUS		
L C. SLUGGE		TOMS		IJ 8. COARO	CTIME L & FLAME	MALE IN A REACTE	A .
		CUBIC YARDS _		L. O PERSO	ATMON H 😅 — THOST	L L RICOMP	
iù D. OTHER	(Spaces)	NO OF DRUMS _	5				
III. WASTET	YPE					•	
CATEGORY	SUBSTANCE N	uand.	01 GAOSS AMOUNT	OZ UNIT OF MEASURE	03 COMMENTS		
SLU	SLUDGE						
OFM	OLY WASTE						
SOL	SOLVENTS		5	Gals	Wastewate	r w/methyl	ene
PSD	PESTICIDES					chl	oride
occ	OTHER ORGANIC CI	HEMICALS					
юс	INORGANIC CHEMIC	ALS					
ACD	ACIOS						
845	BASES				Attachme	nt A	
MES	HEAVY METALS						
IV. HAZARDI	OUS SUBSTANCES		- cons CAS Austony				
01 CATEGORY	02 SUBSTANCE N	week	03 CAS NUMBER	04 STORAGE DIS	POSAL METHOD	05 CONCENTRATION	OF HE ASURE OF
SOL	Methylene c	hloride		Drum		58	% by wt
_							
				(Strippin	g solvent	1	† · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			1		30110	·	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
				 			
						 	
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					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
				 			
							
V FFFDSTO	CKS (per Asserted for CAS forms			<u> </u>		L	
CATEGORY			02 CAS NUMBER	CATEGORY	O1 PEEDSTO	OCH NAME	02 CAS NUMBER
FOS				FOS			
FOS			 	FDS			
FDS				FOS			
FOS			 -	FUS			
	S OF INFORMATION IS						

Attachment A

Hazardous Waste Investigation 6/29/82

L IDENTIFICATION POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SEPA OI STATE OF SITE MANEE PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS IL HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS 01 LA A. GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION 02 C ORSERVED (DATE. POTENTIAL T ALLEGED 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: Millville Municipal Well #3 contaminated - Joseph Douglass memo 5/20/82 Attachment B 01 CLS. SURFACE WATER CONTAMINATION 02 L DESERVED IDATE. A POTENTIAL T ALLEGED 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION Receiving water basin's wastewater flow to storm sewer drains. 01 () C CONTAMPLATION OF AIR 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 02 C OBSERVEDIDATE CI POTENTIAL C ALLEGED 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION 01 1: D FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS 02 C: OBSERVED IDATE. . CI POTENTIAL C ALLEGED 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION ALLEGED C3 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED . 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION O ALEGED UT IX F CONTAMINATION OF SOL 02 OGSERVED (DATE: . E POTENTIAL OJ AREA POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION Wastewater out of building thru floor drains may reach ground surface. 01 LXG DRINKING WATER CONTAMBIATION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED. L ALLEGED E POTENTIAL Groundwater may be contaminated. Millville Municipal Well #3 is allegedly contaminated. (No analysis) C POTENTIAL 17 ALLEGED OI LI H WORKER EXPOSURE/SLLURY 02 OBSERVED IDATE 03 WORKERS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: . 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION C POTENTIAL J ALLEGED 01 .31 POPULATION EXPOSURE/INJURY 02 () OBSERVED (DATE 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

SEPA PRELIMIN	AZARDOUS WASTE SITE ARY ASSESSMENT ZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS	L IDENTIFIE		
L HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (CORRECTED INCIDENTS)	CARDOOS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS			1
01 J. DAMAGE TO PLORA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 CI OBSERVED (DATE:)	O POTENTIAL	O ALEGED	
01 TK DAMAGE TO FAUNA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION mount remains or appears	02 C OBSERVED IDATE	C POTENTIAL	C ALECED	
01 S L. CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 D CASERVED (DATE:)	C POTENTIAL	O ALLEGED	
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	02 OF DESERVED IDATE	•	O ALEGED	Attachn
he floor is washed down with goes to a drain along the wa	water after paint sluc	lges are us into t	picked up	lwar.
01 C N DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 D OBSERVED (DATE:)	C) POTENTIAL	O ALLEGED	
01 3 0 CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WATER 04 NAME DESCRIPTION	02 C) OBSERVED (DATE)	C POTENTIAL	O ALEGED	
01 C P ELEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING 04 NAMATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 () OBSERVED (DATE:)	O POTENTIAL	C ALLEGED	
05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR ALLE	OED HAZAROS			,

III. TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:				4
IV. COMMENTS	•			1
				_

Hazardous Waste Investigation form dated 6/29/82 - William Lowry Attachment A

(PA FORM 2070-12 (7-81)

Air Craft Paining, LAT. 39° 31' 54" Long 75° 31' 24" Inspector: William Lowry Date: 6/29/82

Location: Aircraft Painting Inc.

St: Millville Municipal Property owner: City of Millville

Airport

Town: Millville

County: Cumberland

Lot: 23 Block: 631

Origin of Complaint: Joseph Douglas, DWR (2-1871).

Complaint: Company is disposing of paint sludges into trash dumpster.

Findings:

On the above date, this inspector met with Mr. Jim Iwasz, co-owner of Aircraft Painting Inc. Mr. Iwasz explained that his company is involved with stripping and repainting airplanes.

Process

Mr. Iwasz stated that 3 or 4 planes per month are repainted. The process involves spray application of solvent onto the airplane body. This causes the paint to coagulate and the paint eventually drips off onto the floor. These paint sludges prior to initial DEP investigations, had been scraped up and placed into a drum and disposed of into the garbage dumpster. The floor is then washed down with water which goes to a drain along the wall and eventually flows into the storm sewer.

Since the initial investigation by J. Douglass, DWR, Aircraft Painting is now storing the paint sludges and wash water in 55 gallon drums inside the building. The stripping solvent used is 58% methalene chloride base manufactured by B & B Chemical Co. Inc. Miami, Fla.

At time of this inspection, five, 55 gallon drums of wash water have been accumulated. The paint sludges are also placed into a drum. Approximately ½ drum of paint sludges are currently stored on site. Mr. Iwasz estimates that one, 55 gallon drum of paint sludges will be generated every six months.

Waste Streams

Mr. Iwasz indicated that his trash is taken to the Milleville Landfill by Swanson's Hauling and Trash Removal, 2 Edgehill Ave., Millville (327-1052).

A seal has been placed on the manhole to the storm sewer per the DWR order and a sump pump is currently being used to pump the wash water into drums. The DWR order also required that Aircraft Painting Inc. install and operate a pretreatment system for wash water prior to discharge to the Milleville WWTP. Mr. Iwasz stated that Pollution Abatement Consultants (PAC) has been contacted to design a treatment system suitable to meet Milleville WWTP standards.

Mr. Iwasz has also contacted Grave Resources Inc. to dispose of the drummed wash water and paint sludges. To date, no final arrangements have been made for disposal of

attachment

the accumulated wash water. Once the treatment system is installed, no wash water will accumulate on site.

This inspector informed Mr. Iwasz that his company would have to obtain an EPA ID number under generator status if analysis reveals that the wash water and paint sludges are in fact a hazardous waste.

Photos and samples

One sample of the $\frac{1}{2}$ drum of paint sludges was obtained using a plastic scoop. This sample was assigned DEP #BL041.

No photos were taken.

William Lowry

Env. Spec.

0 .	
Investigator: 15 Low	Date: 6/21/82
Purpose: 1 Imvest	· disposal of solvent/ point studge, (where does it go for
in com	ing receipts). (2) Obtain sample of this studge for ano
(3) DWA is hand	ling disposal of washdown water going to rever (see or
Pietures: X Yes	ling disposal of washdown water going to rever (see or best you can it this guy is a "small quantity generator" No Samples: No Tes I No
Location:	
Hame: Aircra	ft Printing Inc.
	ed at Miquille Airport)
Town: Mill vi	116
County company:	berland
Phone No.:	
Individuals to Contact:	
Name: To	e Douglass DWR 2-1871
Street; Te	my atranter - soilet 2-5560
Town:	Phone No.: Affiliation:
Report Due By: We	ek of 6/28/02

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,	NEW JERSEY STATE DEPAR	TMENT OF ENV	VIRONMENTAL	PROTECTION

TO	Files through Messrs. Hamilton and Miller	3
FROM	Joseph Douglass	DATE May 20, 1982
SUBJECT	Rield investigation of Organic Contamination	in Millville Municipal
_	S# [[eW	

On May 6, 1982, a field investigation was conducted by this writer in an attempt to determine the source of the contamination of Millville municipal well #3 (see attached materials).

Mr. Frank DeMaris of the Cumberland County Health Department accompanied me through most of the investigation. We arrived at the Millville Water Plant at 11:00 a.m. where we met Mr. Jack Harris, licensed water plant operator, and Mr. Summer Lippincott, Commissioner of Public Affairs. The events of March 29 and 30, 1982, were discussed in detail and two significant findings were made:

- 1. Well #3 had been out of service for approximately eight months prior to the sampling of March 30, 1982, which indicated that the well was contaminated with volatile organics.
- 2. Well #3 was only run for approximately two minutes prior to sampling on March 30, 1982.

I later asked Millville's sewage treatment plant operator Bob Engles if he had observed significant quantities of solvents entering his plant from the sanitary collection system. He said he had not.

At 1:00 p.m., Mr. DeMaris and I, accompanied by two Millville City employees, went to the ditch which receives the discharge from a storm sewer draining a portion of the Millville airport. The bottom of the ditch had a gray-green coloring, which dissipated downstream. The flow coming from the storm sewer was clear, with no trace of odor or contamination. Approximately 4 mile downstream, a green film was found on the surface of the water. This film had a slight odor of organic solvent, as was confirmed by all present. The ditch had gradually dwindled in size as we walked downstream, indicating that some of the flow had percolated to the ground water. We did not follow the ditch to the end as the ground became marshy and the underbrush thick. We walked back upstream and opened the closet manhole in the storm cover to the discharge goint. The flow was clear, and there was a green coloring to the concrete beneath the water level in the line. We later found that the green coloring was also present at the second manhole upflow, but definitely not at the third and uppermost manhole in the line.

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At 1:30 p.m., we met Mr. Chris Andrews, of Airwork Inc., Mr. Andrews gave us a tour of the facility, which included machine shops, assembly shops, plating shops, and testing areas for jet engines. The plant area is completely paved and stormwater enters the storm sewer in question via several drains. The facility is served by a sanitary sewer line from the Millville STP for disposal of domestic wastewater. Many 55 gallon steel drums were observed in and around the facility, which contained solvents, degreasers, lubricants, etc. For the most part, these drums were kept in a satisfactory manner. Approximately fifteen drums were observed next to the uppermost manhole of the storm sewer line in question. The labels on these drums indicated that they contained a product called Borzin, made by the Turco Chemical Company. The ingredients were listed on the labels as chlorinated hydrocarbons. Mr. Andrews said that Borzin is an additive for degreasing solutions, and that these drums contained used solvent ready for disposal. He told me that all hazardous wastes generated by Airwork are disposed of by Grave Resources Inc., and proper manifesting procedures are taken. However, the Borzin drums must be considered as a possible source of the organic contaminants found March 29 and 30.

At 2:45 p.m., I went unaccompanied to Aircraft Painting Inc., located in an old hanger which is served by the storm sewer line in question. I met Jim Iwasz, co-owner of the business, who explained to me the process for stripping and painting aircraft. He said that approximately three planes per month are stripped and repainted, and that 18-20 gallons of solvent are used in stripping the paint from an average sized plane. The solvent is directly applied to the plane by sprayguns, and the paint soon coagulates and falls off the plane in globs. One of the planes in the hanger had recently been sprayed with the solvent, and the paint appeared to be running down its sides. Another plane in the hanger had recently been painted with what appeared to be a green primer. whose color was very similar to that of the film found in the ditch and in the manholes of the storm sewer line. The concrete floor of the hanger is cleaned first by squeegee and the material collected is placed in a drum, then disposed of with the other trash. Paint and solvent residues are then washed off the concrete floor into a channel along the wall of the hanger which drains through two connections to the storm sewer in question. The only solvent used by Aircraft Painting Inc. is manufactured by the B&B Chemical Co., Inc. of Hialeah, Florida. The company lists the ingredients of this solvent as being 58% chlorinated solvent and 5% nitrogen compound. Mr. Iwasz told me that B&B has assured him that their product is environmentally safe, although various human toxicity data is included on the material safety data sheet provided by the company. I described the NJPDES program to Mr. Iwasz, and told him that a NJPDES permit is required for the discharge of process wastewater generated by Aircraft Painting Inc. I told Mr. Iwasz that I would contact him as soon as I consulted with superiors to determine the action that the Division would take in this matter.

Based strictly on the observations made this day, it is this writer's opinion that Aircraft Painting Inc. is the major contributor of both organic solvent and paint residues to the storm sewer in question. However, without detailed chemical analyses of the contents of all drums observed at both facilities, it is impossible to scientifically determine which facility, if either, is responsible for the contamination of Millville municipal well #3.

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DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES P. O. BOX CN 029 TRENTON, NEW JERSEY 08625

ARNOLD SCHIFFMAN DIRECTOR

MAY 1 7 1982

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Aircraft Painting, Inc. Millville Municipal Airport Millville, New Jersey 08732

Attention: Mr. J. Iwasz

Re: Discharge of Process Wastewaters

Millville, Cumberland County

Dear Mr. Iwasz:

A pollution investigation was conducted by this office at the Millville Airport on May 6, 1982. This investigation was made necessary by the recent discovery of volatile organic contamination in the airport's stormwater sewer system and nearby Millville City well #3.

During this investigation, it was found that the process wastewater from Aircraft Painting, Inc. is discharged to the stormwater sewer system in question. This method of wastewater disposal is governed by the Regulations Concerning the New Jersey Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NJPDES), N.J.A.C. 7:14A-1 et seq., which state, "No person shall discharge any pollutant except in conformity with a valid NJPDES permit." Violators of these regulations are subject to penalties of \$5,000 per violation and \$500 per day of continued violation.

Aircraft Painting, Inc. is hereby directed as follows:

- 1. Immediately cease all discharges of process wastewater to the floor drains which lead to the airport's stormwater sewer system.
- 2. Within fourteen (14) days of the date of receipt of this Directive, submit to this office a complete list of the chemical components of the solvent manufactured by the B & B Chemical Company which is used by Aircraft Painting. Inc. to strip the paint from aircraft.

3. Within fourteen (14) days of the date of receipt of this Directive, submit to this office the proposed method by which the process wastewater generated by your facility shall be disposed of.

Notice is hereby given that failure to comply with this Directive will result in further enforcement action by this office, including the imposition of monetary penalties. Therefore, kindly devote your full attention to this matter.

If you have any questions, please contact this writer at (609) 292-1871.

Very truly yours.

Joseph Douglass

Environmental Specialist

Region VI

Enforcement & Regulatory Services Element

E23:G9

- : :

cc: Cumberland County Health Department

Summer N. Lippincott

Jack Harris, Licensed Operator

NO.

DE-NITMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION OF WASTE MANAGEMENT BUREAU OF FIELD OPERATIONS

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то	File thru Dave Potts	•
FROM	William Lowry DATE	10/12/82
SUBJECT	6/29/82 Aircraft Painting investigation recommendations	and comments.

- 1. The sample obtained is representative of what had been previously disposed of in the trash dumpster and taken to the Millville Landfill.
- 2. Aircraft Painting has ceased improper disposal of paint sludges and the floor wash water and is working on setting up proper disposal techniques.
- 3. Since accumulation of wash water is a temporary measure and the amount of paint sludges is reported to be one, 55 gallon drum/6 months, this facility should be treated as a small quantity generator.

It Due to fact that the paint aludges agreen to be exempt from hoyandura wente requestion dere to sunde quantity exemption, the sample was not analysed. (86041) (540) REGION: 02

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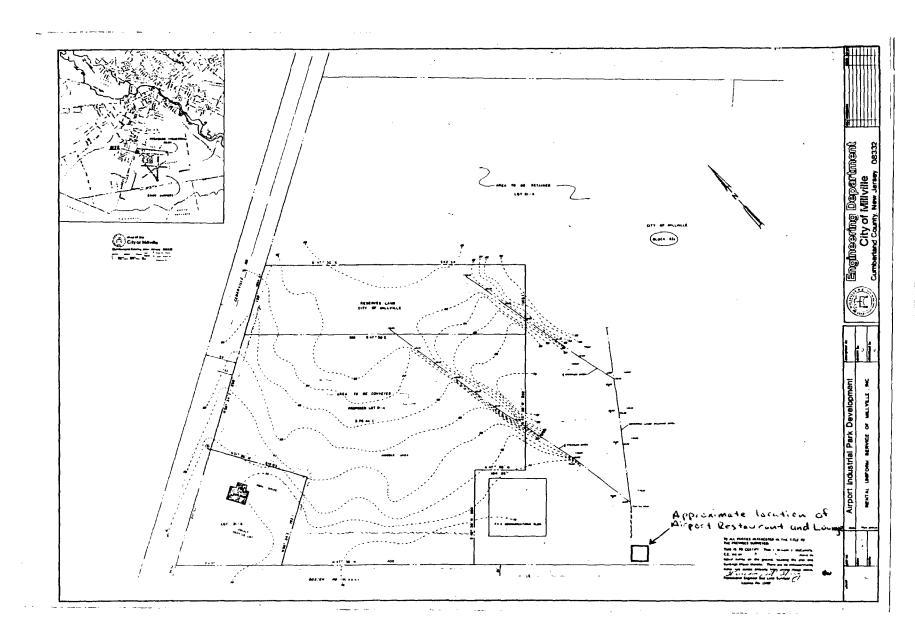
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A. Health Department
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HYDROGEOLOGIC FRAMEWORK OF THE NEW JERSEY COASTAL PLAIN

REGIONAL AQUIFER-SYSTEM ANALYSIS

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Open-File Report 84-730



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HYDROGEOLOGIC FRAMEWORK OF THE NEW JERSEY COASTAL PLAIN

By Otto S. Zapecza

Open-File Report 84-730



Trenton, New Jersey 1984

Formation, and the basal clay of the Kirkwood Formation. Vincentown Formation functions as an aquifer within 3 to 10 miles downdip of its outcrop area. In areas farther downdip the Vincentown Formation functions as a confining bed. The Piney Point aquifer is laterally persistent from the southern New Jersey Coastal Plain northward into parts of Burlington and Ocean Counties. The Atlantic City 800-foot sand of the Kirkwood Formation can be recognized in the subsurface along coastal areas of Cape May, Atlantic, and southern Ocean Counties, but inland only as far west as the extent of the overlying confining bed. In areas west of the extent of the overlying confining bed, the Kirkwood Formation is in hydraulic connection with the overlying Cohansey Sand and younger surficial deposits and functions as an unconfined aquifer.

INTRODUCTION

Purpose and Scope

This report is the product of an intensive study of New Jersey Coastal Plain borehole geophysical data made, in part, to develop a hydrogeologic framework for use in the U.S. Geological Survey's Northern Atlantic Coastal Plain Regional Aquifer System Analysis (RASA) project. A 10-layer ground-water flow model of the New Jersey Coastal Plain aquifer system was constructed based on the information presented in this report. The same information forms part of the basis of the hydrogeologic framework for a 10-layer regional flow model of the northern Atlantic Coastal Plain from Long Island to North Carolina. Correlation of stratigraphic units in the various states of the Northern Atlantic Coastal Plain is shown in table 1.

The purpose of this report is to define, on a regional basis, the subsurface occurrence and configuration of hydrogeologic units (aquifers and confining beds) in the New Jersey part of the Atlantic Coastal Plain. This multilayer system is shown in a series of structure contour maps, isopach maps, and hydrogeologic sections based primarily on the interpretation of geophysical logs. Past efforts to understand the hydrology of the Coastal Plain's ground-water resources have been limited by the lack of a regional hydrogeologic framework. Documentation of the occurrence and geometry of the major aquifers and confining beds provides a firmer basis for more realistic water-management decisions.

Location and Extent

The New Jersey Coastal Plain extends from Delaware Bay in the southwest to Raritan Bay in the northeast, and from the Fall Line in the west to the Atlantic Ocean in the east (fig. 1). It is approximately 4,200 mi² and is part of the larger Atlantic Coastal Plain that extends from Florida to Newfoundland and eastward to the edge of the Continental Shelf. The area of study includes all of Monmouth, Burlington, Ocean, Camden, Gloucester,

Table 1.--Generalized stratigraphic-correlation chart of the Northern Atlantic Coastal Plain.

ERA	SYSTEM	SERIES	NORTH CAROLINA	VIRCINIA	MARYLAND	DELAWARE	NEW JERSEY	NEW YORK
	Quaternary	Pleistocene	Unnamed	Undifferentiated deposits	Undifferentiated deposits	Undifferentiated deposits	Cape Hay Formation Undifferentiated deposits	Upper Pleistocene deposits Gardners Clay Jameco Gravel
		Pliocene	Chowan River Pm Yorktown Formation	Chowan River Fm Yorktown Formation	Yorktown Formation	Undifferentiated deposits		Mannetto Gravel (Pliocene?)
			Pungo River Pormation	2 8	Eastover Brandywine a promation Formation St. Marys Formation	Chesapeake Group	Pensauken Formation Bridgeton Formation	
		Miocene	Belgrade Formation	St. Marys Formation Choptank Formation Calvert Formation	St. Harys Formation Choptank Formation Calvert Formation	undivided	Cohansey Sand Kirkwood Formation	Y////////
Cenozota	Teritary	Oligocene	River Bend Formation	Unnamed	///////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////		X//////////
Ceno		Eocene	Castle Hayne Formation	,	Piney Point Formation Nanjemoy Formation	Piney Point Formation Nanjemoy Formation	Piney Point Formation Shark River Formation Manasquan Formation	
		Paleocene	Beaufort Formation	Marlboro Clay Aquia Formation Brightseat formation	Aquia Formation Brightsest Formation	Vincentown Formation	n o	
			Peedee Formation		Severn Formation	Severn Formation Mount Laurel Sand	Tinton Sand Red Bank Sand Navesink Formation Mount Laurel Sand	Monmouth Group
	Englishtoun Moodbury Cla Merchantvill		Marshalltown Formation Englishtown Formation Woodbury Clay Merchantville Formation	Menonah Formation Marshalltown Fm Englishtown Fm Moodbury Clay Merchantville Fm	Matawan Group			
Mesosotc			Cape Fear		Hagothy Formation	Magothy Formstion	Magothy Formation	Magothy Formation
1			Formation				Raritan Formation	Raritan Clay member Formation Lloyd Sand member
		Lower Cretaceous	Unnamed		Patapsco Formation Arundel Formation Patuxent Formation	Potomac Group	Potomac Group	
	Jurassic (?)	Upper Jurassic(?)	Unnamed		///////////////////////////////////////			

modified from Heisler, 1980, fig 4

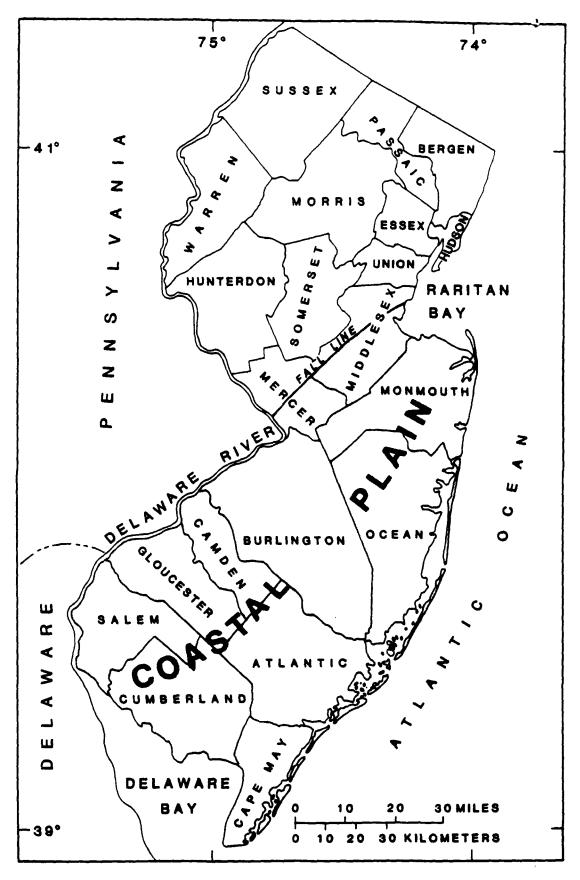


Figure 1.--Location of study area.

Salem, Atlantic, Cumberland, and Cape May Counties, and parts of Middlesex and Mercer Counties.

Previous Investigations

Subsurface stratigraphic relationships within the Coastal Plain of New Jersey have been documented in a number of previous studies. Richards (1945) presented a series of geologic cross sections outlining the subsurface stratigraphy of the Atlantic Coastal Plain. Richards and others (1962) produced generalized structure contour maps of geologic units of the New Jersey Coastal Plain. Detailed Cretaceous subsurface stratigraphy has been delineated by Perry and others (1975) and Petters (1976). Brown, Miller, and Swain (1972) presented structural contour maps, geohydrologic maps, and cross sections for 17 chronostratigraphic units in the Coastal Plain from North Carolina to New York.

Numerous county ground-water reports contain subsurface information, including contour maps and cross sections for local hydrogeologic systems. These include Monmouth County (Jablonski, 1968), Ocean County (Anderson and Appel, 1969), Burlington County (Rush, 1968), Camden County (Farlekas and others, 1976), Gloucester County (Hardt and Hilton, 1969), Salem County (Rosenau and others, 1969), and Cape May County (Gill, 1962).

Structure-contour maps for the pre-Cretaceous basement, Potomac-Raritan-Magothy aquifer system, and the Merchantville-Woodbury confining bed were presented by Gill and Farlekas (1976). Previously mapped hydrogeologic units in the northern part of the New Jersey Coastal Plain include the Farrington aquifer (Farlekas, 1979), the Englishtown aquifer (Nichols, 1977b), and the Wenonah-Mount Laurel aquifer (Nemickas, 1976). Nemickas and Carswell (1976) presented stratigraphic and hydrogeologic data for the Piney Point aquifer in the southern Coastal Plain of New Jersey.

Well-numbering System

The well-numbering system on the index map, tables, and hydrogeologic sections in this report is based on the numbering system used by the U.S. Geological Survey in New Jersey since 1978. The well number consists of a county code number and a sequence number assigned to the well within the county. Code numbers for the New Jersey Coastal Plain counties are:

1	Atlantic	21	Mercer
5	Burlington	23	Middlesex
7		25	Monmouth
9	Cape May	29	Ocean
	Cumberland	33	
15	Gloucester		

A representative well number is 15-137 for the 137th well inventoried in Gloucester County.

Acknowledgments

The author gratefully acknowledges the cooperation of Layne-New York, A.C. Schultes and Sons, and other well-drilling contractors for providing borehole information, including geophysical logs, drillers logs, and well records.

SUMMARY OF NEW JERSEY COASTAL PLAIN GEOLOGY

Structural Setting

The New Jersey Coastal Plain is a seaward-dipping wedge of unconsolidated sediments that range in age from Cretaceous to Holocene (table 2). These sediments, for the most part, are composed of clay, silt, sand, and gravel and are classified as continental, coastal, or marine-type deposits. The Cretaceous and Tertiary sediments generally strike northeast-southwest and dip gently to the southeast from 10 to 60 ft/mi. Overlying deposits of Quaternary age, where present, are essentially flat lying. The Coastal Plain deposits thicken seaward from a featheredge at the Fall Line to more than 6,500 ft at the southern tip of Cape May County (Gill and Farlekas, 1976).

The initial deposition of Coastal Plain sediments began during the Late Jurassic or Early Cretaceous after the formation of the early Atlantic Ocean (Sheridan, 1974a, p. 465). During the Mesozoic and Cenozoic Eras, block-faulting of the basement created highs and lows on the basement surface along the Atlantic Continental Margin (Sheridan, 1974a, p. 401). These basement highs and lows had a direct influence on sediment accumulation and dispersal patterns (Owens and Sohl, 1969, p. 237). Three basement tectonic features recognized in the New Jersey Coastal Plain are the Raritan embayment, South Jersey uplift, and the Salisbury embayment (pl. 1). Individual units generally are thicker in the embayment areas and depositional facies changes are common between adjacent tectonic features (Olsson, 1978, p. 941).

The pre-Cretaceous basement-bedrock complex that lies unconformably beneath the unconsolidated Coastal Plain deposits consists mainly of Precambrian and lower Paleozoic rocks. Locally, along the Fall Line (fig. 1) in Mercer and Middlesex Counties, Triassic rocks underlie the unconsolidated sediments. The altitude of the top of the bedrock surface is shown on plate 1. Contours showing the basement surface in areas where the depth to bedrock is 1,000 ft or less are based primarily on well and test hole data, whereas in downdip areas the primary control is based on seismic data (Gill and Farlekas, 1976).

Depositional History

The oldest group of sediments deposited on the basement surface within the Coastal Plain of New Jersey consists of Cretaceous continental deposits of the Potomac Group (table 2). This unit consists of alternating clay, silt, sand, and gravel and

Table 2.--Geologic and hydrogeologic units in the Coastal Plain of New Jersey.

					<u> </u>	
SYSTEM	SERIES	GEOLOGIC UNIT	LITHOLOGY	HYDROGEOLOGIC UNIT	HYDROLOGIC CHARACTERISTICS	
	Holocene	Alluvial deposits	Send. silt, and black mud		Surticial material, item hydraulically connected ty underlying aquafers, Cocally some units may act is contining beds. Thicker sands are capable	
Quaternary		Beach sand and stave)	Sand, quartz, light-colored, medium- to coarse-grained, pebbly.	Undifferen- tiared		
	Pleistocene	Formation Pensauken Formation Sridgeton Formation	Sand, quartz, light-colored, heterogeneous, clayey, pebbly.		ot rigiding rurge quantities of water.	
	Miocene	Beacon Hill Gravel	Cravel, quartz, light colored, sandy.		A major aquifer system. Ground-water occurs generally under water-table conditions. In Cape May County the Cohansey Sand is under artesian conditions.	
Tertiary		Cohensey Send	Sand, quartz, light-colored, medium to coarse-grained, pebbly; local clay bads.	Kirkwood- Cohansey aquifer system		
		Kirkwood Formation	Sand, quartz, gray and tan, very fine- to medium-grained, micaceous, and dark-colored distomaceous clay.	confining bed Rio Grande w-bi confining bed Atlantic City	Thick distomsceous clay bed occurs along coast and for a short distance inland. A thin water-bearing sand occurs within the middle of this unit. A major equifer along the coast.	
				800-foot sand	Alloway Clay member or equivalent	
1	Eocene	Piney Point Formation	Sand, quartz and glauconite, fine- to coarse-grained.	Piney Point	Yields moderate quantities of water locally.	
		Shark River Formation	Clay, silty and sandy, glauconitic, green,	•	Poorly permeable sediments.	
		Manasquan Formation	gray and brown, fined-grained quartz sand.			
	Paleocene Upper Cretaceous	Vincentown Formation	Sand, quartz, gray and green, fine- to coarse- grained, glauconitic, and brown clayey, very fossiliferous, glauconite and quartz calcarantza	Vincentown aquifer	Yields smell to moderate quantities of water in and near its outcrop area.	
		Hornerstown Send	Sand, clayey, glauconitic, dark green, fine- to coarse-grained.	31	Poorly permeable sediments.	
		Tinton Sand	Sand, quartz, and glauconite, brown and gray,	2 ·		
		Red Bank Sand		Red Bank sand	Yields small quantities of water in and near its outcrop area.	
		Navesink Formation	Sand, clayey, silty, glauconitic, green and black, medium- to coarse-grained.		Poorly permeable sediments.	
		Mount Laurel Sand	Sand, quarts, brown and gray, fine- to course-grained, slightly glauconitic.	Wenoneh- Mount Laurel	A major aquifer.	
		Wenonah Formation	Sand, very fine- to fine-grained, gray and brown, silty, slightly glauconitic.	aquifer Marshalltown-		
		Marshalltown		Wenonah confining bed	A leaky confining bed.	
		Englishtown Formstion	Sand, quartz, can and gray, fine- co medium- grained; local clay beds.	Englishtown aquifer system	A major aquifer. Two sand units in Monsouth and Ocean Counties.	
Cretaceous		Woodbury Clay	Clay, gray and black, micaceous silt.	Merchantville-	A major confining bed. Locally	
		Herchantville Formation	Clay, glauconitic, micaceous, gray and black; locally very fine-grained quartz and glauconitic sand.	Woodbury confining bed	che Merchantville Fm. may contain a thin water-bearing sand.	
		Magothy Formation	Sand, quarts, light-gray, fine- to coarse- grained; local beds of dark-gray lignitic clay-	upper g aquifer	A major aquifer system. In the northern Coastal Plain the upper	
		Reritan Formation	Sand, quartz, light-gray, fine- to coarse- grained, pebbly, arkosic, red, white, and variegated clay.	aquifer conf bd middle aquifer conf bd lover	aquifer is equivalent to the Old Bridge aquifer and the middle aquifer is the equivalent of the Farrington aquifer. In the Dela. River Valley three aquifers are	
	Lower Cretaceous	Potomac Group	Alternating clay, silt, sand, and gravel.	conf bd	recognized. In the deeper sub- surface, units below the upper	
Pre- Cre	taceous	Bedrock	Precambrian and lower Paleosoic crystalline rocks, metamorphic schist and gneiss; locally Triassic beselt, sandstone and shale.	Bedrock confining bed	No wells obtain water from these consolidated rocks. except along Fall Line.	

¹ Rio Grande water-bearing zone.
2 Minor aquifer not mapped in this

is a major part of the thick sedimentary wedge in the Salisbury embayment area of extreme southern New Jersey. The overlying Raritan Formation consists of fluvial-continental deposits in outcrop and in the shallow subsurface that are lithologically similar to the Potomac Group sediments. However, in downdip areas near the coast, glauconite and shell beds indicate that the Raritan Formation is mostly marine (Richards, 1961, p. 1755, and Petters, 1976, p. 92). The Magothy Formation unconformably overlies the Raritan Formation and is a sheetlike deposit composed primarily of coarse beach sand and other associated near-shore marine deposits (Perry and others, 1975, p. 1535).

Upper Cretaceous and most Tertiary sediments overlying the Magothy Formation were deposited in various shelf and beach environments caused by alternating transgressive and regressive seas. Glauconite is common in this part of the geologic section and is indicative of mid- to outer-shelf deposition (Owens and Sohl, 1969, p. 259). Silty and clayey glauconitic sands are generally considered to form in marine environments characterized by slow rates of clastic sedimentation (Owens and Sohl, 1973, p. 2833). According to Olsson (1975, p. 17), much of the glauconite originated from the fecal pellets of mud-burrowing organisms and formed in the mud substrates of these deeper offshore areas.

Heavy concentrations of glauconite in association with very fine grained sediments are recognized in the New Jersey Coastal Plain as transgressive deposits, which formed during major incursions of the sea. Such units include the Merchantville, Marshalltown, and Navesink Formations, the Hornerstown Sand, and the Manasquan Formation. In contrast, coarsening-upward sequences that overlie the major glauconitic units are termed regressive beds. These beds were deposited in inner-shelf, near-shore, and beach areas during the slow retreat of the sea. Such units include the Englishtown Formation, Wenonah Formation, Mount Laurel Sand, Red Bank Sand, Vincentown Formation, Kirkwood Formation, and the Cohansey Sand. Generally, transgressive deposits form confining beds within the Coastal Plain and the regressive deposits form aquifers.

The long period of marine deposition in the study area ended after the deposition of the Miocene Cohansey Sand (Carter, 1978, p. 934). Continental deposition returned to the Coastal Plain during late Tertiary and Quaternary times. The Beacon Hill, Bridgeton, Pensauken, and Cape May Formations are primarily composed of fluvial sands and gravels (Owens and Minard, 1979, p. D1).

HYDROGEOLOGIC FRAMEWORK

Methods of Correlation

Most regional subsurface mapping in the New Jersey Coastal Plain has been based on formal geologic (rock-stratigraphic) and chronologic (time-stratigraphic) units that have been defined by

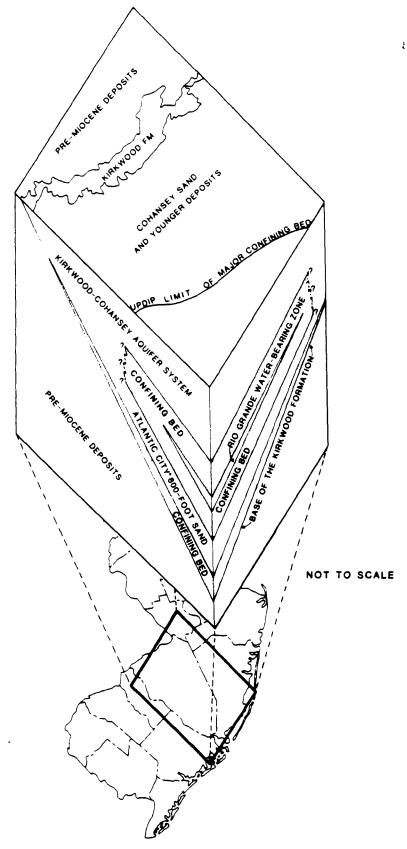


Figure 5.--Block diagram showing the presumed stratigraphic relationship between the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system and the Atlantic City 800-foot sand.

and structure contour maps of this unit are not given in this report. Tops and thicknesses of the Rio Grande water-bearing zone can be calculated from the hydrogeologic sections.

The Rio Grande water-bearing zone is utilized mainly in southern Cape May County, where aquifer thicknesses can exceed 100 ft. It is generally less than 40 ft thick throughout much of the coastal areas in southern Ocean and Atlantic Counties. The aquifer is seldom used outside of southern Cape May County and is of minor importance. Therefore, in this report, the Rio Grande water-bearing zone has been included as part of the confining bed overlying the 800-foot sand shown on plate 22.

Kirkwood-Cohansey Aquifer System

The Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system is predominantly a water-table aquifer that underlies an area of approximately 3,000 mi² southeast of the updip limit of the outcrop of the Kirkwood Formation. This aquifer system is composed of the Kirkwood Formation, Cohansey Sand, and, depending on location, can include overlying deposits of the Beacon Hill Gravel, Bridgeton Formation, and Cape May Formation (Rhodehamel, 1973). The Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system is confined by overlying Pleistocene deposits on the peninsular part of Cape May County.

The lithology of the Kirkwood Formation, as indicated previously, is variable. Along coastal areas thick clay beds are dominant with interbedded zones of sand and gravel. In the subsurface, updip from the coast, fine to medium sand and silty sand are common, and regionally extensive clay beds occur only in the basal part of the formation.

The Cohansey Sand, also of Miocene age, is coarser grained than the underlying Kirkwood Formation. It is predominantly a light-colored quartz sand containing minor amounts of pebbly sand, fine- to coarse-grained sand, silty and clayey sand, and interbedded clay (Rhodehamel, 1973, p. 24). Some local clay beds within the Cohansey Sand are relatively thick. Locally, perched water tables and semiconfined conditions can exist in the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system.

Overlying the Cohansey Sand are the Beacon Hill Gravel and the Bridgeton Formation, both considered to be Miocene fluvial deposits (Owens and Minard, 1979). The Beacon Hill Gravel overlies the Cohansey Sand only in remnant patches on the highest hills between Clarksburg, Monmouth County, and Warren Grove, Ocean County, where it can be as much as 40 ft thick (Owens and Minard, 1979, p. D6). The coarse-grained sand and gravel of the Bridgeton Formation are more widespread and can generally add 30 to 50 ft of thickness to the aquifer system in parts of Camden, Gloucester, Salem, Cumberland, Atlantic, and Cape May Counties (Owens and Minard, 1979, p. D14).

Throughout most of Cape May County, the Pleistocene Cape May Formation directly overlies the Cohansey Sand. Gill (1962, p. 21) divided the Cape May Formation into four distinct environmental facies. In order of deposition they are: estuarine sand, estuarine clay, marine sand, and deltaic sand. Gill (1962, fig. 2) has shown that in the northern half of Cape May County and along the coast as far south as Stone Harbor, the Cohansey Sand is in hydraulic connection with the overlying marine and deltaic sand facies. The marine sand facies of the Cape May Formation adds as much as 100 ft to the thickness of the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system in the northern half of Cape May County. On the peninsular part of Cape May County, the Cohansey Sand is generally in hydraulic connection with the estuarine sand facies but is confined by the overlying estuarine clay facies (Gill, 1962, fig. 2). The estuarine clay facies generally ranges from 25 to 125 ft in thickness (Gill, 1962, p. 27).

The base of the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system is shown on plate 23. The map illustrates two major regional basal surfaces for the water-table aquifer. The two surfaces are differentiated by the double-dashed line representing the approximate westward limit of the major confining bed overlying the Atlantic City 800-foot sand. The basal surface for the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system west of this line is the top of the clay bed lying within the lower part of the Kirkwood Formation. This clay bed, as shown on hydrogeologic sections F-F' (pl. 4) and L-L' (pl. 5), is the updip extension of the confining bed underlying the 800-foot sand, and is probably the equivalent of the Alloway Clay Member of the Kirkwood Formation described by Nemickas and Carswell (1976).

The basal surface east of the double-dashed line is the top of the thick diatomaceous clay bed that overlies the Atlantic City 800-foot sand. The discontinuity in the structure contours on the base of the unconfined system at the double-dashed line is caused by the presence of this clay bed. The base of the aquifer system directly updip from the northwestern limit of the confining bed generally lies more than 350 ft below sea level. At Egg Harbor City, Atlantic County, several miles downdip from the western limit of the confining bed, the base of the water-table aquifer is only 160 ft below sea level. The difference in altitudes of the two basal surfaces of the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system is shown diagrammatically in figure 5.

The thickness of the confining bed underlying the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system west of the double-dashed line is shown on plate 18 as the composite confining bed. If, in more detailed studies, the Vincentown and Piney Point aquifers are considered to be important, the thickness of the confining bed between the base of the unconfined aquifer and these minor aquifers can be calculated by comparing the maps of the tops of the Vincentown (pl. 19) and Piney Point (pl. 20) aquifers with the base of the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system west of the double-dashed line (pl. 23).

2

It is important to note that the Cohansey Sand is a confined aquifer beneath the peninsular portion of Cape May County. However, on plate 23, structure contours have been extended throughout Cape May County to illustrate the base of the confined Cohansey Sand. Information regarding the water-table system in Cape May County can be found in Gill (1962).

The extent of the confining bed overlying the Atlantic City 800-foot sand partly determines the thickness of the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system. An abrupt change in the thickness of the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system at the double-dashed line is shown on plate 24. The water-table aquifer thickens downdip from less than 50 ft at the Kirkwood outcrop to more than 400 ft near the edge of the upper confining bed of the Atlantic City 800-foot sand. In areas where this clay bed occurs in the subsurface, the aquifer thickness ranges from about 140 ft along the northwestern extent of the clay bed to approximately 400 ft in the Atlantic City area.

The aquifer-thickness map for the Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system represents not only the saturated thickness of the water-table aquifer but also the unsaturated section. The thickness of the aquifer at each control point represents the total thickness of the unit calculated by subtracting the depth of the basal confining bed from the altitude of land surface.

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The Coastal Plain of New Jersey is a seaward-dipping wedge of unconsolidated sediments that range in age from Cretaceous to Quaternary. These sediments are composed of clay, silt, sand, and gravel and include continental, coastal, and marine-type deposits.

Hydrogeologic units described in this report can differ from formal stratigraphic units because a geologic formation can contain more than one aquifer, a formation may function as an aquifer in one area and as a confining bed in another, or an aquifer or confining bed may be composed of several geologic formations.

The occurrence and configuration of 15 regional hydrogeologic units have been defined within the Coastal Plain of New Jersey based on the interpretation of borehole geophysics data. Structure-contour maps and aquifer thickness maps are provided for nine aquifers listed in ascending order:

- 1. Lower aquifer of the Potomac-Raritan-Magothy aquifer system
- 2. Middle aquifer of the Potomac-Raritan-Magothy aquifer system
- 3. Upper aquifer of the Potomac-Raritan-Magothy aquifer system
- 4. Englishtown aquifer system
- Wenonah-Mount Laurel aquifer
- 6. Vincentown aquifer
- 7. Piney Point aquifer

8. Atlantic City 800-foot sand

9. Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system

Thickness maps are provided for six confining beds listed in ascending order:

- 1. Confining bed between the lower and middle aquifers of the Potomac-Raritan-Magothy aquifer system
- 2. Confining bed between the middle and upper aquifers of the Potomac-Raritan-Magothy aquifer system
- 3. Merchantville-Woodbury confining bed
- 4. Marshalltown-Wenonah confining bed
- 5. Composite confining bed
- 6. Confining bed overlying the Atlantic City 800-foot sand

The structure-contour and thickness maps are supplemented by 14 hydrogeologic sections that show vertical and horizontal relationships among the 15 hydrogeologic units.

The major points presented by this hydrogeologic framework are:

- 1. The Potomac-Raritan-Magothy aquifer system is divided into five mappable units of varying extent. The five units include three aquifers, designated as lower, middle, and upper, and two confining beds that lie interjacent to the aquifers.
- 2. The lower aquifer of the Potomac-Raritan-Magothy aquifer system is defined in the subsurface near the outcrop area between Burlington and Salem Counties.
- 3. The middle aquifer of the Potomac-Raritan-Magothy aquifer system occurs over the same area as the lower aquifer, but is also laterally continuous in the subsurface of the northern Coastal Plain of New Jersey where it is equivalent to the Farrington aquifer.
- 4. The upper aquifer of the Potomac-Raritan-Magothy aquifer system is mapped in the subsurface throughout the Coastal Plain southeast of the outcrop area of the Magothy Formation. The upper aquifer is equivalent to the Old Bridge aquifer in the northeastern Coastal Plain of New Jersey.
- 5. The Merchantville-Woodbury confining bed is the most extensive confining bed within the Coastal Plain. This unit functions as an effective confining bed between the upper aquifer of the Potomac-Raritan-Magothy aquifer system and the Englishtown aquifer system. In areas where the Englishtown aquifer system is absent, the Merchantville-Woodbury confining bed effectively

1

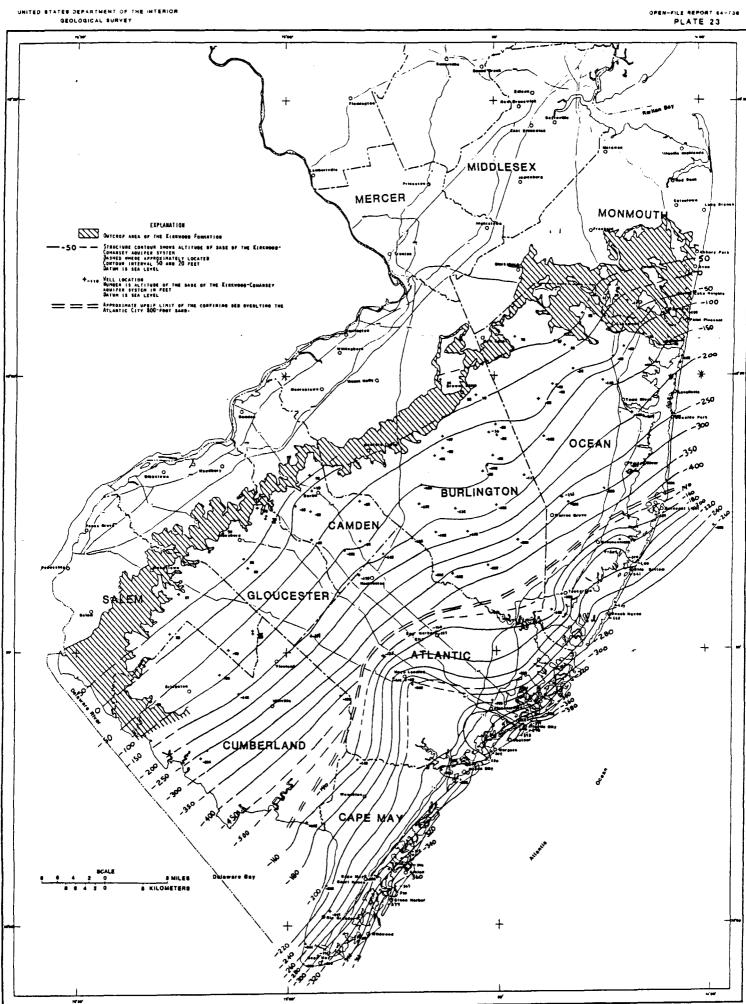
confines the upper aquifer of the Potomac-Raritan-Magothy aquifer system from the Wenonah-Mount Laurel aquifer.

- 6. The Englishtown aquifer system primarily functions as a single aquifer but contains two water-bearing sands in parts of Monmouth and Ocean Counties. South of a line paralleling Forked River (Ocean County), Hammonton (Atlantic County), and Bridgeton (Cumberland County), the Englishtown aquifer system is not recognized on geophysical logs that penetrate the section.
- 7. The Marshalltown-Wenonah confining bed is a thin leaky unit that ranges in thickness from 20 to 80 ft. This confining bed lies between the Englishtown aquifer system and the Wenonah-Mount Laurel aquifer.
- 8. The Wenonah-Mount Laurel aquifer is identified in the subsurface throughout the New Jersey Coastal Plain southeast of the outcrop of the Mount Laurel Sand.
- 9. Sediments that overlie the Wenonah-Mount Laurel aquifer and that are subjacent to the major aquifers within the Kirkwood Formation and Cohansey Sand function primarily as a composite confining bed, but include minor aquifers, namely the Vincentown and Piney Point.
- 10. The Vincentown Formation functions as an aquifer within 3 to 10 mi downdip of its outcrop area. In areas further downdip the Vincentown Formation functions as a confining bed.
- 11. The Piney Point aquifer is laterally persistent from the southern Coastal Plain northward into Burlington and Ocean Counties. The name Piney Point aquifer replaces the name Manasquan Formation for this water-bearing unit in Burlington and Ocean Counties.
- 12. The Atlantic City 800-foot sand of the Kirkwood Formation can be recognized in the subsurface along coastal areas of Cape May, Atlantic, and southern Ocean Counties, but only as far west as the limit of the overlying confining bed. In areas west of the limit of the overlying confining bed, the Kirkwood Formation is in hydraulic connection with the overlying Cohansey Sand and younger surficial deposits and is an unconfined aquifer.
- 13. The Kirkwood-Cohansey aquifer system is predominantly a water-table aquifer that underlies an area of approximately 3,000 mi² southeast of the updip limit of the outcrop of the Kirkwood Formation. The aquifer

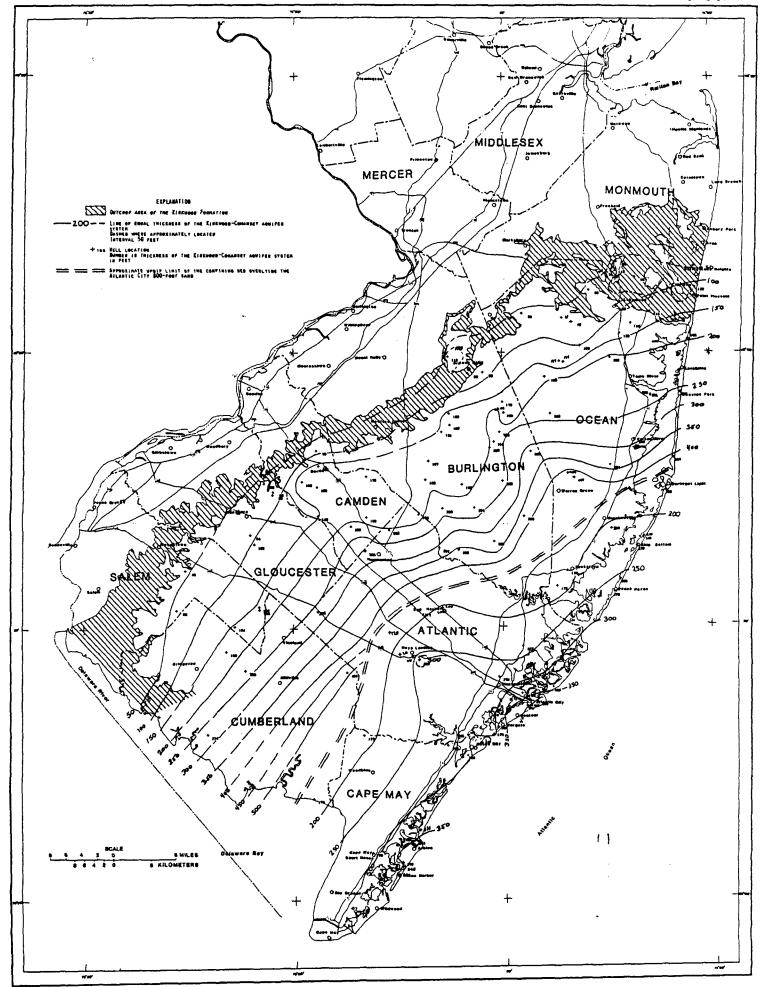
system is composed of the Kirkwood Formation, Cohansey Sand, and overlying deposits of the Beacon Hill Gravel, Bridgeton Formation, and Cape May Formation.

Table 4.--Altitudes of top and base of hydrogeologic units--Continued. [In feet above or below sea level]

	Altitude	Kirkwood- Cohansey aquifer	Atl.	antic y 800-		y Point		entown	Mo	onah- unt urel		ishtown uifer		Potomac-	-Raritan-	Magothy ac	quifer s	ystem
ell	of land	system		t sand		uifer		ifer		uifer		stem		agui f <i>e</i> r	Middle	aquif er	Lower	aquife
umber	surface	Base	Тор	Base	Тор	Base	Тор	Base	Тор	Base	Тор	Base	Тор	Base	Тор	Base	Тор	Base
7-469	105	-101			-167													
7-476		-38			-100	- 135			-378	-477	-502	-561	-687	-789				
7-512		-25							-238	-360	-386	-410	-578	-650				
7-516														-112	-124	-167	-203	-262
9- 2	5	-367	-79 5	-918														
9- 13		-315	-666	-886														
9- 19	5	-280																
9- 24	9	-241																
9- 33	15	-295	-645	-810														
9- 66	5	-247																
9- 89	7	-202																
93	6	-264	-635	-790 000														
}-110 }-125	6 10	-280	-643 -643	-809 -803														
)-126	7	-300 -324	-043	-003														
3-132	7	-377	-820	-954							•-			••				
148	ġ	-281	-569															
-149	12	-145																
9-159	5	-337	-784	-927														
9-166	5	-340	-789															
-177	5	-346	-750	-905														
9-181	22		-588	-768	-923	-1013			-1964	-1988			-2179	-2230				
1_ 44		-88			-196	-330												
1- 72	12	-38			-146	-281												
1- 96	10	-564			-343	-555												
1-116	5	-165																
1-132	91 90	-400			-479	-505 -424			-1205	-1271			-1385	-1477				
1-163 5- 1	80 133	-149 28			-258 -68	-424 -157			-287	-415	-445	-465	-609					
i- 3		20 56				-157			-281 -226	-415 -340	-445 -368	-405 -391	-529					
i- 6	20						••				-54	-98	-200					
- 27	47											- 70	-89					
-131	130							90	20	-60	-86	-108	-230					
5-137	29												-16	-89	-132			
5-139	Ŕ													-50	-113	-188	-262	- 340



Base from U.S. Department of Agriculture, Boll Conservation Service, 1660, 1:266,600



REFERENCE NO. 8

STATE OF NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES



CUMBER/A.F.

James G. Roomey

Eydrologist, U.S. Geological Survey Neter Resources Invision

Previous Studies

Many workers have contributed to the knowledge of the ground-water resources of Cumberland County.

Minard and others (1955) mapped the soils of the county. The geologic formations in New Jersey were mapped and described by Lewis and Kümmel (Kümmel, 1940). The geologic map of New Jersey was later revised by Johnson (1950). The Quaternary formations covering much of the county were described by Salisbury and Knapp (1917).

Gill (1962) contributed significant new knowledge on the geology and hydrology of neighboring Cape May County that is partly applicable to Cumberland County. Remson and Fox (1954) investigated the possibilities of artificial recharge to the Cohansey Sand at a waste-water spreading area at Seabrook, N. J.

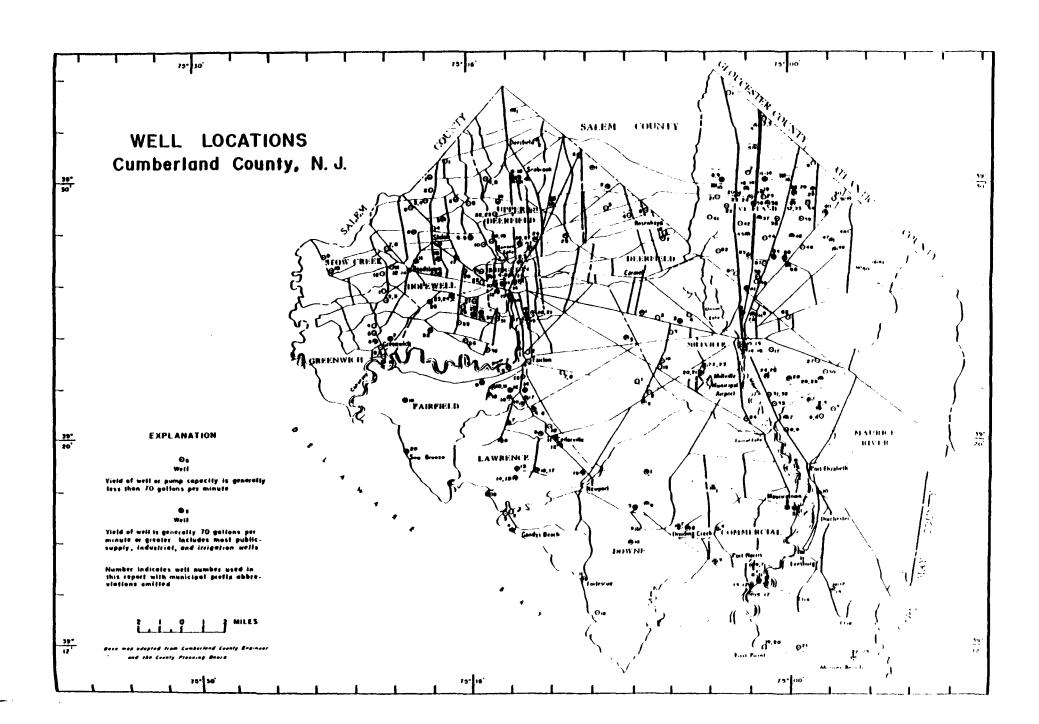
Acknowledgments

The author is grateful to many individuals and organizations, both public and private, for supplying useful information and assistance during this study. Particular acknowledgment is made to the Cumberland County Planning Board. Well records and logs were made available largely from the New Jersey Division of Water Resources, Bureau of Geology and Topography. Well drillers furnished well records and drilling samples and many industrial and private well owners furnished information on water use and made their wells available for tests and the collection of water samples.

Well-Numbering System

The wells used in this report are grouped by municipality—township, city, or borough— and are numbered serially, generally starting from the northwesterly margins of each municipality. The number is prefixed with an abbreviation of the name of each municipality, as shown in the table below:

Name of municipality	Abbreviation	Name of municipality	Abbreviation
Bridgeton	Br	Lawrence Twp.	La
Commercial Twp.	Co	Maurice River Twp.	Mr
Deerfield Twp.	Dr	Millville	MI
Downe Twp.	Dra.	Shiloh Borough	Sh
Fairfield Twp.	Fa	Stow Creek Twp.	SC
Greenwich Twp.	G r	Upper Deerfield Twp.	UD .
Hopewell Twp.	Ho	Vineland	٧i



Piner Point Townstion

The Piney Point Formation, the deepest known aquifer in the Terriary System, occurs only in the subsurface in New Jersey. It overlies the Vincentown Formation and is in turn overlain by the Kirkwood Formation.

According to drillers' well logs, it consists mostly of fine- to medium-grained, glauconitic, salt-end-pepper colored, clayey sand, and contains layers of greenish-gray, silty clay. In the eastern part of the county the sand beds appear to be thinner and finer-grained and, therefore, probably less permeable than in the western part of the county (see Tables 5a and 6). The formation consists of glauconitic sand and greenish-gray clay in adjacent Salem County where it is about 94 feet thick, as indicated by the log of the test well at Elmer (Table 6).

The Piney Point Formation dips and thickens to the southeast. Near Stow Creek it is found at about 90 feet below land surface and is about 50 feet thick. In Millville it is believed to occur between 480 to 560 feet below land surface as determined from a test well (Well MI-25 in Table 16).

The Piney Point Formation is tapped in Cumberland County by only a few wells in the western part of the county and along Delaware Bay. Yields of these wells are generally 100 gpm or less. Additional small to possibly moderately yielding wells (50 to 100 gpm) tapping this formation can be developed. However, if future development does occur, records should be kept of ground-water pumpage; water samples should be collected; and water levels should be measured periodically to momitor potential salt-water intrusion into presently fresh supplies.

Water from wells tapping the Piney Point Formation requires little to no treatment to be acceptable for domestic supplies. Table 8 presents a summary of chemical analyses of water from wells tapping this aquifer. However, the ground water probably becomes more saline with increasing depths and down dip toward Delaware Bay. Water from the deeper wells sampled in this investigation contains higher concentrations of sodium, chloride, and dissolved solids than does water from wells tapping shallower fresh ground water.

Kirkwood Formation and Cohansey Sand

The most heavily utilized aquifers in Cumberland County are in the Kirkwood Formation and in the Cohansey Sand. Probably more than 95 percent of the ground water pumped from wells in the county in 1964 came from two water-bearing units within these formations. These units are a lower Kirkwood aquifer (unit 2, described in the following section on geology) and the Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer, in which the uppermost Kirkwood Formation and the overlying Cohansey Sand cannot be differentiated.

<u>Geology</u>

The Mirkwood Formation overlies the Piney Point Formation which is in turn overlain by the Johansey Sand. The Mirkwood is generally poorly exposed throughout much of Sumberland Jounty where it is largely concealed by the Johansey Sand or by deposits of Pleistocene and Holocene age. Therefore the descriptions of the Mirkwood in Sumberland County in this report are based largely on well logs and samples of materials obtained from drilled wells. (See Tables 5 and 6).

Four hydrogeologic units can be recognized in the Kirkwood Formation in Cumberland County. From the oldest to the youngest they are: (1) a basal clay, (2) a lower water-bearing sand, (3) an intermediate clay, and (4) an upper water-bearing sand. Gill (1962, p. 17) divided the Kirkwood in Cape May County into five units. The four hydrogeologic units in Cumberland County are believed to be the same as the four deepest units in Cape May County. Gill's fifth and highest unit, a clay, was not identified in Cumberland County although it may occur below the Cohansey Sand in the eastern part of the county. In the western part of Cumberland County near the outcrop area, the top of the Kirkwood Formation has an irregular erosional surface, especially along Delaware Bay and in the major present-day stream channels (see Table 5a). For this reason, the four units in the Kirkwood could not be differentiated west of the Cohansey River.

The basal unit in Cumberland County is a dark gray, silty to sandy, micaceous clay with streaks of brown, very micaceous lignific clay, which generally has a thin sandy layer of shells near the middle. The basal unit has a maximum known thickness of about 130 feet. The base of the unit (No. 1) dips to the southeast; it is found at about 150 feet below sea level in the northwestern part of the county and at about 600 feet below sea level near Millville in the southeastern part of the county.

The next higher unit (No. 2) overlying the basal clay is a water-bearing, gray, fine- to coarse-grained send containing some gravel and shells. This unit, is referred to in this report as the lower Kirkwood aquifer. It ranges in thickness from about 10 to 90 feet.

The intermediate clay unit (No. 3) overlying the lower aquifer is a gray, silty to sandy, micaceous and lightic clay. It is generally a semiconfining unit. In the central part of the county, it consists of silty to sandy clay through which water may leak between the lower water-bearing sand and the overlying Cohansey - Kirkwood aquifer. This intermediate clay unit is about 60 feet thick throughout much of Cumberland County.

The shallowest unit (No. 4) in the Kirkwood Formation in Cumberland County is generally a gray to brownish water-bearing sand. The sand is fine- to coarse-grained and is generally coarser grained and more permeable east of the Cohansey River than west of the river. This sand generally cannot be distinguished from the similar, lower water-bearing sands of the Cohansey Sand.

The Cohansey Sand in Cumberland County generally consists of mediumto coarse-grained sand with some clay and silt. Gravel is present throughout the formation but is locally concentrated near the base of well-defined channel deposits. Dark, massive, carbonaceous and micaceous, silty clay beds occur locally in the upper part of the Cohansey, particularly on the slopes and divides of the larger present-day drainage basins. Massive ironstone beds are common near the top of the formation. The color of the Cohansey varies from yellowish gray, light gray, brown, moderate red, to very dark red.

The Cohansey Sand and the upper water-bearing sand of the Kirkwood Formation act as a single hydrologic unit and are referred to in this report as the Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer.

Thickness of this aquifer varies considerably. West of the Cohansey River and northward into Salem County it is about 50 feet thick or less. In Bridgeton, along the Cohansey River, it is about 100 feet thick but may include the more sandy units of the lower part of the Kirkwood (unit No. 2). In vineland the Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer is as much as 180 feet thick (see Table 5).

The Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer in the area between the Cohansey and Maurice Rivers generally is overlain by a sandy to silty clay layer in the Cohansey Sand. This layer is about 35 feet thick but thins towards the valleys and stream channels where the Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer generally is overlain by sands of the Cape May Formation.

Eydrology

Lower Kirkwood aquifer. -- Most of the wells tapping the lower Kirkwood aquifer in Cumberland County are located in the eastern half of the county and along the near-shore area of Delaware Bay. Depths of these wells range from about 200 to about 370 feet below land surface.

In 1969, most wells tapping the lower Kirkwood aquifer in Cumberland County yield less than 50 gpm. However, properly designed and constructed wells may yield as much as 400 gpm. For example, well MI-12 in Millville had a specific capacity of 3.0 gallons per minute per foot of drawdown, and wells tapping the lower aquifer in the Port Norris area have specific capacities that average about 8.0 gpm per foot. The thickness and permeability of the aquifer and, consequently, its capacity to yield water to wells increases from near the Kirkwood outcrop area in Salem and Western Cumberland Counties eastward and southeastward toward Atlantic City and Cape May County.

Recharge to the lower Kirkwood aquifer probably comes mainly from vertical leakage from overlying aquifers, such as in the Cohansey River basin where the lower aquifer is found at relatively shallow depths. Some discharge from the lower aquifer is believed to occur as leakage upward to streams where the aquifer is near land surface and, by evapotranspiration in or near its outcrop areas. Additional discharge probably occurs as

vertical leakage to the higher Cohansey-Mirkwood aquifer in the lowlands along the Maurice River and Delaware Bay. Acre the Maurice River at Millville, static water levels in the lower aquifer are about 20 feet higher than in the Cohansey-Mirkwood aquifer indicating the potential for upward vertical leakage (Table 14, wells MI 10, 11, 12). It should be noted that some water in the lower aquifer may move eastward from Cumberland County toward areas of heavy ground-water withdrawal along the Atlantic Coast such as toward the Atlantic City area where heavy pumpage has created a large cone of depression extending inland toward Cumberland County.

The general quality of water in the lower Kirkwood Formation aquifer is indicated in Table 9: individual chemical analyses of water from wells tapping the lower aquifer in the Kirkwood are shown in Table 15. The water is soft to moderately soft (30 to 77 mg/l) and generally needs little treatment except to remove high concentrations of iron. Iron content of the water is generally high (up to 1.9 mg/l) and is usually above the recommended maximum limits of the New Jersey Department of Health Potable Water Standards. Dissolved solids content ranges from 86 to 161 mg/l and chloride concentrations ranges from 2.1 to 4.2 mg/l. These low chloride and dissolved solids concentrations indicate that salt water is presently not a problem in the lower aquifer. Also, static water levels in the aquifer are generally well above sea level near Delaware Bay and, at present, the potential for intrusion of selt water is minimal.

Future development of the lower Kirkwood aquifer for additional fresh-water supplies in Cumberland County should proceed with caution. This aquifer in the Atlantic City area may be recharged with ground water flowing from Cumberland County. If this is the case, additional development in Cumberland County may reduce the amount of water available to the aquifer near Atlantic City.

Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer.—The Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer is generally the shallowest source of ground water throughout most of Cumberland County and is the most important source of water in the county. Nearly all (49.4 mgd in 1964) of the ground water used in the county comes from this aquifer. It is also particularly subject to surface contamination.

The water-bearing characteristics of the Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer are not fully known. Transmissitivity was determined from a pumping test near Elmer in Salem County, to be about 30,000 gpd per ft of aquifer (Rosenau and others, 1969). As the aquifer is about 25 feet thick at this site, the permeability is about 1,200 gallons gpd per sq ft. The coefficient of storage was calculated to be about 3.0 x 10⁻⁴ indicating artesian or semi-artesian conditions at this site. Vertical leakage from adjacent semiconfining beds occurred during the test. Remson and Fox (1954), in a study of a waste water spreading area at Seabrook, determined that the permeability of the Cohansey Sand, (Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer in this report), is about 2,700 gpd per sq ft and that the specific yield in the zone of water-level fluctuations is about 30 percent.

Because it is highly permeable and relatively thick, the lonarsey-Mirkwood aquifer is generally capacie of yielding abundant supplies of water to wells. Large water supplies (300 to 1,200 gpm, of acceptable quality for public-supply systems, industrial facilities, and irrigation systems, can generally be obtained from wells that are less than 180 feet deep. Yields from large-diameter wells have been reported to be as much as 1,300 gpm (table li, well Fa-3). Smaller domestic and commercial supplies (10-50 gpm) can generally be obtained from wells that are less than 100 feet deep. Some dug and driven wells that tap the aquifer for water are only 15 to 20 feet deep.

Specific capacities of large diameter wells tapping the Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer in Cumberland County range from about 7 gpm per foot of drawdown to as high as 57 gpm per foot of drawdown (well UD-9); the average is about 20 gpm per foot of drawdown.

The great capacity of this aquifer to accept recharge has been shown by Remson and Fox (1954). At Seabrook approximately one billion gallons of food processing waste water, are disposed annually by spreading the water over a woodland tract, using large inrigation nozzles. Tests in the uncultivated woodland indicated infiltration capacities of 54, 57, and 75 inches per hour. Tests in a cultivated clover field indicated an infiltration rate of 4.6 inches per hour. The lower infiltration rate in the tilled soil is attributed by Remson and Fox (1954, p. 89) to several causes. These include "the presence of a plow sole" and the affect of cultivation on "soil aggregate and the plant and animal structure and channels."

Even after extended periods of heavy pumpage, water levels in the Seabrook Farms well field recover to near-normal conditions as shown by the hydrograph for Seabrook Farms Well No. 5 for 1951-52 (Figure 7). The wells in this field are all about 160 feet deep and have an average pumping level of about 70 feet below land surface. Lowest pumpage demands are generally in March (0.63 mgd), and maximum demands are in October (10.7 mgd). Water levels in Well UD-9 (Seabrook Farms No. 5) show no permanent depletion after a season of heavy pumpage. Long-term records from this well also show no water-level decline indicating a potential high rate of recharge to the aquifer. It is probable that water levels in wells penetrating similar materials in the Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer recover seasonally throughout most of the county under present pumping and land-use conditions.

The Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer is generally a water-table aquifer in Cumberland County. It is recharged principally from precipitation in the county; very little recharge to the aquifer comes from areas outside the county (see figure 3 and figure 8). Where the aquifer is partially confined by clayey layers of lower permeability, it is recharged principally by leakage around and possibly through these clay layers. Available data indicate that there is hydraulic interconnection throughout this water-bearing unit from the surface downward to about 180 feet below the surface in most of the county east of Bridgeton.

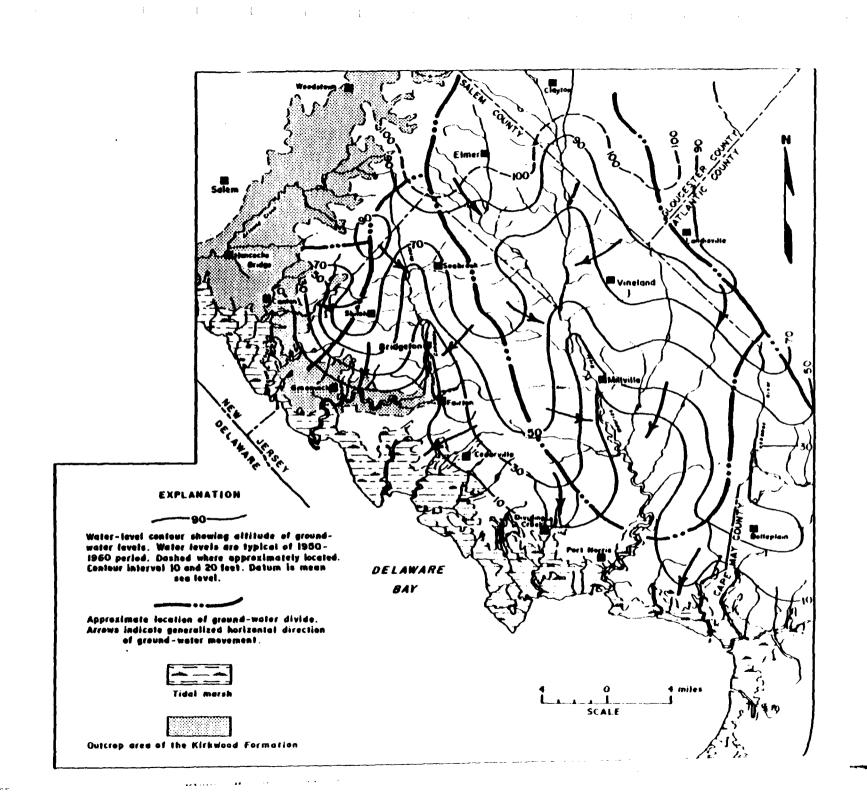
Areas of recharge and discharge, and the pattern of water novement in the Cohansey-Nirkwood aquifer in Cumberland County can be inferred from the generalized water-level map in figure 3. Lateral and deep percolating ground-water flow is from higher elevations in the northern parts of the county to lower areas along stream valleys and Delaware Bay. The water-level contours in figure 8 are based on typical water-levels during the period 1950-60 obtained from wells in upland areas and on data obtained from surface drainage elevations using U. S. Geological Survey 72 minute quadrangle maps. The water level map in figure 8 should be used with caution, however, in any quantitative evaluation of the hydrology of the county, since water levels continually change in response to recharge and discharge.

The exact time of the year in which maximum storage occurs in the Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer varies areally. Figure 9 shows hydrographs from three water-table wells located in different parts of the West Branch Cohansey River basin, in Cumberland County. Well SC-2 is located near the head waters about 0.6 miles from the river and about 2.5 miles upstream from its mouth. Well SC-4 is located about 0.7 miles from the river near the southwestern divide of the basin about 2.5 miles upstream from its mouth. Well HO-5 is located about 0.15 miles from the river on the southern flank of the basin about 0.6 mile upstream from its mouth.

The hydrographs show that highest water levels, and hence periods of greatest amounts of ground-water storage occur at different times of the year at each well. Maximum storage in the aquifer occurs earliest near the river as shown by the water levels in HO-5, while in SC-2 and SC-4 which are further from the river, maximum storage occurs several months later. At locations close to normally discharging areas and along streams, discharge from the aquifer comes into equilibrium with recharge more rapidly than at locations more distant from discharge areas. At the more distant locations, more time is required for recharge from precipitation to reach the zone of saturation and for water levels to rise high enough so that increased ground water gradients to the discharge area will permit discharge to equal recharge.

The quality of ground water in the Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer is summarized in Table 10. Natural surface-water quality, typically, is similar to the ground-water quality in the Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer as shown by the analysis of water from the Maurice River (Table 10).

The water in the Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer is characterized by low dissolved solids, low hardness, and low pH values. Median values are 63 mg/l, 21 mg/l, and 5.5 pH units respectively. The characteristically low pH indicates the water is excessively corrosive. Corrosive water can dissolve cement building materials, iron and copper pipes, and plumbing fixtures and fittings, leading to possible leaks and costly repairs. Yellow to brown stains on fixtures and laundered clothing indicate water is high in iron concentration; light blue stains may indicate the presence of copper that may have been dissolved from plumbing equipment by corrosive water. Therefore, treatment to adjust pH from acidic values to more neutral values probably is desirable for most domestic or other potable well supplies from the Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer in Cumberland County.



Iron concentrations in water samples from the Cohansey-Mirkwood aquifer ranged from 0.1 to 15 mg/l. Most water samples contained less than 3.0 mg/l of iron; the median concentration was 0.1 mg/l. Lowest concentrations of iron were found in samples from wells located in the upland areas of the county; highest concentrations were found in the lowlands. The maximum measured concentration of 15 mg/l is from a well (Vi-36) in Vineland that was contaminated by leaching of nearby industrial wastes.

Because the Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer is generally under water-table conditions, it is particularly subject to surface contamination. Nitrate concentrations in water from the aquifer ranged from 0.0 to 65 mg/l; the median concentration was 0.7 mg/l. Nitrate concentrations higher than about 1.0 mg/l may indicate contamination resulting from land-use practices. Agricultural fertilizers and organic wastes leaching to the shallow aquifers are probably the principal sources of nitrates. High concentrations of aluminum, sulfate and chloride indicate contamination. Examples of contaminated ground water in Vineland and near Greenwich are shown in the analyses in Table 11.

Salt-water intrusion in the Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer is presently not a serious problem in the county. Chloride concentrations are generally much less than the 250 mg/l recommended limit of the New Jersey State Department of Health for potable use. However, minor intrusion problems may occur seasonally along the lowlands near Delaware Bay and its tidal estuaries as shown by the chemical analysis (Table 11) from a shallow well (Gr 7) near Greenwich.

Bridgeton and Cape May Formations

The Bridgeton Formation of Pleistocene age covers much of Cumberland County, occurring generally as an older, higher level, terrace deposit than the Cape May Formation. Bridgeton deposits are found covering most of the flatter upland areas and basin divides in the northern, central, and northeastern parts of Cumberland County.

The altitude of the base of the Bridgeton ranges from about 140 feet near Elmer in Salem County to about 60 feet at Dividing Creek. According to Salisbury and Knapp (1917, p. 37-42), the base declines slightly toward the Cohansey River from both sides of the valley, suggesting that there was an ancestral valley in pre-Bridgeton time near the Cohansey River.

The Bridgeton Formation generally consists of reddish-brown to dull red, intermixed clayey silt, sand, and gravel and contains some thin layers of silty clay. The gravel is usually scattered throughout the Bridgeton rather than in well-defined layers. In some areas ironstone layers occur several feet below land surface. The formation ranges in thickness from about 0 to 30 feet.

The Bridgeton Formation is largely above the water-table in much of the upland areas of Cumberland County. It serves as a collecting unit for infiltrating recharge from precipitation to the underlying Cohansey-Kirkwood aquifer. Locally, however, infiltration may be impeded by silt and play layers. Few wells tap the Bridgeton Formation for water supplies although some shallow wells may obtain small domestic supplies where the Bridgeton is part of the water-table aquifer.

The older Bridgeton Formation sediments were partially removed by erosion prior to the deposition of the Cape May Formation.

The Cape May Formation, of Pleistocene age, occurs in Cumberland County mainly in two belts. One belt parallels the Delaware Bay shore adjacent to the tidal marshes. This belt ranges up to about seven miles in width (see figure 3). A second belt, ranging up to about 2½ miles in width, extends up the Maurice River Valley to about the Gloucester County line. The altitude of the top of the formation ranges from near sea level along Delaware Bay to about hO feet above sea level near Millville.

According to Gill (1962, p. 21), the Cape May Formation in Cape May County was probably deposited in three separate environments—estuarine, marine, and deltaic. The estuarine environment resulted in two distinct facies: a basal sand and an overlying black clay. Overlying the estuarine black clay in Cape May County are deltaic sediments consisting mainly of coarse-grained sand and fine gravel which Gill named the Holly Beach aquifer. Marine sediments in Cape May County are contemporaneous with the deltaic sediments in Cumberland County, the former occurring along Delaware Bay. The estuarine and deltaic sediments have been tentatively identified in Cumberland County. The marine sediments have not been recognized in Cumberland County. A typical log of materials found in the Cape May Formation is given in Table 12.

The thickness of the Cape May Formation ranges from about 0 to about 120 feet in Cumberland County.

The Cape May Formation is relatively unimportant as a source of large, fresh-water supplies in Cumberland County although it is an important aquifer to the southeast, in Cape May County. A few domestic wells tap local aquifers in the Cape May Formation in Cumberland County. Drillers' logs of wells (Table 12 and 14) indicate salty water occurs in the Cape May aquifers in the Mauricetown area and near-shore communities along Delaware Bay.

Tidal Marsh and Swamp Deposits

Tidal marshes and swamps are areas of considerable ground water discharge. They compose about 22 percent, or about 112 square miles of the county and are located mainly, adjacent to Delaware Bay and along the flood plains of larger streams extending about 5 to 12 miles inland from the shore of Delaware Bay (See figure 3).

Tidal marsh and swamp deposits are primarily a soft, compressible mixture of dark-gray and brown decomposed organic matter, silt and clay are as much as 15 feet thick along Delaware Bay. They are of Holocene age and overlie older Pleistocene alluvial and marine sediments of the Cape May Formation.

TABLE 14 -- agenos of SELFCIED WILD IN CHMOTRIAND COUNTY, N. 1, -- Continued

agaiffe: CN. Cape May Paramites CN:UN. Cape May or Sithwood CN:UN. Cabonery Histwood LDN. Lower Histwood PP. Pinery Point DD. Hount Saurel and Venench ET. Englishtem

Well numbers are listed by political subdivioles and correspond with well numbers in figure 2

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TABLE 14 -- RECORDS OF BELECIED WELLS IN CHIEFFEAND COURTY, B. I. -- Continued

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Well numbers are listed by political subdivision and correspond with well numbers in digute 3.

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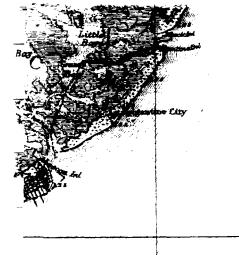
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Agulfor: CH. Cape May Prination CH-FW, Cape May or Elthwood Ch-FW, Cohency-Elthwood ERW, Lower Risbund FP, Placy Point MY, Houst Jource and Menonah ET, Englishiown

Hell numbers are firsted by political auddiviation and correspond with well numbers in figure 2

4-11	Ower and Owner's	Location	Altitude	Britting	Vent Drille.	Yetal	Blamter ed	Agaile.	Sceren	L	· v	ell perfor	90m - 1+51		
Munber	Hežž Huphoc		of land outlace (lest)	Contractor		deplo dellied (feet)	caring (Inches)		setting (feet)	71-14 (ap-)	Static water level (feet)	ngandono. (dect)	Specific capacity inpufficul describent	Patr	Or methy
MLL.	TILLE -Coat (coot													-	
mt-33	B. Burches	B. J. St. 47 ot Montacion Grank	*	Balance & House	1951	"	٠.	CH	0. n	20	"	١.	5.0	* 20 55	
м	8. Hertte	Louret Labo	25	Vonce Skianer	1933		,	Ch-En	93- 98	10	*			1-27-52	
m	وم		1		1		ŀ	l			l	l	Ī	ļ	
m - 1	Florence Bordon	Se. 37, Shileb		Solves & Hore	1930	"	٠	CP-EA	19- 14	"	۳.	,	3,€	1 - 4 38]
STON CHAR	L Morendally		ŀ	1					ļ]				1	
8e- 1	Kenneth S. Subsets	0.6 at south of Cohecory	125	Balana & Hores	1935	**	•	Ch Iv	yo. ya	*	,,	,	4	4-25-55	Į
3	Percy Pagg (MSGS Meet Branch No. 15)	Cohomosy 64. 2.3 at morth of Shileh	163			25	*	Ch-Bv			"			2-16-14 to 1-23-40	MICE water level objection from sett, Statte to to the everage for a 5 year protod
3	Bollo Bavis	9.3 at west of Cohessey Sd. and 1.9 at worth of Shileh	139	Haines & Hesse	1961	110	•	Chille	32: 47	•	47	15	4.0	4- 1-41	
4	E.S. Goojogical Survey (West Brooch No. 14)	8.3 mt was of Cohencey Ed. and 1.7 mt worth of Shileh	123		1953	30	24	CP-En	30- 38		"			1-16-54 3-23-60	MICO water devel wheezvaldow weld. Statis is to the avelage for a 5-year period
,	Frank M. Irolan	he. 40, 1.9 of SW of Shilob	100	Salar & Ber	1950	340		Ch-Ku	52- 57	20	>*	,	•	3- 2-10	
•]	David S. Squis	0.6 mt PP of Shileh	120	44.	1950	75	•	Ch.En	10- IS	•	41	٦.		410	
ا•	F. G. Borner	Rossas Cotnor, 3.2 ml M of Boolstonn	125	4.	1934	"	•	CA-EV	10- 16	12	51	10	0.6	3 - 22 - 34	
•	Horman Evens	de.	130	4.	1953	•7	•	Ch-Eu	19 - 03	,	40			1:11:33	
•	Lealie G. Fegg	Corrison Corner, 2.0 at 85 of Conton	33	4- .	1941	175	•	**	opon halo 147 875	22	21	100	0.2	2 5:41	
10	Checles G. Shoppard	Cun True Corner, 2.6 at M of Conten	43	44.	1957	170	•	**	open hate 151: 170	•	27	40	• ;	0 8 37	
	Marrie B. Erraen	9.7 at west of Streetstown and 2.0 at SW of Shillah	120	44 .	1744	101	•	Chigu	70- <u> </u> (61)	24	49	•	1.●	4 4 50	
12	M. Borper Sving	1.0 at west of Bookstown	170	44.	1934	n	4	Ch du	46 - 12	10	32	•	1 0	0 - 0 30	
WIE MEN!	11.0 10444117] [
- - 1	Soobrook Forus Go.	Ectoro Long	130	Belances Brilling Ga.	1944	144	"	Ch gu	46- 106	1,130	10	24	sa .	3-19-44	Concrete littgailon well
*	Scabrock Forus Co.	1.0 ml M of St. 77 on Folk Sd.	414	Tonce Minner	1934	164	••	Chite	176- 161	1,010	26			J-24-34	Bencasch form factgoribus will go
1	Francis Edution	Pladels Pr., 8.2 of east of Bridgeton-Conteston 94.	110	Qué Mauder	1952	. 30	•	Ch tu	20: 14	13	17	•	, •	1-17-32	
- 1	Alfred A. Sucha	Dearfield-Sealey Bd.	14	Halans & Maero	1933	>>	• 1	Ch-Eu	4 34	10	,,	- 11		2. 7.55	
	Goorge Metat	44.	e >	40.	1931	- 44	٠]	Ch fo	30- 64	"	"	10	,	. 12 31	
•]	Scobrook Farms No. 1	Bashrook		Ma. Stotbolf Co.	1974	"	• [Ch au	- 41 - 11	420	٠,,	. [l	1 11 1/	Imposed at wells
'\	Par. 01a, 30	♣•.		Bay Simpline	1943	185	- 17	CP 40	155 185	740	- ''	- 1	ĺ		
-1	9m. ph. 4	6-	107		1997	144	10	Ch au	110 141	7,70	34		- 40	. 20 57	4

REFERENCE NO. 9





OF

NEW JERSEY

Compiled from published folios and from manuscript data in possession of the Survey, the latter chiefly the field work of

W. S. BAYLEY, (Pre-Cambrian)

H. B. KÜMMEL, (Paleozoic, Triassic, Quaternary)

R. D. SALISBURY, (Quaternary)

G. N. KNAPP, (Cretaceous, Tertiary, Quaternary)

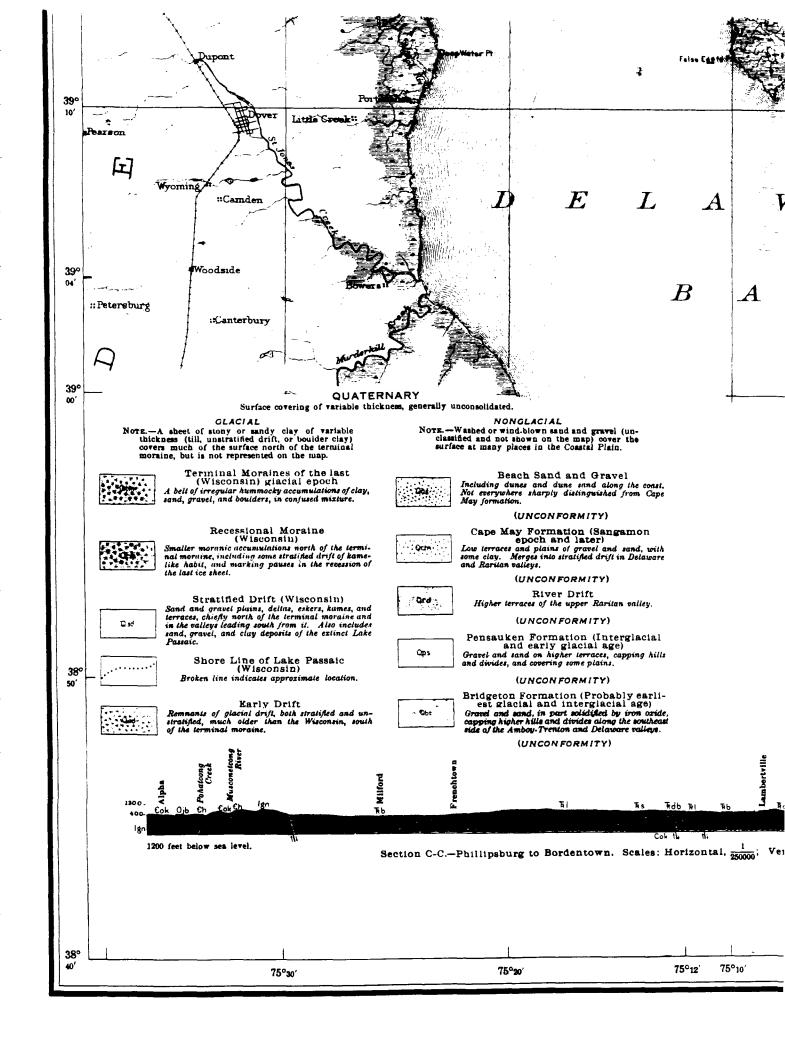
BY

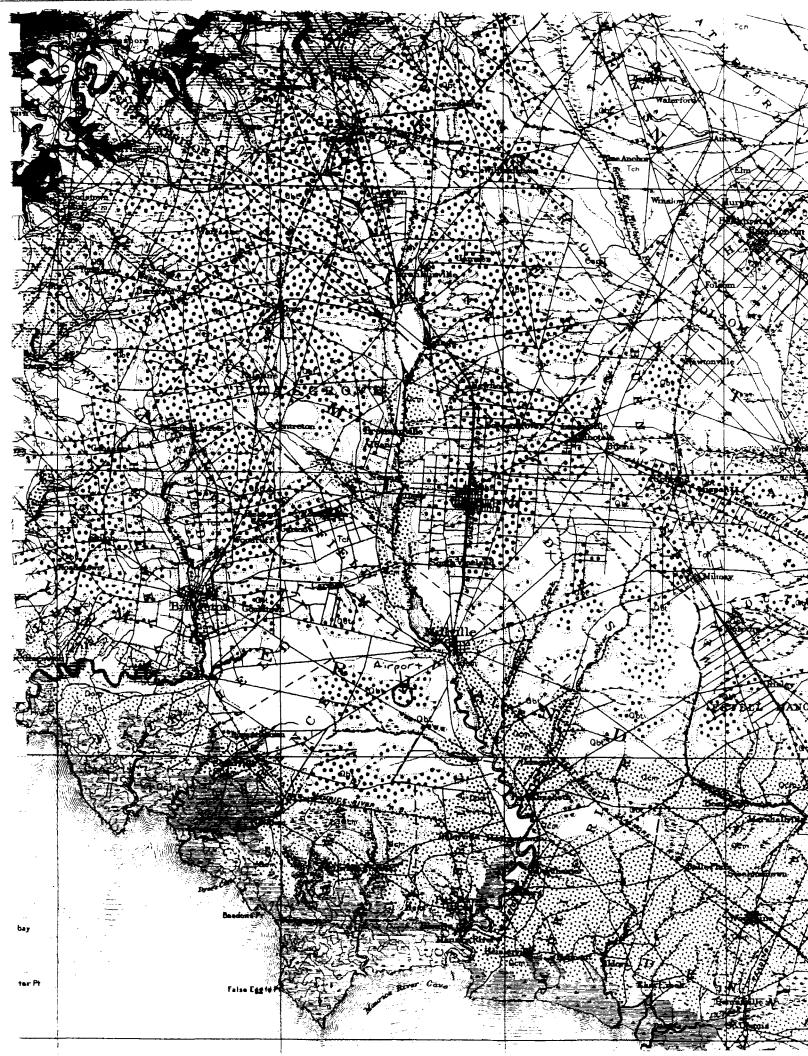
J. VOLNEY LEWIS AND HENRY B. KÜMMEL 1910-1912

REVISED BY H. B. KÜMMEL, 1931 AND MEREDITH E. JOHNSON, 1950 SCALE: 1:250,000 (approximately 4 miles to au inch)

SCALE: 1:250,000 (approximately 4 miles to au inch)

12 Milles





REFERENCE NO. 10



R. Allan Freeze

Department of Geological Sciences University of British Columbia Vancouver, British Columbia

John A. Cherry

Department of Earth Sciences University of Waterloo Waterloo, Ontario

GROUNDWATER

Prentice-Hall, Inc. Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey 07632

nductance petroleum s substituted

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imon units in the improvement to in from ft² to

Table 2.2 Range of Values of Hydraulic Conductivity and Permeability

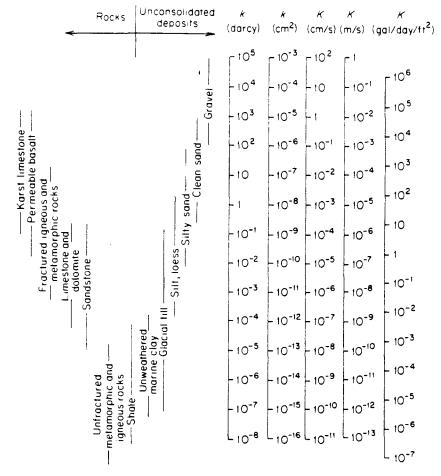


Table 2.3 Conversion Factors for Permeability and Hydraulic Conductivity Units

		Permeability, k*		Hydraulic conductivity, K							
	cm²	ft²	darcy	m/s	ft/s	U.S. gal/day/ft²					
cm ²	1	1.08 / 10-3	1.01 / 108	9.80 × 102	3.22 × 103	1.85 < 109					
ſt²	9.29×10^{2}	1	9.42×10^{10}	9.11×10^{3}	2.99 / 106	1.71×10^{12}					
darcy	9.87×10^{-9}	1.06×10^{-11}	1	9.66×10^{-6}	3.17 × 10-5	1.82×10^{1}					
m s	1.02×10^{-3}	1.10×10^{-6}	1.04×10^{5}	1	3.28	2.12×10^{6}					
ft s	3.11×10^{-4}	3.35×10^{-7}	3.15×10^4	3.05×10^{-1}	1	6.46 - 105					
U.S. gal da	iv ft25,42 × 10-10	5.83 / 10-13	5.49 > 10-2	4.72 × 10-7	1.55 × 10-6	1					

^{*}To obtain k in ft², multiply k in cm² by 1.08 \times 10⁻³.

REFERENCE NO. 11

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WATER WITHORAWAL POINTS AND NJGS CASE INDEX SITES WITHIN 5.0 MILES OF:

LATITUDE 392229 LONGITUDE 750423

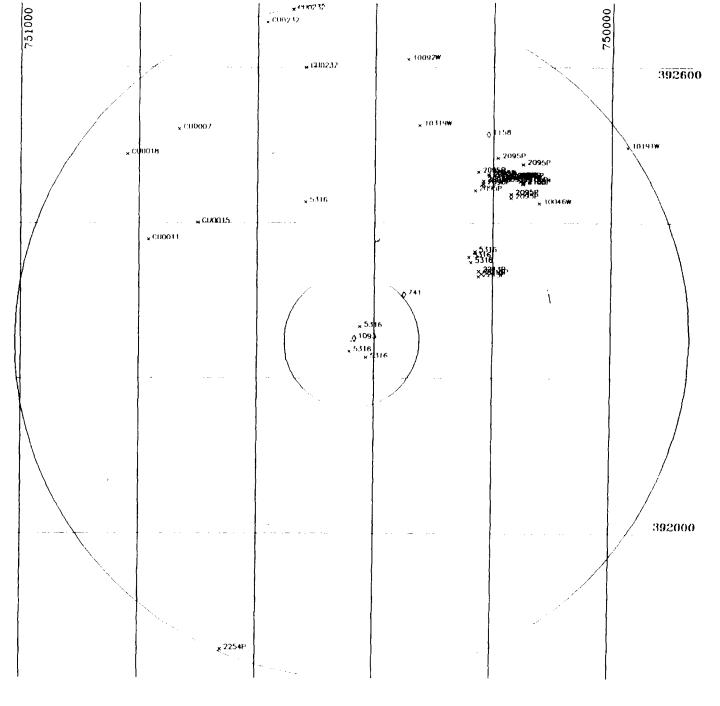
SCALE: 1:63,360 (1: Inch = 1: Mile)

PARTIES AND STANK
NJGS CASE INDEX DATA RETRIEVED FROM: NEW JERSEY GEOLOGICAL SURVEY ON 12/22/87

PLOT PRODUCED BY NUBEP DIMISION OF WATER RESOURCES BUREAU OF WATER ALLOCATION OR (79 TRENTON, NJ 08625

DATE: 08/13/88

SUBJECT TO REVISION



lage Lofning Case index slies within 5.0 miles of 190229 lat. **750423** lon. As of 12727987 (in order by site number) - 008/13788

SHEMM	N•A.¥:	LAT	LUN	DISTANCE	CONTAM	FMCCDE1	FMD0DE2	STATUSI	STATUS2
741 1093 1158	MILLVILLE CTTY LANDERLL, MILLVILLE, CUMECRIAND CO. AIRMORT (981), MILLVILLE, CUMECRIAND CO. CUNKALL FAURITY, END OF LADOW AVE. MILLVILLE CTTY, CUMECRIAND CO.	392305 392231 392508	750350 750420 750206	1.0 0.1 3.6	68	1025 0150	Ø) 10225	9 1 3	В

Number of Observations: 3

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Page 1 of 1811 MINARY SHAREY OF WATER WITHDOWNER FORMUS WITHIN 5.0 MILES OF 352229 LAT. ZAPIZS LON. (IN ORDER BY FERMIT NIMBER) - 00/13/88

HUER	MAE	SOURCEID	LOCID	LAT	L.ON	HEACC	DISTANCE	KINTKE	иn	DEFTH	Œ01	GED2	CAFACTTY
100047W	MILITALE POARD OF EDUCATION	7510M9 1.1	1	392415	75/0114	f-	4	11	10	142	GIO		250
10097.W	(1)MEERLAND) COUNTY (10) FEG.	501000	1	3926 06	7500027	T	4.15	11	10	155	GIO		180
10191W	FAIRVIEW MANUR FARE, INC.	TA014575	£1	392458	745944	F	٠ ٤٦	11	14		GTOH		
101319W	COUNTRY MEADOWS MOBILE HOME HY	3506614	1	392515	7500015	T	5.0	11	10	16202	GTCH		
, V X957F	WHEATON GLASS CONFANY	SERVINIEN	1	392425	75/0218		2.9	1 i	10	170	GICH		1520
	WIEATUN CLASS COMPANY	55000051	2	392430	750210		1.0	11	10	34	GTCH		7
	WEATON OLASS COMPANY	SENDONS:	ar *	392432	75/0210		- Ø	11	10	34	GTCH		7
	WIFEATON GLASS COMPANY	55 0000 53	4	372435	75/014/0		3.4	11	1Ø	42	GTCH		7
	WHEATON OF ASSECTIMENTALLY	T510007 1.1	5	392435	750 137		1.4	11	10	70	GTCH		1000
	WHEATON CLASS COMPANY	55000004	b	392445	75/017/0		6	11	10	70)	GTOH		110
	WEATON GLASS COMPANY	TEJ OV 1977	76)	392414	75/0148			11	10	120	GICH		1600
	WHEATON OLASS COMPANY	T500734	8	392419	750142		3.2	11	103	(70)	GTCH		510
	WHEATON GLASS COMPANY	35 0090 9	9	392432	750 152		3.2	11	10	170	GICH		
	WHEATON GLASS COMPANY	T5 00 922	10	392422	750142		3.2		163	140	GTCH		190
	WHEATON OLASS COMPANY	75/202 1969	11	3924.55	75/0145		J.3	11	10	150	GICH		5/0/2
	WHEATON GLASS COMPANY	X 500 996	12	392439	<i>750</i> 215		3.1	11	10	150	GTCH		4000
	WILEATON GLASS CUMPANY	35001155	13	392437	750206		3.2	11	10	146	GTCH		500
	WHEATON CLASS COMPANY	3501156	14	392436	750204		5.2	11	10	146	GICH		500
	WEATON ILASS COMPANY	3501418	15	392450	75/0155		3.5	11	10	1 30)	GIOH		<i>6</i> 5
.457	THE WEST COMPANY	55000010	2	392430	75/013/0		7.4	11	10	1 30	GICH		250
	THE WEST COMPANY	35 00 973	3	392431	750130	S	3.4	11	10	145	GIOH		45/0
	THE WEST COMPANY	35 007 86	4	392432		S	3.4	11	10	147	GIGH		1100
224 T	NATIONAL CAN CORFURFORATION	3500718	1	392319	75/2/214		2.1	11	10	115	GICH		4000
	NATIONAL CONTROPORTORATION	35/00/719	2	392323	<i>750</i> 214		2.1	11	10	1003	GTCH		4000
	NUTTONAL CSM COREGUE DRADENT FON	7000720	3	392321	750211		2.2	11	10	140	GTCH		5 ADIA
2.54	U.S. SILICA COMPANY	FUND 16	WHITAKER	391830	750635	_	5.0	11	04	15	GIOH		
5746	WICTAILLE CLIA	55000E6	AIRFORT #1	392221	750425	5	0.2	11	10	181	GIO		7 21 21
	MILLVILLE CHY	5 52025 7	AIRFORT #2	392216	75/04/08	_	0.3	11	10	147	GTO		7000
	MILLVILLE CITY	3500862	AINFORT #3	392240	750414	S	0.2	11	103	161	GIO		1 (20(2)(2)
	MILLVILLE CITY	3500548	B. FIEE	392416	750510	S	2.2	11	10	118	GIO		7000
	MILVILLE CITY	55 000 58	WARE #13	392334	75/0224	S	2.1	11	10	260	eio		800
	MILLVILLE CITY	35 00 924 35 00 953	WASE #14 WASE #15	39233Ø 392338	75 0 0222 75 0 0218	5	2.1	11	100	120	GTO:		600
	MILLVILLE CITY	1 50 2522			75 /0 218	5	2.3	11	10	131	GIO		10000
(2U 200 2)7	MILLVILLE CITY AURA ORCHARDS	WELL 1	WARE #19	392339 392512	75/0719			11	10	86	610		8 00
	LANDHOLDERS, INC.			392347	750750		4.Ø 3.4	11 11			610)		
	DUDGER, STEFFEN	WELL 1 II		392347 39 2400	75/070/0		2.9				GTCH		
	RUSKE, ROBER & MARGARET	WELL I		392453	7 500 12		4.3	11			GIO		
	LANDIS SEWEIVABE AUTHURITY	MCTT 1	FFOFOSED	392 43 3	750510			11	0. 1		GTCF		T 0
CAJKU, N.	LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY		FROFOSED	392645		U U		11	Ø3	1.10			75 / 0
	LANDIS SEWERABE AUTHORITY					_	5.0	11		110			630
	EXAMPLES SIGNAL LABOR. PETILISTATEL		FROI (195ED)	27.EG.(Ö	750550	U	4.9	11	Ø.7	110			5910

Number of Observations: 41

Tage TOF HALL DRING OF WARR WITHDWAWN FORNIS WITHIN 5.0 MILES OF 390209 LAT. MARKS LON. (IN URDER BY DECREASING LONGITUDE) - 000/13/088

NUMBER	MAE	2001 <u>4</u> 0£10	LOCID	LAT	LON	LLACC	DISHANCE	COLINTY	MUN	DEFTH	ŒOI	GE02	CAFACITY
0.00018	HARRIE, ROUTER & MYTORYCET	WELL 1		392453	750812	U	4.3	11			GIO:		
	LANDHOLDERS, INC.	WELL 1		392347	750750	IJ	3.4	11			GICH		
(1.1 /2) (7/7)	ANIBYA ORIGINATIOS	WELL 1		392512	750719	U	4.0	11			GIO		
0.0015	CLOPER, STELLEN	WELL 1		392 400	750700	U	2.9	11			GTO .		
2.541	H.S. SILICA CUMPANY	FOND 16	WHITALER	391830	750635		5.0	11	Ø4	15	CIOH		
0.100232	LANDIS SEMETAGE AUTHORITY		FROFOSED	392635	750050	IJ	4.9	11	Ø 3	110			590
EU202255	LAMIDIS SEMENARY WITHOUTLY		FE(JEQSED)	392645	750524	IJ	5.0	11	Ø 3	110			630
5/36	MUTANTE CUA	75 00 0548	B. PIKE	392416	750510	S	2.2	11	10	118	GTO:		7000
EE 1002 72	FAMILY SEMERARE WILLEMAN		FROFOSED	392600	750510	U	4.1	11	Ø 3				7 50)
5.116	MILLVILLE CLIY	55 000 56	AIRFORT #1	392221	750425	S	0.2	11	10	181	GTO:		700
536	MILLVILLE CITY	TEMMB62	ATREDRIT #3	3922240	750414	S	0.2	11	10	161	GTO		10000
5.36	MILLVILLE CLIY	55 000 5/	AIRFORT #2	392216	75 040 0		0.3	11	10	147	GTC		7 00
1000Y_W	CONTROL (IN) CONTROL	3501000	1	392 60 6	750327	T	4.2	11	10	153	GTC		1812)
10319W	COUNTRY MEADUWS MOBILE HOME FK	3506614	1	392515	750315	T	3.3	11	1Ø	100	GTCH		
5316	MILL VILLE CITY	55 000 58	WAFE #13	392334	750224	S	2.1	11	10	2 60	GTO:		8 00 0
5316	MILLVILLE CITY	35 00 924	WARTE #14	392330	75 0 222	S	2. 1	11	10	120	GTCI:		600
2095	WHEATON GLASS COMEYNY	5500050	1	392425	750218		2.9	11	10	132	GTCH		150
5316	MILLVILLE CITY	7 5/009 53	WARE #15	392338	750218	S	2.3	11	10	131	GTO:		1000
5316	MILLVILLE CITY	35002522	WAFE #16	392338	750218	S	2.3	11	10	86	GTC		800
2 095 F	WHEATON GLASS COMPANY	35 009 96	12	392439	75 0 215		3.1	11	10	150	GTCH		4(2)(2)
221 3 P	NATIONAL CAN CURPURFORATION	35 00 718	1	392319	75/2/214		2.1	11	10	115	GTCH		4000
2213P	NATIONAL CAN CORFORFORATION	35/00/719	2	392323	75/2/214		2.1	11	10	10/18	GTCH		4(2)(2)
221 <i>3</i> H	NATIONAL CAN COFFORFORATION	35 /20 72/0	3	392321	75/2/211		2.2	11	10	140	GTCH		5000
2095	WHEATON GLASS COMPANY	55 00 251	2	392430	7500210		3.0	11	10	∃4	GTOH		7
1.0957	WHEATON GLASS COMPANY	55 000 52	3	392432	750210		3.0	11	10	 34	GICH		7
2095F	WHEATON GLASS CONFANY	75/01/15/5	13	392437	75 0 205		3.2	11	10	146	GTCH		500
1309DF	WHEATON GLASS CLIMFANY	35/21156	14	392436	75/02/04		3.2	11	10	146	GTCH		500
_1095F	WHEATON CLASS COMPANY	35/01418	15	392450	750155			11	10	1 30	GTCH		65
1077.T	WHEATON GLASS COMEANY	35 0090 9	9	392432	750152		3.2	11	10	1 3/2	GTCH		
1 0 95F	WHEATON CLASS CONFINNY	35 /0/097 7	76	39/24/34	75/01/48			11	10	120	GICH		1 (2)(2)
1095	WHEATON GLASS CYMPANY	35 /2/2 969	11	392435	750145			11	10	150	GTCH		500
2095	WHEATON BLASS CONFANY	35 00 754	8		750142			11	10	90	GTC)+		90
2095	WHEATON GLASS COMPANY	35 007 22	10	392422	75014 2		3.2	11	10	142)	GTCH		190
2 0 95F	WHEATON GLASS COMPANY	55000053	4	392435	750140			11	10	42	GTCH		7
2095	WHEATON GLASS CLIM-YANY	35 00 733	5	392435	750137			11	10	70	GTCH		1 (2)(2)
2155F	THE WEST COMPANY	35 009 86	4	3 924 32	750133	S		11	10	147	GTCH		11000
20195F	WHEATON GLASS CLIMFANY	55/2/2/254	6	392445	75/013/0	1		11	10	70	GTCH		110
21 55F	THE WEST COMPANY	5500010	2	392430	750130	F	3.4	11	10	130	GTCH		250
21 57 F	THE WEST COMPANY	35 00 973	3	392431	750130	S		11	10	145	GTCH		450
100046W	MILLVILLE BOARD OF EDUCATION	35 20 932	1	392415	750114	F		11	10	142	GTC		250
10191W	FAIRVIEW MANUR FAH: INC.	3503453	2	392458	745944	F	5.0	11	14		GTCH		

Number of Observations: 41

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Trage — FORTNOS GAS UNOS ALIS MINIMIASO OUTS OF 25 A22 FaB. 28423 FUN. 76 OF LA A33 CHRIGORIGAS DECEMBERODED FOR 1538

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1097	анчин (М. Синтунте, силомачи со.	39.32.34	25 434 , ii	Ø. I	<i>6</i> €3	Ø11:40	EAT. *	1	ì
7.44	FIRE COURT OF BY A WAR OFF, BULL MODEL , CARDATA WARD CO.	37.3 700	1.01.0	1.17	177	107.15	เา	4	
11/43	- 0 CCDs at 1 3 (a 21 3 (a 2 1 10 0 0 1 1 10 0 0 1 1 10 0 1 2 1 1 1 1	772. * 47 3	" 47, 17 -	56	1,1			•	

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DESCRIPTION OF WATER WITHDRAWAL POINTS

The Water Withdrawal Points listing contains the following fields:

CAPACITY: the pump capacity in gallons per minute

COUNTY: county the withdrawal point is in

DEPTH: depth of the well or pond

DISTANCE: distance in miles from center of circle

GEO1: the ground or surface water source GEO2: a secondary source of the water LAT: latitude of the withdrawal point

LLACC: accuracy of the latitude and longitude estimates LOCID: the local identification of the withdrawal point,

or a continuation of the SOURCEID field for surface water

LON: longitude of the withdrawal point

MUN: the municipality the withdrawal point is in

NAME: name of the permit, certificate, or registration holder NUMBER: Water Allocation permit, Agricultural Certification, or

Registration number

SOURCEID: the well permit number or other identifier for

the water withdrawal

The listing that you have requested includes most wells and surface intakes that are in the Water Allocation Permits, and representative sources from most of the Agricultural Certificates. Recognizing the fact that the list will contain errors and omissions, it is advisable to use this resource as a guide and to verify all data. We try to maintain an accurate database; however, we can not yet guarantee reliability. If you spot any errors we would be very grateful to hear about them. Please call or write to us in reference to the "Radius Program" at:

NJDEP Division of Water Resources Bureau of Water Allocation CN-029 Trenton, NJ 08625

(609) 292-2957

Thank you.

Please see the attached sheets for definitions of the codes used in the Water Withdrawal Points listing.

CODES USED IN THE WATER WITHDRAWAL POINTS LISTING

This packet contains information on the database codes that the Bureau of Water Allocation uses in the Water Withdrawal Points Listing.

COUNTY:	01 - Atlantic 03 - Bergen 05 - Burlington 07 - Camden 09 - Cape May 11 - Cumberland 13 - Essex	17 - Hudson 19 - Hunterdon 21 - Mercer 23 - Middlesex 25 - Monmouth	31 - Passaic 33 - Salem 35 - Somerset 37 - Sussex
GEO:	RECENT Surficial Depos	its	GRS
	PLEISTOCENE Glacial Undiffer Stratified Drift Terminal Moraine Bridgeton Cape May Holly Beach Estuarine Sa	t e Mbr.	GQGU GQSD GQTM GQBS GQCM GQCHB GQES GQPS
	TERTIARY Beacon Hill Cohansey & Kirky Cohansey & Kirky Kirkwood Upper Rio Grande Lower Piney Point Shark River Mari Manasquan Marl Vincentown Sand Hornerstown Mari	Mbr.	GTBH GTCH GTCK GTKW GTKWU GTKRG GTKWL GTKPP GTSR GTMQ GTVT GTHT
	CRETACEOUS Red Bank Navesink Mount Laurel Wenonah Mount Laurel & Marshalltown Englishtown Woodbury Merchantville Magothy	Wenonah	GKRB GKNS GKML GKWE GKMW GKMT GKET GKWB GKMV

Old Bridge Raritan Sayreville Sand Farrington Raritan/Magothy Potomac	GKROB GKR GKRSS GKRF GKMR GKP
TRIASSIC Brunswick Formation Lockatong Formation Stockton Formation Basalt Diabase Conglomerate	GTRB GTRL GTRS GTRBS GTRDB GTRCG
DEVONIAN Undifferentiated	GD
SILURIAN Bossardville Limestone Decker Formation Longwood Shale Poxono Island Fm Greenpond Conglomerate High Falls Shawangunk Fm	GSBD GSDK GSLS GSPI GSGP GSHF GSSG
ORDOVICIAN Martinsburg Fm Jacksonburg Fm Kittatinny Group Outleaunee Fm Harmonyvale Mbr Beaver Run Mbr Epler Rickenbach	GOMB GOJB GOK GOKO GOKOH GOKOB GOKE GOKR
CAMBRO ORDOVICIAN Kittatinny Fm	GCOK
CAMBRIAN Hardyston Quartzite Allentown Fm Upper Mbr Limeport Mbr Leithsville Fm Walkill Mbr Hamburg Mbr Califon Mbr	GCH GCKA GCKLP GCKL GCKLW GCKLH GCKLC
PRECAMBRIAN Granite Gneiss Undifferentiated	GPCGR GPCGN GPC

Franklin Lms	GPCFL
DELAWARE RIVER BASIN Unknown or Non-Specific Alloways Creek	SD SDALL
Alexsocken Creek	SDALE
Assiscunk Creek Assunpink Creek	SDASC SDASP
Big Timber Creek	SDBIG
Blacks Creek	SDBLA
Cooper's Creek Crafts Creek	SDCOO
Crosswicks Creek	SDCRA SDCRO
Delaware River	SDDEL
Flat Brook	SDFLA
Hakihokake Creek Harihokake Creek	SDHAK SDHAR
Jacob's Creek	SDJAC
Lockatong Creek	SDLOC
Lopatcong Creek Mantua Creek	SDLOP
Musconetcong River	SDMNT SDMUS
Nichisakawick Creek	SDNIC
Old Man's Creek	SDOLD
Paulins Kill Pennsauken Creek	SDPAU SDPEN
Pequest River	SDPST
Pohatcong Creek	SDPOH
Raccoon Creek	SDRAC
Rancocas Creek Salem River	SDRAN SDSAL
Wickecheoke Creek	SDWIC
RARITAN RIVER BASIN_	
Unknown or Non-Specific	SR
Lawrence Brook Lower Raritan	SRLAW
Millstone River	SRLOW SRMIL
North Branch Raritan	SRNBR
South Branch Raritan	SRSBR
South River	SRSRV
PASSAIC RIVER BASIN	65
Unknown or Non-Specific Canoe Brook	SP SPCAN
Lower Mid-Passaic River	SPLMP
Lower Passaic	SPLOW
Passaic River Peckman River	SPPAS SPPEC
Peguannock River	SPPEC
Pompton River	SPPOM
Ramapo River	SPRAM
Rockaway River Saddle River	SPROC SPSAD

Upper Mid-Passaic River Upper Passaic River Wanaque River Whippany River	SPUMP SPUPP SPWAN SPWHI
ATLANTIC COASTAL BASIN Unknown or Non-Specific Atlantic County Coastal Cape May County Coastal Cedar Creek Great Egg Harbor River Manasquan River Metedeconk River Monmouth County Coastal Mullica River Navesink River Ocean County Coastal Raritam Bay Shark River Shrewsbury River Toms River Tuckahoe River	SC SCATL SCCAP SCCED SCGRE SCMSQ SCMET SCMON SCMUL SCNAV SCOCE SCRAR SCSHA SCSHA SCSHR SCTOM SCTUC
HUDSON RIVER BASIN Unknown or Non-Specific Hudson River Papakating Creek Pochuck Creek Wallkill River	SH SHHUD SHPAP SHPOC SHWAL
HACKENSACK RIVER BASIN Unknown or Non-Specific Hackensack River	SK SKHAC
RAHWAY RIVER BASIN Unknown or Non-Specific Rahway River	SY SYRAH
ELIZABETH RIVER BASIN Unknown or Non-Specific Elizabeth River	SE SEELI
DELAWARE BAY BASIN Unknown or Non-Specific Cohansey River Maurice River Stow Creek	SB SBCOH SBMAU SBSTO
S - accurate to +- 1 second F - accurate to +- 5 seconds T - accurate to +- 10 seconds M - accurate to +- 1 minute U - accuracy unknown	

LLACC:

01 - 03 - 05 - 07 - 09 - 11 - 13 - 15 - 19 - 21 -	ATLANTIC COUNTY (01) Absecon City Brigantine City Buena Vista Twp Egg Harbor City Estell Manor City Galloway Twp Hammonton Town Longport Boro Mullica Twp Pleasantville City Somers Point City Weymouth Twp	02 - Atlantic City 04 - Buena Boro 06 - Corbin City 08 - Egg Harbor Twp 10 - Folsom Boro 12 - Hamilton Twp 14 - Linwood City 16 - Margate City 18 - Northfield City 20 - Port Republic City 22 - Ventnor City
000001157913579135791357913579135791357913579	BERGEN COUNTY (03) Allendale Boro Bergenfield Boro Carlstadt Boro Closter Borò Demarest Boro East Rutherford Boro Elmwood Park Boro Englewood City Fair Lawn Boro Fort Lee Boro Garfield Boro Hackensack City Hasbrouck Heights Boro Hillsdale Boro Leonia Boro Lodi Boro Mahwah Twp Midland Park Boro Moonachie Boro North Arlington Boro Norwood Boro Old Tappan Boro Palisades Park Boro Park Ridge Boro Ridgewood Village River Vale Twp Rockleigh Boro Saddle Brook Twp South Hackensack Twp Tenafly Boro Upper Saddle River Boro Westwood Boro Woodcliff Lake Boro	02 - Alpine Boro 04 - Bogota Boro 06 - Cliffside Park Boro 08 - Cresskill Boro 10 - Dumont Boro 13 - Edgewater Boro 14 - Emerson Boro 16 - Englewood Cliffs Boro 18 - Fairview Boro 20 - Franklin Lakes Boro 21 - Glen Rock Boro 22 - Glen Rock Boro 23 - Harrington Park Boro 24 - Harrington Park Boro 25 - Hohokus Boro 26 - Haworth Boro 27 - Lyndhurst Twp 28 - Montvale Boro 29 - Montvale Boro 20 - Northvale Boro 21 - Oakland Boro 22 - Cakland Boro 23 - Ridgefield Park Village 25 - River Edge Boro 26 - Rochelle Park Twp 27 - Rutherford Boro 28 - Saddle River Boro 29 - Teterboro Boro 20 - Teaneck Twp 21 - Teterboro Boro 22 - Wyckoff Twp 23 - Wood-Ridge Boro 24 - Wood-Ridge Boro 25 - Wyckoff Twp
01 -	BURLINGTON COUNTY (05) Bass River Twp Bordentown City	02 - Beverly City 04 - Bordentown Twp

05 - Burlington City 07 - Chesterfield Twp 09 - Delanco Twp 11 - Eastampton Twp 13 - Evesham Twp 15 - Florence Twp 17 - Lumberton Twp 19 - Maple Shade Twp 21 - Medford Twp 23 - Mount Holly Twp 25 - New Hanover Twp 27 - Palmyra Boro 29 - Pemberton Twp 31 - Riverton Boro 33 - Southampton Twp 35 - Tabernacle Twp 37 - Westampton Twp 39 - Woodland Twp	06 - Burlington Twp 08 - Cinnaminson Twp 10 - Delran Twp 12 - Edgewater Park Twp 14 - Fieldsboro Boro 16 - Hainesport Twp 18 - Mansfield Twp 20 - Medford Lakes Boro 22 - Moorestown Twp 24 - Mount Laurel Twp 26 - North Hanover Twp 28 - Pemberton Boro 30 - Riverside Twp 32 - Shamong Twp 34 - Springfield Twp 36 - Washington Twp 38 - Willingboro Twp 40 - Wrightstown
CAMDEN COUNTY (07) 01 - Audubon Boro 03 - Barrington Boro 05 - Berlin Boro 07 - Brooklawn Boro 09 - Cherry Hill Twp 11 - Clementon Boro 13 - Gibbsboro Boro 15 - Gloucester Twp 16 - Haddon Twp 19 - Hi-Nella Boro 21 - Lawnside Boro 23 - Magnolia Boro 25 - Mount Ephraim Boro 27 - Pennsauken Twp 29 - Pine Valley Boro 31 - Somerdale Boro 33 - Tavistock Boro 35 - Waterford Twp 37 - Woodlynne Boro	02 - Audubon Park Boro 04 - Bellmawr Boro 06 - Berlin Twp 08 - Camden City 10 - Chesilhurst Boro 12 - Collingswood Boro 14 - Gloucester City 18 - Haddon Heights Boro 17 - Haddonfield Boro 20 - Laurel Springs Boro 22 - Lindenwold Boro 24 - Merchantville Boro 26 - Oaklyn Boro 28 - Pine Hill Boro 30 - Runnemede Boro 32 - Stratford Boro 34 - Voorhees Twp 36 - Winslow Twp
CAPE MAY COUNTY (09) 01 - Avalon Boro 03 - Cape May Point Boro 05 - Lower Twp 07 - North Wildwood City 09 - Sea Isle City 11 - Upper Twp 13 - West Wildwood Boro 15 - Wildwood Crest Boro CUMBERLAND COUNTY (11) 01 - Bridgeton City	02 - Cape May City 04 - Dennis Twp 06 - Middle Twp 08 - Ocean City 10 - Stone Harbor Boro 12 - West Cape May Boro 14 - Wildwood City 16 - Woodbine Boro
03 - Deerfield Twp 05 - Fairfield Twp	04 - Downe Twp 06 - Greenwich Twp

07 - Hopewell Twp C9 - Maurice River Twp 11 - Shiloh Boro 13 - Upper Deerfield Twp	08 - Lawrence Twp 10 - Millville City 12 - Stow Creek Twp 14 - Vineland City
07 - Fairfield Boro 09 - Irvington Town 11 - Maplewood Twp 13 - Montclair Town	02 - Bloomfield Town 04 - Cedar Grove Twp 06 - Essex Fells Boro 08 - Glen Ridge Boro 10 - Livingston Twp 12 - Millburn Twp 14 - Newark City 16 - Nutley Town 18 - Roseland Boro 20 - Verona Boro 22 - West Orange Town
GLOUCESTER COUNTY (15) 01 - Clayton Boro 03 - East Greenwich Twp 05 - Franklin Twp 07 - Greenwich Twp 09 - Logan Twp 11 - Monroe Twp 13 - Newfield Boro 15 - Pitman Boro 17 - Swedesboro Boro 19 - Wenonah Boro 21 - Westville Boro 23 - Woodbury Heights Boro	02 - Deptford Twp 04 - Elk Twp 06 - Glassboro Boro 08 - Harrison Twp 10 - Mantua Twp 12 - National Park Boro 14 - Paulsboro Boro 16 - South Harrison Twp 18 - Washington Twp 20 - West Deptford Twp 22 - Woodbury City 24 - Woolwich Twp
HUDSON COUNTY (17) 01 - Bayonne City 03 - Guttenberg Town 05 - Hoboken City 07 - Kearny Town 09 - Secaucus Twp 11 - Weehawken Twp	02 - East Newark Boro 04 - Harrison Town 06 - Jersey City 08 - North Bergen Twp 10 - Union City 12 - West New York Town
HUNTERDON COUNTY (19) 01 - Alexandria Twp 03 - Bloomsbury Boro 05 - Clinton Town 07 - Delaware Twp 09 - Flemington Boro 11 - Frenchtown Boro 13 - Hampton Boro 15 - Holland Twp 17 - Lambertville City 19 - Lebanon Twp 21 - Raritan Twp 23 - Stockton Boro 25 - Union Twp	02 - Bethlehem Twp 04 - Califon Boro 06 - Clinton Twp 08 - East Amwell Twp 10 - Franklin Twp 12 - Glen Gardner Boro 14 - High Bridge Boro 16 - Kingwood Twp 18 - Lebanon Boro 20 - Milford Boro 22 - Readington Twp 24 - Tewksbury Twp 26 - West Amwell Twp

		MERCI	ΞŖ	COUNT	(21)
٦	-	East	Wi	ndsor	Twp

U1 - East Windsor Twp
03 - Hamilton Twp
05 - Hopewell Boro
07 - Lawrence Twp
09 - Princeton Boro
11 - Trenton City
13 - West Windsor Twp

02 - Ewing Twp
04 - Hightstown Boro
06 - Hopewell Twp
08 - Pennington Boro
10 - Princeton Twp
12 - Washington Twp

MIDDLESEX COUNTY (23)

25 - Woodbridge Twp

MONMOUTH COUNTY (25)

03 05 13 15 17 19 1 2 2 6 5 2 9 1 3 3 5 7 - 19 1 2 2 6 5 7	Florham Park Boro Harding Twp Kinnelon Boro Madison Boro Mendham Twp	32 - Randolph Twp 34 - Rockaway Boro 36 - Roxbury Twp
02 06 10 14 18 22 26 8 3 0 10 10 10 10 - 10 -	OCEAN COUNTY (29) Barnegat Light Boro Bay Head Boro Beachwood Boro Brick Twp Eagleswood Twp Island Heights Boro Lacey Twp Lakewood Twp Little Egg Harbor Twp Manchester Twp Ocean Gate Boro Pine Beach Boro Point Pleasant Beach Boro Seaside Heights Boro Stafford Twp Tuckerton Boro	
03 - 05 - 07 - 09 - 11 - 13 -	PASSAIC COUNTY (31) Bloomingdale Boro Haledon Boro Little Falls Twp Passaic City Pompton Lakes Boro Ringwood Boro Wanaque Boro West Milford Twp	02 - Clifton City 04 - Hawthorne Boro 06 - North Haledon Boro 08 - Paterson City 10 - Prospect Park Boro 12 - Totowa Boro 14 - Wayne Twp 16 - West Paterson Boro
	SALEM COUNTY (33) Alloway Twp Elmer Boro	13 - Carney's Point Twp 03 - Elsinboro Twp

04 - Lower Alloways Creek Twp	05 - Mannington Twp
00 - Oldmans Twp	07 - Penns Grove Boro
08 - Pennsville Twp	09 - Pilesgrove Twp
10 - Pittsgrove Twp	11 - Quinton Twp
12 - Salem City	
	14 - Upper Pittsgrove Twp
15 - Woodstown Boro	
SOMERSET COUNTY (35)	
01 - Bedminster Twp	02 - Bernards Twp
03 - Bernardsville Boro	04 - Bound Brook Boro
05 - Branchburg Twp	06 - Bridgewater Twp
	08 - Franklin Twp
	10 - Hillsborough Twp
	12 - Millstone Boro
13 - Montgomery Twp	14 - North Plainfield Boro
15 - Peapack-Gladstone Boro	16 - Raritan Boro
17 - Rocky Hill Boro	18 - Somerville Boro
19 - South Bound Brook Boro	20 - Warren Twp
21 - Watchung Boro	•
-	
SUSSEX COUNTY (37)	
01 - Andover Boro	02 - Andover Twp
03 - Branchville Boro	04 - Byram Twp
05 - Frankford Twp	06 - Franklin Boro
07 - Fredon Twp	08 - Green Twp
09 - Hamburg Boro	10 - Hampton Twp
ll - Hardyston Twp	12 - Hopatcong Boro
13 - Lafayette Twp	14 - Montague Twp
15 - Newton Town	16 - Ogdensburg Boro
17 - Sandyston Twp	18 - Sparta Twp
19 - Stanhope Boro	20 - Stillwater Twp
21 - Sussex Boro	22 - Vernon Twp
23 - Walpack Twp	24 - Wantage Twp
	- •
UNION COUNTY (39)	
01 - Berkeley Heights Twp	02 - Clark Twp
03 - Cranford Twp	04 - Elizabeth City
05 - Fanwood Boro	06 - Garwood Boro
07 - Hillside Twp	08 - Kenilworth Boro
09 - Linden City	10 - Mountainside Boro
11 - New Providence Boro	12 - Plainfield City
13 - Rahway City	14 - Roselle Boro
15 - Roselle Park Boro	16 - Scotch Plains Twp
17 - Springfield Twp	18 - Summit City
19 - Union Twp	20 - Westfield Town
21 - Winfield Twp	No de la comi
and the state of t	
WARREN COUNTY (41)	
01 - Allamuchy Twp	02 - Alpha Boro
03 - Belvidere Town	04 - Blairstown Twp
05 - Franklin Twp	06 - Frelinghuysen Twp
07 - Greenwich Twp	08 - Hackettstown Town
09 - Hardwick Twp	10 - Harmony Twp
11 - Hope Twp	12 - Independence Twp
	-

10 -	Knowlton Twp	14	_	Liberty Twp
15 -	Lopatcong Twp	16	-	Mansfield Twp.
17 -	Oxford Twp	18	_	Pahaguarry Twp
19 -	Phillipsburg Town			Pohatcong Twp
21 -	Washington Boro			Washington Twp
23 -	White Twp			•

DESCRIPTION OF NJGS CASE INDEX SITES

The NJGS Case Index Sites listing contains the following fields:

CONTAM: contaminate code

DISTANCE: distance in miles from center of circle

FMCODE1: NJGS primary formation code FMCODE2: NJGS secondary formation code

LAT: latitude of site LON: longitude of site

NAME: name and location of site

SITENUM: site identifier

STATUS1: current status of site

STATUS2: further description of site status

The data in this listing is down-loaded on a regular basis from the New Jersey Geological Survey's Case Index File. The actual transfer date is printed on the left side of the enclosed map. This file contains many of the identified potential pollution sites in the State, but does not include all of them. For example the file does not generally include spill sites. Recognizing the fact that this list may contain significant errors and omissions, it is advisable to use this resource as a guide and to verify all information.

If you have any questions, please call or write to us in reference to the "Radius Program" at:

NJDEP Division of Water Resources Bureau of Water Allocation CN-029 Trenton, NJ 08625

(609) 292-2957

Please see the attached sheets for definitions of the codes used in the NJGS Case Index Sites listing.

1

CODES USED IN THE NJGS CASE INDEX SITES LISTING

This packet contains definitions of the database codes used in the NJGS Case Index Sites listing.

CONTAM

00 = ORGANIC CHEM (VOLATILE) 01 = ORGANIC CHEM (NONVOLATILE) 02 = CHLOROFORM 03 = '1,2 - DICHLOROETHANE' 04 = '1,1,1 - TRICHLOROETHANE' 05 = TETRACHLOROETHYLENE 06 = DICHLOROETHYLENE 07 = TRICHLOROETHYLENE 08 = CARBON TETRACHLORIDE 09 = METHYLENE CHLORIDE 10 = ACETONE 11 = BENZENE 12 = TOLUNE 13 = XYLENE 14 = METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE 15 = ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE 16 = METHYL ETHYL KETONE 17 = TETRAHYDROFURAN 18 = '1,2 - DICHLOROETHENE' 19 = '1,1 - DICHLOROETHENE' 20 = '1,1 - DICHLOROETHANE' 21 = '1,1,2,2 - TETRACHLOROETHYLENE' 22 = '1,1,2,2 - TETRACHLOROETHANE' 23 = TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE · 24 = CHLOROBENZENE 25 = ETHYLBENZENE 26 = '1,2 - DICHLOROBENZENE' 27 = DICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE 28 = STYRENE 29 = ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL 30 = VINYL CHLORIDE 31 = HEXANE 32 = HEPTANE33 = PHENTANE 34 = PHENOLS 35 = METALS36 = LEAD37 = IRON38 = MERCURY 39 = CHROMIUM 41 = ARSENIC 42 = CADMIUM

1

43 = CHLORIDE 44 = SODIUM 45 = NITRATE

- 46 = SULFATE
- 47 = PESTICIDES
- 48 = HERBICIDES
- 49 = NATURAL RADIOACTIVITY
- 50 = 'PCB''S'
- 51 = GASOLINE
- 52 = DIESEL FUEL
- 53 = FUEL OIL
- 54 = INORGANIC CHEMICALS
- 55 = GREASES AND FATS
- 56 = SLUDGE
- 57 = ACID
- 58 = LEACHATE
- 59 = METHANE GAS
- 60 = DYE
- 61 = IODINE
- 62 = EXPLOSIVES
- 63 = PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS
- 64 = PHARMACEUTICALS
- 65 = SURFACTANTS
- 66 = SEPTIC DISCHARGES
- 67 = RADIOACTIVE WASTE
- 68 = UNKNOWN
- 69 = TRICHLORETHYLENE
- 70 = COAL TAR
- 71 = ASBESTOS
- 72 = DIOXIN

FMCODE

- 0000 = 'N/A'
- 0100 = QUATERNARY
- 0101 = MEADOW MAT
- 0102 = ALLUVIUM
- 0103 = FILL
- 0104 = BEACH SANS
- 0110 = GLACIAL, UNDIFFERENTIATED
- 0120 = GLACIAL, UNSTRATIFIED TILL
- 0130 = STRATIFIED DRIFT
- 0140 = MORAINE
- 0144 = TERMINAL MORAINE
- 0148 = RECESSIONAL MORAINE
- 0150 = BRIDGETON
- 0160 = CAPE MAY
- 0161 = HOLLY BEACH MBR
- 0170 = PENNSAUKEN
- 1000 = TERTIARY
- 1010 = BEACON HILL
- 1020 = COHANSEY SAND
- 1025 = COHANSEY KIRKWOOD
- 1030 = KIRKWOOD SAND
- 1031 = UPPER MEMBER
- 1032 = LOWER MEMBER

- 1033 = PINEY POINT MBR
- 1040 = SHARK RIVER MARL
- 1050 = MANASOUAN MARL
- 1060 = VINCENTOWN SAND
- 1070 = HORNERSTOWN MARL
- 2000 = CRETACEOUS
- 2010 = RED BANK AND TINTON SANDS
- 2020 = NAVESANK MARL
- 2030 = MOUNT LAUREL WENONAH SANDS
- 2034 = MOUNT LAUREL SAND
- 2038 = WENONAH SAND
- 2040 = MARSHALLTOWN FM
- 2050 = ENGLISHTOWN SAND
- 2060 = WOODBURY CLAY
- 2070 = MERCHANTVILLE CLAY
- 2080 = MAGOTHY RARITAN FM
- 2081 = MAGOTHY RARITAN UPPER MBR
- 2084 = MAGOTHY RARITAN MIDDLE MBR
- 2088 = MAGOTHY RARITAN LOWER MBR
- 2090 = MAGOTHY FM
- 2091 = AMBOY STONEWARE CLAY MBR
- 2092 = OLD BRIDGE SAND MBR
- 2093 = SOUTH AMBOY FIRE CLAY MBR
- 2094 = SAYREVILLE SAND MBR
- 2095 = WOODBRIDGE CLAY MBR
- 2096 = FARRINGTON SAND MBR
- 2097 = RARITAN FIRE CLAY MBR
- 3000 = TRIASIC JURASSIC
- 3010 = BOONTON FM
- 3020 = BASALT UNDIFFERENTIATED
- 3021 = HOOK MT BASALT
- 3030 = TOWACO FM
- 3022 = PREAKNESS BASALT
- 3040 = FELTVILLE FM
- 3023 = ORANGE MT BASALT
- 3050 = DIABASE
- 3060 = CONGLOMERATE (HAMMER CREEK)
- 3070 = BRUNSWICK FM
- 3080 = LOCKATONG FM
- 3090 = STOCKTON FM
- 4000 = DEVONIAN
- 4010 = SKUNNEMUNK CNGLM
- 4020 = BELLVALE SS PEQUANAC SH
- 4030 = KANOUSE SANDSTONE
- 4040 = MARCELLUS SHALE
- 4050 = ONONDAGE LS
- 4060 = ESOPUS GRIT
- 4070 = ORISKANY BECRAFT LS
- 4080 = NEW SCOTLAND COEYMANS
- 5000 = SILURIAN
- 5010 = BOSSARDVILLE LS
- 5020 = DECKER FM
- 5030 = LONGWOOD SHALE
- 5040 = POXONO ISLAND

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5050 = GREENPOND CONGLOMERATE
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5060 = HIGH FALLS

5070 = SHAWANGUNK CONGLOMERATE

6000 = ORDOVICIAN

6010 = MARTINSBURG SHALE

6011 = PEN ARGYL MBR

6012 = RAMSEYBURG MBR

6013 = BUSHKILL MBR

6020 = JACKONSBURG LS

6030 = ONTLEAUNEE FM

6031 = HARMONYVALE MBR

6032 = BEAVER RUN MBR

6040 = EPLER FM

6041 = LAFAYETTE MBR

6042 = BIG SPRINGS MBR

6043 = BRANCHVILLE MBR

6050 = RICKENBACK DOLOMITE

6060 = MANHATTAN SCHIST

7000 = CAMBRO ORDOVICIAN

7010 = KITTATINNY SUPERGROUP

8000 = CAMBRIAN

8010 = ALLENTOWN FM

8011 = UPPER MBR

8012 = LIMEPORT MBR

8020 = LEITHSVILLE FM

8021 = WALLKILL MBR

8022 = HAMBURG MBR

8023 = CALIFON MBR

8030 = HARDYSTONE SAND

9000 = PRE CAMBRIAN

9010 = GRANITE

9011 = HORNBLEND GRANITE

9020 = GNEISS

9021 = GRANITE GNEISS

9022 = HORNBLEND GNEISS

9023 = QUARTZ OLIGOCLAISE GNEISS

9030 = ALASKITE

9040 = SYENITE

9041 = SYENITE GNESS

9050 = PYROXENE GRANITE

9060 = MICROCLINE GNEISS

9070 = FRANKLIN LIMESTONE

9080 = AMPHIBOLITE

9090 = BIOTITE GNEISS

9091 = MIXED GNEISS;

STATUS1

1 = INVESTIGATION 2 = AOUIFER RESTOR CONT

3 = REQUEST FOR GEOLOG

4 = MONITORING

5 = LITIGATION

6 = CLOSED

1

- 7 = OTHER
- 8 = BACKLOGGED
- 9 = TRANS PERMITS
- 0 = UNKNOWN
- F = FIELD REC PROVIDED

STATUS2

- O = INVEST CONT
- A = CLEAN UP PLAN
- B = SAMPLING PLAN
- C = INITIAL INVEST
- D = RQST PRPSL (RFP)
- E = REMEDIAL INVEST
- F = FSBLTY STUDY (FS)
- G = PLAN, CONST REMEDIAL
- H = FREE PRODUCT RECOVERY
- I = DSLVD FRACTION RECOV
 J = FREE, DSSLVD RECOV
- K = CASE ABSORBED

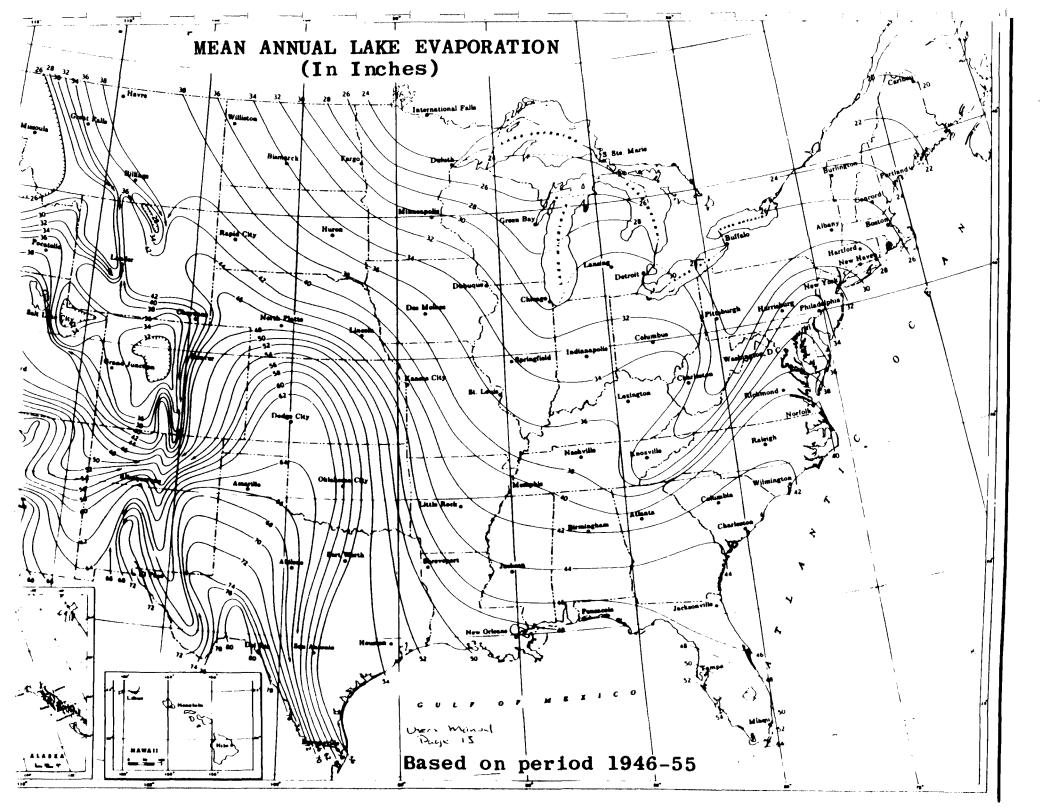
REFERENCE NO. 12

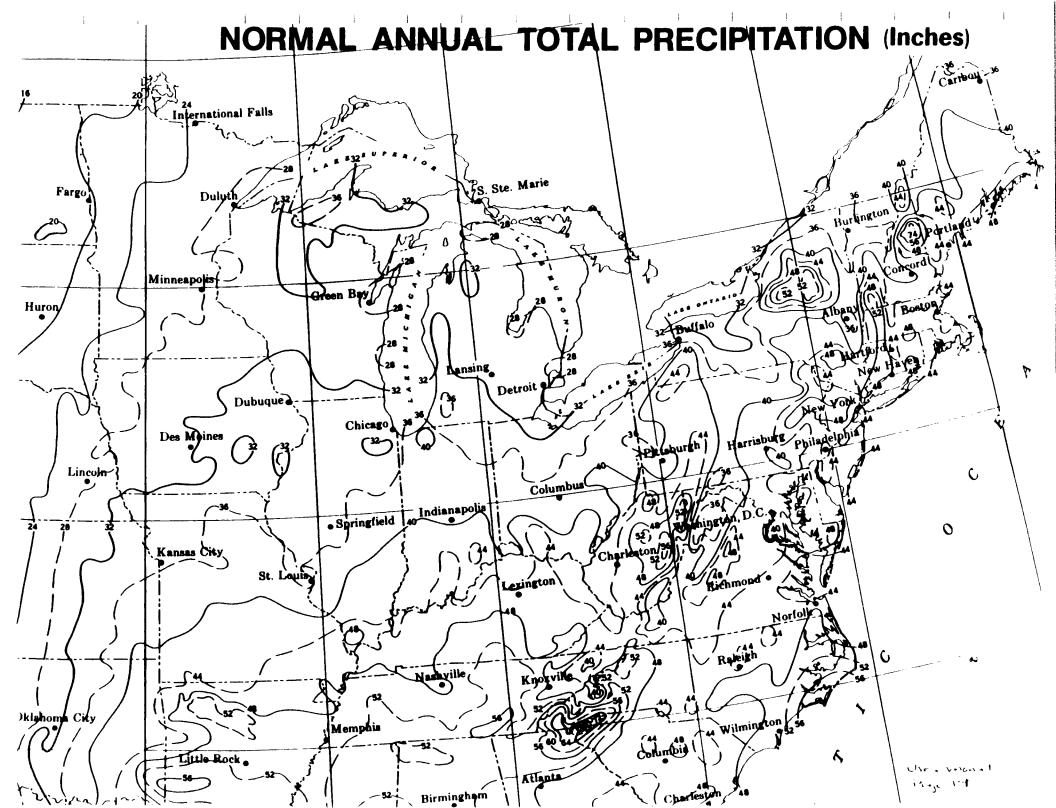
Uncontrolled Hazardous Waste Site Ranking System

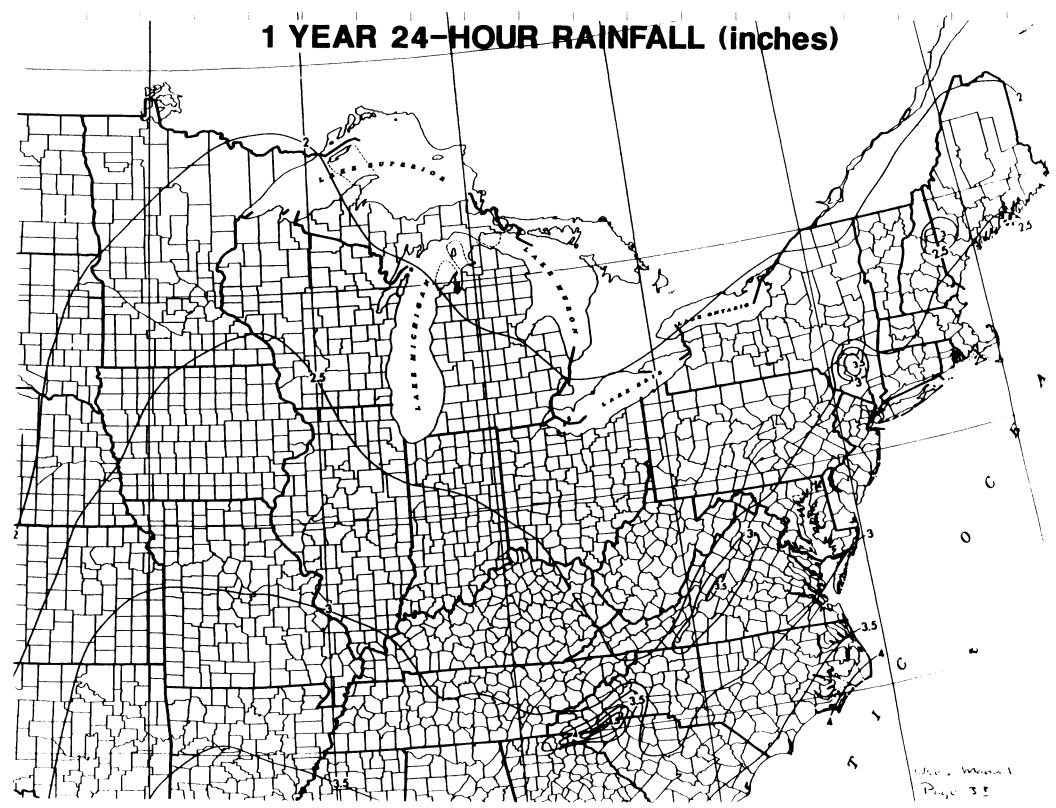
A Users Manual (HW-10)

Originally Published in the July 16, 1982, Federal Register

United States Environmental Protection Agency







REFERENCE NO. 13

STAFF REPORT

In the matter of Wheaton Glass Company

Application No. 2095P to renew permit to divert from 15 wells in the City of Millville, Cumberland County

In compliance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 58:1A-1 et seq., Wheaton Glass Company, Millville, New Jersey filed an application with the Division of Water Resources on February 29, 1982 for renewal of a permit to divert a maximum of 43.6 million gallons of water during any month (mgm) at a maximum rate of 1990 gallons per minute from 15 existing wells screened in the Cohansey formation. The wells are located on the property of the Wheaton Glass Company in the City of Millville, Cumberland County.

Diversion is used for cooling compressors and in manufacturing glass containers.

Diversion is in the Delaware River Basin.

This is a corrected staff report reflecting historic records which were not available at the time of the recent renewal permit dated January 4, 1983.

Background

1. This permit is a renewal of an allocation granted by the following:

Permit No.	Date Issued	Source of Water	Diversion Amount (mgm)
P-409 P-655 P-786 P-872	8/18/66 11/18/68 6/15/70 10/16/72	Cohansey Cohansey Cohansey Cohansey	void 18.0 22.0 22.0 (or 62 mgm if wastewater treatment facilities are provided)
2095P	1/4/83	Cohansey	18.0

2. The diversion includes the following:

Well	Well	Date	Depth	Pump	Yield
No.	Permit No.	Constructed	(ft.)	Capacity (gpm)	(mage)
1	55-50	1942	132	150	120
2	55-51	1947	34	7	'
3	55-52	1947	34	7	
4	55 - 53	1962	42	7	
5	35-733	1959	70	100	60
6	55-54	1956	70	110	5 0
7A	35 - 977	1959	120	100	
8	35-734	1959	90	90	24
9	35-909	1966	130		
10	35-922	1966	140	190	
11	35-969	1968	150	500	500
12	35-996	1970	150	400	400
13	35-1155	1972	146	500	600
14	35-1156	1972	146	500	600
15	35-1418	1975	130	6 5	65

Findings of Fact

1. A review of quarterly diversion reports indicates the following water use:

Year	Maximum Monthly Use	Average Monthly Use	Existing Allocation	Grandfather Rights
1982(2095P) 1981(P-786)	9.33 11.40	7.7 9.8	22.0 or 62.0	21.6

(P-872 There is no record of diversion reports having been filed under P-872 approval).

2. The following static water level data is available:

Well	Static	Water Level	Ls(below well	head)
No.		nstructed	Recent	
	(date)	(level)	(date)	(level)
7A	1970	9	not know	√n
11	1969	9	not know	wn
12	1972	19	not know	wn

3. The following long-term pumping test data is available:

Well	Date of	Yield	Drawdown	Static	Pumping
No.	Test	(gpm)	(ft.)	Level (ft)	Time (hrs)

11	3/11/69	75	1.9	9	2
12	3/14/72	60	2.2	19	1
7A	3/11/69	70	3.5	9	1

4. Other sub-surface diversions within a one-mile radius include the following:

Well Owner	Well No.	Well Permit No.	Depth (ft.)	Capacity (gpm)	Distance (miles)
The West Company	3	35-973	145	450	0.4

5. Public water supply wells within a 5-mile radius include the following:

Well	No. of	Depth	Capacity	Distance
Owner	Wells	(ft.)	(gpm)	(miles)
Millville City	1	140	400	1.0

6. Landfills and sources of groundwater within a 5-mile radius include the following:

Name of	Distance	Formation	Status
Source	(miles)	Affected	
Nascolite Co.	2.0	Bridgeton	Investigation
(Organic Compou	inds)		Continuing

(This contaminated site is being investigated and supervised by the Bureau of Ground Water Pollution Analysis which will plan for decontamination, as necessary).

7. The following wells have been abandoned or are unused:

Well No.	Well Permit No.	Depth(feet)	Status
7		120	Sealed

8. Water, after use is discharged into Petticoat Creek after passing through a series of cooling ponds. At the point of discharge, pH is monitored and adjusted by the addition of soda ash, as necessary. Discharge is made under NJPDES Permit No. NJ 004171. The treatment facilities are not connected to a sanitary sewer.

Staff Analysis

- 1. The water use is reasonable. In 1972 it was decided that the public interest requires connection of the existing treatment facilities to a sanitary sewer. Applicant is now controlled by NJPDES permit which sets discharge requirements.
- . The diversion probably will not have an adverse affect on nearby wells because the wells have been in operation since 1942 without any objections or complaints.
- 3. No data exists to make a determination as to the state of natural replenishment of the ground water. Static water level reports should be required as a condition of this permit.
- 4. Diversion will not likely cause groundwater pollution because there is no landfill. The Nascolite site is 2 miles away from the diversion and will probably not affect groundwater quality.
- 5. There is little probability of salt water intrusion. Static water levels are generally above MSL in this area. Also, the Cohansey formation is not known to be contaminated here.

Conclusions

- 1. The allocation is necessary and in the public interest.
- 2. The diversion will not contribute to ground water pollution or salt water intrusion.
- 3. The diversion will probably not exceed natural replenishment, and will not unduly interfere with other users.

Recommendations

Issuance of the permit is recommended subject to the general conditions and to the following specific conditions:

1. The amount of water that may be diverted under this renewal permit shall be as follows:

Well Permit No.	Well Name or Designation	Pump capacity (gpm)	Formation
55-50	1	150	Cohansey
55-51	2	7	Cohansey
55-52	3	7	Cohansey
55-53	4	7	Cohansey
35-733	5	100	Cohansey

55-54	6	110	Cohansey
35-977	7A	100	Cohansey
35-734	8	90	Cohansey
35-909	9		Cohansey
35-922	10	190	Cohansey
35-969	11	500	Cohansey
35-996	12	400	Cohansey
35-1155	13	500	Cohansey
35-1156	14	500	Cohansey
35-1418	15	65	Cohansey

- 2. The total allocation from the above sources shall not exceed 43.6 million gallons per month at a maximum rate of 1990 gpm.
- 3. All wells shall be metered. The total diversion for each month from each well shall be reported quarterly to the Bureau of Water Allocation under Permit No. 2095P. Applicant shall submit within 60 days of receipt of this permit a plan for monitoring diversions using the form or format available from the Bureau of Water Allocation. Wells shall be equipped with a tag showing the well permit numbers listed above.
- 4. Well shall be constructed so that water level measurements can be made by tape at any time. Applicant shall submit with quarterly diversion reports the static water level of wells identified in the monitoring plan (See 3. above). Measurement shall be made when the well pump has been shut down for a recovery period of 12 to 24 hours.
- 5. The pumping equipment capacity shall not be increased without prior approval by the Division.
- 6. Permittee shall have the right to apply at any time for modification of this permit by submission of the appropriate application forms. Permittee may informally discuss the terms and conditions of this permit at any time with the Bureau of Water Allocation. An application for renewal shall be filed 3 months prior to the expiration date.
- 7. If the permittee fails to comply with any of the terms and condtions herein, or in the public interest and after due process, this approval may be reviewed for possible modification or revocation thereof.
- 8. The Division, at its option, may cause the permit to be reviewed at intervals of not less than 5 years to examine the need for the allocation and to determine compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit and whether a modification to the permit is necessary.

- 9. The permittee is subject to such initial, renewal and annual. fees as may by prescribed by the regulations.
- 10. Approval of this application is subject to the granting of any approval by the Delaware River Basin Commission which may be required under the provisions of the Delaware River Basin Compact.
- 11. This permit shall expire on September 30, 2000.
- 12. This permit shall not become operative unless and until the applicant has filed with the Division within 60 days from the date of transmittal hereof, written acceptance of the terms and conditions hereby imposed.

Respectfully submitted,

Aziz Syed

Bureau of Water Allocation

8-28-88 822

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_	REFERENCE NO. 14	
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In the matter of City of Millville

Application No. 5316 to renew permit to divert water from eight existing wells in the City of Millville, Cumberland County

In compliance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 58:1A-1 et seq., the City of Millville, P.O. Box 609, Millville, New Jersey is presumed to have filed an application with the Division of Water Resources for renewal of a permit to divert a maximum of 200 million gallons of water during any month (mgm) at a maximum rate of 6300 gallons per minute from existing Airport Well Nos. 1, 2 and 3, the Bridgeton Pike well and Ware Avenue Well Nos. 13, 14, 15 and 16, 106 to 290 feet deep, screened in the Cohansey-Kirkwood formation. Airport Well Nos. 1, 2 and 3 are located at the City of Millville Airport; the Bridgeton Pike well is located along Millville-Bridgeton Pike 2500 feet west of the intersection with Center Grove Road; and the remaining wells are located along Ware Avenue. All wells are located in the City of Millville, Cumberland County.

Diversion is for the purpose of public water supply.

Diversion is in the Delaware River Basin.

The applicant requests no change in their existing diversion rights and no public notice is required.

Background

1. This permit is a renewal of an allocation granted by the following:

Permi	t No.	Date Issued	Source of Water	Diversion Amount	
W.S.	1814	4/21/80	All sources Well No. 16 Well Nos. 10A,15,16 Well No. 13 Airport Wells	65 45 90	mgm mgm mgm mgm
W.S.	1459	10/21/68	Bridgeton Pike Well All sources Well No. 15	30 225 30	mgm mgm
W.S.	1163	4/16/64	All sources Ware Ave. Wells Airport wells and	225 105	mgm mgm
W.S. W.S.		9/19/55 6/26/44	Bridgeton Pike well All sources All sources	120 90 90	mgm mgm

The City of Millville Water System was originally the People's Water Company which began operation in 1903. In September 1952, the City of Millville purchased the Millville Water Company. The Millville Water Company's source of diversion was Union Lake on the Maurice River. On October 30, 1952, diversion rights of 4.5 mgd from Union Lake were granted to the City of Millville. The use of Union Lake was abandoned in 1964 because of the City's inability to treat the water satisfactorily.

2. The diversion includes the following:

Well No.	Well Permit No.	Date Constructed	Screen Depth (feet)	Pump Capacity (gpm)	Yield (gpm)
Airport Well					
No. 1	55-56	12/01/42	159-181	700	300
Airport Well					
No. 2	55-57	12/02/42	147-169	700	300
Airport Well		- 4 4			
No. 3	35-862	8/05/64	161-191	1000	1000
Bridgeton Pike	35 <i>-</i> 548	10/07/55	118-150	700	708
Ware Ave.					
No. 13	55-58	12/14/64	260-290	800	800
Ware Ave.					
No. 14	35-924	1966	-120	600	
Ware Ave.					
No. 15	35-953	10/03/67	131-151	1000	430
Ware Ave.					
No. 16	35-2522	8/27/80	86-106	800	805

3. The diversion serves the City of Millville.

Findings of Fact

1. A review of quarterly diversion reports indicates the following water use:

Year	Maximum Monthly	Average Monthly	Existing
	Use (mgm)	Use (mgm)	Allocation (mgm)
1984	137.5	113.7	200
1983	172.9	118.3	200

2. The population served is approximately 24,500, which represents an average comsumption of 135 gpcd, and peak consumption of 163 gpcd during 1984. On the average, 7 percent of the water diverted is used by industries. The above consumption figures have been corrected for this.

3. Static water level data includes:

Well No.	Static Water Levels (below well head)			
	When Constructed	I	Recent	
	(date) (level)	(date)	(level)	
1		3/84	110, 12/84	94
2		3/84	70, 12/84	64
3	8/64 30	9/84	80, 12/84	78
Bridgeton Pike	10/55 44	3/84	59, 12/84	56
1 3	9/64 Flowing	12/84	Flowing	
14	·	3/84	72, 12/84	68
15	10/67 14	3/84	56, 12/84	54
16	4/80 6	3/84	68, 12/84	66

4. The following pump test data is available:

Well No.	Date of Test	Yield (gpm)	Drawdown (ft.)	Static Level (ft.)	Pumping Time (hrs.)
3	8/05/64	1000	58	30	8
Bridgeton Pike	10/07/55	708	44	45	8
15	10/06/67	430	21	14	8
16	4/23/80	805	· 72	6	24

5. Other sub-surface diversions within one-mile radius include the following:

Well	Well	Well	Depth	Capacity	Distance
Owner	No.	Permit No.	(ft.)	(gpm)	(Miles)
Wheaton Glass					1.0

6. Public water supply wells within a 5-mile radius include the following:

Well	No. of	Depth	Capacity	Distance (miles)
Owner	Wells	(ft.)	(gpm)	
City of Vineland	1	174	2000	4.3

7. Nearest landfills and other hazardous surface disposal sites include:

Name of Source	Distance (miles)	Formation Affected	Status
Exxon	0.1	Bridgeton/Cohansey	Case closed
Bi-Lo Station	2.1	Cohansey	Case closed
Millville City Landfill	1.3	Cohansey	Monitoring

8. The following wells have been abandoned or are unused:

Well No.	Well Permit No.	Depth (feet)	Status
1	drilled in 1901	107	Unknown
2	drilled in 1901	107.5	Unknown
3	drilled in 1901	105.5	Unknown
4 5	drilled in 1901	105.5	Unknown
	drilled in 1901	118	Unknown
6 7 8 9	drilled in 1901	104	Unknown
7	drilled in 1925	120	Unknown
8	drilled in 1925	105	Unknown
	drilled in 1925	122	Unknown
10	drilled in 1944	120	Unknown
11	drilled in 1944	110	Sealed
12	35 – 21	122	Unknown
10A	35-968	105	Sealed
	35-932	142	Unknown
Orange Street	35-406	149	Observation Well
	35-476	56	Unknown
Ware Ave.Test	Well 35-841	167	Unknown
No. 1			
Ware Ave.Test	Well 35-842	351	Unknown
No. 2			
Ware Ave.Test	Well 35-843	366	Unknown
No. 3			
Ware Ave.Test No. 1-67	Well 35-952	141	Sealed

- 9. Water, after use, is discharged to the Millville City Sewage Plant for treatment and discharged to the Maurice River under Permit No. 0029467. The treatment works are not under a sewer connection ban or other restriction imposed by NJDEP.
- 10. The water system has storage capacity of 7.3 MG, as compared with a water demand of 3.7 MGD.
- 11. The system has no interconnections with adjacent systems.
- 12. Applicant has no agreements for sale or purchase of water.
- 13. The applicant has obtained prior approval from the Delaware River Basin Commission under Docket No. D-80-37CP.
- 14. The system is 99 percent metered.

Staff Analysis

- 1. The water use is above average. Conservation measures and leak detection may reduce the high usage figures.
- 2. The diversion probably will not have an adverse affect on nearby wells because there have been no complaints of interference. The Wheaton Glass Co. wells are probably the only wells in the area that would be influenced by pumping of the Millville Wells.
- 3. The Cohansey aquifer is a prolific source of water. For example, Well No. 13 is artesian.
- 4. There are two groundwater pollution cases in the area which are being investigated. Both cases are more than one mile away from the applicant's wells.
- 5. There is little probability of salt water intrusion because the diversion is located several miles inland.
- 6. There is no need to develop an alternate source of water at this time.

Conclusions

- 1. The allocation is necessary and in the public interest.
- 2. The diversion probably will not contribute to ground water pollution or salt water intrusion.
- 3. The diversion will not exceed natural replenishment, and will not unduly interfere with other users.

Recommendations

Issuance of the permit is recommended subject to the standard conditions and to the following specific conditions:

1. The amount of water that may be diverted under this renewal permit shall be as follows:

Well Permit	Well Name or	Pump Capacity	Formation
No.	Designation	(gpm)	
55 - 56	Airport Well No. 1	700	Cohansey-Kirkwood
55-57	Airport Well No. 2	700	Cohansey-Kirkwood
35-862	Airport Well No. 3	1000	Cohansey-Kirkwood
35-548	Bridgeton Pike	700	Cohansey-Kirkwood
55-58	Ware Ave. No. 13	800	Cohansey-Kirkwood
35-924	Ware Ave. No. 14	600	Cohansey-Kirkwood
35-953	Ware Ave. No. 15	1000	Cohansey-Kirkwood
35-2522	Ware Ave. No. 16	800	Cohansey-Kirkwood

2. The total allocation from the above source shall not exceed 200 million gallons

- Assistantly to the our advance of respect to the continues and the well shall be reported dustreatly to the oursaid of respect on this partit within 50 mays of respect on this partit a plan not applicable of sersions within the form of former available are the elegan of matter althoughton. Wells shall be equipped with a cast showing the sould be applied with the form of former available are the elegan of matter althoughton. Wells shall be equipped with a cast showing the will permit outdoor listed along.
- 4. Instabilitant shall subsit, with the fourth quarterly diversion record: (a) the total annual commercial/insustrial water use; (b) the percent of unaccounced for tales not metered; (c) the annual will beak water consumption in callone per tabitable day.
- of wells identified in the monitoring plan (See 3. above). Measurement shall be made when the well number has been shut bown for a recovery period of 12 to 24 mours.
- 6. Permittee shall seel within 90 days any wells which have been abandoned and are not used for observation outposes. Wells shall be sealed in accordance with the regulations of the Division and shall be reported to the Eureau of Water Allocation.
- 7. The puration equipment capacity shall not be increased without prior approval by the Division.
- 4. All new services shall be mecared upon installation.

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- 9. The applicant shall adopt and implement to the catisfaction of the division, a continuous program to encourage water conservation in all types of use within the area served by the applicant. A report shall be submitted to the Division on or before October 31, 1985, and each year themsefter, on the actions taken pursuant to this program and the impact thereof.
- 10. Permittee shall have the right to apply at any time for monification of this permit by submission of the appropriate application forms. Permittee way informally discuss the terms and conditions of this permit at any time with the Eureau of Mater Allocation. An application for renewal shall be filled 3 months prior to the expiration date.
- Il. If the permittee fails to comply with any of the terms and conditions herein, or in the public interest and after due process, this approval hav to reviewed for possible application or revocation thereof.
- 12. The Division, at its option, may cause the permit to be reviewed at intervals of not less than 5 years to examine the need for the allocation and to determine compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit and whether a modification to the permit is necessary.
- 13. The permittee is subject to such initial, renewal and annual fees as may be

- in. Acoustii on taas 93021GhClia i olajood on dhe otahdiga uu arjaa hara loo doo Delaware River Pasin Consission which hay we remained under the provisions of the velawire River Basin Coloact.
- ub. The applicant small adout and be prepared to implement to the shtisfaction of the Division, a urbusht of other water supply emergency slan. The plan chall be submittee within 90 days of isobance of this paralt.
- 16. The applicant shall monitor all mater smooly facilities including storage and distribution systems for leavage.
- 17. This permit shall expire on June 30, 2000.
- 19. This permit shall not become operative unless and until the applicant has filed with the Division within 60 days from the date of transmittal hereof, written acceptance of the serms and conditions hereby imposed.

Respectfully submitted,

Diane E. Heut

Diane F. Hart

7-15-85

Bureau of Water Allocation

REFERENCE NO. 15

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STAFF REPORT

In the matter of

Kerr Glass
Manufacturing Corp.

Application No. 2213P to renew permit to divert water from three wells in the City of Millville, Cumberland County

In compliance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 58:1A-1 et seq., Kerr Glass Manufacturing Corp., P.O. Box 150, Millville, New Jersey, filed an application with the Division of Water Resources on March 4, 1982 for a renewal permit to divert a maximum of 55.16 million gallons of water during any month, at a maximum rate of 1300 gallons per minute from existing Wells No. 1, 2 and 3, 140 feet deep, in the Cohansey formation. The wells are located 3000 feet south of Route 49, between Route 47 and Maurice River, in the City of millville, Cumberland County.

Diversion is in the Delaware River Basin.

The applicant requests no change in their existing diversion rights and no public notice is required.

Background

1. This permit is a renewal of an allocation granted by the following:

Permit No.	Date	Source of Water	Diversion (mg)
P-783	11/16/70	Cohansey	56.16/month

2. The diversion includes the following::

well	Date Constr.	Well Permit No.	Deptn (ft.)	Pump Cap. gom	Yield gpm
1	1958	35-713	115	400	450
2	1953	35-719	108	400	550
3	1958	35-720	140	500	610

- 3. The diversion is used for industrial supply.
- 4. Applicant's request will decrease or increase existing allocation.

Findings of Fact

1. A review of quarterly diversion reports indicates the following

water use:

Source Maximum Monthly Use Average Monthly Use Allocation Cohansey 33.25 (1981) 23.0 55.16

The applicant states that decreased demand is due to economic recession and as soon as economic recovery takes place, the demand will rise again.

2. The following static water level data is available:

Well	NO.	Well Permit No.	Static Water Levels When Constructed	
1		35-713	0	none available
2		35-719	17	none available
3		35-720	20	none available

3. The following long-term pump test data is available:

Well	Date	Yield	Drawdown	Static Level	Pumping time
No.	of Test	(3pm)	(feet)	(feet)	(hours)
3	4/20/58	610	38	20	12

4 Public water supply wells within a 5-mile radius include the following:

Well Owner	Well	Well	Depth	Capacity	Distance
	No.	Permit No.	(feet)	(gpm)	(feet)
Millville	1	35-841	140	400	1200

5. Water, after use, will be discharged to Kerr Glass Manufacturing Corporation treatment plant for treatment and discharge to Maurice River under NJPDES Permit No. 005398. The treatment works are not under a sewer connection ban or other restriction imposed by NJDEP.

Staff Analysis

- 1. The water use is reasonable and in the public interest.
- 2. Based on the pump tests listed above, the radius of influence is calculated as follows:

	T(gpu/faet)	S	t(days)	4(àbw)	Radius(feet)
Well No.					
3	20,000	0.2	1/2	610	100

3. The diversion probably will not have an adverse effect on nearby

wells because the nearest public supply well is 1200 feet and the cone of depression extends to only 100 feet.

- 4. No data exists to make a determination as to the state of natural replenishment of the groundwater, however, because the Cohansey is a prolific water source it is assumed that natural replenishment is taking place. Static water level reports should be required as a condition of this permit.
- 5. Diversion will not be likely to cause ground water pollution because there is no landfill or other sources of pollution near the diversion.
- 6. There is little probability of salt water intrusion because the diversion is in water table aquifer. Also diversion is located several miles inland.

Conclusions

- 1. The allocation is necessary and in the public interest.
- 2. The diversion will not cause groundwater pollution or salt water intrusion.
- 3. The diversion is not expected to exceed natural replanishment, and will not unduly interfere with other users.

Recommendations

Issuance of the permit is recommended subject to the standard conditions and to the following specific conditions:

1. The amount of water that may be diverted under this renewal permit shall be as follows:

well Permit No.	Well Name Or Designation	Pump Cap. gpm	Formation
35-713	1	400	Cohansey
35-719	. 2	400	Cohansey
35-720	3	500	Cohansey

- 2. The total allocation from the above sources shall not exceed 55.16 million gallons per month at a maximum rate of 1300 gpm.
- 3. All wells shall be metered. The total diversion for each month from each formation shall be reported quarterly to the Water Allocation Office. Applicant shall submit by September 30, 1983 a plan for monitoring diversions using the form or format available from the Water Allocation Office. Wells shall be equipped with a tag showing the well permit numbers listed above.

- 4. Well shall be contructed so that water level measurements can be made by tape at any time. Applicant shall submit, with quarterly diversion, the static water level in all wells identified in the monitoring plan (See 3 above). Measurement shall be made when the well pump has been shut down for a recovery period of 12 to 24 hours. For wells that operate continuously, a monitoring schedule will be proposed in the monitoring plan for review and approval by the Water Allocation Office.
- 5. The pumping equipment capacity shall not be increased without prior approval by the Division.
- 5. Permittee shall have the right to apply at any time for modification of this permit by submission of the appropriate application forms. Permittee may informally discuss the terms and conditions of this permit at any time with the Water Allocation Office. An application for renewal shall be filed 3 months prior to the expiration date.
- 7. If the permittee fails to comply with any of the terms and conditions herein, or in the public interest and after due process this approval may be reviewed for possible modification or revocation thereof.
- 8. The Division, at its option, may cause the permit to be reviewed at intervals of not less than 5 years to examine the need for the allocation and to determine compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit and whether a modification to the permit is necessary.
- 9. The permittee is subject to such initial, renewal and annual fees as may be prescribed by the regulations.
- 10. Approval of this application is subject to the granting of any approval by the Delaware River Basin Commission which may be required under the provisions of the Delaware River Basin Compact.
- 11. This permit shall expire on June 30, 1998.
- 12. This permit shall not become operative unless and until the applicant has filed with the Division within 60 days from the date of transmittal hereof, written acceptance of the terms and conditions hereby imposed.

Respectfully submitted,

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DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DIVISION OF WATER POLICY & SUPPLY

Permit No	35-713
Application	Xa
County	

WELL RECORD

4.	OWNER Armstrong Cork Co.	ADDRESS	2411	711]J		
	Owner's Well No. 17					
2.	LOCATION Millville, N.J.			(4007 # 44 48	*** !***!	
3.	DATE COMPLETED Aug. 1958 DRIV	LLER	artesiar	ı Wall Oril	ling Co.	
ч.	DATE COMPLETED Aug. 1958 DRIV DIAMETER: top 10 Inches Botton 10	lnches	TOT.	AL DEPTH	115	Feet
5.	CASING: TypeSteel	Diameter	10 Inch	Jangt	h 8019"	Feat
δ.	CASING: Type Steel Cook Everdure W.W. Size of #40 SCREEM: Type Opening #40	Diameter <u>9</u>	20.Dinch	s Lengt	h 3115"	Feet
	Range $\begin{cases} Top & 81 & Feet \\ Sottom & 112 & Feet \end{cases}$					
	Tail piece. Diameter 8 Inches	Length.	41511	Feet		
7.	WELL FLOWS NATURALLY Gallons per 1	Minute at_		Feet	above sur	face
	Water rises toFeet	above surf	ace	,		
٤.	RECORD OF TEST: DateAug 3, 1958 Yie	1d	0	Gallo	ns per air	ıu te
	Static water level before pumping	rado O		Foet	below sur	face
	Pumping level 40 feet below s	urface aft	er6		hours pum	ping
	Drawdown LiO Feet Specific C					
	How Pumped <u>nim compressor</u>					
	Observed effect on nearby wells					
9.						
	Type Annihin mon doan well turbing Mfr	s. Name	Corthingto	r 🗸		
	Capacity <u>FCO</u> G.P.M. How Dri	ven <u>ols</u>	ctricH	.P. 40 V	R.P.M	1750
	Depth of Pump in well 65 Feet					
:0.	USED FOR commencial puriscus	AMOUN	NT Average		_Gallons D	aily
	Inspection (DG -7-15-70		Maximum		_Gallons D	aily
1.1	. QUALITY OF WATER = exections.	Samp	1e:	Y e s	но	•
	Taste <u>1200 - Oper 2200</u>					
12	. 100 rate details on seek of sheet or on sections, shippy (form, shippy)	parate sheet	Are so	imples avai ic log was ma	lable	. •
: 2	. SOURCE OF DATA). · .			
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DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DIVISION OF WATER POLICY & SUPPLY

Pormit No	•	
Applicati	on X & _	
County		•

WELL RECORD

١.	OWNER Armstron Cork Co. ADDRESS Minimalia,
	Owner's Well No Feet
2.	LOCATION Millville, M.J.
3.	DATE COMPLETED AND. 1958 DRILLER ARPLIATE MEDICAL CO.
ч.	DIAMETER: top 10 Inches Botton 10 Inches TOTAL DEPTH 1/1/2 Feet
5.	CASING: Type steel Diameter 10 · inches Length 175 Feet
6.	Cook everdire W.m. Size of
	Range (Tup 108 Feet Geologic Formation 60 top hipe and packer 3140 Feet 60 top hipe and packer 3140
	Tail piece. Diameter 3 Inches Length 4 Feet
7.	WELL FLOWS NATURALLY Gallons per Minute at Feet above surface
	Water rises toFeet above surface
8.	RECORD OF TEST: Date 600. 11. 1058 Yield 550 Gallons per minute
	Static water level before pumpingFeet below surface
	Pumping level47feet below surface after6hours pumping
	Drawdown 30 Feet Specific Capacity Gals. per min. per ft. of drawdown
	How Pumped <u>Ain compresson</u> How measured <u>Wein</u>
	Observed effect on mearby wells lowered well wil about 18"
9.	PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:
	Type Pflueger
	Capacity 500 G.P.M. How Driven electric H.P. 40 R.P.M. 1750
	Depth of Pump in well_ <u>85</u> FeetDepth of Footpiece in well_ <u>90</u> Feet
	Depth of Air Line in wellFeetDepth of Meter on Pump On Order
10.	USED FOR <u>conterctal surposes</u> AMOUNT Average <u>Gallons Daily</u> The pection - CDG - 745-76 Maximum <u>Gallons Daily</u>
	Inspection - CDG - 7-15-76 Haximum Gallons Daily
11.	. QUALITY OF WATER <u>excellent</u> Sample: Yes X No
	Taste Coor nor Color Clear Temp. Temp.
12.	(Give details on back of sheet or on separate sheet. If electric log was made, please furnish copy)
13	Source of data
14	
	(NOTE: Use other side of this sheet for additional information such as log of materials penetra

DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DIVISION OF WATER POLICY & SUPPLY

Permit No	? <u></u>	7.7.5
Application	H 🕰	
County		

WELL RECORD

. OWNER Arretrone Cork Co.	_ ADDRESS Millville, M.J.
Owner's Well No	SURFACE ELEVATION (Above mean sea level)
. LOCATION Millville, N.J.	
B. DATE COMPLETED ORT 20, 1958 DRI	
	onches TOTAL DEPTH 140 Feet
5. CASING: Typestnel	Diameter 10 Inches Length 104 Feet
Size of #40 Size of #40 Size of #40	Diameter $9.0.2$ inches Length $31'2''$ Feet
Range $ \begin{cases} $	Geologic Formation
	Minute at Feet above surface
Water rises toFeet	
8. RECORD OF TEST: Date Aug. 25, 1953 Yie	ald 610 Gallons per minute
Static water level before pumping	1917" Feet below surface
Pumping level <u>58</u> feet below s	surface after 12 hours pumping
Drawdown 28 Feet Specific (Capacity <u>ló</u> Gals. per min. per ft. of drawdown
How Pumped <u>air compressor</u>	How measured Weir
Observed effect on nearby wells lowered	d #1 well and #2 well several inches
9. PERMANENT PUMPING EQUIPMENT:	
Type Deen Well careins Mf	rs. Name On Gasdine Engine
Capacity : 500 G.P.M. How Dr	iven <u>gasoline</u> H.P. ? R.P.M. 1750
	Depth of Footpiece in wellFeet
Depth of Air Line in well 90 Feet	Depth of Meter on Pump On Order
10. USED FOR Standby commercial purposes	AMOUNT Average Gallons Daily
emer-ency use only Inspection: COG 7-15-70	MaximumGallons Daily
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sample: YesNo
TastaOdor	ColorClearTempOF
(Give details on back of sheet or on act furnish copy)	Are samples available no eparate sheet. If electric log was made, please
13. SOURCE OF DATA	BATER IN.
14. DATA OBTAINED BY 100000000000000000000000000000000000	'r. Date Joc. 1988
(NOTE: Use other side of this sheet for a analysis of the water, sketch map, sketch	additional information such as log of materials penetrate of special casing arrangements stc.)

REFERENCE NO. 16

TO: Aircraft Printing, Inc File DATE: August 29 1988
FROM: Joann Wagner COPIES:
SUBJECT: Trecords of wells within a 3-mile radius of site
REFERENCE: Water Smeet Mo. 35 and corresponding Water Singly Overlay
During visits by this writer to the NJDEP, No. of water
Tresources Burewof Water Allocation (401 E. State Street Trentia)
on August 22 and 26, 1988, copies were made from
microsilm of well records for wells within a 3-mile radius
of the Aircraft Painting I-c. site. The wells were determined
to be within this radius using the New Jersey rechangular
coordinate system for Atlas Sheat No. 35. From these
well records it was found that there we at least 5%
domestic wells and Hirrigation wells within a 3-
mile radius of the Aircraft Painting. Inc. site which are
not listed on the printict obtained from the came DEP
office of Water Withdrawal Points vithin a 5-mile radius
of the site, Copies of these well records can be found in the
Reference Information Subsection of the Aircraft Painting In
File? they are too voluminous to be included with the
Site Inspection Report.
I

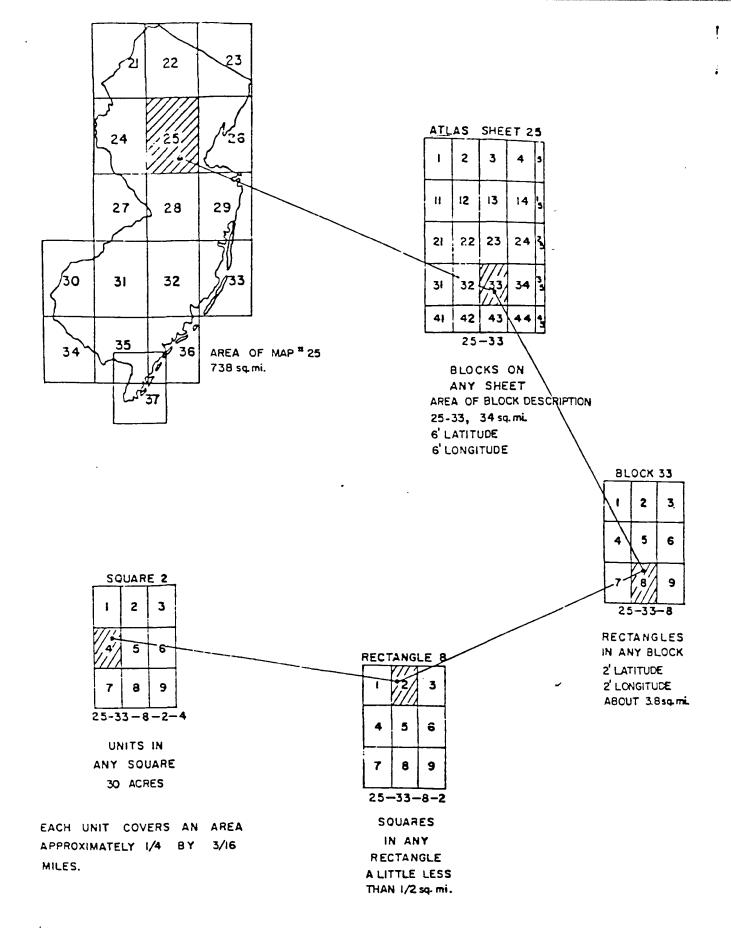
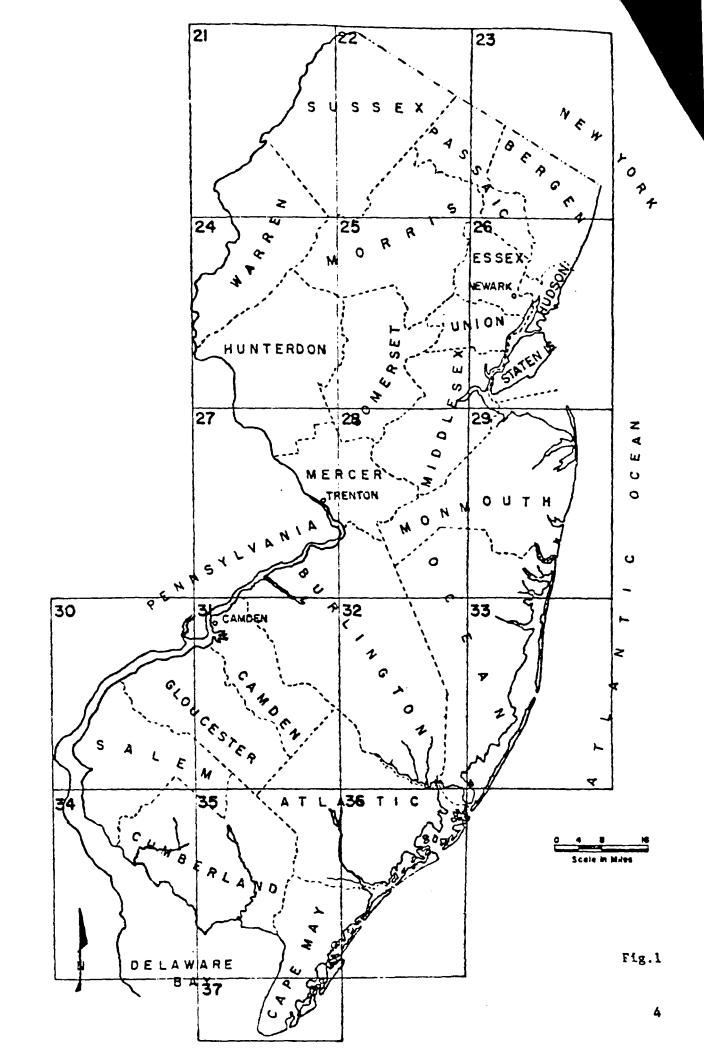
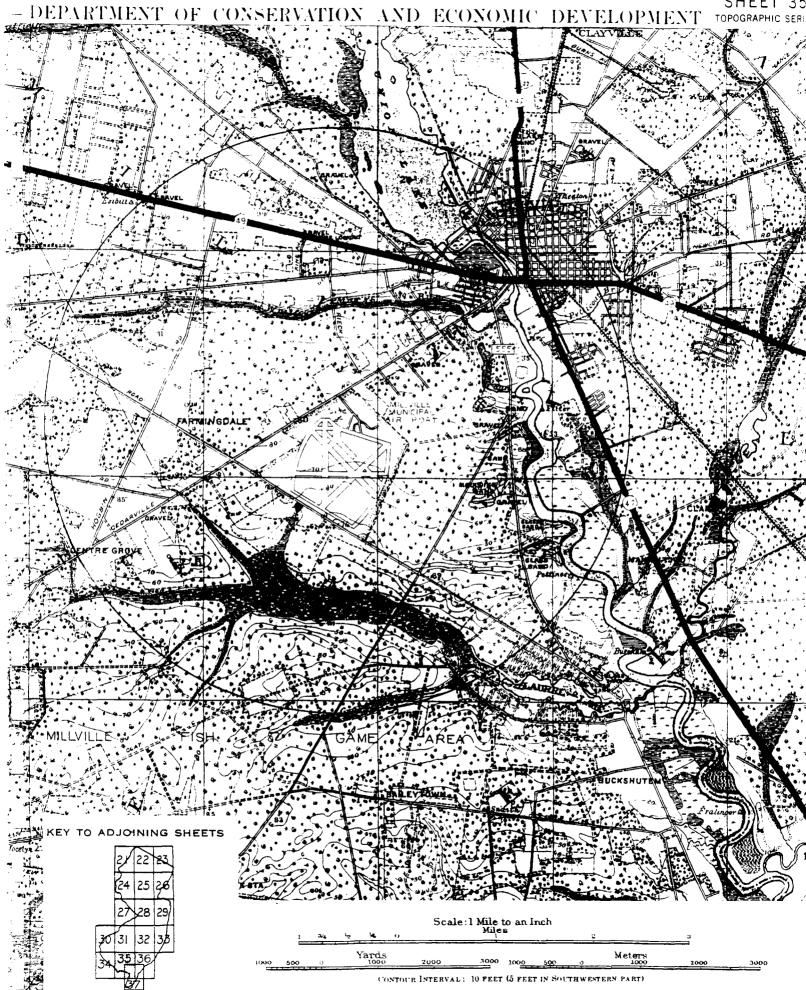


DIAGRAM SHOWING USE OF NEW JERSEY RECTANGULAR COORDINATE SYSTEM. TO LOCATE A FACILITY AT 25-33-8-2-4

Fig. 2





LEGEND

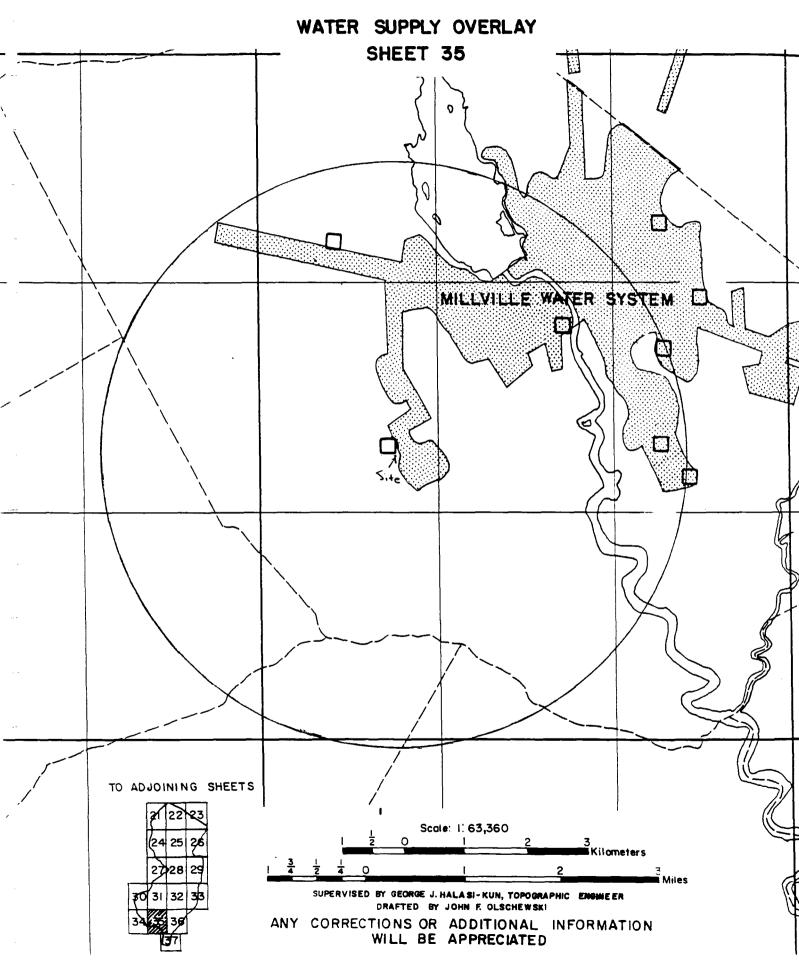
	AREA SERVED BY PRIVATE WATER SERVICE COMPANIES
	AREA SERVED BY REGIONALLY OWNED WATER SERVICE COMPANIES
	AREA SERVED BY MUNICIPALLY OWNED WATER SERVICE COMPANIES
	AREA NOT PRESENTLY SERVED BY WATER SERVICE
	PUBLIC SUPPLY WELLS
0	SURFACE WATER INTAKE
—- w	MAJOR WATER MAINS
	TOWNSHIP BOUNDARIES
	COUNTY BOUNDARIES
	STATE BOUNDARIES
	ALL MAP COORDINATES ARE FOR THE LOWER LEFT
	HAND CORNER

LOCATIONS AND OWNERS OF PUBLIC SUPPLY WELLS

```
35-02-515
           City of Vineland
35-02-517
           City of Vineland
35-02-633
           City of Vineland
           City of Vineland
35-02-684
35-02-953
           City of Vineland
35-02-956
           City of Vineland
35-03-227
           Our Ladies of Victories School
35-03-434
           City of Vineland
35-12-184
           City of Millville
35-12-373
           City of Millville
35-12-491
           City of Millville
35-12-534
           City of Millville
35-12-619
           City of Millville
35-12-622
           City of Millville
35-12-673
           City of Millville
35-12-684
           City of Millville
35-21-795
           Fortesque Tract Water System
35-22-646
           Haleyville Elementary School
35-22-868
           Commercial Twp. Board of Education
35-23-875
           State of New Jersey
35-23-875
           State of New Jersey
35-24-982
           Woodbine Water Co.
35-24-986 | Woodbine Water Co.
35-34-333
           Woodbine State Hospital
35-44-641
           Neptune Water Co.
35-44-653
           Neptune Water Co.
35-44-653
           Neptune Water Co.
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STATE OF NEW JERSEY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION



	
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	REFERENCE NO. 17
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Surface Water Quality Standards N.J.A.C. 7:9-4

May 1985

boundaries of the Wildlife Management	
Area (Mad Horse Creek) - Creek and all waters within the Mad Horse Creek Wildlife Management Area	FW2-NT/SE1(C1)
MALAPATIS CREEK	
(Mad Horse Creek) - Entire length, except segment described below	SE1 (C1)
(Mad Horse Creek) - Portions of the Creek beyond the boundaries of the Mad Horse Creek Wildlife Management Area	SE1
MANANTICO CREEK (Millville) - Entire length, except segment	FW2-NT
<pre>described below (Menantico) - Segment within the boundaries of the Menantico Ponds Wildlife</pre>	FW2-NT(C1)
Management Area	
MANTUA CREEK (Woodbury) - Entire length MARCIA LAKE (Montague) MASON CREEK	FW2-NT/SE2 FW2-TM(C1)
(Springville) - Entire length, except segment described below	FW2-NT
(Medford) - Segment within Medford Wildlife Management Area	FW2-NT(C1)
MASONS RUN	
(Pine Hill) - Source to Little Mill Rd. (Lindenwold) - Little Mill Rd. to confluence with Big Timber Creek MAURICE RIVER	FW2-TP(C1) FW2-NT
MAIN STEM	
(Willow's Grove) - Source to the boundary of the section of Union Lake Wildlife Management Area north of Vineland	FW2-NT
(Vineland) - Boundary of the Union Lake Wildlife Management Area to	FW2-NT(C1)
confluence with Blackwater Branch (Vineland) - Confluence with Blackwater Branch to Delaware Bay, except tributaries described under Tributaries below	FW2-NT/SE1
TRIBUTARIES, MAURICE RIVER	
(Willow's Grove) - Those portions of tributaries that are within the	PL
boundaries of the Pinelands Pro- tection and Preservation Area (Vineland) - All tributaries within the boundaries of the Union Lake Wildlife Management Area and within the Wildlife Management Area that	FW2-NT/SE1(C1)
borders Delaware Bay MCCORMICK POND (Egg Island)	FW2-NT/SE1(C1)

REFERENCE NO. 18

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Surface Water Quality Standards

SURFACE WATER QUALITY STANDARDS

N.J.A.C. 7:9-4.1 et seq.

May 1985

- (c) In all FW2 waters the designated uses are:
 - 1. Maintenance, migration and propagation of the natural and established biota;
 - 2. Primary and secondary contact recreation;
 - 3. Industrial and agricultural water supply;
 - 4. Public potable water supply after such treatment as required by law or regulation; and
 - 5. Any other reasonable uses.
- (d) In all SEl waters the designated uses are:
 - Shellfish harvesting in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:12;
 - Maintenance, migration and propagation of the natural and established biota;
 - 3. Primary and secondary contact recreation; and
 - 4. Any other reasonable uses.
- (e) In all SE2 waters the designated uses are:
 - Maintenance, migration and propagation of the natural and established biota;
 - 2. Migration of diadromous fish;
 - 3. Maintenance of wildlife;
 - 4. Secondary contact recreation; and
 - 5. Any other reasonable uses.
- (f) In all SE3 waters the designated uses are:
 - 1. Secondary contact recreation;
 - 2. Maintenance and migration of fish populations;
 - 3. Migration of diadromous fish;
 - 4. Maintenance of wildlife; and
 - 5. Any other reasonable uses.
- (g) In all SC waters the designated uses are:
 - 1. Shellfish harvesting in accordance with N.J.A.C. 7:12;

REFERENCE NO. 19





ENDANGERED AND THREATENED

WILDLIFE AND PLANTS

JANUARY 1, 1986

50 CFR 17.11 and 17.12

Department of the Interior U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

RECEIVED

APR 11 to 1986

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SENT TO______

Tible 50-Wildlife and Figheries

PART 17—ENDANGERED AND THREATENED WILDLIFE AND PLANTS

Subpart B-Lists

Source: 48 FR 34182. July 27, 1963, unless atherwise noted.

§ 17.11 Endangered and threatened widths.

- (a) The list in this section contains the names of all species of wildlife which have been determined by the Services to be Endangered or Threatened. It also contains the names of species of wildlife treated as Endangered or Threatened because they are sufficiently similar in appearance to Endangered or Threatened species (see § 17.50 et seq.).
- (b) The columns entitled "Commo" Name." "Scientific Name." and Vertebrate Population Where Endangered or Threatened" define the species of wildlife within the meaning of the Act. Thus, differently classified zeographic populations of the same vertebrate subspecies or species shall be identified by their differing geographic boundaries, even though the other two columns are identical. The term "Entire" means that all populations throughout the present range of a vertebrate species are listed. Although common names are included, they cannot be relied upon for identification of any specimen, since they may vary greatly in local usage. The Services shall use the most recently accepted scientific name. In cases in which confusion might anse, a synonym(s) will be provided in parentheses. The Services shall rely to the extent practicable on the international Code of Zoological ∀omenciature.
- 'c) In the "Status" column the following symbols are used: "E" for Endangered. "T" for Threatened, and "E [or T] (S/A)" for similarity of appearance species.

- (d) The other data in the list are nonregulatory in nature and are provided for the information of the reader. In the annual revision and compilation of this Title, the following information may be amended without public notice: the spelling of species' names, historical range, footnotes. references to certain other applicable portions of this Title, synonyms, and more current names. In any of these revised entries, neither the species, as defined in paragraph (b) of this section. nor its status may be changed without following the procedures of Part 424 of this Title.
- (e) The "Historic Range" indicates the known general distribution of the species or subspecies as reported in the current scientific literature. The present distribution may be greatly reduced from this historic range. This column does not imply any limitation on the application of the prohibitions in the Act or implementing rules. Such prohibitions apply to all individuals of the species, wherever found.
- (f)(1) A footnote to the Federal Register publication(s) listing or reclassifying a species is indicated under the column "When Listed." Footnote numbers to §§ 17.11 and 17.12 are in the same numerical sequence, since plants and animals may be listed in the same Federal Register document. That document, at least since 1973, includes a statement indicating the basis for the listing, as well as the effective date(s) of said listing.
- (2) The "Special Rules" and "Critical Habitat" columns provide a cross reference to other sections in Parts 17, 222, 228, or 227. The "Special Rules" column will also be used to cite the special rules that describe experimental populations and determine if they are essential or nonessential. Separate listing will be made for experimental populations, and the status column will include the following symbols: "XE" for an essential experimental population and "XN" for a nonessential

- experimental population. The term 'NA" (not applicable) appearing in either of these two columns indicates that there are no special rules and/or critical habitat for that particular species. However, all other appropriate rules in Parts 17, 217-227, and 402 still apply to that species. In addition, there may be other rules in this Title that relate to such wildlife, e.g., port-of-entry requirements. It is not intended that the references in the "Special Rules" column list all the regulations of the two Services which might apply to the species or to the regulations of other Federal agencies or State or local governments.
- (g) The listing of a particular taxon includes all lower taxonomic units. For example, the genus Hylobates (gibbons) is listed as Endangered throughout its entire range (China, India, and SE Asia): consequently, all species, subspecies. and populations of that genus are considered listed as Endangered for the purposes of the Act. in 1978 (43 FR 6230-6233) the species Haliasetus leucocephalus (baid eagle) was listed as Threatened in "USA (WA. OR. MN. WI. MI)" rather than its entire population: thus, all individuals of the bald eagle found in those five States are considered listed as Threatened for the purposes of the Act.
- (h) The "List of Endangered and Threatened Wildlife" is provided below:

serroman morre This is a compilation and special reprint of 50 CFR 17.11 and 17.12 and is current as of the date shows on the cover. Minor changes and corrections to the October 1. 1986, compilation of 50 CFR have been incorporated in this printing, as well as all published fixel rules that have subsequen. appeared in the Federal Register. Otherwise. no entry in these lists has been significantly affected. This list has been prepared by the staff of the Office of Endangered Species. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Weshington. D.C. 20240. Readers are requested to advise the Service of any errors in this list. Copies are available from the Publication Unit. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Washington. D.C. 20240

	ipecies		Verlebrate population where	Sta-	When	Critical	Special
Common name	Scientific name	Historic range	endangered or threatened	1.0	hoted	habitat	ndee
Mammals							
Anos, lowland	Bubalus depressicornie (=8. anoa depressicomis).	Indonesia	Entire	E	3	NA	N
knoa, mountain	Bubaka quarlesi (= B. anoa quarlesi)	do	do	E	15	NA	NA
Intelope, giant sable	Hippotrague niger vanani	Angola	do	E	15	NA	N
rpell	Ovis ammon hodgeoni	Chine (Tibel, Himeleyss)	do	E	15	NA	N
umadito, quant	Priodontes maximus (= piganteus)	Venezuele and Guyane to Argentine	do	E	15	NA	N
urnadillo, pink lary	Chlemphone trincales	Argentine	do	E	3	NA	N
se. African wild	Eque estrus (= atricanus)	Sometia, Sudan, Ethiopia	do	E	3	NA	NA
Les, Asian wild (kulan, onager)	Equa hemiorus	Southwestern and Central Asia	do	E	3	NA	N
lvahi	Avahi (=Lichanotus) langer (=entre	Malegasy Republic (= Madegascar)	do	E	3	NA	N/A
\ve-Ave	Deubentonia medagescariensis	Malagasy Republic (= Madagascar)	do	E	3	NA	N.A
lebines	Behanuse behanuse	Indonesia	do	E	15	NA	NA.
laboon, gelada	Theropitheous gelede	Ethiopia	do	T	18	NA	17.40(c
lendicoot, berred	Perametes bougainville	Australia		E	4	NA	N
endicoot desert		40		E	6	NA	N
andicool, lesser rabbit	Mecrotin Jayoutt	6	do	E	4	NA.	N
landicoot, pig-footed			do	E	4	NA	N.A
landicool, jug-toucou	Mecrotia leggis	6	do	Ē	4	NA	NA.
		Southeest Asia	do	E	3	NA	N/
enleng		Pagus New Guines	do	Ē	139	NA	N/
let, Butmer's trust (Hying fox)		Theiland	do	Ē	130	NA	N
et, bumblebee		Central and Southeastern U.S.A		Ē	13	NA	NA
lel, grey		USA #W		Ē	2	NA	NA
iel, Heweven hoery		Eastern and Midwestern U.S.A	do	Ē		17 05(a)	NA
let, Indiena				Ē	156	NA NA	NA NA
let, little Menene frui		Western Pacific Ocean: U.S.A. (Guarn)		E	156	NA NA	NA NA
let, Mariana Irut		Western Pacific Ocean: U.S.A. (Guern, Rote, Tinten, Seipen, Agiguen).	Guerndo	E	85	NA NA	NA NA
lat, Ozark big-eared		U.S.A. (MO, OK, AR)		E	139	NA NA	NA NA
let, Rodrigues fruit (Hying lox)	Pteropus rodricensis	Indian Ocean: Rodrigues Island	do	E	139	NA NA	NA NA
let, Singepore roundleef horseshoe	Hipposideros ridisyi	Malaysia		Ē	85	17 95(a)	NA NA
let, Virginia big-eared	Placotus townsendi verginianus	U.S.A. (KY, WV, VA)	do	Ē	15		NA NA
lest, brown	Ursus arctos prunosus	China (Tibet)	do	E	15	NA	. NA
lear, brown	Uraus arctos arctos	Palearctic	Hely	1	1, 2, 9	NA NA	
lear, brown or grazzly	Ursus arctos (= U.a. horribás)	Holasciic	U.S.A.—48 conterminous States.			NA.	17 40 (b)
Seer, brown or anzzly	Ursus arctos (= U.a. nelsoni)	Holerchic	Merico	E	3	NA	NA
leaver	Castor liber brulei	Mongoda	Entire	E	15	NA	NA
ison wood	Bison bison athebascae	Canada, Northwestern U.S.A	Cenede	E	3	NA	NA
lobcal	Fells naus escuinaces	Central Mexico	Entire	E	15	NA	NA
ontsbok (antelope)		South Africa	do	E	15	NA	NA
Comet, Bectrien	Comptus bectrionus (tenus)	Monacila, China	ا	Εİ	15 l	NA !	NA

<u> </u>	00005	ì	Vertebrate population where	[.]	144		
Common name	Scientific name	Historic range	endangered or Preglaned	Sua- lus	When listed	Critical habitat	Special rules
Caribou, woodland	Rangiler tarandus caribou	Canada, U.S.A. (AK, ID, ME, MI, MN, MT, NH, VT, WA, WI).	Canada (that part of S.E. Brit Col. bounded by the CanUSA border, Columbia R, Kootenay R, Kootenay L, and Kootenay L, and Kootenay R, U.S.A. (ID, WA).	£	128E. 136E. 143 .	NA.	N
Cut, Andean	Felis jacobita	Chile, Peru, Bolivia, Argentina	Entire	E Ì	15	NA	l NA
Cal, black-footed	Falis nigripos	Southern Ainca		Ē	15	NA	N.A
Cal, Nal-headed	Falis planicapa	Malaysia, Indonesia	do	F	15	NA	N.A
Cat, triomote	Felis (Mayalturus) momotensis	Jepen (Inomote Island, Ryukyu Islands)	do	Ē	50	NA	N/
Cal. leggard	Felis bengalensis bengalensis	India, Southeast Asia		Ē	15	NA	N
Cal merbled		Nepal, Southeast Asia, Indonesia		ΕÌ	15	NA.	N
Cel, Pakislan sand		Pakelan	do	- E	139	NA.	N
Cat, Temminck's (=golden cat)	Felis terminolu	Nepal, China, Southeast Asia, Indonesia (Sumatra).	do	Ē	15	NA	2
Cal, tiger	Felia tignnus	Costa Rica to northern Argentina	do	£	5]	NA]	N
Champis, Apennine	Rupicapra rupicapra ornala	Italy	do	E	15	NA	N
Cheelah	Acinonyx pubekie	Africa to India		E	3, 5	NA	N/
himpanzee	Pan troplodytes	West and Central Ainca		T	16	NA	17 40(c
Chimpanzee, pygmy	Pan paniscus	Zeiro	do	1	16	NA	17 40ic
Thinchille	Chinchille brevicaudata boliviana	Bolime]do	ΕÌ	15	NA	N
Civet, Malabar large-spotted	Viverre megasoile civettine	india	do.	E	50	NA	N
Coctuto (=Gutl of California harbor por- poise).	Phocoena surus	Mexico (Gulf of Cablornia)	do	E	169	NA	NA
Colobus, Preuss's red	Colobus badius proussi	Cameroon	do	Εļ	139	NA	NA
Cougar, eastern	Felis concolor couguer	Eastern North America		E	6	NA	NA
Deer, Bectrien		U.S.S.R., Alghanistan	do	ΕÌ	50	NA I	NA
Deer, Beween	Auis (= Cervus) porcinus kuhi	Indonesia	do	E	3 (NA	NA
Deer Berbery	Cervis eleptus berberis	Morocco, Tunisia, Algeria)do	E	50	NA I	NA
Deer, Cedros Island mule	Odocodous hemionus cedrosensis	Mexico (Cedros Island)	do	E	10	NA	NA
Deer, Columbian white-lailed		U.S.A. (WA, OR)	do	E	11	NA	NA.
Deer Corsican red		Cornice, Serdinia		E	50	NA	NA
Deer Eld's brow-entiered	Corrus etdi	India to Southeest Asia		Ē	3	NA	NA NA
Deer Formosen nite	Conce ninnon telouenus	Tahran		Ē	50	NA I	NA NA
Deer, hog	Auis (= Carvus) porcinus annamiscus	Thelland, Indochine	do	Ē]	15	NA	NA NA
Deer New	Odocodous veginarus clevium	U.S.A. FL)	do	Ē	1	NA	NA NA
Deer, marsh	Blastocerus dichotomus	Argentine, Uruguey, Paraguay, Bolivia, Brazili.	do	Ē	3	NA	NA
Deer, McNedi's	Cervus elaphus macnesis	China (Sinkiang, Tibel)	. do	E	3	NA	NA
Deer, musk	Alpechus app. (all species)	Central and East Assa	Alghanistan, Bhutan, Burma, Chine (Tibet, Yunnan), India, Nepal, Pakistan, Sakkim.	E	15	NA	NA
Deur, North China sika	Curvus ruppon mundurinus	China (Shantung and Chihi Provinces)	Entire	£	50	NA	NA
Deer, pampas		Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, Bolivia, Para- guay.	do	E	15	NA	NA

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	Species		Vertebrate	1 1			
Соттол пате	Scientific name	Historic range	population where endangered or threatened	Sta-	When isted	Critical habitat	Special rules
Deer, Persian fallow		kaq kan	do	E	3	NA	NA
Deer, Philippine			do	Ē	15	NA	NA
Deer, Ryukyu sika		Jepen (Flyukyu lelends)	do	E	50	NA	NA
Deer, Shanei sika		China (Shanai Province)	do	Ē	50	NA	NA.
Deer, South Chine sike	Cervus nippon kapschi	Southern Chine	do	Ē	50	NA	NA
lear, ewastp (-barasingha)		India, Nepal	do	Ē	3	NA	NA.
eer, Yerkend		China (Sinkiana)	do	Ē	50	NA	NA NA
thole (-Asiatic wild dog)			do	Ē	3	NA	NA
thier	Antechinus apicalis	Australia	do	Εİ		NA	NA
og, African wild	Lyceon pictus		do	Ē	139	NA NA	NA NA
		Equatorial West Africa	do	Ē	16	NA NA	NA NA
Magang		East Africa to southern Japan, including		Ē	4	NA NA	NA NA
		U.S.A. (Trust Territories).		E	•	NA.	NA.
uikar, Jantink's	Caphalophus janinki	Sierra Leone, Liberia, Ivory Coasi	do	-	50	NA	NA
lend. Western grant	Teuroteque derbienus derbienus	Senegal to Ivory Coast	do	Ē	50	NA	NA NA
lephant. African		Africa	do	7	40	NA I	17 40(e)
lechant Asien		South-central and Southeast Asia	do	έl	15	NA NA	NA NA
esst. black-looted		Western U.S.A., Western Canada	do		1.3	NA	NA NA
ou, Northern swift		U.S.A. (northern plains), Canada		Ē	1.3	NA I	NA NA
or, Sen Joseph Mt		U.S.A. (CA)	Entire	Ē	3		NA NA
· - ·	1 ♥	Ethiopia		- [• 1	NA	
ox, Simion		Somella Ethiopia		=	50	NA	NA
ezelle, Clark's (- Dibateg)		Morocco, Algeria, Turusia		E	3	NA	NA
azelle, Carter's		. Morocco, Algena, Funisia		E	3	NA	NA
exelle, Mhorr		Morocco		E	3	NA	NA
ezelle, Moroccen (= Dorces)	Gazella dorces messeesyle	. Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia		E	3	NA	NA
ezelle, Rio de Oro Dema		. Western Sahara		E	3	NA	NA
exelle, Arebien		Arabian Paninaula, Palestine, Sinai	do	E	50	NA	NA
azelle, sand			do	E 1	50	NA	NA
azelle, Saudi Arabian		leraet, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Arabian Pe- nincula.		•	50	NA	NA
azellė, Peizein's		Somels	do	E	50	NA	NA
exelle, elender-horned (= Fihim)		Sudan, Egypt, Algene, Libya	do	E	3	NA	NA
Bbons		Chine, India, Southeast Asia	do	E	3, 15	NA	NA
oot, wild (= Chillen merkhor)		Southwestern Agin	Chillen Range of west-central Pakisten.	E	15	NA	NA
orei	Nemorhaedus goral	East Asia	Entire	E	15	NA	NA
	Gorife gorife	Central and Western Aince	do	E	3	NA	NA
ere, frienist	Caprolague historius	India, Nepal, Bhutan	60	E	15	NA	NA
ertebeest Sweyne's	Alcelaphus buselaphus swaynei	Ethiopia, Somelia	60	E	3, 50	NA	NA
ertaboost. Tora		Ethiopia, Sudan, Egypt	do	E	50	NA	NA
OO. PYOMY	Sus selvanus	India, Nepal, Bhuten, Sakim	do	E	3	NA	NA
ome. Przewsielu's		Mongolle, Chine	do	E	15	NA	NA
want. North Andeen		Equador, Peru, Ch. sa, Argentina		E	15	NA	NA
uemit South Andeen	Hispocamatus baulcus	Chile, Argentine	do	E	15	NA	NA
yene, Berbery		Mesocco, Algeria, Turrete	do	E	3	NA	NA
vene brown		Southern Aldea	6 0	E	3	NA	NA
es. Pyreneen		Spain		E	3	NA	NA
er. Welle	Carro mate	Ethiopia		E	3	NA	NA
note, block-lected		Nambia, Angola	do	E	3	NA	NA
		Malagasy Republic (-Madagascar)		E	3 (NA I	NA I

Common name	Scientific name	Historic range	population where endangered or threatened	Sta- tus	When heted	Critical habitat	Special rules
aguarundi	Felia vagouaroundi cacomiti	U.S.A. (TX), Mexico	Entire				
ouerundi		Mexico, Nicaragua		E	15	NA	N
overved)		Nicerague, Costa Rica, Panama	do	E	15	NA	N
ouerund		H.C.A. (A.T. Adoring		E	15	NA] N
	Alexandra executario dell'archinente	U.S.A. (AZ), Mexico	do	E	15	NA	N
angaroo, eastern gray	except (esmaniones)	Australia	1	T	7	NA	17 400
angaroo, red		do	40	T	7	NA	17 40(
angaroo, Taemanien forester		Australia (Tasmania)		E	6	NA	N
ungaroo, western gray		Australia		T	7	NA	17 40(
xuprey		Vietnem, Lace, Cambodia, Thailand	do	E	3	NA	N
ngur, capped		India, Burma, Bengladesh		E	15	NA	N
ngur, entellus	Prestytis entellus	China (Tibet), India, Pakistan, Kaahmir,		E	15	NA :	N
		Sri Lanka, Sikkim, Bangladesh.	!				
ingur, Douc	Pygethrix nemecus	Cambodia, Laos, Vietnam	do	E	3	NA	N
ingur, Francois'	Presbytis trancoisi	Chine (Kwangei), Indochine	do	Ē	18	NA.	N
ngur, golden	Prochytis gool	India (Assem), Bhuten	40	Ē	15	NA.	N
ngur, long-teriod		Indonesia	do	- i	16	NA NA	17.400
ngur, Pagi Island	Mesella (Simies) concolor	do	40	É	3	NA	N. TOU
ngur, purple-laced		Sri Lanka (=Ceylon)		7	16	NA NA	• •
ngur. Tonkin enub-nosed		Vietnem		- ;	14	NA NA	17 40(0
Chue red		Southern Africa.		- : !			17 40(0
E1889, (60)			60	'	3, 15, 1 106	NA	N
mars.	Lemundee (incl. Cherogaleidee, Lepile-	Malegasy Republic (- Madegascar)	do		3, 15	NA	N
	muridae); all members of genera Lemur, Phaner, Hapalernur, Lapite- mur, Microcebus, Allocebus, Chairo- galeus, Varecia.						
operd	Panthera pantus	Africa, Asia	Wherever found,	E	3, 5, 114	NA	N/
•	1		except where it	1	ł	j	
			in Nated as	ļ		- 1	
			Threetened as	ł			
	<i>,</i>		eet forth below	1			
Do	do	do	in Africa, in the	Υİ	3, 5, 114	NA	17 400
			wild, south of.	•	-, -, -,	' ' ''	17 40(1
			and including.	ļ	l		
			the following				
					-	ı	
			countries:		i		
			Gabon, Congo,				
			Zaire, Uganda,		1		
			Kenye.	اء			
operd, clouded	Neciets nebulosa	Southeast and south-central Ama,	Entire	E	3, 15	NA	N
		Tahuan.	i i	اء	_ 1	ı	
opard, anow	Panthera uncia	Control Asia	do	E	5	NA	N
sang, spotted	Prionodon perdicolor	Nopel, Assam, Vietnam, Cambodia,		E	15	NA	N
•	1	Lace, Burma.	i	_]	1	Ţ	
n, Asiatic	Panthera leo persica	Turkey to India		E	3 }	NA	NA
ns, leaser slow	Mycticebus pygmaeus	Indochine	do	T	16	NA	17 40(c)
m. Spenish		Spain, Portugal		E	3	NA	NA
cague, Formosan rock		Tahuan		1	16	NA	17 40(c)
caque, Jecensee		Japan (Shikatu, Kyushu and Honshu Is-	do	7	16	NA	17 40(c)
		fends).		ł		1	
caque, kon-taled	Macaca silenus	india	do	Ε	3	NA	NA
caque, stump-taried		India (Assem) to southern China	do	TI	16	NA I	17 40(c)

S	Pecies		Vertebrate				
Сотпол лыпе	Scientific name	Historic range	population where endangered or threatened	Sta- tus	When heled	Critical habitat	Special rules
lacaque, Toque .	Macaca sinica	Sri Lanka (= Ceylon)	dio	1	16	NA.	17 40(c
nnatee, Amazorkun	Trichechus inunguis	South America (Amezon River Basin)	do	E	3	NA.	Ň
analos, Wost African	Trichechus senegalunsis	West Coast of Africa from Senegal River to Cuenza River	do	T	52	NA	N
anatee, West Indian (Florida)	Trichechus manalus	U.S.A. (southeastern), Caribbean Sea, South America.	dio	E	1, 3	17 95(a)	N
endriii	Papio sphirix	Equatorial West Aince	dio	ε	16	NA.	N
angabey, Tana River	Cercocebus gelentus	Kenve	do	E	3	NA NA	N
angabey, white-collared		Senegal to Ghana; Nigeria to Gabon	do	E	16	NA NA	N
MON	•	U.S.A. (TX), C. and S. America	Mexico southward	E	5	NA.	N
rkhor. Kabal	Capra felconeri megaceros	• •	Entire	Ē	15		
erkhor, straight horned		do	do	E	15	NA.	N.
rmoset, bull-headed	1	1 = .	do	E		NA.	
		Costa Rica to Colombia			139	NA.	N
wmosel, cotton-top		Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Bolivia	do	E	16	NA	N
emoset, Goekh's			40	E	3	NA	N
rmot, Vancouver Island			do	E	139	NA	N
rsupial, eastern jerboa	Antechinomys langer	Australia	do	E	4	NA	N
waupial-mouse, large desert		do	do	E	4	NA	N
rsupial-mouse, long-tailed		do	do	E	4	NA	N
rien, Formosan yellow-throaled	Martes Revigula chrysospila	Tawan	do	E	3	NA	N
nkey, black colobus	Colobus salanas	Equatorial Guinea, People's Republic of Congo, Cameroon, Gabon.	do	E	16	NA	N
nkey, black howler	Alouette pare	Mexico, Gueternela, Betize	do	T Í	16	NA	17 40(c
inkey, Diana	Cercopithecus diene	Coestal West Africa	do	E	16	NA	N
inkey, howler	Alouette pelliete (= villose)	Mexico to South America	do	Ē	15	NA	N
nkey, L'hossi's	Carcapithecus thoesti	Upper Eastern Congo Basin, Cameroon	do	Ē	16	NA	N
nkey, Preuss' red colobus			do	Ē	139	NA NA	N
nkey, proboscis		Borneo	do	Ē	15	NA NA	NA
nkey, red-backed squirrel	Seimid corried	Costs Rice, Panama	do	Ē	3	NA NA	NA NA
rikey, red-belied	.,		do	Ē	16	NA	NA NA
		Nigeria, Cameroon, Fernando Po	40	Ē	16	NA	NA NA
nkey, red-eared nose-spotted	Atrias geoffoyi kontatus		6 0	Ě	3	NA I	NA NA
nkey, spider			do.	ĒΙ	3		
nkey, epider	Atoles geoffroyl panemensis	Costs Rica, Panama	do	E	3, 16	NA NA	NA NA
riskey, Tana River red colobus	Colobus rulomitalus (.= badius) rulomitalus.	Kenya		-	· - 1		
nkey, woolly spider	Brachyteles arachnoides	Brazi	do	Ε	3	NA	NA
nkey, yellow-tailed woolly	Lagothris flavicaude	Andes of northern Peru	do	E	16	NA	NA
nkey, Zanziber red colobus	Colobus kirki	Tanzanis	do	E	3	NA	NA
wee, Alabama beach	Peromyscus polionolus ammobales	U.S.A. (AL)	do	E	183	17 95(a)	NA
use, Australian native	Zyzomys (= Notomys) pedunculstus	Australia	do	E	15	NA	NA
use, Australian native	Notomys aquilo		do	E	15	NA	NA
use, Choclambatches beach	Peromyscus polionotus allophrys	U.S.A. (FL)	do	E	183	17.95(a)	NA
use, Field's				E	4	NA	NA
use, Gould's	Pseudomys gouldi		do	E	6	NA	NA
use, Key Largo cotton	Peromyscus gossypinus allapaticola	U.S.A. (FL)		E	131E.	NA	NA
use. New Holland	Pseudomys novaehollandiae	Australia	00	εl	4	NA	NA
wee, Perdido Key beach	Peromyscus polipnosus triasylleosis	U.S.A. (AL. FL)	do	Ē	183	17 95(a)	NA NA
was, salt marsh harves!	Reithrodontomys revivening	U.S.A. (CA)	do	Ē	2	NA	NA.
wee, Sherk Bay	Pagudomya praeconia		do	ĒΙ	4	NA I	NA NA
wee, Shortnige's		ALGO AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	do	Ē	7	NA	NA NA
		do	, do	Ē	41	NA	NA
nuse, Smoky	Pseudomys occidentalis		do	Ē	4	NA	NA.

	Species .	1	Vertebrate	1 1		1
Common name	Scientific name	Historic range	population where endangered or threatened	Sia-	When isted	Critical Nabilal
	And the state of t					-
Muntjac, Fea's	Muntiacus feae	Northern Thailand, Burma	do	E	50	N/
Nalve-cal, easiern	Dasyurus vivarinus	Austraha	do	Ē	6	N/
Numbal	Myrmacobus lascialus		do	آءَ	4.6	N N
Ocelot	Felis pardels		do	Ē	5. 119	N.
Orangulan	Pongo pygmaeus	Borneo, Sumatra	do	.	3, 110	l ñ
Oryx Arabian		Arabian Peninsula	do	=	3	N.
Otter, Cameroon clawless		Cameroon, Nigeria	do	Ē	3	N
Otter, giant		South America	do	Ē	3	N
Otter, long-tailed			do	Ē	3. 15	N
Otter, merine		Peru south to Strats of Magellan	46	Ē	3, 13 15	N
Otter, southern river			40	E	15	N
Otter, southern sea		West coast U.S.A. (WA, OR, CA) south	40	7	21	N
•		to Mexico (Baja Cablornia).		'	21	~
Panda, giant	Altropode melanoleuca		do	E	139	l N
Pangolin (= scaly anteater)		Africa	do	E	15	N
Panther, Florida	Fels concolor corvi	U.S.A. (LA and AR east to SC and FL)	40	E	13	N
Planagelo, tittle			do	E	الم	N
• .	P. aubblicarne).				•	
Planigale, southern			00	E	4	N.
Porcupine, thin-spined		Brazil	do	E)	3	N
Possum, mountain pygmy			[do	E	4	N
Possum, scaly-tailed			do	E	4	N.
Prairie dog, Mexican			do	E	3	N
Prairie dog. Utah	Cynomys pervidens			T	6, 149	N.
Pronghorn, penineular	Antilocapra americana peninsularis			Ε	10	N.
Pronghorn, Sonoran] U.S.A. (AZ), Mexico		E	1, 3	N.
Pudu		Southern South America		E	15	N
Puma, Costa Rican				E	15	N.
Quotika	Setoner brechyurus			E	6	N
Rabbit, Ryukyu			do	E	50	N
Rabbit, voicano	Romerolegus chezi	Mexico		E	3	N.
Ret, tales water	Xeromys myordes."	Australia	do	E	4	N
Rat, Freeno kangaroo	Dipodomys retratorius exilis	(U.S.A. (CA)		E	170	17 95(a
Rel, Morro Bay kangaroo	Dipodomys heermannı morroensis			E	2	17 95(a
Ret stick-neet	Leporitus conditor		do	E	6	N
Rat-kangaroo, brush-tailed	Bettongia penicillala			E	4	N/
Rel-kangaroo, Garmard's	Bettongis gementi		do	E	6	N
Rel-kangeroo, Leeuer's			do	E	4	N.
Ret kangeroo, plain	■ *** ■ ***		do	E	4 1	. N
Rat-kangeroo, Queensland			do	Ε	4	N
Rhinoceros, black			do	E	97	N
Rhinoceros, great Indian	Rhinoceros unicornis	India, Napal	do	E	4	N
Rhinoceros, Jeven	Attinoceros sonderous	Indonesia, Indochina, Burma, Theiland,	do	E	3	N
		Sitking Bengledesh, Maleysia.	ľ	- 1	ſ	
Rhinoceros, northern white	Ceralothenum simum cotioni	Zaire, Sudan, Uganda, Central Aircan Republic	do	E	3	NA
Rhinoceros, Sumatran	Dicerorhinus (Didermoceros) suma-		do	E	3	NA
Saiga, Mongolian (antelope)		Mongotte	ماه .	£	15	NA
Seki white-nosed		Brazil	do	Ē	3	NA
Seel, Caribbean monk	Monachus tropicalis	Caribbean Sea, Gulf of Mexico	do	Ē	1, 2, 45	NA
Neel Carbbean Mone						

	Species		Vertebrate	1	I	"" "	1
Common name	Scientific name	Historic range	population where endangered or threatened	Sta- kus	When heled	Critical habital	Special rules
Seal, Hawaiian monk	Monachus schaumslandi	Hawaian Archipelago	do	E	18	NA.	NA.
Seal, Mediterranean monk		Mediterranean, Northwest African Coast and Black Sea.	do	Ē	3	NA.	NA.
Seledang (= Gaur)		Bangledesh, Southeast Asia, India	do	lε	3	l NA	l NA
Serow, Sumetran				E	15	NA.	NA
Servel, Berbery		Algeria	do	E	3	NA.	NA.
Shapo		Keehmir	do	E	15	NA.	NA.
Shou	Corve elephus wallichi Symphalangus syndectylus		do	E	3	NA.	A:4
Signally Citation	Propitiecus app. (all apecies)	Malaysia, Indonesia	do	E	15	NA NA	NA.
Clath Braziles three load	Bradeus torquelus		do	E	•	NA.	NA.
	Salendon (Atapogale) cuburus		do	E	3, 4	NA	NA
Solenodon, Heitien		Dominican Republic, Haiti		E	3	NA.	NA
	Glaucomys sabrinus coloratus	II S.A. (MC. TM)	do	E	3	NA	NA.
Squiret, Delmarva Peninsula fox	Sciure riper cinereus		Enire except	E	169	NA	NA.
		east PA).	Sussex Co. DE	E	1, 161, 168	NA	NA.
Do	do	do	U.S.A. (DE Sussex County)	XN	161	NA	17 84(a)
Squirrel, Virginia northern flying	Glaucomys sabrinus fuscus	U.S.A. (VA. WV)	Entere	E	189	NA.	l NA
Steg. Berbery	Cenus elephus berbarus			Ē	3	NA.	NA.
Stee, Kashmir		Kashrner	do	Ē	3	NA	NA.
Suni, Zanziber	moschekus.	Zanzibar (and nearby islands)	do	Ē	50	NA	NA
lahr, Arabian	Hemitragus jayakan	Ornan	do	E	50	NA	NA.
emerew		Philippines	do	E	4	NA	NA
lamerin, golden-rumped (~golde headed Temerin; =golden-ton Mr moset).	r- species).	Brazil	do	E	3	NA	NA
l'amarin, pied		Northern Brazil	do	E	16	NA	NA.
amarin, white-looted		Northern Colombia		T	16	NA	17 40(c)
Tapir, Asian		Burma, Lace, Cambodia, Vietnam, Ma- leyeis, Indonesis, Thailand.		E	15	NA .	NA
Tapur, Brazilian		Cotombia and Venezuela south to Para- guey and Argentina.		E	3	NA	NA
Tapir, Central American		Southern Merico to Colombia and Ec- uedor.	do	E	3	NA	NA
apir, mountain		Colombia, Ecuador and possibly Paru and Venezuels.	i	E	3	NA	NA
Carsier, Philippine		Philippines	do	Ţ	16	NA I	17 40(c)
iget	Panthera tigris	Temperate and Tropical Asia		E	3, 5	NA	NA
iger, Teamenian (= Thylecine)		Austelle		E	3	NA	NA
leken (all epecies)		ezuela.	1	E	3	NA	NA
inai	Ove musimon (= orientalis) ophion	Cypnus	do	Ë	3	NA I	NA NA
/icuna/ole, Amargosa		U.S.A. (CA)	do	Ē	166	NA	NA NA
	Lagostrophus lascielus	Australia	do	- 1	100	NA	NA NA
Nellaby, brindled ned-tailed			do	ĒΙ	71	NA I	NA NA
National Control of the Control of t		60	do	Ē		NA	NA
Nellety, Perma			do	ĒΙ	41	NA	NA
Nellaby, Western hare	Lagorchestes hesulus	do	do	E	4	NA	NA
Nation, yellow-tooled rock	Petrogale xanthopus	do	. do	E	6	NA	NA
Whele blue	Balangotera musculus	Oceanic	. do	Εl	3	NA	NA I

٥	ресівь		Verletrate	ŀ			
Соттол пате	Scientific name	Historic range	population where endangered or threatened	Sta-	When baled	Critical habital	Specia rules
Whale, bowhead		Oceanic (north latitudes only).	do	E	3	NA	N
Whale, Imback	1 _ 7 7	Oceanic	do	E	3	NA	N
Mhale, gray		North Pacific Ocean: coastal and Bering Sea.	1	E	3	NA	N
Whale, humpback		Oceanic	do	E	3	NA	N
Mhele, right		40	do	E	3	NA	N
Mhale, Sai		60	do	E	3	NA	N
Vhale, aperm		do	do	E	3	NA	N
Holl, gray	Canis Apus	Holercuc	U.S.A. (48 conterminous States, except MN), Mexico.	E	1, 6, 13, 15, 35	17.95(a)	N
Do) do	. do	U S.A. (MN)	1	35	17 95(a)	17 40(
Voli, maned	Chrysocyon brachyurus	Argentine, Bolivie, Brazil, Paraguay, Uru-	Entere	Ė	4	NA	N
Yoli, red	Cene nake	U.S.A. (southeastern U.S.A. west to central TXI).	do	E	1	NA	N
fombat, hairy-nosed (≈Barnard's and Queensland hairy-nosed).	Laciorhinus kraftii (formerly L. barnardi and L. gillespiel).	Australia	do	E	4, 6	NA	N
loodrat, Key Largo		U.S.A. (FL)	do	E	131E, 160	NA	N
sk, wild	Bos grunniens	China (Tibel), India	dio	E	3	NA	N
ebra, Grevy's		Kenya, Ethiopia, Somalia		7	54	NA	N
ebra, Hartmann's mountain		Nembre, Angole		1	54, 111	NA I	N
abra, mountain	1 <u>-</u> *	South Airica	40	E	15, 111	NA	N
BIRDS							
kepa, Hawaii (honeycreeper)	Laxaps coccineus coccineus	U.S.A. (HI)	do	E	2	NA I	N
kepa, Maui (honeycraeper)		do		E		NA I	N
kieloe, Keuei (honeycreeper)				=	- :1	NA NA	N
hispoleau (honeycreeper) betroes, short-tailed	(Indicate of the first	North Pacific Ocean: Japan, U.S.S.R.,	Entre event	Ē	3	NA	N N
		U.S.A. (AK, CA, HL, OR, WA).	U.S.A.				
lackbird, yellow-shouldered				E	17	17 95(b)	N
obwhite, masked (quail)		U.S.A. (AZ), Mexico (Sonora)		Ē	1, 3	NA NA	N
poby. Abbott's		Australia		- [3	NA I	N.
ristishird, westernristishird, western rulous		40		Ē	15	NA I	N
roedbill. Guern		Western Pacific Ocean: U.S.A. (Guam)	do		156	NA I	N.
abul Meuritin olyaceous	(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Indian Ocean: Mountilus	40	- E	3	NA	N
Allinch, Seo Mouel (finch)		Eastern Atlantic Ocean: Azores		ĒÌ	3	NA	N
wheren New Zeeland	Kenicus Ignaines	New Zeeland		Ē	3	NA	N.
voterd, great Indian		India, Pakistan	do	E	3	NA	N
show (=Bermude Poirel)	Pserodrome cahow	North Atlantic Ocean: Bermuda	do	E	3	NA	N
onder, Andeen	Vulur anghus	Colombia to Chile and Argentina		E	4	NA	N
ondor, California	Gymnogyps californianus	U.S.A. (OR, CA), Mexico (Beja Califor-	do	E	1	17 95 (b)	N
oot Hawaiian (= alaa kee kee)	Fuhca amencana ala:	USAUM	do	E [2	NA	NA
olings, bended	Cotinge maguiete	Brazil	do	E	15	NA	NA
otings, white-winged	Xinholana atrogurpuras		do	E	15	NA	NA
rane, black-necked	Grue migricollie	China (Tehat)	40	E	15	NA S	NA
		West Indies: Cube		E	15	NA I	NA

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Common name	Scientific name	Helonc range	Vertebrate population where endangered or threatened	Sta-	When hste d	Cotical habital	Special Nation
Crane, Japanese	Grus japonensis	China, Japan, Korea, U.S.S.R.	do	E	3	NA.	
Pane, Miselseippi sandhilt	Grue canadensis pulla	U.S.A. (MS)	do	E		17.95(b)	N
≯ane, Siberian white		U.S.S.R. (Siberia) to India, including Iran and China.	40	. E	1	NA	N
rane, white-naped	Grus vapo	Mongolia	do	l e	15	l NA	l 1
rans, whooping	Grue amencana	Canada, U.S.A. (Rocky Mountains east to Carolines), Mexico.			1, 3	17 95(0)	
reaper, Hawaii	Oreamystis (= Laxaas) mene	U.S.A. #19	do	E	10	NA.	
eeper, Molokai (= kakawahie)		do	do		2	NA.	N
reeper, Oahu (= aleuwahio)	Parareamyza (= Oreomysta, = Loxops)	40	do	. E	2	NA.	N
row, Hawaiian (='alele)	Carvus havaileneis (= trapicus)	do	do	. Ε		NA	N
row. Mariana		Western Pacific Ocean: U.S.A. (Guarn,	do		أمدرا		
	1	Rota).			156	NA	N
ickoo-ehrike, Meuntius	Cogue (= Coreane) Spicus	Indian Ocean: Mauritus	do	E	3	NA	N
ckoo-shrike, Reunion	Coquae (= Coracine) newtoni	Indian Ocean: Reu	do	E	3	NA	N
resow, rezor-billed		Brazil (Eastern)			15	NA.	N
raccow, red-billed		Brazi		E	4	NA	. N
receow, Trinided white-headed		West Indies: Trinided	do	E	3	NA	N
slow, Estimo	Alemanka boroatu	Alaska and northern Canada to Argenti- na.	do	E	1, 3	NA	N
we, cloven-leathered	uraparuputa holosariosa	Southwest ' ' Ocean: New Caledo-	do	Ε	3	NA	N
we, Grenade gray-fronted		West Indies: Grenade	do	E	3	NA	N
ick, Hawalian (—koloa)	Ance wyvilliene	U.S.A. #49			1	NA	N
ck, Layeen		do	do		1	NA	N
ck, pink-headed		India			15	NA	N
ick, white-winged wood	Cations southfale	India, Malaysia, Indonesia, Therland	do	l El	3 /	NA I	N
ale, Greatland white-lailed		Greenland and adjacent Atlantic islands	do		15	NA	N
de herpy		Marico south to Argentine	do		15	NA	N
ele, Philippine (-monkey-esting)	Pithecophega jelleryi	Philippines		ا ءَ ا	3	NA	Ň
gle, beld		North America south to northern Mexico.		Ē	1, 34	NA	Ñ
			States, except WA, OR, MN, WI, MB.			3	
Do	do	do	U.S.A. (WA, OR,	T	34	NA	17 41(
	1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		MN, WI, MI).	_	ر ا	l	
gle, Spenish imperial		Spain, Morocco, Augusta	Entire	E	3	NA I	N
ret, Chinese		China, Korea			3	NA	N
loon, American peregrine	Falco pereginue enetum	Neets from central Alaska across north- central Canada to central Mexico, winters south to South America.	do	E	2, 3, 145	17 95(b)	N
ican, Arctic peregnne	Falco peregrinus tundrus	Nests from northern Alaska to Green- land; winters south to Central and South America.	do	1	2, 3, 145	NA	N
Icon, Eurasian paregnne	Falco peregnnus peregnnus	Europe, Europia south to Ainca and Mideant.	🐽	E	15	NA	N
ićon, peregrine	Falco peregrinuę	Worldwide, except Anterctics and most Pacific Islands.	Wherever found in wild in the conterminous 48 States	E(S/A)	145	NA	N

V-4	THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS	i	Vertebrate	ı			i
Common name	Scientific name	Historic range	population where endangered or threatened	Sta- No	When heled	Critical habitat	Specia ndes
nch, Laysan (honeycreeper)nch, Nihoa (honeycreeper)		U.S.A. (HI)	Entire.	E	1	NA	
ycalcher, Euler's		West Indies, Grenada	do	E	1	NA	
ycalcher, Seychelles parackse		Indian Ocean: Seychelles	dodo	E	3	NA	
vcalcher, Tahri			do	E	3	NA	•
	Fouchs sechellarum	Indian Ocean: Seycholies	do	E	3	NA NA	4
igalebird, Andrew's				E	15	NA NA	
oces, Aleutian Canada		U.S.A. (AK, CA, OR, WA), Jupan		Ē	1.3	NA NA	
oose, Hawaiian (=nene)	Negochen (= Branta) sandvicensis	U.S.A. (HI)	do	Ē	1. 1	NA I	
pahawk, Christmas Island				Ē	j	NA	
rackle, slender-billed		Mexico	do	Ē	3	NA	
asswren, Eyrean (Nycatcher)		Australia	do	Ē	3	NA I	
rebe, Alillan	Poddymbus giges	Guatemala	do	E	3	NA	•
eenehank, Nordmann's		Borneo		E	15	NA	1
ien, horned	Oreophesis derbienus		460	E	3	NA	
all, Audovin's	Lana audovini		do	Εį	3	NA	1
il, relici	Lanus redictus		do	E }	15	NA	1
wk, Anjouen Island sparrow	Accipitat francesii pusilius			E	3	NA	ı
mt, Galapagos				Εļ	3	NA	
wk, Hawailan (= lo)	Buteo solitarius			E	1	NA	ı
nmit, haak-billed (hummingbird)	Glaucis (=Ramphodon) dohrni			E	15	NA	•
insycresper, crested (= 'akohekohe)	Palmena dolei		40	E	1	NA	1
unbil, helmoted	Rhinoplax vigil		do	E	15	NA	
neyester, helmoted	Melphage cassidix			E	4]	NA I	
s, Japanese crested	Nipponis nippon			E	3	NA	•
<u></u>	Rhymochelos jubakis			Ē	3	NA I	1
žapo (= qui-parrol) etret, Mauritus	Strigage hebroptike			E	3 3	NA I	4
etal Saychelles	Felo erees			E	3	NA NA	7
nglisher, Guart Micronesian	History cinnamomina cinnamomina			=	156	NA I	4
a Cobe hook-billed	Chondrohierex uncineus wilsoni			اء	3	NA	,
e. Grenada hook-billed	Chondrohierex uncinetus minus			F	3	NA	
e. Everylade sneil	Rosthamus sociabilis plumbeus			Ē	1	17 95(6)	
kako (wattisbird)	Colleges cineres			Ē	3	NA	
caw, glaucous	Anadorhynchus plaucus		do	Ē	15	NA.	
cau indico	Anadorhynchus leeri		do	Εl	15	NA .	Ň
can fella blue	Congositte soixil		do	E	15	NA	Ň
goie robin, Seychelles (thrush)	Copeychus sechellerum	Indian Ocean: Seychelles Islands	do	ΕÌ	3	NA	
hahe, red-leced (cuckoo)	Phaenicophaeue pyrrhocephalus			E	3	NA	N
Berd, Meriene	Anas quetales	West Pacific Ocean: U.S.A. (Guarn, Mariana Islanda).	do	E	23	NA	N
igapode, Micronesian (±1.a Per- mae's).	Megapodius laperouse	West Pacific Ocean: U.S.A. (Palau Island, Mariana Islands).	do	E	3	NA	N
gepode, Maleo	Macrocaphalon maleo	Indonasia (Calabas)	do.	E	3	NA	N
larbird, Nihoe (old world warbler)	Acrocaphakis familianis kingi	U.S.A. (H)	do	E	1	NA	N
march, Tinien (old world flycatcher)	Alpharcha takatoukasas	Western Pacific Ocean. U.S.A. (Mariana Islandu).		E	3	NA	N
common.	Gallinula chloropus sandvicense	Western Courts Court H.S.A. (Guerra	. do	-	156	NA NA	N
orhen (- gallinule), Mariana common.	Gallinula chiloropus ouumi	Western Pacific Ocean U.S.A. (Guarn,	36 0 1	F [100 (FVA.	N

Nobliquir (homeycrespee) Midriguris (homeycrespee) Memprishus Accusus Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Delnich, Anbiann Strukhio comente synacus Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Delnich, Anbiann Strukhio comente synacus Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Delnich, Mest Afraca Strukhio comente synacus Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Dispetit, Mest Afraca Strukhio comente synacus Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Dispetit, Mest Afraca Synathio comente synacus Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Dispetit, Mest Afraca Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Dispetit Afraca Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Dispetit Afraca Dus and Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Philippoines (Material) Jordan, Saudh Arabia do E Holden Occan. Maurillan do E Transmitter (Material) Jordan, Amerikana Jordan, Amerikana do E Transmitter (Material) Jordan, Amerikana	When Critical	
Adop / Incregrospec) Adop / Incregratifus Acadas U.S.A. (19) do E E Adop / Incregratifus Acadas Jordan, Sauch Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Clast markers Danier Carry Arabis arabis do E E Birch, Arabis do E E Birch, Arabis do E E Birch, Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do E E Birch, Border's (- Soxoka) Compressive of the Arabis do C E Arabis	heled habital	lal rules
You Control Control Monte Mo	i	NA N
Indian Coant Arbian Strathic cernalse synacus Jordan Sauda Arbaba do E		NA N
International Content Struthic comments apartz Spenish Sahara do E		NA N
D'ul pinneycresper) - Pallitinatire partitacies U.S.A. (1)	- 1 ,	NA N
Des nations coppe. Ober nations caprocles Des gameys Philippines Mainfraque end Mindonso Intention Copens Seychelles Islands do E E Dut farmes USA, (H) Des nations (-Sokole) Loundine (-Pastrocate) bulles Des nations (-Sokole) Loundine (-Pastrocate) Des nations (-Sokole) Loundine (-Pastrocate) Des nations (-Sokole) Loundine (-Pastrocate) Des nations (-Sokole) Loundine (-Pastrocate) Des nations (-Sokole) Loundine (-Pastrocate) Des nations (-Sokole) Loundine (-Pastrocate) Des nations (-Sokole) Loundine (-Pastrocate) Des nations (-Sokole) Loundine (-Pastrocate) Des nations (-Sokole) Loundine (-Pastrocate) Des nations (-Pastrocate) Des nati	-	NA N
Philippines Marinduque and Mandanao do E		NA N
Indian Cocan: Seychelles Islands do E Indian (Monte)* (= Soloche) Clas Immane (Lossolites (= Postirostra) belieu (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa kribei (Cyenoramyntus aumopa (Cyenoramyntus aumopa (Cyenoramyntus (Cyenoramyntus (Cyenoramyntus aumopa (Cyenoramyntus (C	- 1	NA N
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Intertitated, Forbies* Genomarphus auroops (arbest*) Balleur U.S.A. (\$41). do E contrated, Cottones* Genomarphus auroops (arbest*) Mee Zealand do E contrated, golden-shouldined (a-hootder). Peptitosis chysopherygue* Australia do E contrated, contrated do E contrated, foreign gueroubs. Presented, Literatius do G E contrated do E contrated do E contrated do E contrated do E contrated do E contrated do E contrated do E contrated do E contrated do E contrated (a-hootder). Peptitosis publications do E contrated do E contrated (a-peptitos) do E contrated (a-	- 1	NA N
Interhiest, Forbes* Interhiest, golden-shouldered (- 1	NA N
tresteed, golden-shouldered (= leocided). Pasthobia chrysopierygus (= leocided). Pas	1 17 9500	
Index Occan. Maunitus do E Paspipale diryeopterygus Australe do E emotodicil. emotodicil		NA N
(=honoierit. martinest Minuminus		NA N
professi, orbin-marked. Alegophems chyerogaster: Alegophems chyerogaster: Alegophems chyerogaster: Alegophems chyerogaster: Alegophems chyerogaster: Alegophems chyerogaster: Alegophems publisher: Alegophems allowed: Alegophems all	3 N	NA N
strakest, paradise (beautint a) paradise (beautint a) paradise (beautint a) paradise (beautint a) paradise (beautint a) paradise (beautint a) paradise (beautint a) paradise (beautint a) paradise (beautint a) paradise (do	3 N	NA N
president, peractice (— beautist.) Papphotes pulcherimus	3 N	NA N
statisest, paredites (= beaustus) Papirtotise publisheri publishe	4 N	NA N
strakest, scarlet-chiested (aplencici) Anaphema patendide	4 N	NA N
serol, Australian. Geografitacias occidentales untol, Behamen or Cuban Amazone leucocaphales serol, imperial Amazone leucocaphales Meet Indea: Cuba, Bahamas, Caymans do E serol, imperial Amazone imperiales West Indea: Dominica do E serol, imperial Amazone visitate U.S.A. (FR). do E serol, imperial Serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate U.S.A. (FR). do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate U.S.A. (FR). do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: Dominica do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate U.S.A. (FR). do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: Dominica do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate U.S.A. (FR). do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: Dominica do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate U.S.A. (FR). West Indea: Comminica do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: St. Unice do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: Comminica do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: St. Unice do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: St. Unice do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: Comminica do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: Comminica do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: Comminica do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: Comminica do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: Comminica do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: Comminica do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: Comminica do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: Comminica West Indea: Comminica do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: Comminica West Indea: Comminica do E serol, red-fricord Amazone visitate West Indea: Comminica West Indea: Comminica West Indea: Comminica West Indea: Comminica West Indea: Comminica West Indea: Comminica West Indea: Comminica West Indea: Comminica West Indea: Comminica West Indea: Comminica do C E serol, red-fricord Amazo	4 N	NA N
usrot, Behaman or Cuban Anazona Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Usa (PR). Isucot, Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Usa (PR). Isucot, Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Usa (PR). Isucot, Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Usa (PR). Isucot, Isucocaphala Anazona Isucocaphala Usa (Isucocaphala Isucocaphala Isucocap		NA N
serot, ground	3 N/	NA N
seret, ground		NA N
seret, Enperteil	-,	NA N
serel, Puerto Ricen		NA N
serot, red-apped Amazone rhodocorythe do do serot, red-apped Phonopetite piteste do do serot, red-apped Phonopetite piteste do do serot, red-apped Phonopetite piteste do do serot, red-apped Phonopetite piteste do serot, sed-apped Phonopetite piteste do serot, sed-apped Phonopetite periori Phonopetite	- 1	NA N
prot, red-capped piectal piectal do prot, red-recked do prot, red-	- 1	
serol, red-recked serol, red-speciacied Alexanne pretriet pretriet serol, sed-speciacied Alexanne pretriet pretriet serol, 81. Lucia serol, 81	- 1	
serot, red-epectacied Aleazone pretroi pretroi serot Brazil, Argentina do E E Aneszone versicolor West Indies: St. Lucia do E E E Aneszone versicolor West Indies: St. Vincent do E E do E E do E E do E E do E E do E E do E E do E E do E E do E E do E E do E E do E E do E E do E E E do E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA E E DESCRIPTIVA	17 10	NA N
arrot, St. Lucia		NA N
serot, Bick-billed		NA N
### All Process Mario Mari	, , , ,	NA N
errot, vineceous-treasled Aregone vinecee Brazil	3 N/	
estabilit, Mexi (honeycreeper) Pleudonestor xenthophrys Pelscenus occidentals U.S.A. (Carolinas to TX, CA), West Indies, C. and S. America: Coastal. Spheniscus mendicutus Plerodrome pheeopygie sandeichenses Indies, C. and S. America: Coastal. Spheniscus mendicutus Plerodrome pheeopygie sandeichenses Inacesent, ber-lailed Symmeticus humaie Burma, China Burma, China, India Chaecent, brown eared China Inappen caboti Inapp	3 NA	
elicen, brown	1,5 NA	***
enguin, Gelepagos	1) N	
enguin, Galepagos Spheniscus mendiculus Ecuador (Galepagos Islanda) Entire 5 etral, Hawailan derk-rumped Pherodrome phasopygis sandwichensus U.S.A. (H)	3, 171 NA	NA NA
etret, Herrellen derk-rumped Pterodrome phesopygie sandwichense U.S.A. (+10) do E E Symeticus humais do E Burne, Chine do E E Burne, Chine do E E Tragopen blythi Crossoption mentchuricum Chine do E E Tragopen Caboti Branch Chinese monei Lophophorus thuysu do do E E Tragopen Lophophorus thuysu do E E Tragopen Go E E Tragopen Caboti Chine Chine do E E Tragopen Caboti Chine Chine do E E Tragopen Caboti Chine Chine do E E Tragopen Caboti Chine Chine do E E Tragopen Caboti Chine C	3 NA	NA NA
heasent, ber-leied Symeticus humais Burms, China do E heasent, Blyth's tragopen Diythii Burms, China, India do E heasent, brown eared Crossopiilon mentchuricum China do E heasent, Cabot's tragopen Tragopen caboti do E heasent, Chinasis month Lophorus thuysu do do E heasent, Edward's Lophura adwardsi Vietnam do E heasent, Ellot's Symeticus allioti China do E	2. 4. 1 NA	
hessent, Blyth's tragopen Tragopen blythi Burma, China, India do E hessent, brown eared Crossoption mantchuncum China do E hessent, Cabol's tragopen Tragopen caboli do do E hessent, Chinase monei Lophophorus thuyssi do do E hessent, Edward's Lophura edwardsi Vietnam do E hessent, Ellot's Symmaticus atiosi China do E hessent, Imperial Lophura imperial Lophura imperial E	3 1	
heasent, brown eared	3 NA	
hensent, Cabor's tragopen Tragopen caboti do do E hessent, Chinese monel Lophophorus thuyss do do	3 NA	
hessent, Chinese monel Lophophorus thuyssi do do E hessent, Edward's Lophura edwardsi Vietnam do E hessent, Etiof's Symaticus etios! Chine do E hessent, Imperial Lophura imperiate Vietnam do E	3 NA	
hessent, Eduard's	3 NA	
hessent, Ellor's do E China d		
hessert imperial Control E	- 1	
The state of the s		
	- 1	[
hospert, Mikedo Syrmaticus mikedo Talven do E		
heseant, Palemen peacock	3 NA	
heesent, Scieler's monel	3 NA	
hessent, Swinhoe's Lophura swinholl Taiwen do E Lophura swinholl do E India, Paluetan do E E	AA E	

Common name	Scientific name	Historic range	Vertebrate population where endangered or threatened	Sia- has	When heted	Critical habitat	Special rules
Phossant, while eared	Crassoption crossoption	China (Tibet), India	do	ε	4	NA.	N
igeon, Azores wood		East Allantic Ocean: Azores	do	E	3	NA.	N
Pigeon, Chathern Island	anais.		1 1	E	3	NA	N
Pigeon, Mindoro zone-tailed		Philippines	do	Εl	15	NA.	N.
igeon, Puerto Rican plain	Columba inornala welimorei	U.S.A. (PR)	do	Ē	2	NA.	N
laing-guen, black-fronted	Pipile jacutings	Argentine	do	Ē	15	NA	N
Ma Koch's		Philippines	do	Ē	15	NA NA	N
lover, New Zealand shore	Thinomis novaeseelandus	New Zealand	do	Ē	3	NA	N
lover, piping		U.S.A. (Great Lakes, northern Great		F	211	NA NA	, N
		Plans, Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, PR, VI), Canada, Messco, Bahamas, West Indies.	watershed in States of IL, IN, Mt, MN, NY, OH, PA, and Wi and Province of Ontano.		211		
Do	do	. cb	Entire, except those areas where listed as endangered above.	1	211	NA	N
o'ouli (honeycreeper)	Melamprosopa phaeosoma	U.S.A. (HI)		Εl	10	NA	N
rairie-chicken, Attwaler's greater		U.S.A. (TX)	do	Ē	1	NA	N/
unit, Merriem's Montezuma	1		do		•		
	1 -7				15	NA	N
uetzel, reeplendent		Mexico to Panama	do	E	15	NA	N
ail, Aukland Island	1 100 0 0 € 1000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	New Zeeland	do	E	3	NA	N
ail, California clapper		U.S.A. (CA)		E	2	NA [N
eit, Guern	Ratus oustoni	Western Pacific Ocean. U.S.A. (Guam)		E	146E, 1 5 6	NA	N
ail, light-looted clapper	Ralius longrostns levipes	U.S.A. (CA), Mexico (Baja California)	dio	Ε	2	NA	N/
ail Lord Howe wood	1	Australia (Lord Howe laland)	da	E	15	NA	N
ail. Yuma clapper		Mexico, U.S.A. (AZ, CA)		E	1	NA	N
hee Derwin's	f _	Argentina, Bolivia, Peru, Uruguay	do	Ē	3	NA	N/
obin. Chethem Island	1	New Zeeland	do	E	3	NA I	N/
obin, scarlet-breasted (flycatcher)		Australia (Norloik Island)		Ē		NA I	N/
				Ē	3		
ocklowl, grey-necked		Cameroon, Gabon		5	- 1	NA I	N
ocklowl, white-necked		Africa: Togo to Sierra Leone		E	3	NA	N
oller, long-tailed ground	Uratelornis chimaera	Malagasy Republic (- Madagascar)	do	E	3	NA]	N/
onub-bird, noisy		Australia	do	E	3	NA]	N.
heme, Cebu black (thrush)		Philippines		E	3	NA)	N
haanwater, Nowell's Townsend's (fo merly Manx) (='A'o).	r- Puttinus auriculans (formerly puttinus) newath.	U.S.A. (HI)	do	1	10	NA	N
brike, San Clemente loggerhead	Lanius kidovicienus mearnsi	U.S.A. (CA)	. do .	E	26	NA .	NA
ekin, red	Carduelis (= Somus) cucullate	South America	do	Εİ	15	NA	NA
рапом, Саре Sable seaside	Ammodramus (= Ammospiza) manti-	U.S.A. (FL)	do	E	1	17.82(0)	NA
parrow, dualty seaside			do	E	١ (17 95(b)	NA
parrow, San Clemente sage		U S A (CA)	امات	1	26	NA	NA
laring, Ponepe mountain		West Pacific Ocean: U.S.A. (Caroline Islands).	. do	E	3	NA	NA
larling, Rothschild's (myna)	Laucopsar rothschilde	Indonesia (Bali)	do	E	3	NA	NA
larang, Hounschild's (mynu) ldt, Hawaiian (= Ae'o)	Emmontant tonestrate			Ē	2	NA	NA

and the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second

_	_	
7	_	

	ipecies	Historic range	Population where	Sta	When	Critical	Special
Common name	Scientific name		endangered or threatened	h.s	heted	habitat	ruios
Stork, onental white	Ciconia ciconia boyciana	China, Japan, Korea, U.S.S.R	do	£	3	NA	N/
Stark, wood	Myclene americana	U.S.A., (CA, AZ, TX, to Carolinas), Mexico, Central and South America.	USA (AL, FL, GA, SC).	E	142	NA	N
Swiftlet, Vanikoro	bertschi.	Western Pacific Ocean: U.S.A. (Guam, Rote, Tinlen, Saipen, Agiguen).	Entire	Ε	156	NA	N
eel, Campbell Island Highliess	Anas aucklandica nesiolis	New Zealand (Campbell Island)	do	E	15	NA I	N
em, Celifornia leas!		Memco, U.S.A. (CA)	do	E	2, 3	NA	N
ern, least	Steme entitlerum	U.S.A. (Atlantic and Gulf coasts, Miss	USA (AR, CO.	Εİ	182	NA Ì	N
•	4	R. Basin, CA), Gr. and Lesser Antilles,	IA, IL IN KS.			1	
		Bahamas, Maxico; winters C. Amer-	KY, LA (Miss.	ŀ		ſ	
•		ica, northern S. America.	R and tribs. N	1	- 1	ł	
	i	1	of Baton	1			
		1	Rouge), MS	[Ĩ	(
		[(Mas R), MO,	ł	ł	- 1	
		Į	MT, NE, NM,	1	Į.	l l	
	1		NO, OK, SD,	- [ĺ	Ì	
			TN, TX (Except	1	1	1	
		}	within 50 miles				
			of coast) j.	- 1	ľ	- 1	
hrasher, white-breasted	Remphocinclus brachyurus	West Indies: St. Lucia, Martinique	Entire	ε	3	NA	N.
hrush, large Kausi	Afradastes (= Phasomis) myadestanus	U.S.A. 040)	do	E	2	NA	N.
hrush, Molokai (=oloma'o)	Ağındestes (=Phasomis) lanaisnsis (=abecurus) ruths.	db	do	E	2	NA	N
hrush, New Zealand (wattlebrd)		New Zeeland	do	E	3	NA	N.
hrush, small Kausi (= pusiohi)		U.S.A. (H)	do	Ē	:1	NA I	N
inemou, solitary (= presum)		Brazil, Paraguay, Argentina	40	E	15	NA I	N
		West Indies: Mertinique		Ē	3	NA I	N
rembler, Mertinique (thrasher)		Australia		E	6		
Vanderer, plain (collered-hemipode)	Padionomous torquatus			- 1	~ I	NA	N.
Varbier (wood), Bechmen's		U.S.A.(Southeastern), Cube		E	1, 3	NA	N
Narbler (wood), Barbados yellow	Dandraica polechia polechia	West Indies: Barbados		E	3	NA	N
Nerbler (wood), Kirtland's	Dendroice kuttendii	U.S.A. (principally MI), Canada, West Indica: Bahama Islands.	do	E	1.3	NA	N
Varbler (willow), nightingale reed	Acrocephakis luscinia	Western Pacific Ocean	U.S.A. (Mariena	E	3, 4	NA	N/
larbier (willow), Rodrigues	Bebromis rodencanus	Mountius (Fladrigues letends)	Entire	E	3	NA	N
larbler (wood). Semper's				Ē	3	NA	N
latio (ullow), Seytheles	Behromis sechellensis	Indian Ocean: Seychelles Island		Ē	3	NA	N
Alphid Western		Australia	do	Ē	3	NA I	N
Allo-eye, bridled	Zoglarge conspicifiels conspicifiels	Western Pacific Ocean: U.S.A. (Guern)	do	Ē	156	NA	N
Mile-eys, Norfolk leland	Zosterope albogularie	Indian Ocean: Norfolk Islands	40	Ē	15	NA I	N
	Rukis longinests (= senlord)	West Pacific Ocean: U.S.A. (Caroline	46	E	3	NA	N
Mile-eye, Penepe greater		felandt).	1	-	1		-
White eye, Seychelies	Zoelerope modesta	indian Ocean: Seychelies	do	E	3	NA	NA
Voodpecker, imperial	Campaphitus impanalis	Medoo	40	E	3	NA	NA
Voodpecker, wory-billed	Campaphike principalis	U.S.A. (southcentral and southeastern), Cube.		E	1, 3	NA	NA
foodpecker, red-cockeded	Picordes (= Dendrocopos) boreale	U.S.A. (southoentral and southeastern)	. do	E	2	NA J	NA
Voodpecker, Tristem's	Dryocopus jevenas richardai	Kares	40	E	3	NA	
Wren, Guedeloupe house		West Indies: Guadaloupe	🐽	E	3	NA	
Vien. St. Lucia house	Troglodytes aedon mesoleucus	West Indee: St. Lucie		Εl	3 1	NA	

Common name	Scientific name	Historic range	Vertebrate population where endangered or threatened	Sia-	When beled	Critical habitat	Specia rutes
Replies							
ligator, American	Alligator mississippiensis	Southeastern U.S.A	Wherever found in wild except those areas where teled as threatened as	E	1, 11, 51, 60, 113, 134	NA	N.
Do	dodo	dio	set forth below				
			U.S.A. (FL and cortain areas of GA and SC, as set forth in 17.42(a)(1))	Ĭ	20, 47, 51, 60, 134	NA.	17 42(4
Do	do	do	U S.A. (LA and TX).	T(S/A)	11, 47, 51, 60, 113, 134	NA	17 42(a
Do	do	do	in capitally wherever found	T(S/A)	11, 47,51	NA.	17 42(a
igator, Chinese	Altigator sinensis	China	Entire	ΕÌ	15	NA	N
ole, Culebra leland grant	Analis rocesvelli	U.S.A. (PR: Culebra telend)	do	Ē	25	17.95(c)	N
a, Jameican	Epicrates sublique	Jemaica	do	E	3	NA	N
N. Mona	Epicrates moneneis monensus			T	33	17 95(c)	N
a. Puerto Rico	Epicrates inornatus	do	do	E	2	NA	N.
a, Round Island (no common name)	Casares dussumieri	Indian Ocean: Mauritius	do	Ej	88	NA	N
a, Round Island (no common name)	Bolyaria multocarineta			E	88	NA	N
a, Virgin Islands tree	Epicrates monenais grant	U.S. and British Virgin Islands		E	2, 86	NA	N
men, Apeporis River imen, black	Cainen crocoditus apaponensis	Colombia		E	15	NA	N
men, broad-snowled	Cainan Istirostris	Breat, Argentine, Paraguey, Uruguey		E	15 15	NA I	N
men, Yacare	Cainen on the years	Bolivia, Argentina, Paraguay, Uruguay		E	3	NA NA	N
chuelle. Sen Esteben island	Sayonate verie	Mexico		E	aa l	NA I	N
codile. African dwarf	Ostociaamus tetraspis tetraspis	Weel Airice		Ē	15	NA I	N.
codile. African standar-snouted	Crocodykie calaphrackie	Western and central Aince		Ē	5	NA	N
codile, American	Crocodytus acutus	U.S.A. (FL), Mexico, South America,		Ē	10, 87	17 95(c)	N
andle Codes museum	Crocodykis pakisans kimbula	Central America, Caribbean.		اء			
codile, Ceylon mugger	Ostooleemus tetraspis osborn	Sri Lanka		E	15	NA I	N
codie, Cuben	Crocodykie rhombiler	Cuba		E	15	NA	N
codie, Morelet's	Crocodita moreleti	Mexico, Beitze, Gueternele		E	3	NA NA	N
codie, mugger	Crocochtus patustris patustris	India, Pakistan, Iran, Bangiadeeh		Ē	15	NA NA	NA NA
codile. Nile	Crocodes nicticus	Africa		Ē	3	NA	N
codile. Orinoco	Crocoditie intermedius	South America: Orinoco River Beain		Ē	3	NA	NA NA
codile, Philippine	Crocodidue noveequinese mindorensus	Philippine Islands	40	Ē	15	NA	NA NA
codie, acitivaler (= estuanne)	Crossifes powers	Scullineat Asia, Australia, Papua-New Guinea, Pacific Islands.	Entire, except Papue-New Guinee.	E	67	NA	NA
codile, Siamese	Crocodylus siemensie	Southeast Asia, Malay Peninsula	Entire	E j	15	NA	NA
viel (= gheriel)	Gavialio gargeacus	Pakisten, Burme, Bengladesh, inche, Nepal.	do	E	3, 15	NA	NA
cko, day	Phelouma edwardnewtoni	Indian Ocean: Mouritius	do	E	3	NA	NA
cko, Mondo	Sphaerodectylus micropithicus	U.S.A. (PR)	do	E	125	17 95(c)	NA
cko. Round Island day	Phelsuma guentheri	Indian Ocean: Mauritus	da l	E	3	NA	814

Соттол лате	Scientific name	Historic range	Vertebrate population where endangered or	Sta-	When beted	Critical habitat	Specia ndes
			firestened		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
guana, Acklina ground		West Indies: Bahamas	do	7	129	NA	N
guena, Allen's Cay			do	T	129	NA	N
zuene. Andros Island pround	Cyclure cychlure cychlure		do	Ť	129	NA.	N.
	Cyclus pingus	West Indies: British Virgin Islands (Ane-	40	Ė	3	NA	Ň
		gada lelands).			•		•
puene, Barrington land		Ecuador (Galapagos Islands)	do	E	3	NA	N
wana, Cayman Brac ground	Oyclura nubila caymanensis			T	129	NA.	N
plene, Cuben ground	Cyclure nubite nubite		Entire (excluding population introduced in Puerto Rico).	1	129	NA	N
uene, Exume Island	Cyclure cychlure ligginsi	West Indies: Bahamas		Τİ	129	NA	N
uens. Fij bended	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		do	E	88	NA	N
uene. Fili crested		Pacific: Fil	do	Ē	44	NA	N
uene. Grand Cayman ground		West Indies: Cayman Islands	do	Ē	129	NA	Ň
uene, Jemaicen		West Indice: Jemeics		Ē	129	NA NA	Ň
uene, Meyeguene		West Indies: Bahamas		+ 1	129	NA	l K
uene, Mone ground				;	33		
was Tudo and Course	Cyclyre cerinals carnals	West ledge. Turks and Course take of		:		17 95(c)	
				!!	129	NA	
	Cycles eller eller	Weet Indies: Bahamas		E	129	NA	N
uene, White Cey ground	Cyclure relays cristale			Ţ	129	NA	N
zard, titunt-nosed leopard		U.S.A. (CA)		E	1	NA.	N
card, Coachella Valley fringe-load				T	105	17 95(c)	N
zerd, Hierro gient				E	144	NA	N
raed thize well	Podercis pilyusensis	Spain (Balearic Islands)	do	T	144	NA	N
zard, toland night	Xantusia (= Klaubanna) riversiana	U.S.A. (CA)	do	1	26	NA I	N
zard. St. Croix ground		U.S.A. (VI)	do	E	24	17 95(c)	N
gaitor, Bengel			do	E	15	NA	N
		Algheristen, Burme, Violnem, Thei-					
onstar, desert	Varanus priseus	North Airice to Negroest, Caspieri See	do:	E	15	NA	N
		through U.S.S.R. to Pakislan, North-					
onitar, Komodo Island	Varanus komodoensis	Indonesia (Komodo, Rintia, Pader, and		E	15	NA	N
Walley 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		western Flores Island).		- 1	-		•
onitor, yellow	Varanue Navescens			L	15	NA	N
	0.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0		do	εl	15	NA	N
thon, Indian			do	7	129	NA I	N
attleenske, Aruba Island	Crotekie unicolor	(solution phanta (solution)			43		• -
attleanake, New Mexican indge-noe		U.S.A. PMQ, Merico		:	1	17 95(c)	N
unk, Round telend		indian Ocean: Meuritius	🗪	:	129	NA	N
nake, Atlantic self marsh				: 1	30	NA	N
nake, eastern indigo	Drymarchon corais couperi			Ţ	32	NA	N
nake, San Francisco garter		U.S.A. (CA)		E	1	NA I	N
		Pilver bask		E	3	NA	N
errapin, river (= Tuntong)	Belegur basks	Meloyeia, Bengledesh, Burma, India, In- donesia.	do	E	3	NA	N
omistoma	Tomisloma schiegels	Melaysia, Indonesia	.do	E	15	NA	N
ortojse, angulati, i	Geochelone yniphora	Malagasy Republic (-Madegascar)	do	E	15	NA	N
ortoise, Bolson		Mexico	do .	E	46	NA	N
	Scaptochulya (= Gopharus) wyassizii	U.S.A. (UT, AZ, CA, NV), Mexico	Beaver Dam		103	17 95(c)	N

	ресия	Historic range	Verlebrate population where	Sta-	When	Critical	Specia
Common name	Scientific name		endangered or Investence	N.S	heled	habdal	ndes
rtoise, G. lapagos	Geochelone elephiniopus	Ecuador (Galapagos Islands)		E	3	NA.	N
ricise, fa xaled			do	Ε	3	NA.	N
cejs	Podocnemia unikis	River besins.	i i	E	3	NA.	N
lera		New Zealand	do	E	3	NA.	l N
le, aque c box		Mexaco	do	(E	6	NA.	I
e, black softshell			do	E	15	NA.	1
e, Burm see peacock		Burne	do	E	15	i NA) 1
le, Cent il American river			do	E	129	NA.	1
e, Cust: • Cienegas softsheli			do	E	15	NA	1
e, geom æric	lone geometrica).		ì	E	15	NA	,
0, green 208	Chelonia mydes	Circumgiobal in tropical and temperate	Wherever found	Τİ	2, 42	NA	17 42
	1	seas and oceans.	except where	ì			and Pa
		į.	lieled as	- 1		ļ	220 •
	ì		endengered	ì		l	22
_	ſ	j	below.	}			1
Do		40	Breeding colony	٤J	2, 42	NA	
		1	populations in		!		1
	ł	j	FL and on	i			ļ
	1	1	Pacific coast of				1
			Межсо.	1			ĺ
e, hawks. # sea (– carey)		Tropical seas	Entire	€]	3	17 95(c)	
le, Indien ewback		India	do	E	15	NA	
le, Indian coltabeli		Pakielan, India	do	E	15	NA	
ie, Kemp'. (=Allentic) Ridley sea	Lepidochelye kempii	Tropical and temperate seas in Atlantic Basin.	do	E	4	NA	,
e, leather ack sea	Demochelys conscess	Tropical, temperate, and subpoter seas		E	3	17 95(c), 2 26 7 1	٨
e, loggertad sea	Čeretta caretta	Circumglobal in tropical and temperate sees and oceans.	dio	T	42	NA	17 42(I und Par 220 an 22
ie, Olive (fc.ilic) Ridley sea	Lapidochalys Divacea	Tropical and temperate seas in Pacific Beein.	Wherever found except where listed as endangered below.	T	42	NA	17 42(I and Pa 220 ar 22
Do	do	do	Breeding colony populations on Pacific coast of	E	42	NA	٨
te pescoci sofisheli	Taganas hurum	India Bandladesh	Merco.	ΕÌ	15	NA	N.
e, Plymout red-belled		U.S.A. (MA)	do	Ē	90	17 95(c)	N
e, short-ne ked or western awarno	Pseudamydura umbrina	Australia	do	E	3 l	NA	N
le, spotted , and		Morth India, Pakieten	40	Ē	15	NA I	Ň
ie, three-ise led Asian	Melanochelys (= Geoernyde, Nicone)	Central India to Bangladesh and Burma		Ē	15	NA	N
r, Lar Valls	Vipera latifi	Iran	do	E	129	NA	N
				1	1		
A IPHIBIANS			j	- 1	- 1	!	
ur golden	Eleutherodectylus jasperi	lusa (PH)	ا باس	1 }	اود	17.95(a)	N/

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Com	ION NAME	Scientific name	Historic range	population where endangered or	Sta-	When	Critical	Speci
		Scientific Harrie		threatened				
	1	Discoglossus nigriventer	israel	do	E I	3	NA.	١,
	golden	Atelopus varus zeleki	Panama	do	Ē	15	NA.	
g. Stephen let	nd	Leiopelma hamiltoni	New Zeeland	do	Ē	3	NA.	1 ;
	-ee giani		Western China	do	Ē	15	NA	1
mander, deec	t slender	Betrechoseps andus	U.S.A. (CA)	do	Ē	6	NA.	
mander, Japa	rese giant	Andrias devidenus japonicus	Jepan	do	Ē	15	NA	} ;
mender, Red	104B	Phaeognathus hubrichti	U.S.A. (AL)	do	7	19	NA	l i
mender, Sen	Aercos	Eurycee nene	U.S.A. (TX)	do	il	98	17 95(d)	17 43
mander, Sant	Cruz long toed	Ambystome mecrodactylum croceum	USA (CA)	do	Ē	1	NA NA	'' ''
mander, Texa	blind	Typhiomolog rathburi	USA (TX)	do	Ē	i	NA NA	
1. African vive	MOUS	Alectophymoides sop	Tanzania, Gunea, Ivory Coast, Came-	do	Ē	15	NA.	1 1
			roon, Liberia, Ethiopia.		- 1	,,,	767	í '
d, Cameroon		Buto supercharis	Equatorial Africa	do	Ε	15	NA	
d. Houston		Buto houstonenes	U.S.A. (TX)	do	ĒΙ	2	17 95(d)	
1. Monte Veru		Buto perigienes	Costa Rica		Ē	15	NA NA	
1. Wyoming		Bulo haminohrys baxteri	U.S.A. (WY)	do	Ē	138	NA NA	
					-	130	140	,
t.	₩8							
Balik (trout)		Salmo platycaphalus	Turkey	Entre	E	3	NA	
nodoki (loach		Hymenophyse (= Bose) curte	Japan	do	ΕÌ	3	NA	
Ical, Meidcan	cathsh)	Priototla phroatophila	Mexico	do	E	3	NA	i
Moungue, Asi.	1	Scieropages formosus	Thelland, Indonesia, Malaysia		E	15	NA	i
sh (no comm		Panassius saniturongesi	Thelland	do	E	3	NA	
ish, gient		Pangasianodon gipas	do	do	E	3	NA	
ich Yegui		ictelurus pricei	U.S.A. (AZ), Mexico	do	Ŧ	157	17 95(0)	17.44
elleh, Alebemi		Speople&rhinus poulsoni	U.S.A. (AL)	do	7 (28	17 95(e)	
edeh, Ozerk		Ambhagais rosse	U.S.A. (AR, MO, OK)		1	164	NA	1
b. bonytnii		Gita alegens	U.S.A. (AZ, CA, CO, NV, UT, WY)		E	92	NA	i
_,		Gile barenobus	U.S.A. (OR)		Ē	124	17 95(e)	
b. Chihushus		Gile nigrescens	U.S.A. (MA), Mexico (Chrhushus)	do	7	132	NA	17 44
b. humoback		Gile cyche	U.S.A. (AZ, CO, UT, WY)		Ė		NA	
b. Hutton tui		Gile bigolor ssp	U.S.A. (OR)		ī	174	NA	17 44
-,		Gile bicolor mohevensis	U.S.A. (CA)		Ė	2	NA I	1, 1,
-		Gile bicolor snyderi			Ē	195	17 95(e)	
	oundtail	Gile robusta jorden	U.S.A. (NV)	do	E	2	NA NA	
_,	AN RAGE	Historia canni	U.S.A. (TN, VA)		7	28	17 95(e)	17 44
.,			U.S.A. (AL, GA, NC, TN, VA)	40	- ;	26	17 95(e)	
_,,		Hybopeis moneche	U.S.A. (AZ), Mexico	4	Ė			17 44
		Gila purpures	U.S.A. (AZ), MONECO		- 1	157	17 95(e)	
		Acanthorutius handlirschi	Turkey		Ē	3]	NA	,
		Charmistes Cupus			E		NA I	1.
B, ASR MISSON	s speckled	Rhinichtige occulus nevadensis	40	do	=	117E, 127E,	17 95(e)	,
	ł			}		130	J	
-,		Eremichanys acros		do	Ŧ	210		17 44(6
	kled	Phiniphthys osculus ssp	U.S.A. (OR)	do	Ţ	174	NA	17 44
-,	n Springs	Phinichthys osculus thermals	U.S.A. (WY)	do	E	2	NA	N
e, Moépe		Mospa corisces	U.S.A. (NY)	do	E	1	NA	N
er, ember		Pergina antecella	U.S.A. (GA, TN)	do	E		17 95(a)	N
er, beyou		Etheostome rubrum	U.S.A. (MS)	do	Ţ	10		1/44(1
er, fountain		Etheostoma fonticola	U.S.A. (TX)	do	E	2	17 95(0)	N
ler, leopard.		Percina pantherina	U.S.A. (AR, OK)	. do	T	31	17 95(e)	17 44(0
			USA (MO)	do	Εİ		NA I	

erter, sneil erter, wetercress iembuele, Big Bend iembuele, Clear Creek iembuele, Amistad iembuele, Purcos iembuele, Sen Marcos ittlieh, Pahrump ittlieh, Pahrump ingerch, Coneseuga iettoria, Smoky iettoria,	Percina jankinsi Notuna trautmani Notuna badayi Notuna davipinnia Coreobagnia ichitawa Cyprinodon navadansia mionactas	U.S.A. (AL, TN) U.S.A. (AL, GA, TN) U.S.A. (AL) U.S.A. (TX) U.S.A. (TX) U.S.A. (TX) U.S.A. (TX) U.S.A. (TX) U.S.A. (NV) U.S.A. (NV) U.S.A. (GA, TN) U.S.A. (CH) U.S.A. (CH) U.S.A. (GA, TN, VA) Japan	do	*************	6 28 12, 150 2 1 1 93 2 98 1	NA 17 85(0) NA NA NA NA NA 17 85(0)	7 441 P P P P P
erter, sneil erter, wetercress iembuele, Big Bend iembuele, Clear Creek iembuele, Amistad iembuele, Purcos iembuele, Sen Marcos ittlieh, Pahrump ittlieh, Pahrump ingerch, Coneseuga iettoria, Smoky iettoria,	Percina tanusi Etheostoma nuchale Gambusia gaigai Gambusia paigai Gambusia amistadensis Gambusia nobilis Gambusia peorpii Empetrichelys latos Percina jantunsi Noturus trautmani Noturus baleyi Noturus davipinnis Coreobagnus ichitawai Cyprinodon nevadensis monectas	U.S.A. (AL, GA, TN) U.S.A. (AL) U.S.A. (TX)	do	.166666666	12, 150 2 1 1 93 2 98	NA NA NA NA NA 17 95(e)	**************************************
larter, watercress iambuela, Big Bend iambuela, Clear Creek embuela, Amistad ambuela, Amistad ambuela, San Marcos illifeh, Pahrump oggerch, Conesauga adtom, Scioto adtom, Scioto adtom, yellowkn altogigi (cutfieh) uplish, Ash Meadows Amargosa uplish, Comanche Springs uplish, Devile Hole uplish, Leon Springs uplish, Owens uplish, Warm Springs uplish, Warm Springs uplish, Warm Springs uplish, Warm Springs uplish, Warm Springs	Etheostoma nuchale Gambusia gaigai Gambusia heterochi Gambusia amistadensis Gambusia nobilis Gambusia georpei Empetrichthys latos Percina jankinsi Noturia trautmani Noturia trautmani Noturia flavipinnia Coreobagnia ichikawai Oyprinodon nevadensia monectas	U.S.A. (AL)	do		2 1 1 93 2 98	NA NA NA NA NA 17 95(0)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
ambuela, Big Bend iambuela, Clear Creek iambuela, Amietad iambuela, Pucce ambuela, Pucce ambuela, Pahrump opperch, Conseauga iadtom, Scioto adtom, Smoky adtom, yellowhn akogigi (catfieh) uplish, Aeh Meadows Amargosa uplish, Comanche Springs uplish, Leon Springs uplish, Leon Springs uplish, Owens uplish, Werm Springs uplish, Werm Springs uplish, Werm Springs uplish, Werm Springs uplish, Werm Springs uplish, Werm Springs uplish, Werm Springs uplish, Werm Springs uplish, Werm Springs	Gambusia paigei Gambusia heterochi Gambusia amistadensis Gambusia nobile Gambusia georgei Empetrichthya latos Percina jankinsi Noturia traumani Noturia traumani Noturia flavipirnia Corpologius ichikawai Cyprinodon nevadensis monecias	U.S.A. (TX)	do		1 1 93 2 98 1	NA NA NA NA 17 95(0)	
ambueia, Ciear Creek embueia, Amietad embueia, Purces embueia, San Merces embueia, San Merces embueia, San Merces embueia, San Merces embueia, San Merces embueia, San Merces embueia, Pahrump edoria, Sanoky edoria, Sa	Gambunia heterochii Gambunia amistadensis Gambunia poorpii Empetrichthys latos Percina jankinsi Noturia trautmani Noturia trautmani Noturia trautmani Corpotagnia ichikawai Cyprinodon nevadensis monecias	do	do		1 93 2 98 1	NA NA NA 17 95(e)	
embuela, Amistad embuela, Pucos embuela, San Marcos lifish, Pahrump gperch, Conseauga adtom, Sciolo adtom, Sciolo adtom, yellowtin sliogigi (catteh) plish, Ash Meadows Amargosa plish, Comanche Springs plish, Leon Springs plish, Leon Springs plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Owens	Gambunia amistadensis Gambunia nobilis Gambunia peorpei Empetichthys latos Percina jankinsi Noturia trautmani Noturia baleyi Noturia theipyimia Corpologija ichitawai Cyprinadon nevadensis mionectes	U.S.A. (NM, TX)	do	E E E E E	93 2 98 1	NA NA 17 95(e)	
ambueia, Pucce ambueia, San Marcos lifish, Pahrump gperch, Conseauga adtom, Scioto adtom, Scioto adtom, yellowtin shogigi (catfish) plish, Comanche Springs plish, Davite Hole plish, Leon Springs plish, Owens plish	Gambunia nobils Gambunia georpei Empetrichthys latos Percina jankinsi Noturia trautmani Noturia baleyi Noturia trautmani Coreobagnia ichitawai Oyprinadan nevadensia mionectes	U.S.A. (NM, TX) U.S.A. (TX) U.S.A. (NV) U.S.A. (GA, TN) U.S.A. (CH) U.S.A. (TN) U.S.A. (GA, TN, VA)		E E E	2 98 1	NA 17 95(e)	
embusia, San Marcos lifish, Patrump gperch, Conseauga adtom, Sciolo adtom, Sciolo adtom, yellowth litogigi (catfish) plish, Comanche Springs plish, Devite Hole plish, Leon Springs plish, Owens plish, Warm Springs iner, beauthul inerlace, Big Spring inerlace, White River	Gambusia georgia Empetrichiliya latos Percina jankinsi Noturua trautmani Noturua basiyi Noturua davipirnia Corantagrua ichitawai Cyprinadan nevadansia monectas	U.S.A. (TX)		E E E	98 1	17 95(e)	i i
ilfieh, Pahrump gperch, Conseauga altora, Sciolo adtora, Senoky adtora, yellowth dogigi (catfieh) plieh, Ash Meadows Amargosa plieh, Devite Hole plieh, Leon Springs plieh, Owens plieh, Owens plieh, Warm Springs iner, beautikil inerdace, White River	Empetichilys latos Percina jankinsi Noturia trautmani Noturia trautmani Noturia trautmani Noturia flavipirnia Coreobagnia ichitawai Cyprinodon nevadensia monectas	U.S.A. (NV)	do	E E	1		
gperch, Conssauga adtors, Sciolo adtors, Sciolo adtors, Senoky adtors, yellowin kogigi (calfish) plish, Ash Meadows Amargosa plish, Comanche Springs plish, Devite Hole plish, Leon Springs plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Grean Springs iner, beautiful. inedace, Big Spring	Percina jankinsi Notuna trautmani Notuna badayi Notuna davipinnia Coreobagnia ichitawa Cyprinodon navadansia mionactas	USA (GA, TN) USA (OH) USA (TN) USA (GA, TN, VA)	dodo	E	1 196	I NA	•
odtors, Scioto adtors, Smoky adtors, Smoky adtors, yellowtin stogigi (catfish) plish, Ash Meadows Amargosa plish, Comanche Springs plish, Devite Hole plish, Leon Springs plish, Owens plish, Owens plish, Warm Springs iner, beautiful. inedace, Big Spring	Noturia trautmani	U.S.A. (CH)	do do do	E	196	1	
oltoria, Smoky Inditoria, Smoky Inditoria, yellowika Indigingi (cathish) Indiah, Ash Meadows Amargosa Indiah, Comanche Springs Indiah, Devile Hole Indiah, Devile Hole Indiah, Owens Indiah, Warm Springs Indiah, Big Spring Indiah, With River	Noturus badeyi	U.S.A. (TN)	dodo	- 1		17 95(e)	1
plish, Comanche Springs plish, Comanche Springs plish, Devile Hole plish, Leon Springs plish, Cwens plish, Cwens plish, Cwens plish, Cwens plish, Springs iner, beautiful	Nourue Merépinnie Coreobagnus ichitawa Cyprinodon nevadensis mionectas	USA (GA, TN, VA)	do	E	10	NA	1
kogigi (catfish) plish, Ash Meadows Amargosa plish, Comanche Springs plish, Devile Hole plish, Leon Springs plish, Owens plish, Warm Springs ner, beautiful. nedace, Big Spring	Coreobegnus ichitawa Cyprinodon nevedensis mionectes	Japan] GO]	- 1	163	17 95(e)	
plish, Ash Meadows Amargosa	Cyprinodon nevadensis mionectas	U.S.A. (NV)		Ţ	28	17.95(e)	17 44
plish, Devile Hole plish, Leon Springs plish, Owens plish, Werm Springs iner, beeutik.t		į	do	E	3 11/E, 127E,	NA 17 95(e)	
plish, Devile Hole plish, Leon Springs plish, Owens plish, Werm Springs iner, beeutik.t	Cypnnodon elegans	U.S.A. (TX)	do	E	130	NA.	1 .
pfish, Leon Springs pfish, Owens pfish, Warm Springs ner, besutiful. nedece, Big Spring	Overinadan diebolis	U.S.A. (NV)		E	• 1	NA NA	
Meh, Owens Meh, Werm Springs Mer, beeutik Mendece, Big Spring Medece, White River	Cyprinodon bovinus		do	Ē	102		
nteh, Warm Springs ner, beeutiful nedece, Big Spring nedece, White River		USA (CA)		E		17 95(e)	
ner, beautiful		USA (NV)		E	1 2	NA NA	
neclace, Big Spring		U.S.A. (AZ, NM), Mexico		F	_	,	
nedece, White River	Legidomede molispinus pratensus			1	157	17 95(a)	17.44
	Lapidomada albealis			٠,	173	17 95(e)	17.4
	Crenichthys baileyi grandis			E	203 206	17 95(e)	!
	Crenichthys baileyi baileyi	do	do	Ē	206	17 95(e)	
	Phichochemis bious		Entre except	Ē	1. 183	17 95(e) NA	
uendish, Colorado	•	Mexico.	Salt and Verde R. dramages, AZ.	=	1, 183	N	1
Do	do	do	Salt and Verde R	XN	193	NA	17.84
1		•	drainages, AZ.	- 1		ſ	
	Gasterosteus aculeatus williamsoni			E	2	NA .	
	Acipenser brevirostrum			E	1 [NA	1
	Catostomus microps	U.S.A. (CA)	do	E	184	17 95(0)	1
	Catostomus warnerensis		do	Ţ	205	17 95(e)	17.4
	Tanakia tanago		do	Ε¦	3	NA	1
	Proberbus juliens	Lace.	1	E	15	NA	
minnow, Gila	Posciliopsis accidentalis	U.S.A. (AZ, NM), Mauco	dio	E	1	NA	9
	Cynoecion mecdonaldi	Menico (Gulf of California)		Ε	45	NA	
	Salmo apache		do	Ĭ	1, 8	NA	1/44
		U.S.A. (AZ, NM)		E		NA	
			do	• •	1, 38	NA	17.44
	Salmo clariu hanshaw		do		2, 6 37	NA I	17 44(
MI, LINIO KOM GOIGON	Salmo aguabonita whiter	U.B.A. (UA)	do	- !	1.8	17 95(e) NA	17 440
• •			Cours success	اء	2, 193	NA I	17 446
Mindlin	Plagapterus argenéssmus	U.S.A. (AZ, NV, UT)	Entre, except Gita fil. dramage, AZ,		2. 103	***	•

	···		Vertebrate				
Common name	Scientific name	Historic range	population where endangered or threatened	Sta-	When beled	Critical habitat	Special rules
· • • • • •							
oundlin	Plagapterus argentissimus	U.S.A. (AZ, NV, UT)	Gila R drainage AZ, NM.	XN	193	NA	17 84(b)
SNAILS	Succines chittenangoensis	U.S.A. (NY)	l	_			
	Triodocus pletysevoides	U.S.A. (WY)	NA	Ţ	41	NA	NA
nell, ital-apired three-toothed		U.S.A. (WV)	NA	Ţ	41	NA	NA
nell, Iowe Pleistocene	Discus maccintocki	USA (A)	NA	E	41	NA	NA
neil, Manus Island Iree	Papushte pulcherrima	Pacific Ocean: Admiralty is. (Manue is.)	NA	E	3	NA	NA
nell, noonday	Mesodon clarki nantahala	U.S.A. (NC)	NA	T	41	NA	NA
nail, Oahu tree	Achatinate app. (all species)	U.S.A. (94)	NA	E	108, 112	NA	NA
nail, painted snake coded forest	Angulapina picta	U.S.A. (TN)	l NA.	T	41	NA	NA
neil, Stock felend	Ortholicus reses	U.S.A. (FL)	NA	T	41	NA	NA
ed, Virginia fringed mountain	Рофилионе наримелия	U.S.A. (VA)	NA	E	41	NA	NA
CLAMS		1		-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,,,
mussel, Alabama jamo	Lampsite vireacens	U.S.A. (AL, TN)	NA	Ε	15	NA	NA
erly mussel, Appalachian monkeylace	Quednile sperse	U.S.A. (TN. VA)	NA.	Ē	15	NA I	NA NA
erly mussel, birdwing	Conradile capiele	do	NA	- [15		
erly mussel, Cumberland bean	Villosa (= Micromys) trabalis	U.S.A. (KY, TN)	NA	Ē		NA	NA
			NA	1	15	NA	NA
	Quadrule intermedia	U.S.A. (AL, TN, VA)	NA	E	15	NA	NA
early museel, Curtis'	Epiobleoma (= Dyanomia) Norentina curtiel.	U.S.A. (MO)	NA	E	15	NA	NA
erly mussel, dromedery	Dromus dromes	U.S.A. (TN, VA)	NA	E	15	NA	NA
esty musset, green-blossom	Epioblasma (= Dyanomia) torulosa gu- barnacidum.	do	NA	E	15	NA	NA
erly museel, Higgins' eye	Lampelia hippinel	U.S.A. (IL, IA, MN, MO, NE, WI)	NA	E	15	NA	NA
	Megaloneias nicklineana	Merico	NA	Ē	15	NA	NA.
	Plethabasus coopenanus	U.S.A. (AL, IN, IA, KY, OH, PA, TN)	NA	Ē	15	NA I	NA NA
	Toroleama (= Carunculina) cylindrallus	U.S.A. (AL. TN)	NA	Ē	15	NA	NA NA
	Leispelle orbiculate	U.S.A. (AL, IL, IN, KY, MO, OH, PA, TN,	NA.	ĒΙ	15	NA	NA NA
Sel urreser bur urreser	Canpell Cocced	WV).		-	,	~]	100
arty museel, Tampico	Cyrtonaias tampicoensis tecomatensis	Menico	NA	E	15	NA	NA
	Epioblasma (= Dysnomia) torulosa toru-	U.S.A. (IL, IN, KY, TN, WV)	NA	E	15	NA	NA
arly mussel, turgid-blossom	Eniobleame (= Dysnomie) turpickile	U.S.A. (AL. TN)	NA	εl	15	NA	NA
	Epiphleama (= Dyanomia) sulcata del-	U.S.A. (INL ML OH)	NA.	Ēl	15	NA	NA.
	cold.			- I		[
erly mussel, while wartyback	Plethobasus cicatricosus	U.S.A. (AL. IN. TN)	NA	ΕÌ	15	NA	NA
	Epiobleana (= Dysnoma) florentina florentina.	U.S.A. (AL, TN)	NA	Ē	15	NA	NA NA
Hos fine round		U.S.A. (AL, TN, VA)	NA	ε	15	NA	NA
	Fusconais cunsolus						
ploe, rough	Pleurobama pienum	U.S.A. (IN, KY, TN, VA)	NA	E	15	NA I	NA NA
	Fusconeis edgeriene	U.S.A. (AL, TN, VA)		Ē	15	NA I	NA NA
	Potamika (=Proptara) capax	U.S.A. (AR, IN, MO, OH)	TVA	-	15	NA	NA
like shell, lan	Epiobleama walkeri		NA	E	27	NA	NA
	Elliptio (=Canthyria) storistansana	U.S.A. (NC)	NA	E	186	NA	NA
CRUSTACEANS				_ [1		
	Stygobromus hays	U.S.A. (DC)	NA	E	115	NA	NA
	Antrolene tire	U 8.A. (VA)	NA	<u> </u>	123	NA	17 46(a)
pod Socorro	Thermospheeroma (= Exospheeroma) thermosphikus.	U.S.A. (PM)	NA	E	36	NA	NA

<u>.</u>	ресня		Vertebrate				.
Common name	Scientific name	Historic range	population where endangered or threatened	Sia: tus	When hsted	Critical habitat	Special rules
INSECTS							
Beetle, della green ground	Elephrus viriulis	USA (CA)		1	100	17.95(i)	NA
Beetle, valley elderberry longhorn	Desmocerus californicus dimorphus	do	NA	T	99	17.05(1)	NA
Butterfly, El Segundo blue	Euphilotes (= Shijimineoidee) battoides allyni.	do	NA	E	14	NA	NA
Butterfly, Lange's metalmerk		do		Ε	14	NA	NA
Butterfly, lotie blue				E	14	NA	NA
Butterfly, mission blue	Icaricla icanoides missionensis	do	NA	E	14	NA	NA
Butterfly: Oregon aliverspot	Speyene zerene hippolyte	U.S.A. (OR, WA)	NA	T	95	17 95(i)	NA
Butterfly: Palos Verdes blue	Glaucopsyche lygdamus palosverdesen-	U.S.A. (CA)	NA	£	96	17. 95 (i)	NA
Butterfly, San Bruno etfin	Caliophys mosse bayensis	do	NA	F	14 /	NA	NA
Butterfly, Schaus swellowleil		U.S.A. (FL)	NA	E	13,159	NA	NA
lutterBy, Smith's blue		USA (CA)	NA	E	14	NA	NA
loth, Kern primrose sphinx		do	NA	r	91	NA	NA
leucorid. Ash Meedows	, , ,		NA	i	181	17 95(1)	NA

EDITORIAL NOTE: For "When listed" citations, see list following; for symbols in "When listed" see below:
#—Indicates FR where species was delisted; reliating of the species is indicated by subsequent number(s)

E—Indicates Emergency rule publication (see FR document for effective dates); subsequent number(s) indicate FR line) rule, if applicable under "when listed."

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1-32 FR 4001: March 11, 1967.
 2-35 FR 16047: October 13, 1970.
 3-35 FR 8496: June 2 1970.
 ←35 FR 18320: December 2, 1970.
   -37 FR 6478: March 30, 1972.
    38 FR 1467% June 4, 1973.
 -39 FR 44991; December 30, 1974.
   -40 FR 29864: July 16, 1975.
   40 FR 31736: July 28, 1975.
 10-40 FR 44151; September 25, 1975.
 11—40 FR 4441& September 26, 1975.
    40 FR 47508: October 9, 1975.
    -41 FR 17740: April 28, 1976.
 14-41 FR 22044: june 1. 1978.
    -41 FR 24084: June 14, 1978.
 15-41 FR 45993: October 19, 1976.
 17-41 FR 51021: November 19, 1976.
    →1 FR 51612: November 23, 1976.
    -41 FR 53034: December 3, 1978.
    -42 FR 2078: January 10, 1977.
    42 FR 2966: January 14, 1977.
    -42 FR 28137: June 2, 1977.
    -42 FR 28545: June 3, 1977.
    42 FR 37373; July 21, 1977.
25-42 FR 40886: August 11, 1977.
27-42 FR 42383; August 23, 1977.
   -42 FR 4552% September 9, 1977.
    -42 FR 5875& November 11, 1977.
30-42 FR 6074& November 29, 1977.
31-43 FR 3715: January 27, 1978.
    43 FR 4028 January 31, 1978.
33-43 FR 4621: February 3, 1978.
    43 FR 6233: February 14, 1978.
    43 FR 9812: March 9, 1978.
   -43 FR 12891: March 27, 1978.
    -43 FR 15429: April 13, 1978.
    43 FR 1634& April 18, 1978.
    43 FR 200 1: May 12, 1978.
41-43 FR 28932: July 3, 1978.
    -43 FR 32800: July 28, 1978.
    43 FR 34479: August 4, 1978.
   -44 FR 21289: April 10, 1979.
45-
    -44 FR 23084: April 17, 1979.
    44 FR 29480: May 21, 1979.
    44 FR 37128: June 25, 1979.
   -44 FR 37132: June 25, 1979.
    44 FR 42911: July 20, 1979.
    44 FR 49220: August 21, 1979.
    44 FR 54007: September 17, 1979.
    44 FR 59084: October 12, 1979.
    44 FR 6920& November 30, 1979.
    44 FR 70877: December 7, 1979.
    -44 FR 75076: December 18, 1979.
    45 FR 18010: March 20, 1980.
    45 FR 21833: April 2, 1980.
91-45 FR 24090: April & 1980.
92-45 FR 27713: April 23, 1980.
   -45 FR 28722: April 30, 1980.
    45 FR 35821: May 28, 1980.
   -45 FR 4493& July 2 1980.
    45 FR 44930: July 2, 1980.
    -45 FR 47352: July 14, 1980.
95-45 FR 47355: July 14, 1960.
    45 FR 52803: August 8, 1960.
100-45 FR 52807: August 8, 1980.
102-45 FR 54678: August 15, 1960.
103-45 FR 55654: August 20, 1980.
105-45 FR 63812: September 25, 1960.
106-45 FR 65132: October 1, 1980.
108-46 FR 3178: January 13, 1981.
111-46 FR 11665: February 10, 1961.
112-46 FR 40025: August 6, 1961.
113-46 FR 40864: August 10, 1981.
114-47 FR 4204: January 28, 1982.
115-47 FR 5425; February 5, 1982.
117-47 FR 1998s: May 10, 1982.
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119-47 FR 31670: July 21, 1982.
123-47 FR 43701; October 4, 1982.
124-47 FR 43982: October 5. 1982.
125-47 FR 46093: October 15. 1962.
127-48 FR 612: January 5, 1983.
    -48 FR 1728: January 14, 1983.
129-48 FR 28464: June 22, 1983.
130-48 FR 40184; September 2, 1983.
131-44 FR 43043; September 21, 1983.
132-48 FR 46057; October 11, 1963.
134-48 FR 46336: October 12, 1963.
     -48 FR 46341; October 12, 1963.
136-48 FR 49249: October 25, 1963.
137-49 FR 1058: January 9, 1984.
138-49 FR 1994: January 17, 1964.
     -49 FR 2783: (anuary 23, 1964,
142-49 FR 7335: February 28, 1964.
    -49 FR 7394: February 29, 1964.
    -49 FR 7398: February 29, 1964.
    -49 FR 10528: March 20, 1964.
145
    -46 FR 14356: April 11, 1964.
     -40 FR 22334: May 29, 1964.
150-49 FR 27514: July 5, 1964.
     -40 FR 33888: August 27, 1984.
157-49 FR 34494: August 31, 1964.
159-49 FR 34504: August 31, 1984.
    -49 FR 34510: August 31, 1984.
161-49 FR 35954: September 13, 1984.
    -49 FR 43068: October 28, 1984.
183-
164-49 FR 43969: November 1, 1964.
     →9 FR 45163: November 15. 1964.
     -49 FR 49639: December 21, 1964.
100-50 FR 1050: January 9, 1966.
170—50 FR 4228: January 30, 1986
171-50 FR 4945: February 4, 19
173-50 FR 12302: March 28, 1988.
174-50 FR 12305: March 28, 1988.
181-50 FR 20785: May 20, 1988.
182-50 FR 21792: May 28, 1986.
183-50 FR 23884: june & 1968.
184-50 FR 24530: June 11, 1986.
185-50 FR 24663; June 12, 1986.
186-50 FR 25678: June 20, 1985.
188-50 FR 28875; June 27, 1988.
189-50 FR 27002: July 1, 1988.
193-
    -50 FR 30194; July 24, 1988.
195-50 FR 31508: August 5, 1965.
    -50 FR 31603; August 5, 1965.
     -50 FR 37198: September 12, 1985.
205-50 FR 39117: September 27, 1965.
206-60 FR 39123: September 27, 1968.
210-50 FR 50308: December 10, 1968.
211-50 FR 50733; December 11, 1988.
212-50 FR 51252: December 18, 1988.
[46 FR 34162. July 27, 1963; 46 FR 34661, Aug.
2 1963, as amended at 48 FR 39943, Sept. 2.
1963: 46 FR 46337. Oct. 12, 1963: 46 FR 52743,
Nov. 22, 1983: 49 FR 1058, Jan. 9, 1984: 49 FR
33892. Aug. 27, 1964)
  Editorial Note: For additional Pedaral
Register citations affecting the table in
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Editorial Note: For additional Federal Register citations affecting the table in § 17.11(h), see the listing which follows the table.

§ 17.12 Endangered and threatened plants.

(a) The list in this section contains the names of all species of plants which have been determined by the Services to be Endangered or Threatened. It also contains the names of species of plants treated as Endangered or Threatened because they are sufficiently similar in appearance to Endangered or Threatened species (see ... 7.50 et seq.).

- (b) The columns entitled "Scientific Name" and "Common Name" define the species of plant within the meaning of the Act. Although common names are included, they cannot be relied upon for identification of any specimen, since they may vary greatly in local usage. The Services shall use the most recently accepted scientific name. In cases in which confusion might arise, a synonym(s) will be provided in parentheses. The Services shall rely to the extent practicable on the International Code of Botanical Nomenclature.
- (c) In the "Status" column the following symbols are used: "E" for Endangered, "T" for Threatened, and "E [or T] (S/A)" for similarity of appearance species.
- (d) The other data in the list are nonregulatory in nature and are provided for the information of the reader. In the annual revision and compilation of this Title, the following information may be amended without public notice: the spelling of species' names, historical range, footnote: references to certain other apply portions of this Title, synonyms, more current names. In any of these revised entries, neither the species, as defined in paragraph (b) of this section. nor its status may be changed without following the procedures of Part 424 of this Title.
- (e) The "Historic Range" indicates the known general distribution of the species or subspecies as reported in the current scientific literature. The present distribution may be greatly reduced from this historic range. This column does not imply any limitation on the application of the prohibitions in the Act or implementing rules. Such prohibitions apply to all individuals of the plant species, wherever found.
- (f)(1) A footnote to the Federal Register publication(s) listing or reclassifying a species is indicated under the column "When Listed." Footnote numbers to §§ 17.11 and 17.12 are in the same numerical sequence, since plants and animals may be listed in the same Federal Register document. That document, at least since 1973, includes a streement indicating the basis for the listing, as well as the effective date(s) of said listing.
- (2) The "Special Rules" and "Critical Habitat" columns provide a cross reference to other sections in Parts 17. 222, 228, or 227. The "Special Rules" column will also be used to cite the special rules which describe experimental populations and determine if they are essential or nonessential. Separate listings will be made for

experimental populations, and the status column will include the following symbols: "XE" for an essential experimental population and "XN" for a nonessential experimental population. The term "NA" (not applicable) appearing in either of these two columns indicates that there are no special rules and/or critical habitat for that particular

species. However, all other appropriate rules in Parts 17, 217–227, and 402 still apply to that species, in addition, there may be other rules in this Title that relate to such plants, e.g., port-of-entry requirements. It is not intended that the references in the "Special Rules" column list all the regulations of the two Services which might apply to the

species or to the regulations of other Federal agencies or State or local governments.

- 'g) The listing of a particular taxon includes all lower taxonomic units (see § 17.11(g) for examples).
- (h) The "List of Endangered and Threatened Plants" is provided below:

Spocies		1	Sta	When	Critical	Special
Scientific name	Common name	Historic range	bus.	beled	habitat	ruies
gavaceae— Agave family.						
Agawa anzonica	Arizona agave	USA (AZ)	£	147	NA.	NA
Segitlene (esciculate	Bunched arrowhead	USA (NC, SC)	E	53	NA	NA.
piaceas —Pareley family.						
Enyrigium constances	Loch Lomond coyole-thistle	USA (CA)	£	194£	NA	NA
steraceae—Aster family: Bidens cuneete	Cuneate bidens					
Dyssodie technolouce	Achu downed	USA (HI)	E	141	NA	NA
	Ashy dogweed.	USA (TX)	E	152	NA	NA
Echinacea tennesseensis	Tennessee purple conellower	USA (TN)	E	49	NA	NA
Enceliopeis nuclicaulis var corrugata	Ash Meadows sunray	USA (NV)	T	181	17.98(a)	NA
Engeron maguirei var. mayurei		1	E	202	NA	NA
Erigeron rhizomelus		USA (NM)	T	177	NA	NA
Grindela traunopralensis		USA (CA, NV)	T	181	17. 96(a)	NA
Lipocheele venose	None		E	73	NA	NA
Pityopeus ruthii (= Heterotheca ruthii, = Chryeopeus ruthii)	Ruth's golden aster		E	191	NA	NA
Sanacio Iranciscanus		USA (AZ)	T	137	17 96(a)	NA
Solidago shortii		USA (KY)	E	201	NA	NA
Solidago spithamuea		USA (NC. TN)	Ţ	175	NA	NA
Stephenomena matheurensis	Malheur wire-lettuce	USA (OR)	É	126	17.96(a)	NA
Townsenda aprica		USA (UT)	Ť	200	NA	NA
erbendacese—Barberry laméy: Mahonia sonnei (= Berbene s)	Truckee barberry	U.S.A. (CA)	E	76	NA.	NA
ekulaceae—Birch family: Bekula uber	Virginia round-leaf birch	USA (VA)	£	30	NA	NA
		0 3 % (0 %)	- 1	30	·~	1967
oraginaceae—Borage tamily: Amainckie grandiffora	Large-Nowered tiddleneck	USA (CA)	E	179	17 96(a)	NA
assicacese - Mustard family:		1	- 1	- 1	ł	
Arabis modonaktiena	McDonald's rock-cress	U.S.A (CA)	E	44	NA Ì	NA
Eryainum capitalum var. angustalum	Contra Costa wellflower		E	39	17 96(a)	NA
Thet/podium stenopelalum	Stender-petaled mustard	do	Ē	150	NA	NA
uxaceas—Boxwood family:			l		İ	
Buse vahii	Vahl's borwood	U.S.A. (PR)	E	197	NA	NA
cteceseCactus family:			_ [
Ancistrocactus tobuschii (= Echinocactus L, Mammillana L)	Tobusch fishhook cactus	USA (TX)	E	60	NA	NA
Cereus eriophorus vas. tragrans	Fragrant prickly-apple	U.S.A. (FL)	E	208	NA	NA
Caraus robinii	Key tree-cactus		E	153	NA	NA
Coryphentha minima (= C. nettiese, Escobana n., Mammillaria n.).	Nellie cory cactus	U.S.A. (TX)	E	81	NA	NA
Congenentia (amillosa	Bunched cory cactus	U.S.A. (TX), Mexico (Coehulle).	1	n	NA	NA
Coryphantha sneeds var lees (= Escobaria I., Mammillaria I.) .	Lee pincushion cactus	USA (NM)	7	81	NA	NA
Coryphenths sneeds var. sneeds (=Escobans s., Mammi- lais s.).		U.S.A. (TX, NM)	E	82	NA	NA
Echinocacius horizonthalonius vai nicholu	Nichol's Turk's heed cactus	USA (AZ)	E	71	NA .	NA
Echinocereus engelmennii ver purpureus		USA (UT)	E	58	NA	NA
Echinocereus fendleri ver. kuenzleri (= E. kuenzleri, E.	Kuenzier hedgehog caclus	USA (NM)	Ē	70	NA	NA
hempelii of withors, not Fobe).						

Species			Sta-	When	Critical	C
Scientific name	Common name	Historic range	ine ine	isted	habitat	Special Rates
Echinocereus (eichenbachi var. albertii (- E. melanocentrus)	Black face cactus	do	£		1	
Echinocereus Inglochidialus vas anzonicus (= E. arizonicus)	Arizona hedgehog cactus		E	68 62	NA	N
Echinocereus triplochidiatus var. inermis (= E. coconeus var.	Someleus hedgehog cactus		Ë		NA	N
i, E. phoeniceus var. i).		0.0.7. (00,01)		83	NA	N
Echnocereus viridationus var devisa (= E. devisa)	Davis' green pilaya	U.S.A. (TX)	ΕÌ		1!	
Neoloydia mariposansis (= Echinocachis m., Echinomasius	Lloyd's Manposa cactus	USA (TX) Mexico	-	81	l MA	N/
ml	Libra a mary con cashed in immedia	(Coahula)	7	77	NA	N
Pediocacius bradyr (~ Tourneya b.)	Brady pincushion cactus	U.S.A. (AZ)			} j	
Padiocaclus knowtonu (= P. brady var. k. Tourneya k.)	Knowton cactus		E	63	NA	. N
Pediocaclus peableaunus var. peableaunus (=Echnocaclus	1	U.S.A. (NM, CO)	E	72	NA	N
	Poebles Navajo cacius	USA (AZ)	E	69	NA	N
ρ, Nevajos ρ, Tourneys ρ, Utahis ρ).	C share seek a	1	1		{ }	
Padiocactus silan (= Echnocactus s., Utahie s.)	Siler pincushion cactus		€	64	NA	N
Scienocactus glaucus (= Echinocactus g., E. subglaucus, E.	Linta Basin hookiess cactus	U.S.A. (CO, UI)	1	59	NA	N
uhipplei ves. g., Pediocactus g., S. tranklnii, S. uhipplei	1	1	1		1	
vin. g.).	Ataon Marda pentur	1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_ {	_	}	
Scierocacius mesee-verdae (= Colorados M., Echinocacius	Mesa Verde caclus	U.S.A. (CO, NM)	1 [75	NA	N
m, Pediocactus m.)		1 - 1	- 1		Ì	
Scierocacius wrightiae (= Pediocacius w.)	Wright tehhook cactus	U.S.A. (UT)	E	58	NA	N
ophylacese—Pink family:		1 1	-		1	
Schiedes edemants	Diamond Head schiedea.	USA (HI)		1	}	
	Lighten Head Schools	[U3.A (ra)	£	141	NA	N.
nopodiaceaeGooseloot (amily:		į l	1	į	Ì	
Nierophile moheveneis	Amargosa nitrewort	USA (CA)	E	181	17 96(a)	N
•			-		50(2)	,,,
sceae—Rockrose family:		1	\	- 1	1	
Hudeonia montana	Mountain golden heather	USA (NC)	1	107	17 96(a)	N
autonom Ptonom ford) t	1	-	}	
Nileceee—Stonecrop family: Dudleye traskine	Santa Barbara Island Ivelorever	U.S.A. (CA)	E	39	NA	
		D.S.A. (CA)	F }	28	~~ }	N
ossaceae—Cypress family:		1	- 1	(- 1	
Fitzroya cupressoides	Chilean (also larch (= sierce)	Chile, Argentine	1	79	NA I	N
	• •	1	1	j	j	•
MacegoSedge tammy:		(]	
Caran apacuicola	None	U.S.A. (AZ)	1)	178	17 96(a)	N
cage—Heuth family:		1 (-		
Arctostaphylos pungens var. ravens (=A. hooken ssp. ra-	Presidio (Raven's) manzanita	U.S.A. (CA)	E	65	NA	N
werd).		000	- 1	• •		TV.
Rhododenokon cheameny	Chapman rhododendron	U.S.A. (FL)	Ε	47	NA	N
		0.030	-	* 1		10
torbiaceaeSpurge family:		1	- 1	}	ì	
Eupharbia (= Chamassyce) deltoides ssp. deltoides	Spurge	U.S.A. (FL)	E	192	NA	N
Eupharbia (= Chemessyce) gerberi	None	do	1	192	NA	N
Euphorbia skottebergii var. kalaaloana	Ewa Plains 'akoko	U S.A. (HI)	E	120	NA	N
Jetropha costarioeneis	Costs Rican jetrophs	Costa Rica	E	154	NA	N
	• -	1	ì	l	1	
iceae - Pea lamily:		1,,00, (51)	. 1		[_
Amorpha cranulate	Crenulate lead-plant	USA (FL)	E	192	NA	NA
Astragalus humillimus	Mancos milk-velch	U.S.A. (CO, NM)	E	187	NA	N
Astragatus perienus	Rydberg milk-vetch	USA (UT)	Ţ	39	NA	N
Astragatus phoenix	Ash Meadows milk-vetch	U.S.A. (NV)	11	181	17 96(a)	NA NA
Bapaisia arachnidara	Hairy rattleweed	USA (GA)	E	39	NA	NA
Galectia smalli	Small's militpes	USA (FL)	E	192	NA	NA
Hollmannsaggra tenella	Siender rush-pea	USA (TX)	E	207	NA	NA
Lotus dendroideus asp. traskule (- L. scopwius 550 1)	San Clemente Island broom	USA (CA)	El	26	NA I	NA

Specia	·♥ ·= ₁	1	5	LAJP	Constant	e
Scientific name	Common name	Historic range	Sta-	When	Critical habitat	Spocial rules
Vicie menziesii	Hawaiian velch	U.S.A. (HI)	E	39	NA	NA NA
nkenaceae—Frankenia (amily.	1		-	-		
Frankenia johnstonii	Johnston's frankense	U.S.A. (TX), Mexico (Nuevo Leon).	E	155	NA.	NA
ntanaceae—Gentan family:						
Centeurium nemophikm	Spring-loving centaury	U.S.A. (CA, NV)	1	181	17.96(a)	NA
irophyllaceae—Waterleaf family:						
Phacelia arpitlaces	Clay phaceta	U.S.A. (UT)	E	44	NA	N.A
Phacelia formosula	North Park phacela	U.S.A. (CO)	E	121	NA	NA
iaceae—Mint (amily:						
Acantholimintha obovata ssp. duttonii	San Maleo thornmint	U.S.A. (CA)	E	204	NA	NA
Dicerendra cornulissime			E	209	NA	NA
Dicerendre frutuscens		do	E	209	NA	NA
Dicerendra immeculate		do	E	160	NA	NA
Haplostachys haplostachys var. angustilolis	None	U.S.A. (HI)	Æ	73	NA	NA
Hedeome apiculatum		USA. (TX, NM).	T]	118	17 96(a)	NA
Hedeoma todsenii		USA (NM)	E	110, 112	17 96(a)	NA
Pogogyne abramsu			E	44	NA	NA
Stanogyne angustiloka var. angustiloka	None	U S.A. (HI)	E	73	NA	NA
ceas—Lily tamily:	ļ				1	
Harperocellis filtra		USA (FL)	E I	57	NA	NA
Tritium persistens	Persistent trillium	U.S.A. (GA, SC)	E	39	NA	NA
saceseLossa family:				Į	ļ	
Menteeka leucophylia	Ash Meadows blazing star	U.S.A. (NV)	T	161	1 / 96(a)	NA
vaceseMellow family:			i	į		
Callinos acabnuscula	Texas poppy-mallow,		Εj	100, 112	NA	NA
Kokie cookei	Cooke's koko		E	74	NA	NA
Kotia drymanoides		do	E	167	17 96(a)	NA
Malacothemnus clementinus	F ==		E	26	NA	NA
Skinices pedate	Pedate checker-mallow		E	158	NA	NA
taginaceae—Four-o'clock lamily:		1	1	j		
Alirabite macteriansi	MacFarlane's four-o'clock	U.S.A. (ID, OR)	E	66	NA	NA
graceae—Evening-primrose family:						
Camissonia benitensis	San Benito evening-primiose	U.S.A. (CA)	1	172	NA	NA
Oenothera avita sep. eurokense	Eureka Valley evening-primmes]do]	E	39	NA	NA
Oenothers deltoides sep. howelii	Antioch Dunes evening-printrose		E	39	17 96(a)	NA
ndeceas—Orchid family:					-	
lectric medeoloides	Small whorled pogonia		Ł	122	NA	NA
		MD, ME, MI, MO,	ſ	[1	
		NC, NH, NJ, NY,	J	J	1	
		PA, RI, SC, VA, VT), Canada (Ont.)	-		1	
Sprenthes paniss	Navasola ladies'-tresses	U.S.A. (TX)	E	116	NA	NA
				-		
averaceae—Poppy family:						

Species	1	1	1			
Scientific name	Common name	Historic range	Sta	When hated	Critical habital	Special rules
Pinaceae — Puse family Abies guillemalensis	Guatemalan fir (= penabete)	Mexico, Guatemala, Honduras, El	1	84	NA.	NA
Poaceae—Gruss family Tuctorie mucronate (- Orcultie m.) Panicum carteri	Solano grass	Salvador. USA (CA). USA (HI) USA (CA). USA (CA).	£ £ £	44 133 39 39	NA 17 96(a) NA 17 96(a)	NA NA NA
Polygulàceae— Milkwort family. Polygula smalli	Tiny polygala	USA (FL)	Ŀ	192	NA.	NA.
Polygonaceae Buckwheat family Enogonum gypsophilum Enogonum pelinophilum	Gypsum wiki buckwheat Clay-loving wild-buckwheat	USA (NM) USA (CO)	I E	110, 112 1 51	17 96(а) 17 96(а)	NA NA
Primulaceae—Primvose family. Primula magurei	Magure primose	USA (UT)	ī	199	NA	NA
Ranunculaceae — Buttercup family: **Acondum noveboracense	Northern wild monkshood	USA (IA, NY, OH,	1	39	NA.	NA
Dulphinium kinkiense	San Clemente Island larkspur	USA. (CA)	Ł	26	NA	NA
lhamnaceae—Buckhorn family. Gouaria hillebrandi	None	USA (HI)	£	165	17 96(a)	NA
Rosaceae—Rose family: Cowaria subintegra: Nesia aramica: Potentita robbinsiana:	Ash Meadows ivesia	USA (AZ) USA (NV) USA (NH, VT)	E T E	148 181 104	NA 17 96(a) 17 96(a)	NA NA NA
lubiaceae—Colfee family: Gardenia brighami	Na'u (Hawasan gardenia)	USA (HI)	£	198	NA	NA
ulaceae—Citrus family. Zanthoxylium thomesiarium. arracemaceae—Pitcher plant fumily.	Prickly ash	USA (PR. VI)	Ł	213	NA	NA
Sarracenia oreophila	Green pitcher plant	USA (AL, GA, TN)	£	56, 89	NA	NA
exilregaceae—Saxilrage lamily. Ribes achinellum	Miccosukee gooseberry	USA (FL, SC)	1	190	NA	NA
crophulanaceas—Snapdragon family. Castilloja grisua		USA (CA) USA (CA), Mexico (Baja Cabiornia).	Ł	26 44	AN AN	NA NA
Pedicularis kirbishias	Furbish lousewort	U.S.A. (ME), Canada (New Brunswick).	Ł	39	NA	NA
olanaceas—Neghtshade family. Goetzas elegans	Beautiful goetzea, matabuey	USA (PR)	Ł	176	NA	NA
tyracacege Styrax family Siyrax fexerisi	Luxas snowbolis	USA (IX)		162	NA	NA

N
24

Species -						1 " 11
Scientific name	Common name	Historic range	Sta-	When heled	Critical habital	Special rules
Taxacuse—Yere family. Torreys taxifolis	Florida torreya	USA. (FL, GA)	E	140	NA	NA.
				i		

E—Indicates Emergency rule publication (see FR document for effective dates); subsequent number(s) indicate FR final rule, if applicable under "when fisted" EDITORIAL NOTE: For "When fisted" citations, see list following, for symbols in "When fisted" see below:

```
25-42 FR 40886: August 11, 1977.
19-43 FR 1791& April 28, 1978.
44-43 FR 44812 September 28, 1978.
47-44 FR 24250: April 24, 1978.
   -44 FR 32806: June & 1978.
53-44 FR 43701; July 25, 1978.
56-44 FR 54823; September 21, 1979.
57-44 FR 58883: October 2, 1979.
58-44 FR 5886& October 11, 1979.
59-44 FR 58870: October 11, 1979.
61-44 FR 61556: October 25, 1979.
52-44 FR 6155& October 25, 1979.
43-44 FR 6178& October 26, 1979.
    44 FR 6178th October 25, 1978
   -44 FR 81911; October 28, 1979.
   -44 FR 61913: October 28, 1979.
87-44 FR 61916: October 28, 1979.
55-44 FR 61920: October 26, 1979.
    44 FR 81924; October 28, 1978.
   -44 FR 81927: October 28, 1979.
71-44 FR 81929: October 28, 1979.
    -44 FR 82248; October 28, 1979.
   -44 FR 52469: October 30, 1979.
   -44 FR 82471; October 30, 1979.
    44 FR 62474; October 30, 1979.
'8-44 FR 64247; November 6, 1979.
    44 FR 84230: November 6, 1979.
3-44 FR 84252: November 8, 1978.
'9-44 FR 84733: November 7, 1979.
80-44 FR 8473& November 7, 1979.
81-44 FR 64740: November 7, 1979.
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32-44 FR 64743: November 7, 1979.
83-44 FR 84748: November 7, 1979.
84-44 FR 85006; November 8, 1979.
89-45 FR 18929: March 24, 1980.
104-45 FR 61944; September 17, 1980.
107-45 FR 86360; October 20, 1960.
109-46 FR 3184; January 13, 1961.
110-46 FR 5730: January 19, 1981.
112-46 FR 40025: August 6, 1961.
116-47 FR 19539: May 6, 1962.
118-47 FR 30440: July 13, 1982.
120-47 FR 36668 August 24, 1962.
121-47 FR 38540: September 1, 1982.
122-47 FR 38627; September 10, 1982.
128-47 FR 50868: November 10, 1982.
    -48 FR 46331: October 12, 1963.
133-
137-48 FR 52747: November 22, 1963.
140-49 FR 2786: January 23, 1984.
141-49 FR 6102: February 17, 1964.
147-49 FR 21058: May 18, 1984.
148-49 FR 22329: May 29. 1964.
151-49 FR 28568: July 13, 1984.
152-49 FR 29234: July 19. 1984.
153-49 FR 29237: July 19. 1984.
154-49 FR 30201: July 27, 1984.
155-49 FR 31421: Aug. 7, 1984.
158-49 FR 34500: Aug. 31, 1984.
182-49 FR 4003& October 12, 1984.
165-49 FR 4475& November 9, 1964.
187-49 FR 47400: December 4, 1984.
168-49 FR 49639: December 21, 1964.
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172-50 FR 575& February 12 1988 175-50 FR 12309: March 28, 1988. 176-50 FR 15567: April 19, 1968. 177-50 FR 16642: April 28, 1968. 178-50 FR 19373: May & 1985. 179-50 FR 19377: May & 1985. 180-50 FR 20214: May 15, 1965. 181-50 FR 20788: May 20, 1985. 187-50 FR 26572: June 27, 1985. 190-50 FR 29341: July 18, 1985. 191-50 FR 29344: July 18, 1986. 192-50 FR 29340: July 18, 1965. 194-50 FR 31190: August 1, 1966. 197-50 FR 32573: August 13, 1986. 196-50 FR 33731: August 21, 1968. 199-50 FR 33734: August 21, 1965. 200-80 FR 33737: August 21, 1966. 201-80 FR 36060: September 5, 1988. 202-50 FR 38091: September 5, 1965. 204-50 FR 37863; September 18, 1968. 207-50 FR 4561& November 1, 1966. -60 FR 45621: November 1, 1966. 208-50 FR 45624: November 1, 1988. 213-60 FR 51870: December 20, 1988. 148 FR 34182 July 27, 1983: 46 FR 34681, Aug. 2, 1983, as amended at 48 FR 33893. Aug. 27. 1984

Editorial Note: For additional Federal Register citations affecting the table in § 17.12(h), see the listing which follows the table.

SPECIES REMOVED FROM THE ENDANGERED AND THREATENED LISTS

The following list of wildlife removed from the list at § 17.11 is provided for informational purposes only and is not codified in the Code of Federal Regulations. Only species completely removed from the list are included below. In cases where only a portion of the vertebrate species is delisted, the entry remains in § 17.11 in the modified form with the citation to the Federal Register indicted under "When listed."

The Service's listing regulations at 50 CFR 424.11(c) and (d) are as follows:

(c) A species shall be listed or reclassified if the Secretary determines, on the basis of the best scientific and commercial data available after conducting a review of the species' status, that the species is endangered or threatened because of any one or a combination of the following factors:

- (1) The present or threatened destruction, modification, or curtailment of its habitat or range:
- (2) Overutilization for commercial recreational scientific or educational purposes:
 - (3) Disease or predation:
- (4) The inadequacy of existing regulatory mechanisms: or
- (5) Other natural or manmade factors affecting its continued existence.
- (d) The factors considered in delisting a species are those in paragraph (c) of this section as they relate to the definitions of endangered or threatened species. Such removal must be supported by the best scientific and commercial data available to the Secretary after conducting a review of the status of the species. A species may be delisted only if such data substantiate that it is neither endangered nor threatened for one or more of the following reasons:
- (1) Extinction. Unless all individuals of the listed species had been previously identified and located, and were later found to be extirpated from their previous range, a sufficient period of time must be allowed before delisting to indicate clearly that the species is extinct.
- (2) Recovery. The principal goal of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the National Manne Fisheries Services is to return listed species to a point at which protection under the Act is no longer required. A species may be delisted on the basis of recovery only if the best scientific and commercial data available indicate that it is no longer endangered or threatened.
- (3) Original data for classification in error. Subsequent investigations may show that the best scientific or commercial data available when the species was listed, or the interpretation of such data, were in error.

Spenies		Species Former vestimes population			October			
Sommen neme	Scientifie name		Historic range where entangered or Threatened		Chaten	Pessan		
Auck, Meurope	Ando "deg"	. U.S.A. (AZ. NM. TX) to con-	1 U.S. arey	£	43 /rd 32250-41; January 28, 1978.	Original data in error.		
upher. Tecope	Copyright rendered as		., Ertre	£	47 FR 2317-19:	Extensi.		
iack longer	Coregonal albanes	U.S.A. and Canada (Laket	1	E	44 FR 20041-43: September 2, 1988.	Externit.		
The, 5000	Standar within paint.		35	£		Extends.		
certow. Same Berbers song.,	Manages mends granunes.		., 🗪	£	48 FR 46338-37: October 12, 1988.	Lana		
reetos, Pine Sarrens	**************************************	. U.S.A. (FL. AL, NC, SC, N.J	Forta	€	48 FR 52740-43: November 23, 1985.	Original data of other.		
terly museus, Semeson's	Epidesine (= Oyename)	I U.S.A. (IL. IM)	., 🛰	٤	48 FR 1067-58: :::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Extends		
urbs. Indian Rep-enalist	- AND PARTIES PARTIES.	rdie, Pekisten. Bengledesh	Entire	E	49 FR 7364-68: February 29, 1984.	Original data in error.		
utlerly. Beterne swettoutes	Herocides (= Papile) en	· USA (FU), Seherres	NA	۲	49 FR 34501-34504: August 31, 1964.	Original data in error.		
ove, Peasu .		W Peofic U.S.A. (Pelas la ande).	·) Eren	€	50 FR 37192-37194: September 12, 1986.	Recoverse.		
antar. Pless (Old World fly-	AMORRAY MARIE	30		ξE	30	Pecoversia.		
Not Policy	Arroging (= Otal) goderne		30	ε	30	Pecovered.		

REFERENCE NO. 20

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#5942, #01224 * JOHN, MGR NATREG, LOCPRNT * WED, FEB 4, 1987, 12 17 PM #5942, #01224 * JOHN, MGR NATREG, LOCPRNT * WED, FEB 4, 1987, 12 17 PM #5942, #01224 * JOHN, MGR NATREG, LOCPRNT * WED, FEB 4, 1987, 12 17 PM
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#5942; #01224 * JOHN, MGR NATREG, LOCPRNT * WED, FEB 4, 1987, 12
#5942; #01224 * JOHN, MGR NATREG; LOCPRNT * WED, FEB 4, 1987, 12
#5942; #01224 * JOHN, MGR NATREG, LOCPRNT * WED, FEB 4, 1987, 12
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#5942; #01224 * JOHN, MGR NATREG; LOCPRNT * WD., #5942; #01224 * JOHN, MGR NATREG; LOCPRNT * WED, #5942, #01224 * JOHN, MGR NATREG, LOCPRNT * WED,

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#5942, #01224 + JOHN, MGR NATREG
#5942; #01224 + JOHN, MGR NATREG
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#5942, #01224 * JOHN, MGR NAT TG

NEW JERSEY

REGISTRY OF

NATIONAL HISTORIC

SITES + LANDMARKS

AS OF 2/4/87

FROM U.S. Dept. of The

ENTerior

Francing Créek achoolnouse	Listeu
2102 Bayshore Rd.	03/06/80
Reference No. 80002478	•3. •0. 00
Woodbine	
Hoodbine Brotherhood Synagogue	Listed
612 Washington Ave	09/17/80
Reference No. 80002479	
Cumberland County	
Bridgeton	
Bridgeton Historic District	Listed
Roughly bounded by RR Tracks, South Ave., Lake, Commerc	10/29/82
e, Water, Belmont, Cohensey, and Penn Sts	
Reference No. 82001043	
	1.1-4-4
Buck, Jeremiah, House	Listed
(Elmer, Jonathan, House)	12/30/75
297 E. Commerce St.	
Reference No. 75001130	
Deerfield Pike Tollgate House	Listed
89 Old Deerfield Pike	05/21/75
Reference No. 75001131	
Giles, Gen James, House	Listed
	03/08/78
(Gates House)	43/00/10
143 W. Broad St.	
Reference No. 78001754	
01d Broad Street Presbyterian Church and Cemetery	Listed
(First Presbyterian Church)	12/02/74
Broad and Lawrence Sts.	
Reference No. 74001159	
Potter's Tavern	Listed
4951 Broad St	09/10/71
	07/10/11
Reference No. 71000501	
Seeley, Samuel W., House	Listed
(McGee,Robert,House)	05/13/76
274 E. Commerce St.	
Reference No. 76001150	
SPINDRIFT SAILING YACHT	Listed
S of Bridgeton	04/22/82
	V47 LL7 02
Reference No. 82003271	
Carme!	
Beth Hillel Synagogue	Listed
Irving Ave.	11/07/78
Reference No. 78001755	
Cedarville Vicinity	
Old Stone Church	Listed
N of Cedarville on NJ 553	05/12/77
Reference No. 77000860	
Greenwich	1.3
Greenwich Historic District	Listed
Main St. from Cohansey River N to Othello	01/20/72
Reference No. 72000772	
Maskel, Thomas, House	Listed
2 mi. U of Greenwich on Bacon's Neck Rd	06/10/75
Reference No. 75001132	
Millville	
Millville's First Bank Building	Listed
	11/20/80
(Old Library Building)	11/24/80
2nd and E. Main Sts	
Reference No. 80002480	
Seabrook Vicinity	
Deerfield Presbyterian Church	Listed
NE of Seabrook	09/29/80
Reference No. 80002481	
Essex County	
Belleville	
Reformed Dutch Church of Second River	Listed
(Belleville Dutch Reformed Church)	12/21/78
171 Main St	

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	REFERENCE NO. 21
New York Control of the Control of t	
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CONTROL NO:	DATE:	TIME	:
D7-8802-0A	8/19/88		1238
DISTRIBUTION:			·
$\sqrt{\Delta} \cdot $	Printing, Inc.		
MIC CORA	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
BETWEEN:	OF:		PHONE:
Jack Harris	minville L	iater Dept.	(609) 825-2000
AND:			
Juan La	gner		(NUS)
DISCUSSION:			
I called m,	Herris for inf	cradion	(oncerning the
Milville Municipal	wells. He Hold	me that	there wills are
all interconnecte	& adserie	a mroxi.	~ (1+el 23 000 secolo.
The service area		•	<u> </u>
			USES 121.1010 - 1111
			ell 13 0212 (c (red
deep and he al			-
challing also.	_	•	
		•	and aller Conansen
He assect . S T	had found a g	problem.	city to materine
our site inspec	ti- on 8/0/8	€) <u>'</u> + €	ild Lim we had
not get receiv			
ACTION ITEMS:			



NUS CORPORATION

HAN GENERAL TAN

TELECON NOTE

CONTROL NO:	DATE:		TIME:						
07-8802-04		7/52/88	14100 .						
DISTRIBUTION:									
Aircrast Painting, Inc.									
Jack Harris		OF: Millyille Water D.	PHONE: (609) 825-7000						
AND: Joann	> agree		(NUS)						
DISCUSSION:									
1400 - Jack Harris		enam - in . last							
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	The same of the sa						
redor my call	•								
1405 Jack Harris	سم ردے	Ing call. I	asked him it we						
could somple the	wells	on the disport	- conjunction with the						
site inspection we	١ ١١١ ١	ne doing on Au	. I le said yes						
			ng that he will receive						
a logue of the									
			e EPA al Imilia						
may take as lar	in as	Le mondes to get	the results.						
He told me th	at the	e wells are used	sor public supply						
- and are corrent.	<u></u>	use There are	sampling locations						
that we accessible	ie go	ior to treatmen	A 1 Mil wells are						
located in well h	1025es	I should call a	nain on Ily 29						
to make arrange	ements	to have one of	the operators accompany						
ACTION ITEMS:	wells	(Jack Harris	will not be there						
dering the week	or A-	g.1),							
The direction	ع د ۔	grandenter flow	in word to east.						
well locations									
-			st treatment building						
on Royden T	bul E	on lett'side of	the road						
o Peterson Road	- (C) 6 No.	1 turn of & Boade	n)- approximately						

(9)

NUS CORPORATION

TELECON NOTE

CONTROL NO:	DATE:		TIME:	
() . SV(S - 111		742/88		1400
01-8805-04	<u> </u>	_ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		<u> </u>		
	Awc	rast Paintin	\mathcal{I}_{nc} ,	
		-		
BETWEEN:		0.5	1	IONE
		OF:		IONE:
Jack Harris		milloille Water i	AP+	(609) 872-JOO9
AND:				
7000	~ was	318		(NUS)
DISCUSSION:		J		
4150 70 500 See	1001	elt side of 1	-C+ a-C	^
o Fullow Peterson	Road -	to pul a l dur	n les	+: proceed
				•
agorox. 200 fe	eet. L	vell is located	~ 50	feet off this
- road to the rim	127			
	7		·	
An operator wil	1 1	c + + c/		and location
_ who will	· ras	TO THE LIE	<u>, o ~ c</u>	<u> </u>
as the well how	ises ar	e locked		
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	Doan Lugar
				7/22/88
		· ·		
				
ACTION ITEMS:				
	_			
	_			

REFERENCE NO. 22

REFERENCE NO. 23

SITE NAME: AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC.

TDD0: 02-8805-04

SAMPLING DATE: 08/02/88

EPA CASE NO.: 10155 LAB: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

VOLATILES	1											
Sample ID No.	(MS/MSD)	NJ88-SED-1 (MS/MSD)			NJ88-SW-3 (DUP)	NJ88-SED-3(DUP)				1-N18-8ELM		
Traffic Report No.	I BT415	BT412	BT416	BT413	BT417	BT414	BT418	BT419	BT411	BT421	RT422	BT423
Matrix	I WATER	SEDIMENT	MATER	SEDIMENT	WATER	SEDIMENT	WATER	MATER	WATER	MATER	WATER	HATER
Units	i ug/L	ug/kg	ug/L	ug/kg	ug/L	ug/kg	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
Dilution Factor	1 1.00	10.0	1.00	10.0	1.00	10.0	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Percent Moisture		24		22		22						
Chloromethane	1											
Bromomethane	1											
Vinyl Chloride	1											
Chloroethane	1											
Methylene Chloride	1									P	8	8
Acetone .	l									j	5	J
Carbon Disulfide	1									8	B	B
1,1-Dichloroethene	1											
1,1-Dichloroethane	1											
Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	1 J							1				
Chloroform	1									1	J	J
1,2-Dichloroethane	1											
2-Butanone	1 R	₹	R	R	R	R	R	9	R	R	R	R
1,1,1-Trichlorouthane	t											
Carbon Tetrachloride	1											
Vinyl Acetate	1											
Browodichloromethane	1											J
1,2-Dichloropropane	1											
cis-1,3-Bichlaropropene	1											
Trichloroethere	1							S				
Dibromochloromethane	1											
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1											
Benzene	1									J	j	j
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1											
Brosofors	1											
4-Hethy1-2-Pentanone	1											
2-Hexanone	1											
Tetrach!oroethene	1 1		J		3			15	J			
Toluene	1									Ð	B	8
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1											
Chlorobenzene	1										J	
Ethylbenzene	1											
Styrene	1											
Nylemes (Total)	1											
MITES:												

NOTES

Blank space - compound analyzed for but not detected

- 8 compound found in lab blank as well as sample, indicates possible/probable blank contamination
- E estimated value
- J estimated value, compound present below CROL but above IDL
- R analysis did not pass EPA QR/QC
- N Presumptive evidence of the presence of a compound, but can't be identified
- MR analysis not required

SITE NOVE: AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC.

TDDN: 02-8805-04 SAMPLING DATE: 08/02/88

EPA CASE NO.: 10155 LAB: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

SEMI-VOLATILES Sample ID No.	INJOB-SN-1 (MS/MSD)	NJ88-SED-1 (MS/MSD)	NJ88-5W-2	NJ88-SED-2	NJ88-SW-3 (DUP)	NJ88-SED-3(DUP)	NJSS-GW-1	N.188-CU-2	NJ88-TA-1	NIAA-RIN-	1 NJ88-RIN-;	NIAA-TRIK
Traffic Report No.	1 BT415	BT412	BT416	BT413	BT417	BT414	BT418	BT419	BT411	BT421	BT422	BT423
Matrix	I WATER	SEDINENT	WATER	SEDIMENT	HATER	SEDIMENT	HATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER	WATER
Units	f ug/L	ug/kg	ug/L	ug/kg	ug/L	ug/kg	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	บฎ/L	ug/L	ug/L
Dilution Factor/GPC Cleanup (Y)	1 1.00	10. 0/Y	1.00	10.0/Y	1.00	10. 0/Y	1.00	1.00	20.0	1.00	1.00	N/A
Percent Hoisture	1	24		22		22	1.00	1.00	20.0		1.00	N/A
	(
Phenoi	1			J		10000 E			3700 E			NR
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	f								•			NR
2-Chlorophenol	1											NR
1,3-Bichlorobenzene	1											NR
1,4-Bichlorobenzene	(NR
Benzyl alcohol	ı								770 E			NR
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1											MR
2-Methy1pheno1	1								320 E			NR
bis(2-Chloroisopropy1)ether	1											NR
4-Methylphenol	1								340 E			MR
N-Nitroso-di-n-dipropylamine	1											NR
Hexach Loroethane	1											MR
Mitrobenzene	1											MR
Isophorone	1											MR
2-Nitrophenol	1				•							NR
2,4-Dimethylphenol	1											MR
Benzoic acid	1											NR
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	1											MR
2,4-Dichlorophenol	1											NR
1, 2, 4-Trichlorobenzene	1											NR
Naphthalene	1	J										NR
4-Chloroaniline	1											NR
Hexach1orobutadiene	1											NR
4-Chloro-3-Hethylphenol	1											NR
2-Methylnaphthalene	1	. 1				1			1			MR
Hexach1 crocyclopentadiene	1											NR
2, 4, 6-Tricklorophenol	1											MR
2, 4, 5-Trichlorophenol	1											- NR
2-Chloronaphthalene	1											NR
2-Nitroaniling	1											NR
Bimethylphthalate	1											NR
Acenaphthylene ·	•											NR
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	1											NR
3-Nitroaniline	1											NR
Acenaphthene	ŀ											NR
2,4-Dinitrophenol	1											MR
4-Mitrophenol	1											NR
Dibenzofuran	1											NR
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	1											NR
Diethylphthalate	1											NR
4-Chlorophenyl-phenyl ether	1											MR
Fluorene	i '											MR
4-Nitroaniline	1 '											NR
4,6-Binitro-2-methylphenol	1											MR
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	t									В.		49
1-Bromophenyl-phenyl ether	1									- ,		MR
Hexach Lorobenzene	i				J							NR

'4

SITE NAME: AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC.

TDD#: 02-8805-04

SAMPLING DATE: 08/02/88

EPA CASE NO.: 10155 LAB: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

											1	SEMI-VOLATILES
8-RIN-2 NJ88-TR(K-1	NJ88-RIN-1 NJ88				NJ88-SED-3(DUP)				NJ86-SED-1 (MS/MSD)	86-5W-1 (MS/MSD)	INJBO	Sample ID No.
T422 BT423	BT421 BT	BT411	87419	BT416	BT414	BT417	BT4L3	BT416	BT412	BT4(5	l l	Traffic Report No.
ATER WATER	HATER , NA	WATER	WATER	HATER	SEDIMENT	WATER	SEDIMENT	MATER	SEDIMENT	WATER	1	Matrix
g/L ug/L	ug/L ug.	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/kg	ug/L	ug/kg	ug/L	ug/kg	ug/L	ı	Units
.00 N/A	1.00 1.0	20.0	1.00	1.00	10. 0/Y	1.00	10. 0/Y	1.00	10.0/Y	1.00	1	Dilution Factor/GPC Cleanup (Y)
N/A					22		55		24			Percent Moisture
NR									R		1	Pentachlorophenol
NR					j		J		J		1	Phenanthrene
MR							3				ſ	Anthracene
MR		1									1	Di-n-butylphthalate
NR		-			J		J		J		1	Fluoranthene
MQ					J		J		3		ı	Pyrene
AND		7100 E			J		j		j		1	Butylbenzylphthalate
MR		7.00 2			•						1	3, 3' -Dichlorobenzidine
NR					J		J		j		1	Benzo(a) anthracene
NR.					•		1		J		1	Chrysene
KR		Haa E			i		17000 E		1	J	1	-
NO NO		1			•						i	
MAG		•					1				1	
MIC							-				i	
MIT.							J				i	-
NA NA							ī				i	**
POT AND							•				i	
NK NR							,				- ;	
		1100 € J			j		17000 E J J J		Ĭ	J	! ! ! !	bis (2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate Di-n-octyl phthalate Benzo(b) Fluoranthene Benzo(k) Fluoranthene Benzo(a) pyrene Indeno(1, 2, 3-cd) pyrene Dibenz(a, h) anthracene Benzo(g, h, i) perylene

NOTES:

Blank space - crepound analyzed for but not detected

- B compound found in lab blank as well as sample, indicates possible/probable blank contamination
- E estimated value
- J estimated value, compound present below CROL but above IOL

Factor)1 and/or percent moisture)0%

- R analysis did not pass EPA GA/GC
- N Presumptive evidence of the presence of a compound, but can't be identified NR - analysis not required Detection limits elevated if Dilution

SITE NAME: RIRCRAFT PRINTING, INC.

TDD0: 02-8805-04

SAMPLING DATE: 08/02/88

EPA CASE NO.: 10155 LAB: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

INCIAC-SN-((MS/NSD) I BT415 I NATER	NJ86-SED-1 (NS/NSD) 87412		NJBB-SED-2	MJ88-SH-3(R(P)	KJ88-SED-3(DUP)	MIGG_CU_1	NJB8-5W-2	#/ FAR TA /	MEAN DEN A		
	BT412				1000 000 0100	IC 00 - 0# 7	W100_0M. T	M122-1H-1	M1N-99/W-1	M100-K1M-5	NJSS-TBLK-1
1 MOTES		BT416	BT413	BT417	BT414	9T418	BT419	BT411	BT421	BT422	PT423
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	SEDIMENT	MATER	SEDIMENT	MATER	SEDIMENT	WATER	WATER	MATER	MATER	WATER	WATER
f ug/L	ug/kg	ug/L	ug/kg	ug/L	ug/kg	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
1 1.00	1.00/Y	1.00	1.00/Y	1.00	1,00/Y	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	N/A
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24		22		22			•-			N/A
1											NR
1.											MR
1	22							J			MR
1											MR
1											MR
1											NR
t											NR
•					j						NR
1											MR
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ſ					170						NR
1											NR
t			410								NR
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1			1		26						NR
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İ	•										MR
i.											NR NR
i											MR
	1 1.00	1 1.00 1.00/y 1 24	1 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1 24	1 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 24 22	1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.0	1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 24 22 22	1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 - 24 - 22 - 22 - 1 22 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.0	1 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.0	1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.0	1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00/Y 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.0

MOTES

Blank space - compound analyzed for but not detected

- B compound found in lab blank as well as sample, indicates possible/probable blank contamination
- E estimated value
- J estimated value, compound present below CROL but above IDL
- R analysis did not pass EPA QA/QC
- N Presumptive evidence of the presence of a compound, but can't be identified
- NR analysis not required

Detection limits elevated if Dilution

Factor): and/or percent moisture 10%

_			_
	12	3	
(. 0		

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE

nganic

Attachment 2 - CLP Data Assessment Checklist (GC and GC/MS Analysis)

PART II: MMB Review - TOTAL REVIEW

Page 30 of 31

Date: Nov. 6, 1987

Number: Hw-- Revision: 3

Dates

10		
10155	LAB Recra	SITE Aircraft Painting
FORM I) sheets only the MMB re- etter J indica- n the contract value contains of	; red-line data does not impl viewer has the authority to r tes an estimated value. In a it also implies that the ans	ne unacceptable data on sample data ly the compound is not present). red-line unacceptable data. The addition to the two definitions stated alyte is present but the quantitative or. If an accurate quantity is desired,
		liped along with environmental
samples	determine contaminate	or not indigerous to the
Ample.	Method blanks deter	mine contamination
introduce	ed in the laboratory by	"impuse" solvento, "disty"
dessivaie	etc. In the volatile	faction the method blanks
		on disulfide; toluene;
Genuse :	thorobensen Chlordon	m' 1,1,2,2-titraeklorocthane
and TIC's	. Tripillanks determine	contamination introduced
	•	lat p preparation of the samples
etc. The	trip and rese blanks con	tained the contaminants in The
	_	acetore & nomodichlesomether
		n-detect [R) right TICS] for
	74/ 1	
	roblems/Non-compliance BNA	ports all deleted 10x for no

Verified By:

ATA ASSESSMENT: (cont.)

#10155

12/16/88 Famela Greenlaw

Te associated analytis:

·11 methylene chloride BT 412 benjene

BT414 methylene chloride

acetone

toluene

chloroform

Chlorobengere

benjere

toluene

4. T methylene chloride BT416 methylene chloride BT417 methylene chloride BT418 methylene chloride

Chloroform BT419 acetone bensene carton desultede

acetore continues desultade

benjen

Carbon desulfade

carbon desulfide

Chloroform bengene

toluene

Moroform

benjene

toluene

Chlorobenyou

toluene

toluere

chlorobengre

Chloroberge

Amotherfore Alorde The semivolatile blanks contained 1-nitrosooliphenylamine 160. The samples were flagged (u) non-detect 87411-414, 416-419.

Librations are required to ensure that the instruments are capable of acceptable quantitative data. In the whatele fraction the RRF < 0.05 ?- butanone; all samples flagged (R) right. The 200/20 RSD was quater than

30 To for surral analytis The samples were flagged (5) satismated as follows

H= 414: bos BT 415, 416, 419, 421-423: Chloromethane; chlorocthone; carbon

of di; dibromochloromethene; 1, 1, 2-trichloroethene & bromotherne. BT417, 418nomethane chlorothene acetore curlow distilled and total all distilled chloromethen

nomethane; chlorothane; acetone; carbon disulfide and total sylenes. and chlorothane

In the BNA fraction the %D/10 RSD was greater than 25/30% for several l to in the various calibrations. The samples were flagged (J) externated follows: BT 412-414: bis (2-chloroethyl) other; benjoic acid; hyacklorocyclo-

" here', 3-nitroandine; 2,4-directropherol; 4-netroandine; 4,6-directro-2-methylphenol;

"ATA ASSESS MENT: (cont.) # 10155 12/10/88 P Greenlaw and 3,3' dichlorobeny dine and bis (2-thylhenyl) phthalate. BT 415: hexachlorothane; injoic and; 3-mitroandine; 2,4-dinitrophenol; 4-mitrophenol; 4-mitroandine; britishingphthalate and 3,3'-dichlorobeny dine BT 416, 418, 421: bis (2-chlorothyl) other;
metachlorocthan; 3-mitroandine; 2,4-dinitrophenol; 4-mitroandine;
intylleny folthalate; 3,3'dichlorobeny dine \$ bis (2-ethylhenyl) phthalate BT 417 \$
122: he packlorocyclopentacliene; 3-mitroandine; 2,4-dinitrophenol; 4-mitroandine
idylbeny folthalate and 3,3'dichlorobeny dine. BT 419: bis (2chlorothyl) when; benyl
"leahol; kindroso-Di-n-propylamine; hexachlorocthane; 4-chloroandine; 3-mitroandine; 2,4-dinitrophenol; 4-mitroandine and 3,3'-dichlorobeny dine.

3) Apploratory performance on individual paraples is established by means

3) Haboratory performance on individual sample is established by means as spiking all samples with surrogate compounds prior to sample preparation. In The volatile fraction one or more surrogate recoveres were above contract equired limits for samples BT 4D, 413 \$ 414. The samples were flagged (5) estimated In the semivolatile fraction, the surrogate compounds were outside exceptions for sample BT 411 - all semalytes plagged (5) estimated.

4) Matrix spike matrix spike deplicate analysis are generated to determine

4) Matrix spike / matrix spike deplicate analysis are general to determine tong term precision and accuracy of the method on various matrices. In the M5/M5D analysis in the BNA fraction for sample 8T 4/2 no recovery was reported for pentachlorophenol. The sample was flagged (R) reject for that oralyte. BT 4/2

5) In the semicolatile fraction the soil samples were flagged (T) estimated due

firstachloropheral. The sample was flagged (R) sylet for that analyte. B1 9/2

5) In the semicolately fraction the soil camples were flagged (T) estimated due to the analysis being incorrectly ruin at a 10x dilution by the laboratory. The analytis May be present at concentrations below the detect ion limits. Also the lilution factors were charged to 10 due to the lab's incorrect response to CCS revering - CRQLD were doubled due to ER which is notificalled in the xilution factor.



G(7/32

(10/55)

RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

Chemical Waste Analysis, Prevention and Control

September 12, 1988

1988 PIRCART

S. r 1 3 1300

PAINTING
9 W

3 5 MCG

Ms. Diane Cutler
U.S. EPA Contract Lab Program
Sample Management Office (SMO)
300 North Lee Street
Suite 200
Alexandria, VA 22314

Re: Analytical Results

Dear Ms. Cutler:

Please find enclosed results concerning the analyses of the samples recently submitted by your agency.

Pertinent Information: Quote #:

Quote #: 0047 Matrix: Aqueous and Soil

Samples Received: 8/4/88 Sample Date: 8/2/88

If you have any questions concerning these data, do not hesitate to contact our Customer Service Representative at (716) 691-2600.

Sincerely,

RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.

AK Bhattacharya dyt
Arun K. Bhattacharya, Ph.D.

Senior Vice President/ Laboratory Director

MLD/AKB/ndc Enclosure cc: EMSL-LV

U.S. EPA Region II

I.D. #88-1228 #88-1228A

#8A1242

CASE NARRATIVE

Laboratory Name: Recra Environmental, Inc. Laboratory Code: RECNY Case Number: 10155 SDG Number: BT411 5_7 1 3 1300 Contract Number: 68-W8-0047 Sample Identifications: BT411 BT411 MS BT411 MSD BT412 BT412 MS BT412 MSD BT413 BT414 BT415 BT415 MS BT415 MSD BT416 BT417 **BT418** BT419 BT421 BT422 BT423

Samples were received at Recra Environmental, Inc. on August 4, 1988 via Federal Express (Airbill numbers 9276042613 and 6004136460). Samples were delivered to Recra's office facility at 10 Hazelwood Drive, Amherst, New York and were transferred by Recra personnel to the organic laboratory at 111 Wales Avenue, Tonawanda, New York. All chain of custody seals were intact.

VOLATILE DATA

Volatile sample and standard areas are listed on the corresponding data system printouts.

Volatile data was processed utilizing Finnigan Autoquantitation and QA Formaster software. Compounds not listed on the quantitation report were deleted if contract laboratory protocol criteria were not met.

Soil samples were analyzed by the medium level method. Samples exhibited elevated surrogate recoveries due to matrix interferences. Soil samples were also diluted by a factor of ten (10) prior to analysis.

Vinyl Chloride on the continuing calibration FRN 27162HP showed a % D of 29.0%. No vinyl chloride was detected in the associated samples.

Aqueous sample BT415 MSD exhibited one (1) surrogate recovery outside of acceptable QC limits.

Aqueous samples BT411, BT411 MS and BT411 MSD were diluted by a factor of 500 prior to analysis.



117

Due to a software error, dilution factors on Form 1 are incorrect for some samples. Sample weights or volumes and values reported for TCL and non-TCL compounds are, however, correct. This applies to the following samples:

BT411 MS BT411 MSD BT412 MSD BT412 MSD BT412 MSD BT413 BT414

SEMIVOLATILE DATA

Semivolatile sample and standard areas are listed on the corresponding data system printouts.

Semivolatile data was processed utilizing Finnigan Autoquantitation and QA Formaster software. Compounds not listed on the quantitation report were deleted if contract laboratory protocol criteria were not met.

Severe sample matrix interferences were encountered during analysis of the samples, causing many surrogate and spike recoveries to be outside of acceptable QC limits.

Water sample BT411 and its matrix spike, matrix spike duplicate were diluted by factors of twenty (20) and two hundred (200) prior to analysis. All data for both primary and secondary dilutions have been included.

Soil samples were diluted to ten (10) prior to analysis due to sample matrix.

A search for tentatively identified compounds was not performed on sample BT411 DL, but was performed on the more concentrated extract of BT411.

Due to a software error, dilution factors on Form I are not expressed on a decimal basis. Values for TCL and non-TCL compounds as well as sample weights or volumes are, however, correct. This applies to the following samples:

BT411 •
BT411 DL
BT411 MS
BT411 MS DL
BT411 MSD
BT411 MSD OL
BT412
BT412 MS
BT412 MS
BT412 MSD
BT413
BT414



PESTICIDE/PCB DATA

Compounds confirmed by two dissimilar GC columns were not confirmed by GC/MS due to insufficient concentration in the sample extracts.

Surrogate recoveries could not be determined for samples BT411, BT411 MS, and BT411 MSD due to the dilution of the extracts required. Sample BT418 exhibited elevated surrogate recovery attributed to matrix interference.

The matrix spike, matrix spike duplicate recoveries for BT411 could not be calculated due to dilution of the samples.

The matrix spike, matrix spike duplicate of BT415 exhibited five (5) RPD values and two (2) spike recoveries outside of acceptable QC limits.

Values reported for spike compounds for the matrix spike, matrix spike duplicate of BT412 represent coeluting peaks that were not positively identified as per retention time criteria. The asterisked values on Form 3F were employed for calculation purposes only and were not reported on the Form I for sample BT412.

Values greater than 2% for the retention time shift of dibutyl chlorendate for the quantitation column are attributed to matrix interference.

"DL" has been reported for %D on Form 8E when Dibutyl Chlorendate was diluted out of the sample extract.

"Release of the data contained in this hardcopy data package and in the computer-readable data submitted on floppy diskette has been authorized by the Laboratory Manager or his designee, as verified by the following signature."

Or. Arun K. Bhattacharya djt

9/12/88 Date



1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE 28.7

h Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

D Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411

rix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT415

mple wt/vol: 5.0 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 6498

el: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88

Moisture: not dec. ____ Date Analyzed: 08/05/88

iumn: (pack/cap) PACK Dilution Factor: 1.00

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L

······································		 .
74-87-3Chloromethane	10	lw
74-83-9Bromomethane	'	บั
75-01-4Vinyl Chloride	10	Ū
75-00-3Chloroethane	10	0 5
75-09-2Methylene Chloride		Bu
67-64-1Acetone		300
75-15-0Carbon Disulfide	63	Bou
75-35-41,1-Dichloroethene	5	U
75-34-31,1-Dichloroethane	 '	ָ ט ו
540-59-01,2-Dichloroethene (total)	0.4	
67-66-3Chloroform	50.5	
107-06-21,2-Dichloroethane		֟֞֞֞֞֞֞֞֞֓֓֓֓֞֞֜֞֓֓֓֞֞֜֓֓֓֞֞֜֓֓֓֓֞֜֓֓֓֓֞֓֓֡֞֓֡֓
78-93-32-Butanone	_ '	UR
71-55-61,1,1-Trichloroethane	_ '	Ü
56-23-5Carbon Tetrachloride	- '	Ü
108-05-4Vinyl Acetate	'	Ū
75-27-4Bromodichloromethane		Ū
78-87-51,2-Dichloropropane	'	บ
10061-01-5Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	·	Ū
79-01-6Trichloroethene		Ü
124-48-1Dibromochloromethane	 '	บวิ
79-00-51,1,2-Trichloroethane	_ '	ָּע <u>֖֖֖</u>
71-43-2Benzene	- 50	700
10061-02-6cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5 202	U
75-25-2Bromoform		tu
591-78-62-Hexanone	10	2
	10	ן ט
108-10-1	- 1 1	3
	_1 - '	U
79-34-51,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 108-88-3Toluene	- 500	
	-	
108-90-7Chlorobenzene	50-4	
100-41-4Ethylbenzene	_ 5 _; s	ן ט
100-42-5Styrene	'	U
1330-20-7Total Xylenes	_ 5	ן ט

1E VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA	SAMPLE	NO29.7
	BT415	

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: RECNY CASE NO.: 10155	SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID: BT415
Sample wt/vol: $5.0 (g/mL) ML$	Lab File ID: 6498
Level: (low/med) LOW_	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec	Date Analyzed:8/5/88
Column: (pack/cap) PACK	Dilution Factor: 1.00

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

Number TICs found: 2 (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	0
1	UNKNOWN	2:34	11	BK BK
2 3.	UNKNOWN	5:52	24	B
3.				
4. 5.				
5.			1	
6. 7.				1
7.			1	
8.		1	i	
9.				
10.				1
11.		1		†
12. 13. 14. 15.				† –
13.				
14.				
15.			 	†
16.				1
17.				1
18.				
19.				
20.			1	
21.				
22.			1	†
23.				1
24.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 	+
25.		-		+
17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30.				1
27.			+	1
28.			 	†
29.			 	+
30			+	+

FORM I VOA-TIC

1E VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA SAMPLE NO. BT414 26

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: RECNY CASE NO.: 10155	SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL	Lab Sample ID: BT414
Sample wt/vol: 4.0 (g/mL) G	Lab File ID: 27169HP
Level: (low/med) <u>MED</u>	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec. 22	Date Analyzed: 8/12/88
Column: (pack/cap) PACK	Dilution Factor: 10.0

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/KG</u>

Number TICs found: 5 EST. CONC. 490,000 CAS NUMBER COMPOUND NAME UNKNOWN UNKNOWN 6:59 410,000

,			1 110,000	+=
3	SUBSTITUTED SILOXANE COMPOUND	17:37	21,000	
4	SUBSTITUTED ALKYL HYDROCARBON	27:55	61,000	
5	SUBSTITUTED ALKYL HYDROCARBON	31:15	29,000	+ ;
6.		t		
7.		 	 	†
8.		 		+-
8. 9.		<u> </u>		+
10.				
11.		!		
12	 			+
13.	 	!	<u> </u>	!
11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18.		<u> </u>		
15.	<u> </u>	 	 	+
16	 	 	<u> </u>	+
17		 		+
18		 	ļ-·	+
10.		 		+
120	+	 		+
20.	 	 		+
22.		 		+
122.		 		+
23.	 	 		+
24.	 	 	 	+
36	+	 	 	+
20.	<u> </u>	 	 	+
19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30.	 		 	+ -
28.				+
29.		<u> </u>	 	-
130.	<u> </u>	<u>i</u>	<u> </u>	<u>i </u>

FORM I VOA-TIC

BT418 (b) Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 ab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 ¿:rix: (soil/water) WATER_ Lab Sample ID: BT418 ample wt/vol: 5.0 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 6528 e 'el: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 Moisture: not dec. Date Analyzed: 08/10/88 olumn: (pack/cap) PACK__ Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q 74-87-3-----Chloromethane IUT 10 74-83-9-----Bromomethane 10 ΙŪ 75-01-4-----Vinyl Chloride 10 U 75-00-3-----Chloroethane 10 !UT 75-09-2----Methylene Chloride 5 73 67-64-1-----Acetone J 75-15-0-----Carbon Disulfide · 5 2 BOUT 75-35-4-----1,1-Dichloroethene U 75-34-3----1,1-Dichloroethane 5 U 540-59-0----1,2-Dichloroethene (total) 5 U 67-66-3-----Chloroform 5005 BOLL 107-06-2----1,2-Dichloroethane IU 78-93-3----2-Butanone 10 UK 71-55-6----1,1,1-Trichloroethane 5 IU 56-23-5-----Carbon Tetrachloride IU 10 U 108-05-4-----Vinyl Acetate 5 U 75-27-4----Bromodichloromethane 5 U 78-87-5----1,2-Dichloropropane 5 10061-01-5----Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene IU 5 79-01-6----Trichloroethene IU 5 U 124-48-1-----Dibromochloromethane 5 79-00-5----1,1,2-Trichloroethane IU 5 0-08 BOW 71-43-2----Benzene 10061-02-6----cis-1,3-Dichloropropene 5 ľU 5 75-25-2----Bromoform U 10 U 591-78-6----2-Hexanone 10 U 108-10-1----4-Methyl-2-Pentanone 5 U 127-18-4-----Tetrachloroethene 79-34-5----1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane l U **2125** (L.) 108-88-3----Toluene IU 108-90-7-----Chlorobenzene 5 5 U 100-41-4-----Ethylbenzene

5

U

103

100-42-5----Styrene

1330-20-7----Total Xylenes

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

BT418

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: RECNY CASE NO.: 10155	SAS No.: _ SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) <u>WATER</u>	Lab Sample ID: BT418
Sample wt/vol: 5.0 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: 6528
Level: (low/med) LOW	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec	Date Analyzed: 8/10/88
Column: (pack/cap) PACK	Dilution Factor:1.00

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L Number TICs found: 3

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	
	UNKNOWN	2:30	14	BR
	UNKNOWN	4:18	6	+ = 3
	UNKNOWN	5:22	28	BH BH
-3: +	Oldabili		 	+
			 	+ }
1 2 3 4 5 6 7.			 	
			 	
		+	+	
			+	+
10-			 	+
11				+
				+
12.			 	+
13.				+
14.				
15.		<u>i</u>		
16.			<u> </u>	 -
17.				
18.				
19.				-
20.			<u> </u>	
21.			<u> </u>	
22.				
23.			<u> </u>	
24.			1	-
25.				
26.				
8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30.				
28.				<u></u>
29.			1	
30.				Ţ

FORM I VOA-TIC

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

BT419 3h Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 Exp Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 3 rix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT419 ample wt/vol: <u>5.0</u> (g/mL) <u>ML</u> Lab File ID: 6500 ? el: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 Moisture: not dec. ____ Date Analyzed: 08/05/88 owumn: (pack/cap) PACK Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q 74-87-3-----Chloromethane 107 10 74-83-9-----Bromomethane 10 U 75-01-4-----Vinyl Chloride 10 U 75-00-3-----Chloroethane 10 IW Bow 75-09-2----Methylene Chloride 67-64-1-----Acetone 17W 75-15-0-----Carbon Disulfide 6 BUJ 75-35-4----1,1-Dichloroethene 5 ľŪ 75-34-3----1,1-Dichloroethane 5 I U 540-59-0----1,2-Dichloroethene (total) 0.2|J 304 BUL 67-66-3-----Chloroform 107-06-2----1, 2-Dichloroethane U 78-93-3----2-Butanone 10 UR 71-55-6----1,1,1-Trichloroethane 5 IU 56-23-5-----Carbon Tetrachloride_ 5 U 10 108-05-4-----Vinyl Acetate U 75-27-4-----Bromodichloromethane 5 IU 78-87-5----1, 2-Dichloropropane 5 ΙŪ 10061-01-5----Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene 5 U 79-01-6----Trichloroethene 0.8|J 124-48-1-----Dibromochloromethane 5 101 79-00-5----1,1,2-Trichloroethane__ 105 5 1 2003 18 W 71-43-2----Benzene 10061-02-6----cis-1,3-Dichloropropene 5 U 75-25-2----Bromoform 5 1UIT 591-78-6----2-Hexanone U 10 10 108-10-1----4-Methyl-2-Pentanone 127-18-4----Tetrachloroethene 15 79-34-5----1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 5 ľŪ 5 0-41 Bow 108-88-3----Toluene 108-90-7-----Chlorobenzene 100-41-4-----Ethylbenzene U U 100-42-5-----Styrene 1330-20-7----Total Xylenes

1E VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA SAMPLE NO.
BT419 454

Lab Name: <u>RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL</u> , INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: RECNY CASE NO.: 10155	SAS No.: _ SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) <u>WATER</u>	Lab Sample ID: BT419
Sample wt/vol: 5.0 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: 6500
Level: (low/med) <u>LOW</u>	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec	Date Analyzed: 8/5/88
Column: (pack/cap) <u>PACK</u>	Dilution Factor:1.00

Number TICs found: 2

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L

				
CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	روا
1	UNKNOWN	2:38	13	B
2 3.	UNKNOWN	6:00	33	B
3.				
4.				
5. 6.				
_6.				<u> </u>
7.			1	
8.				\top
9.			1	
10.				
11. 12. 13.				
12.			1	
13.				1
14.				1
15.				_
16. 17.		1		1
17.			†	+
18.		1	 	†
19.				†
20.		1		1
21.				1
22.				
18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23.				T
24. 25. 26. 27.		1		T
25.		1		1
26.				1
27.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1	
28.		1	†	1
28. 29. 30.		+	†	
30.		+	 	_

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT411 Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

ab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411

Lab Sample ID: <u>BT411</u>

"atrix: (soil/water) WATER

Sample wt/vol: 0.010 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 6517

evel: (low/med) <u>LOW</u>

Date Received: 08/04/88

% Moisture: not dec. ____

olumn: (pack/cap) PACK

Date Analyzed: 08/08/88

Dilution Factor: 1.00

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO. (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> COMPOUND Q

74-87-3	Chloromethane	5000	W W
74-83-9	Bromomethane	5000	ับ
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	5000	เบิ
75-00-3	Chloroethane	5000	W
75-09-2	Methylene Chloride	51000	u
67-64-1	Acetone	-5000-460	AUT
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	3500-620	BUJ
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	i 2500	ับ
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	2500	Ū
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	j 2500	ប
67-66-3	Chloroform	2500 40	ر حاما حواً
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	2500	שׁ
78-93-3	2-Butanone	5000	υR
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2500	U
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	2500	ប
108-05-4	Vinvl Acetate	5000	U
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	2500	U
78-87-5	1.2-Dichloropropane	2500	U
10061-01-5	Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	2500	U
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	2500	U
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	2500	U
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	2500	U .
71-43-2	Benzene	2500 52	1ster
10061-02-6	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	2500	ĺŪ
75-25-2	Bromoform	2500	U
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	5000	U
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	5000	U
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	66	J
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	2500	Į Ų,
108-88-3	Toluene	25001600	Mu
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	2500	וט
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	2500	ען
100-42-5	Styrene	2500	U
1000 00 0	Total Xylenes	i 2500	ΙŬ

1E VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA	SAMPLE	NO.
	BT411	
		0

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: RECNY CASE NO.: 10155	SAS No.: _ SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID: BT411
Sample wt/vol: $\underline{.010}$ (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: 6517
Level: (low/med) <u>LOW</u>	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec	Date Analyzed: 8/8/88
Column: (pack/cap) PACK	Dilution Factor: 1.00

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

Number TICs found: 2 (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L

				,
CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	0
1.	UNKNOWN	2:26	3,400	B
1. – 2. – 3.	UNKNOWN	5:28	10,000	O B B
3.			 	
4. 5. 6.			 	
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17			 	
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10.			 	
20.			 	+
20.			 	
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122.			 	+
123.		+	 	+
35			 	+
10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29.		 i	 	+
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28.			 	
29.				<u> </u>
30.		1	}	ì

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

BT421 Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 latrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT421 Sample wt/vol: $_{\underline{5.0}}$ (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 6501 evel: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 Moisture: not dec. Date Analyzed: 08/05/88 Column: (pack/cap) PACK Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q 74-87-3-----Chloromethane 103 10 74-83-9-----Bromomethane 10 U 75-01-4-----Vinyl Chloride 10 U 75-00-3-----Chloroethane IUT 10 BJ 75-09-2----Methylene Chloride 4 67-64-1-----Acetone 3 J 75-15-0-----Carbon Disulfide 2 | BJ 5 IU . 75-35-4----1,1-Dichloroethene 75-34-3----1,1-Dichloroethane 5 I U 5 540-59-0----1,2-Dichloroethene (total) U 2 J 67-66-3-----Chloroform 5 U 107-06-2----1, 2-Dichloroethane IUR 10 78-93-3----2-Butanone 71-55-6----1,1,1-Trichloroethane 5 U 5 U 56-23-5-----Carbon Tetrachloride 10 U 108-05-4-----Vinyl Acetate 5 IU 75-27-4-----Bromodichloromethane 78-87-5----1,2-Dichloropropane 5 IU 10061-01-5----Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene 5 IU 5 U 79-01-6----Trichloroethene 103 5 124-48-1-----Dibromochloromethane 107 5 79-00-5-----1,1,2-Trichloroethane_ 71-43-2----Benzene 0.2|J 5 U 10061-02-6----cis-1,3-Dichloropropene 5 105 75-25-2----Bromoform 10 U 591-78-6----2-Hexanone U 10 108-10-1----4-Methyl-2-Pentanone 5 U 127-18-4-----Tetrachloroethene 5 U 79-34-5----1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane_ 0.31BJ 108-88-3----Toluene 5 U 108-90-7-----Chlorobenzene

5

5

5

IU

IU

U

100-41-4-----Ethylbenzene

1330-20-7----Total Xylenes

100-42-5----Styrene

1E VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

PA	SAMPLE	
	BT421	499
	-1121	i

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: RECNY CASE NO.: 10155	SAS No.: _ SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) <u>WATER</u>	Lab Sample ID: BT421
Sample wt/vol: 5.0 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: 6501
Level: (low/med) LOW	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec	Date Analyzed: 8/5/88
Column: (pack/cap) <u>PACK</u>	Dilution Factor: 1.00

CONCENTRATION UNITS: Number TICs found: 2 (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L

				
CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q B B
1. –	UNKNOWN	2:38	13	B
2	UNKNOWN	6:02	26	B
2 3.				
4.				1
5.		1		1
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8.				1
i 9.				1
10.				
11.				1
12. 13.				1
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14.				1
15.				1
16. 17.				1
17.				1
18. 19.				
19.				1
20. 21. 22. 23.				
21.				1
22.				7
23.				1
24.				
25.			 	
26.				
24. 25. 26. 27.			+	+
28.			 	1-
28. 29. 30.			<u> </u>	1
130.			 	+

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

BT422 Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: ____ SDG No.: BT411 Matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT422 Sample wt/vol: <u>5.0</u> (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 6503 Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 % Moisture: not dec. Date Analyzed: 08/05/88 Column: (pack/cap) PACK Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: COMPOUND CAS NO. (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q 74-87-3-----Chloromethane 10 74-83-9-----Bromomethane IU 10 75-01-4-----Vinyl Chloride 10 l U 75-00-3-----Chloroethane 10 IUI 75-09-2----Methylene Chloride 3 BJ 67-64-1-----Acetone 1 J 75-15-0-----Carbon Disulfide 11 BJ 75-35-4----1,1-Dichloroethene I U 5 5 75-34-3-----1,1-Dichloroethane IU 540-59-0----1,2-Dichloroethene (total) 5 U 67-66-3-----Chloroform 2 J 5 107-06-2----1,2-Dichloroethane U IUK 10 78-93-3----2-Butanone 71-55-6----1,1,1-Trichloroethane 5 ľŪ 56-23-5-----Carbon Tetrachloride 5 U 10 U 108-05-4-----Vinyl Acetate 5 U 75-27-4----Bromodichloromethane U 5 78-87-5----1,2-Dichloropropane 5 IU 10061-01-5----Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene 5 IU 79-01-6-----Trichloroethene 5 107 124-48-1-----Dibromochloromethane 5 W 79-00-5----1,1,2-Trichloroethane 0.3|J 71-43-2----Benzene 5 U 10061-02-6----cis-1,3-Dichloropropene 5 UJ 75-25-2----Bromoform IU 591-78-6----2-Hexanone 10 10 U 108-10-1----4-Methyl-2-Pentanone 127-18-4----Tetrachloroethene 5 U 5 U 79-34-5----1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 0.5|BJ 108-88-3----Toluene 0.2|J 108-90-7-----Chlorobenzene IU 5 100-41-4----Ethylbenzene 100-42-5-----Styrene 5 U IU 1330-20-7----Total Xylenes

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA	SAMPLE	NO.	^
-	ŧ	733	2
	BT422		

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: <u>RECNY</u> CASE NO.: 10155	SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) <u>WATER</u>	Lab Sample ID: BT422
Sample wt/vol: $\underline{5.0}$ (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: 6503
Level: (low/med) <u>LOW</u>	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec	Date Analyzed: 8/5/88
Column: (pack/cap) <u>PACK</u>	Dilution Factor: 1.00

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

Number TICs found: 2 (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L

CAS NUMBER COMPOUND NAME RT EST. 0 1 UNKNOWN 2:38 1 2 UNKNOWN 5:52 3 3. - - - 4. - - - 5. - - - 6. - - - 7. 8. - - 9. - - - 10. - - - 11. - - - 12. - - - 13. - - - 14. - - - 15. - - - 16. - - - 17. - - - 18. - - -	
1 UNKNOWN 2:38 1 2 UNKNOWN 5:52 3 3.	CONC. Q
2. - UNKNOWN 5:52 3 3. 4. -	
3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15.	0 B
4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11, 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17.	
5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17.	
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8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17.	
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FORM I VOA-TIC

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT423

ab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

Lab Code: <u>RECNY</u> Case No.: <u>10155</u> SAS No.: _____ SDG No.: <u>BT411</u>

atrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT423

Sample wt/vol: 5.0 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 6495

Date Received: 08/04/88

Moisture: not dec. ____ Date Analyzed: 08/05/88

Column: (pack/cap) PACK Dilution Factor: 1.00

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>

74-87-3	Chloromethane	10	102
74-83-9	Bromomethane	10	וט
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	- 10	Ü
75-00-3	Chloroethane		Tu
	Methylene Chloride	-¦ 3	BJ
67-64-1	Acetone	_ 5 5	J
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	-¦ 2	BJ
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	-¦ 5	Ü
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	_¦	บั
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	_ 5	บั
	Chloroform	_ 3	J
	1,2-Dichloroethane	_ 5	บ
107-00-2 78-93-3	2-Butanone	_ 10	UR
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	-¦ 5	Ü
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	_\ 5	บั
109-05-4	Vinyl Acetate	_ 10	บ
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	-¦ 0.1	•
	1,2-Dichloropropane	-¦ 5.1	เบิ
	Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		Ū
70-01-6	Trichloroethene	- 5	Ü
/9-01-6	Dibromochloromethane	- 5	W
70-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	_ 5	U
73-42-2	Benzene	- 0.1	
10061-02-6-	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	- 5·1	เบ
75-25-2	Bromoform	-i 5	ut
	2-Hexanone	-¦ 10	֓֞֝֞֜֜֞֜֝֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֞֜֜֜֓֓֓֓֡֓֓֓֓֓֡֓֡֓֡֓֡֓֡֓֡
		-i 10	ט
100-10-1	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	_ 5	Ü
		_ 5 5	Ü
100 00 2	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	- 0.4	•
		-\ 5 5	ן מ ן ע
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	_ 5 5	Ü
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	_ 5 5	ָ ע
	styrene	- 5 5	ָ ט
T330-20-7	Total Xylenes	-! ⁵	10

1E VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

	EPA	SAMPLE	NO.
1			
i		BT423_	
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Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: RECNY CASE NO.: 10155	SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID: BT423
Sample wt/vol: 5.0 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: 6495
Level: (low/med) LOW	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec	Date Analyzed: 8/5/88
Column: (pack/cap) PACK	Dilution Factor:1.00

Number TICs found: 2

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q	
1	UNKNOWN	2:50	10	В	
2 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	UNKNOWN	6:06	33	Q B B	
3				1	
4.					
5				1	
6.				1	
7.				1	
8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14.					
9.				1	
10.					
11.				1	
12.		-		-	
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22.				†	
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25.					
16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29.	**-**		 	 	
27.			 	+	
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FORM I VOA-TIC

1 B SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT415 Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 Matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT415 1000 (g/mL) ML Sample wt/vol: Lab File ID: 2853E Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 % Moisture: not dec. ____ dec. ___ Date Extracted: 08/05/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 08/22/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L Q 108-95-2----Phenol 10 ΙU 111-44-4----bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether 10 ΙŪ 95-57-8----2-Chlorophenol 10 IU 541-73-1----1,3-Dichlorobenzene 10 U 106-46-7----1,4-Dichlorobenzene 10 IU 100-51-6-----Benzyl Alcohol 10 U IU 95-50-1----1,2-Dichlorobenzene 10 95-48-7----2-Methylphenol 10 I U U 108-60-1-----bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether 10 106-44-5-----4-Methylphenol 10 I U 621-64-7----N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine 10 U 67-72-1----Hexachloroethane 10 IUT 10 98-95-3-----Nitrobenzene U 10 U 78-59-1-----Isophorone 88-75-5----2-Nitrophenol 10 IU U 105-67-9----2,4-Dimethylphenol 10 65-85-0-----Benzoic Acid 50 1000 111-91-1-----bis(2-Chloroethoxy) Methane 10 U 10 U 120-83-2----2,4-Dichlorophenol 10 U 120-82-1----1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 10 U 91-20-3-----Naphthalene U 10 106-47-8----4-Chloroaniline 87-68-3-----Hexachlorobutadiene 10 IU 59-50-7----4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol 10 U 10 IU 91-57-6----2-Methylnaphthalene 10 IU 77-47-4-----Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 10 U 88-06-2----2,4,6-Trichlorophenol IU 50 95-95-4----2,4,5-Trichlorophenol U 10 91-58-7----2-Chloronaphthalene 50 IU 88-74-4----2-Nitroaniline U 131-11-3-----Dimethyl Phthalate 10 208-96-8-----Acenaphthylene 10 IU

1C SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

BT415 Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON _____ Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: ____ SDG No.: <u>BT411</u> Matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT415 Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2853E (low/med) LOW Level: Date Received: 08/04/88 % Moisture: not dec. ____ dec. Date Extracted: 08/05/88 (SepF/Cont/Sonc) Extraction: <u>SEPF</u> Date Analyzed: 08/22/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 1.00 **CONCENTRATION UNITS:** CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q IUJ 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 50 83-32-9-----Acenaphthene 10 IU 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol IUJ 50 D. 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 50 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 10 U 121-14-2----2,4-Dinitrotoluene 10 ΙŪ 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene IU 10 84-66-2-----Diethylphthalate U 10 U 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 10 86-73-7----Fluorene 10 U 100-01-6-----4-Nitroaniline 50 10.7 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 50 U 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 10 U 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 10 U 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 10 U 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol 50 U 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene U 10 120-12-7-----Anthracene 10 U 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate 10 IU 206-44-0----Fluoranthene 10 U 129-00-0-----Pyrene U 10 10 107 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 20 U U 56-55-3----Benzo(a) Anthracene 10 117-81-7----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 5 IJ 218-01-9-----Chrysene 10 U 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 10 ΙŪ 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene_ U 10 10 ΙŪ 207-08-9----Benzo(k) Fluoranthene 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene 10 IU 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene_ 10 U U 10 53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene___ 10 IU

(1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

1F SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA	SAMPLE	NO.	
B7	r415		
			!

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>	
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155	SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411	
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID: BT415	
Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: 2853E	
Level: (low/med) <u>LOW</u>	Date Received: 8/4/88	
% Moisture: not dec dec	Date Extracted: 8/5/88	
Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2853E Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 8/4/88 % Moisture: not dec dec Date Extracted: 8/5/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 8/22/88		
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0	Dilution Factor: 1.00	
Number TIC's found: 2		

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	1
. •	LONG CHAIN COMPOUND	19:15	130	
· -	UNKNOWN	26:49	19	S
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0.	FORM I SV-TIC	<u> i </u>	1/87	ب

$\begin{array}{c} \text{1C} \\ \text{SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET} \end{array}$

BT415 Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON ______ Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 Matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT415 sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2853E (low/med) LOW Level: Date Received: 08/04/88 % Moisture: not dec. ____ dec. Date Extracted: 08/05/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 08/22/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 50 U 83-32-9-----Acenaphthene 10 I U 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol 50 IU 100-02-7-----4-Nitrophenol 50 ΙU 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 10 IU 121-14-2----2,4-Dinitrotoluene 10 IU 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene_ 10 I U 84-66-2----Diethylphthalate 10 U 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenyletker_ 10 U 86-73-7-----Fluorene 10 IU 50 100-07-6-----4-Nitroaniline ΙU 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 50 IU 10 IU | 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phonylether 10 I U 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzeme 10 IU 50 IU 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol 10 U 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene 120-12-7-----Anthracene 10 U 10 IU 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate 10 IU 206-44-0-----Fluoranthene 129-00-0-----Pyrene 10 U 10 U 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate 20 U 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine U 56-55-3----Benzo(a) Anthracene 10 5 IJ 117-81-7-----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate U 218-01-9-----Chrysene 10 117-84-0-----Di-m-Octyl Phthalate 10 ΙŪ 10 U 205-99-2----Benzo(b)Fluoranthene 10 U 207-08-9----Benzo(k)Fluoranthene 10 U | 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene 10 U 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene ΙŪ 10 53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene 10 IU 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene__

(1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

ĺ		
1	BT412	

Inb Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411

trix: (soil/water) SOIL

Lab Sample ID: <u>BT412</u> Sample wt/vol: 30.1 (g/mL) G

[vel: (low/med) LOW

Lab File ID: 2992E

Date Received: 08/04/88

Moisture: not dec. 24 dec. Date Extracted: 08/13/88

txtraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC

Date Analyzed: 08/27/88

C Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.6 Dilution Factor: 26.0

CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/KG</u> Q

		
108-95-2Phenol	8600	10 J
111-44-4bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether	8600	ITUI
95-57-82-Chlorophenol	i 8600	ט
541-73-11,3-Dichlorobenzene	8600	i U
106-46-71,4-Dichlorobenzene	8600	U
100-51-6Benzyl Alcohol	8600	U
95-50-11,2-Dichlorobenzene	8600	U
95-48-72-Methylphenol	8600	ן טן
108-60-1bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether	8600	U
106-44-54-Methylphenol	8600	ן טן
621-64-7N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine	8600	U
67-72-1Hexachloroethane	8600	ן טן
98-95-3Nitrobenzene	8600	U
78-59-1Isophorone	j 8600	ו טו
88-75-52-Nitrophenol	8600	U
105-67-92,4-Dimethylphenol	8600	U
65-85-0Benzoic Acid	42000	דט
111-91-1bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane	8600	ט "
120-83-22,4-Dichlorophenol	8600	ן ט
120-82-11,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	8600	ן ט
91-20-3Naphthalene	3700	jJ
106-47-84-Chloroaniline	8600	וֹט
87-68-3Hexachlorobutadiene	8600	ו טו
59-50-74-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	i 8600	י די
91-57-62-Methylnaphthalene	i 1800	J
77-47-4Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	8600	us
88-06-22,4,6-Trichlorophenol	i 8600	ט
95-95-42,4,5-Trichlorophenol	42000	י
91-58-72-Chloronaphthalene	8600	U
88-74-42-Nitroaniline	i 42000	ו ס
131-11-3Dimethyl Phthalate	8600	U
208-96-8Acenaphthylene	i 8600	iv 7
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1C SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

ge: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

ode: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411

ix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT412

ple wt/vol: 30.1 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 2992E

vel: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88

Moisture: not dec. 24 dec. Date Extracted: 08/13/88

_traction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 08/27/88

-pc Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.6 Dilution Factor: 20.0

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/KG</u> Q

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or	ug/Kg)	UG/KG	Q
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline		1	42000	U
83-32-9	Acenaphthene		¦	8600	ָט ט
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol		— <u>'</u>	42000	w
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol		i	42000	ן מ
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran		 i	8600	Ü
	2,4-Dinitrotoluen	e	i	8600	U
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluen	e	i	8600	บ
84-66-2	Diethylphthalate		i	8600	บ
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-ph	enylether	i	8600	U
86-73-7	Fluorene		i	8600	Ü
	4-Nitroaniline		— i	42000	רט
	4,6-Dinitro-2-Met	hylphenol	—i	42000	uf
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenyl	amine (1)		000 -2800	BOW
101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phe	nylether		8600	U
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	i	8600	U
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol		i	42000	UR
85-01-8	Phenanthrene		— i	1000	jJ'
	Anthracene		— j	8600	ן טן
	Di-n-Butylphthala	te	i	8600	ט
	Fluoranthene		— i	1200	J
129-00-0	Pvrene		— i	1200	J
85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthal	ate	i	1400	J
91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenz	idine	i	17000	تعا
56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthracen	e	1	470	J
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)	Phthalate		5100	J
218-01-9	Chrysene			740	J
117-84-0	Di-n-Octyl Phthal	ate		8600	טן
205-99-2	Benzo(b) Fluoranth	ene	1	8600	U
207-08-9	Benzo(k)Fluoranth	ene		8600	U
50-32-8	Benzo(a)Pyrene	 		8600	טן
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)P	yrene	1	8600	טן
53 - 70 - 3	·Dibenz(a,h)Anthra	cene		8600	U,
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Peryl	ene	<u> </u>	8600	\ U >
) - Cannot b	e separated from Diph	enylamine	· I	// -	-!

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1B SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

BT412 Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 & Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: _____ SDG No.: BT411 Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT412 sample wt/vol: 30.1 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 2992E Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 * Moisture: not dec. 24 dec. _ Date Extracted: 08/13/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 08/27/88 Dilution Factor: 10.0 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: $\underline{6.6}$ CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG 108-95-2----Phenol 4300 U 111-44-4-----bis(2-Chloroethyl) Ether 4300 U 95-57-8----2-Chlorophenol 4300 U 4300 541-73-1----1,3-Dichlorobenzene ΙŪ 106-46-7----1,4-Dichlorobenzene_ 4300 ΙÜ 100-51-6-----Benzyl Alcohol 4300 IU U 95-50-1----1,2-Dichlorobenzene 4300 95-48-7----2-Methylphenol 4300 U 108-60-1-----bis(2-Chloroisopropy1)Ether 4300 IU 106-44-5----4-Methylphenol 4300 ΙÜ 4300 IU 621-64-7----N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine I U 67-72-1-----Hexachloroethané 4300 4300 IU 98-95-3-----Nitrobenzene / U 78-59-1-----Isophorone 4300 4300 U 88-75-5----2-Nitrophenol IU 105-67-9-----2,4-Dimethylphenol_ 4300 21000 U 65-85-0-----Benzoic Acid 4300 U 111-91-1-----bis(2-Chloroethoxy) Methane 4300 I U 120-83-2----2,4-Dichlorophenol IU 120-82-1----1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 4300 91-20-3----Naphthalene 3700 IJ U 4300 106-47-8-----4-Chloroaniline 4300 U 87-68-3-----Hexachlorobutadiene 4300 U 59-50-7----4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol J 1800 91-57-6----2-Methylnaphthalene 4300 U 77-47-4-----Hexachlorocyclopentadiene IU 4300 88-06-2----2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 21000 U 95-95-4----2,4,5-Trichlorophenol_ 4300 U 91-58-7----2-Chloronaphthalene 88-74-4----2-Nitroaniline U 21000 131-11-3-----Dimethyl Phthalate 4300 ΙŪ 4300 208-96-8-----Acenaphthylene U

1C SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT412 Name: RECRA ENVIRON _____ Contract: 68-W8-0047 ab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: <u>BT411</u> Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT412 Sample wt/vol: 30.1 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 2992E Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 % Moisture: not dec. __24 dec. Date Extracted: 08/13/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 08/27/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: <u>6.6</u> Dilution Factor: 10.0 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG Q 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 21000 U 83-32-9----Acenaphthene 4300 U 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol **21000** ΙŪ 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 21000 U 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 4300 ľŪ 121-14-2----2,4-Dinitrotoluene 4300 ΙŪ 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene 4300 U 84-66-2----Diethylphthalate 4300 U 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether U 4300 86-73-7-----Fluorene 4300 U 100-07-6----4-Nitroaniline 21000 IU U 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 21000 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 2800 I BJ 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 4300 U 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 4300 U 21000 U 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene J 1000 120-12-7-----Anthracene 4300 U U 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate 4300 206-44-0----Fluoranthene 1200 IJ IJ 129-00-0-----Pyrene 1200 IJ 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate 1400 U 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 8700 IJ 56-55-3----Benzo(a) Anthracene 470 5100 117-81-7-----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 740 J 218-01-9-----Chrysene U 4300 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 4300 ΙU 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene ΙU 207-08-9----Benzo(k)Fluoranthene 4300 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene U 4300 IU 4300 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene ΙŪ 53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene 4300 IU 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i) Perylene 4300 (1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

1F SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA SAMPLE NO. BT412

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>		
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155	SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411		
Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL	Lab Sample ID: <u>BT412</u>		
Sample wt/vol: $30.1 (g/mL) G$	Lab File ID: 2992E		
Level: (low/med) LOW	Date Received: 8/4/88		
% Moisture: not dec. 24 dec	Date Extracted: 8/13/88		
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: - SDG No.: BT411 Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT412 Sample wt/vol: 30.1 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 2992E Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 8/4/88			
ab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: - SDG No.: BT411 atrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT412 ample wt/vol: 30.1 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 2992E evel: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 8/4/88 Moisture: not dec. 24 dec. - Date Extracted: 8/13/88 xtraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 8/27/88			

Number TIC's found: 20 CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	
	UNKNOWN	3:35	45,000	!
-	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	3:59	180,000	1
	UNKNOWN	4:04	98,000	1
· -	UNKNOWN	4:14	99,000	†
	UNKNOWN	4:19	270,000	Ţ
	UNKNOWN	4:25	180,000	!
-	UNKNOWN	4:35	130,000	1
	UNKNOWN	4:46	260,000	1
	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	5:12	130,000	1
	UNKNOWN	5:26	180,000	1
	UNKNOWN	5:31	160,000	1
	ALKYL SUBSTITUTED COMPOUND	5:58	120,000	1
	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	7:14	66,000	T
	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	7:24	37,000	1
-	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	8:38	38,000	1
-	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	10:07	37,000	T
-	UNKNOWN	22:03	24,000	Ī
-	UNKNOWN	23:07	23,000	I
	UNKNOWN	23:33	71,000	I
	UNKNOWN	32:05	110,000	I L
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1C SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

b Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411

atrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT416

Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2815E

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88

% Moisture: not dec. ____ dec. ___ Date Extracted: 08/05/88

Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 08/18/88

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 1.00

CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline LUI 50 83-32-9-----Acenaphthene 10 ΙŪ 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol IUT 50 105 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 50 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 10 IU) 121-14-2----2,4-Dinitrotoluene_ 10 IU 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene 10 U 84-66-2----Diethylphthalate 10 U 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 10 U 86-73-7----Fluorene 10 ľŪ 50 IUT 100-01-6----4-Nitroaniline 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 50 U 104 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 125 W 10 IU 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 10 U 50 U 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol 10 U 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene 10 U 120-12-7-----Anthracene U 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate 10 U 206-44-0----Fluoranthene 10 10 U 129-00-0----Pyrene 10 107 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate 103 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 20 56-55-3----Benzo(a) Anthracene 10 U IU 117-81-7-----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate_ 10 218-01-9-----Chrysene 10 U 10 U 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene_ 10 U U 207-08-9----Benzo(k)Fluoranthene_ 10 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene 10 IU 10 U 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene_ IU 53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene__ 10 10 IU 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene__ (1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine MALTI

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT416 Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 Matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT416 1000 (g/mL) ML Sample wt/vol: Lab File ID: 2815E Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 % Moisture: not dec. ____ dec. ___ Date Extracted: 08/05/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) <u>SEPF</u> Date Analyzed: 08/18/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q 108-95-2----Phenol 10 U 111-44-4-----bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether 10 W 95-57-8----2-Chlorophenol 10 U 541-73-1----1,3-Dichlorobenzene 10 U 106-46-7----1,4-Dichlorobenzene 10 U 100-51-6-----Benzyl Alcohol 10 IU 95-50-1----1,2-Dichlorobenzene 10 U 95-48-7----2-Methylphenol 10 U 108-60-1-----bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether 10 IU 106-44-5----4-Methylphenol 10 U 10 U 621-64-7----N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine LET 67-72-1-----Hexachloroethane___ 10 98-95-3-----Nitrobenzene 10 U 10 U 78-59-1-----Isophorone 10 IU 88-75-5-----2-Nitrophenol 105-67-9----2,4-Dimethylphenol 10 IU 65-85-0----Benzoic Acid 50 U 111-91-1----bis(2-Chloroethoxy) Methane 10 U 10 U 120-83-2----2,4-Dichlorophenol 10 U 120-82-1----1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene U 10 91-20-3-----Naphthalene U 106-47-8-----4-Chloroaniline 10 87-68-3-----Hexachlorobutadiene 10 U 59-50-7----4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol 10 U 10 IU 91-57-6----2-Methylnaphthalene 10 U 77-47-4-----Hexachlorocyclopentadiene U 10 88-06-2----2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 50 U 95-95-4----2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 10 U 91-58-7----2-Chloronaphthalene U 50 88-74-4----2-Nitroaniline IU 131-11-3-----Dimethyl Phthalate 10 208-96-8-----Acenaphthylene 10 U

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT416 ab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u> Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: _____ SDG No.: BT411 Lab Code: RECNY matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT416 sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2815E Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 % Moisture: not dec. ____ dec. ___ Date Extracted: 08/05/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 08/18/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N 1.00 pH: ___7.0 Dilution Factor: CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L Q 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 50 IU 83-32-9-----Acenaphthene 10 U 50 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol U 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 50 U 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 10 U 121-14-2----2,4-Dinitrotoluene 10 U 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene_ 10 IU 84-66-2----Diethylphthalate 10 U 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 10 U 86-73-7-----Fluorene 10 U U 50 100-07-6----4-Nitroaniline 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 50 U 86-30-6----Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) BJ 4 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 10 | U 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 10 IU 50 IU 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol IU 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene 10 120-12-7-----Anthracene 10 U 10 U 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate 206-44-0----Fluoranthene/ 10 ΙŪ 10 129-00-0-----Pyrene U 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate 10 IU 20 IU 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 10 U 56-55-3----Benzo(a) Anthracene 10 IU 117-81-7-----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 10 U 218-01-9-----Chrysene 10 U 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene 10 ΙŪ 207-08-9----Benzo(k) Fluoranthene 10 ľ 10 U 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene 10 ľŪ 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene_ 10 U 53-70-3----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene 10 U 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene__ (1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

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1F SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA SAMPLE NO. BT416

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155	SAS No.: _ SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID:BT416
Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: 2815E
Level: (low/med)LOW_	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec dec	Date Extracted: 8/5/88
Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF	Date Analyzed: _8/18/88
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0	Dilution Factor: 1.00
	CONCENTRATION UNITS:
Number TIC's found:10_	(ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>

(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q
1	UNKNOWN ALCOHOL	19:06	29	В
2	ALKYL SUBSTITUTED COMPOUND	19:15	22	12
3	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	19:55	10	1
4	UNKNOWN	20:27	9	1
5	ALKYL SUBSTITUTED COMPOUND	21:07	19	1
6	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	22:01	18	
7. –	UNKNOWN	22:16	12	
8	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	23:55	33	
9. –	UNKNOWN	24:28	38	\$
.O	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	25:28	17	1
1.			1	T
2.			i	
.3.		1		
4.				
.5.				
.6 •				T
.7.				<u> </u>
.8.			L	1
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20.			<u> </u>	_
21.			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
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24.		1		<u> </u>
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26.				
27.				
28.		1		
29.		1		I _

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1B SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EP SAMPLE NO.

Lab	Name:	RECRA E	ENVIRON	Contract:	68-W8-0047	•	B 14	113	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Lab	Code:	RECNY	Case No.: 10155	SAS No.:	s	DG	No.	BT411	

M trix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT413

Sample wt/vol: 30.2 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 2995E

I vel: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88

% Moisture: not dec. 22 dec. Date Extracted: 08/13/88

Entraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 08 27/88

G C Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.9 Dilution Factor: 5.0

CAS NO.	COMPOUND			N UNITS: Kg) <u>UG/KG</u>	Q	
108-95-2	Phenol			7800	 J	
	bis(2-Chloroet	hyl) Ether		8400		9
95-57-9	DIS(2-CHIOTOE)	l cher		8400		{
541-73-1	2-Chlorophenol	nzana	——:	8400	,	- 11
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobe	enzene		8400	•	- 11
	Benzyl Alcohol		:	8400		
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobe	nzene	¦	8400	•	H
95-48-7	2-Methvlphenol			8400	•	Hi
108-60-1	bis(2-Chlorois	opropyl) Eth	er	8400	•	- 1 ;
106-44-5	4-Methylphenol	l	··	8400	•	li
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-Di-r	-Propylamir	e l	8400	•	Hi
67-72-1	Hexachloroetha	ne		8400		Hi
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene			8400	•	Hi
	Isophorone	** * 		8400		- li
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol		i	8400	Ū	l i
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylph	nenol	i	8400	•	Hi
65-85-0	Benzoic Acid			41000	103	li
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroet	hoxy) Methar	ie i	8400	ָ ע i	1 j
120-83-2	2,4-Dichloroph	nenol	i	8400	įυ	i
	1,2,4-Trichlor		——i	8400	įυ	- i
91-20-3	Naphthalene		i	8400	ַּט	. i
106-47-8	4-Chloroanilir	ne	i	8400	Ū	: İ
87-68-3	Hexachlorobuta	diene	i	8400	ŢŪ	1
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Met	hylphenol	i	8400	U	1
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphth	nalene		8400	Ŭ	
77-47-4	Hexachlorocycl	opentadiene		8400	W	1
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlo	cophenol		8400	U	1
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlo	rophenol		41000	U	
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphth	nalene		8400	וט	11
88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	•		41000	וט	1
131-11-3	Dimethyl Phtha	late		8400	Įΰ	1
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	3		8400	ָ ט	Ť
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1C SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT413 Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u> ab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT413 Sample wt/vol: 30.2 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 2995E (low/med) LOW Level: Date Received: 08/04/88 % Moisture: not dec. __22 Date Extracted: 08/13/88 dec. Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 08/27/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.9 Dilution Factor: 20.0 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/KG</u> Q 更通 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 41000 83-32-9-----Acenaphthene 8400 U 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol UT 41000 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 41000 U 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 8400 U 121-14-2----2, 4-Dinitrotoluene 8400 IU 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene 8400 U 84-66-2-----Diethylphthalate 8400 U 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 8400 IU 86-73-7----Fluorene 8400 I U 100-01-6-----4-Nitroaniline 103 41000 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 41000 | U_______ 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) **爱树心 2900** BOW 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether_ 8400 U 118-74-1----Hexachlorobenzene 8400 U 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol 41000 U 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene 1200 IJ 120-12-7-----Anthracene 380 IJ 18400 **500** 1 30° LA 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate 206-44-0----Fluoranthene 1700 J 129-00-0-----Pyrene 2700 IJ 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate 3500 IJ FUI 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 17000 56-55-3----Benzo(a) Anthracene 1300 117-81-7----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate_ 17000 1600 218-01-9-----Chrysene IJ 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 8400 U 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene 2100 IJ 207-08-9----Benzo(k) Fluoranthene 8400 ΙŪ 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene 1300 J 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd) Pyrene 660 J 8400 U 53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene 720 IJ 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene_

Medical Tro

(1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

1B SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

 Ab Name:
 RECRA ENVIRON
 Contract:
 68-W8-0047

 Lab Code:
 RECNY
 Case No.:
 10155
 SAS No.:
 SDG No.:
 BT413

 Matrix:
 (soil/water)
 SOIL
 Lab Sample ID:
 BT413

cample wt/vol: 30.2 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 2995E

Devel: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88

Moisture: not dec. 22 dec. Date Extracted: 08/13/88

Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 08/27/88

PC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.9 Dilution Factor: 10.00

CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg)/UG/KG Q 108-95-2----Phenol 7800 111-44-4-----bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether 4200 95-57-8----2-Chlorophenol 4200 U 541-73-1----1,3-Dichlorobenzene 4200 U 106-46-7----1,4-Dichlorobenzene 4200 U 100-51-6-----Benzyl Alcohol 4200 U 95-50-1----1,2-Dichlorobenzene 4200 l U 95-48-7----2-Methylphenol 4200 ľŪ 108-60-1-----bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether 4200 ľŪ 106-44-5----4-Methylphenol 4200 U 621-64-7----N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine 4200 67-72-1-----Hexachloroethane__ 4200 U 98-95-3-----Nitrobenzene 4200 IU 78-59-1-----Isophorone 4200 U 88-75-5----2-Nitrophenol 4200 ΙŪ 105-67-9----2,4-Dimethylphenol 4200 IU 65-85-0-----Benzoic Acid 20000 U 111-91-1----bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane 4200 U 4200 120-83-2----2,4-Dichlorophenol/ U 120-82-1----1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene_ 4200 91-20-3-----Naphthalene 4200 ΙU 106-47-8-----4-Chloroaniline 4200 ١U 87-68-3-----Hexachlorobutadiene 4200 ľŪ 59-50-7----4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol 4200 U 91-57-6----2-Methylnaphthálene 4200 U 4200 U 77-47-4-----Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 88-06-2----2,4,6-Trichlgrophenol 4200 IU 95-95-4----2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 20000 ľŪ 4200 IU 91-58-7----2-Chloronaphthalene 20000 88-74-4----2-Nitroaniline U 131-11-3-----Dimethyl Phthalate 4200 U 208-96-8-----Acenaphthylene 4200 IU

1C SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

BT413 ab Name: RECRA ENVIRON ____ Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT413 sample wt/vol: 30.2 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 2995E Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 % Moisture: not dec. _ 22 dec. Date Extracted: 08/13/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 08/27/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: <u>6.9</u> Dilution Factor: 10.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/KG</u> Q 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 20000 U 83-32-9-----Acenaphthene 4200 ľ 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol 20000 U 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 20000 U 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 4200 U 121-14-2----2, 4-Dinitrotoluene 4200 U 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene 4200 U 84-66-2----Diethylphthalate U 4200 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether U 4200 36-73-7-----Fluorene 4200 IU 100-07-6----4-Nitroaniline 20000 U 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 20000 U 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 2900 BJ 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 4200 U 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 4200 U 87-86-5-----Pentachlorophenol 20000 U 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene 1200 J J 120-12-7-----Anthracene 380 84-74-2-----Di-n-Butylphthalate 500 BJ 206-44-0----Fluoranthene 1700 J 129-00-0-----Pyrene 2700 J 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate IJ 3500 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine U 8400 56-55-3----Benzo(a) Anthracene 1300 IJ 117-81-7-----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate_ 17000 218-01-9-----Chrysene 1600 IJ 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 4200 U 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene 2100 J JU 207-08-9----Benzo(k)Fluoranthene 4200 1300 J 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene_ 660 J 53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene__ 4200 ľŪ 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene_ 720 IJ

(1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

BT413 1095

1/87 Rev.

Lab Name:	RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract:	68-W8-0047

Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: _ SDG No.: BT411

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT413

Sample wt/vol: 30.2 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 2995E

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 8/4/88

% Moisture: not dec. 22 dec. - Date Extracted: 8/13/88

Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 8/27/88

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.9 Dilution Factor: 10.00

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/KG</u>

Number TIC's found: 20

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	10
1	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	4:58	12,000	1
2	UNKNOWN	5:53	11,000	1
3	UNKNOWN	8:37	5,900	1
4	ALKYL SUBSTITUTED COMPOUND	11:38	5,100	1
5	UNKNOWN	13:07	5,100	1
6. –	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	13:49	5,100	1
7	ALKYL SUBSTITUTED COMPOUND	14:33	7,600	B/
8	LONG CHAIN COMPOUND	14:38	9,300	1
9. –	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	15:56	12,000	1
0. –	ALKYL SUBSTITUTED COMPOUND	16:04	15,000	1
1	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	17:16	18,000	1
2	ALKYL SUBSTITUTED COMPOUND	18:32	18,000	1
3	UNKNOWN	18:52	6,800	†
4	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	19:45	15,000	
.5	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	20:54	11,000	
6	UNKNOWN	22:01	11,000	1
7. –	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	23:06	11,000	1
.8	UNKNOWN	24:08	13,000	1
.9 . –	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	26:06	20,000	1
20	ALKYL SUBSTITUTED COMPOUND	32:49	25,000	B
21.				,
2.				
3.				1
24.		1		1
25.			 	
26.		-		1
27.		1		1
8.		1		
9.				
30.		1	†	

FORM I SV-TIC

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or u	g/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>	Q
108-95-2		-	10	ַ
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)E	Ether	10	Ü
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol		10	įυ
541-73-1	1.3-Dichlorobenzene	}	10	Ü
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene		10	ָוֹ ד
100-E1-C	Dames		- L	Ū
95-50-1	1.2-Dichlorobenzene	}	10	U
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol		10	Ü
108-60-1	bis(2-Chloroisopror	yl)Ether	10	U
106-44-5	4-Methylphenol	_	10	Ū
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-Di-n-Prop	ylamine	10	U
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane			U
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene		_i 10	Ū
78-59-1	Isophorone			Ū
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol		10	Ü
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol		10	Ū
65-85-0	Benzoic Acid		_i 50	Ū
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)	Methane	_i 10	įυ
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol		_i 10	Ū
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenz	ene	_i 10	ับ
91-20-3	Naphthalene		_i 10	ju
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline		_i 10	ับ
	Hexachlorobutadiene	3	_i 10	ַ '
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-Methylph	nenol	_i 10	ָ ט
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	3	_i 10	U_
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopent	adiene	_i 10	UJ
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichloropher	nol	_j 10	ָט <u>.</u>
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichloropher	nol	50	Ū
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	3	_j 10	ju
	2-Nitroaniline		_j 50	ט ן
	Dimethyl Phthalate		_j 10	Ū
	Acenaphthylene		_i 10	įυ

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT417 h Name: RECRA ENVIRON _____ Contract: 68-W8-0047 ab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: _____ SDG No.: BT411 Lab Sample ID: BT417 1000 (g/mL) ML imple wt/vol: Lab File ID: 2826E evel: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 Moisture: not dec. dec. Date Extracted: <u>08/05/88</u> xtraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 08/19/88 Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: ___7.0 Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: COMPOUND CAS NO. (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L Q 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 50 105 83-32-9----Acenaphthene 10 U 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol 50 דטן 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 50 U 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 10 U U 121-14-2----2, 4-Dinitrotoluene 10 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene 10 U U 84-66-2----Diethylphthalate 10 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 10 IU 10 U 86-73-7-----Fluorene LUI 100-01-6----4-Nitroaniline 50 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 50, U 108 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) LBO W 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 10 U J 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 8 50 U 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol IU 10 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene 120-12-7-----Anthracene 10 l U U 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate 10 U 206-44-0----Fluoranthene 10 I U 10 129-00-0-----Pyrene UJ 10 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate [DD] 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 20 10 U 56-55-3----Benzo(a) Anthracene 10 U 117-81-7-----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 10 U 218-01-9-----Chrysene 10 U 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 10 U 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene_ 10 U 207-08-9----Benzo(k) Fluoranthene 10 U 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene 10 U 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene 10 U 53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene U 10 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene

(1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

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EPA SAMPLE NO.

	,	
Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68	8-W8-0047	BT417
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.:		No.: <u>BT411</u>
		<u></u>
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lal	b Sample ID:	BT417
sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lai	b File ID:	2826E
Level: (low/med) LOW Date	te Received:	08/04/88
% Moisture: not dec dec Dat	te Extracted:	08/05/88
Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date	te Analyzed:	08/19/88
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dil	lution Factor	: 1.00
CONCENTRA	ATION UNITS:	
	ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>	. Q
99-09-23-Nitroaniline		50 U
83-32-9Acenaphthene		10 U
51-28-52,4-Dinitrophenol 100-02-74-Nitrophenol		50 U 50 U
132-64-9Dibenzofuran	 '	50 U 10 U
121-14-22,4-Dinitrotoluene	·	10 U
606-20-22,6-Dinitrotoluene	 '	10 U
84-66-2Diethylphthalate	 ' /	10 U
7005-72-34-Chlorophenyl-phenylether		10 U
86-73-7Fluorene		10 U
100-07-64-Nitroaniline		50 U
534-52-14,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol/	/- i	50 U
86-30-6N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	j	3 BJ
101-55-34-Bromophenyl-phenylether		10 U
118-74-1Hexachlorobenzene	— i	8 J
87-86-5Pentachlorophenol	<u> </u>	50 U
85-01-8Phenanthrene	1	10 U
120-12-7Anthracene		10 U
84-74-2Di-n-Butylphthalate		10 U
206-44-0Fluoranthene	 '	10 U
129-00-0Pyrene	 '	10 U
85-68-7Butylbenzylphthalate	'	10 U
91-94-13,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	\	20 U
56-55-3Benzo(a) Anthracene	I	10 U
117-81-7bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	!	10 U
218-01-9Chrysene		10 U
117-84-0Di-n-Octyl Phthalate		10 U
205-99-2Benzo(b) Fluoranthene	'	10 U
207-08-9Benzo(k)Fluoranthene	'	10 U
50-32-8Benzo(a) Pyrene		10 U
193-39-5Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene	 '	10 U
53-70-3Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene 191-24-2Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene		10 0
(1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine	- · - -	

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT414 Name: RECRA ENVIRON ____ Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 itrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT414 sample wt/vol: 30.4 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 2996E :vel: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 % Moisture: not dec. 22 dec. Date Extracted: 08/13/88 1 (traction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 08/27/88 ריי Cleanup: (Y/N) Y Dilution Factor: 20.0 pH: __6.9 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/KG</u> Q 103 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 40000 83-32-9-----Acenaphthene 8300 U 51-28-5-----2,4-Dinitrophenol_ 40000 UJ 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 40000 U 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 8300 U 121-14-2----2, 4-Dinitrotoluene 8300 ľŪ 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene 8300 U 84-66-2----Diethylphthalate 8300 U 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 8300 ľ 8300 U 86-73-7----Fluorene I U_T 40000 100-01-6----4-Nitroaniline U 534-52-1----4, 6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 40000 8300 **2800** 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) BJVA 8300 U 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether_ 8300 U 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 40000 U 87-86-5-----Pentachlorophenol 610 J 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene 120-12-7-----Anthracene 8300 U 84-74-2-----Di-n-Butylphthalate U 8300 IJ 970 206-44-0-----Fluoranthene 129-00-0-----Pyrene IJ 1100 J 3700 85-68-7----Butylbenzylphthalate 10-7 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 17000 IJ 56-55-3----Benzo(a)Anthracene 520 4100 IJ 117-81-7-----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate_ J 810 218-01-9-----Chrysene J 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 130 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene_ U 8300 8300 U 207-08-9----Benzo(k)Fluoranthene 8300 U 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene U 8300 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene 8300 U 53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene_ 8300 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene_

- Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT414 ab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT414 30.4 (g/mL) G sample wt/vol: Lab File ID: 2996E Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 % Moisture: not dec. 22 dec. Date Extracted: 08/13/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 08/27/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: <u>6.9</u> Dilution Factor: 10.0 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/KG</u> 108-95-2----Phenol 10000 111-44-4-----bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether 4200/ ľ 95-57-8----2-Chlorophenol 4200 IU 541-73-1----1, 3-Dichlorobenzene 4200 IU 106-46-7-----1,4-Dichlorobenzene 42/00 U 4/200 U 100-51-6-----Benzyl Alcohol 4200 U 95-50-1----1,2-Dichlorobenzene 95-48-7----2-Methylphenol 4200 U 108-60-1-----bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether 4200 IU 4200 U 106-44-5----4-Methylphenol 4200 621-64-7----N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine U 4200 U 67-72-1-----Hexachloroethane 4200 U 98-95-3----Nitrobenzene 4200 U 78-59-1-----Isophorone 4200 U 88-75-5----2-Nitrophenol 105-67-9----2,4-Dimethylphenol_ 4200 U 20000 U 65-85-0-----Benzoic Acid 111-91-1----bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane 4200 IU 4200 U 120-83-2----2,4-Dichlorophenol 4200 U 120-82-1----1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene IU 91-20-3----Naphthalene 4200 4200 U 106-47-8----4-Chloroaniline 87-68-3-----Hexachlorobutadiene 4200 U 59-50-7----4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol 4200 IU 91-57-6----2-Methylnaphthalene 170 IJ 4200 IU 77-47-4-----Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 88-06-2----2,4,6-Trichlorophenol/ 4200 U 20000 U 95-95-4----2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 4200 U 91-58-7----2-Chloronaphthalene U 88-74-4----2-Nitroaniline 20000 IU 131-11-3-----Dimethyl Phthalate 4200 4200 IU 208-96-8-----Acenaphthylene

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BT414 Name: RECRA ENVIRON ___ Contract: 68-W8-0047 code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 rix: (soil/water) <u>SOIL</u> Lab Sample ID: BT414 ample wt/vol: 30.4 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 2996E € el: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 Moisture: not dec. 22 dec. Date Extracted: 08/13/88 x_raction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 08/27/88 ?^ Cleanup: (Y/N) <u>Y</u> pH: <u>6.9</u> Dilution Factor: 10.0 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/KG</u> 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 20000 U /IU 83-32-9-----Acenaphthene 4200 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol 20000 IU 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 20000/ U 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 4200 IU 121-14-2----2,4-Dinitrotoluene 4200 U 4200 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene U 84-66-2----Diethylphthalate 4200 ľŪ 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 4200 U / 4200 ľŪ 86-73-7-----Fluorene , 20000 100-07-6----4-Nitroaniline U 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol_ 20000 | U 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 2800 BJ 4200 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether___ U 4200 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene U 20000 U 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol 610 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene J 4200 U 120-12-7-----Anthracene 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate 4200 ΙŪ 206-44-0----Fluoranthene 970 J 1100 J 129-00-0-----Pyrene 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate 3700 J 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 8300 U 520 J 56-55-3-----Benzo(a) Anthracene 117-81-7-----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 4100 IJ 810 J 218-01-9-----Chrysene 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 130 IJ 4200 U 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene 4200 U 207-08-9----Benzo(k)Fluoranthene_ 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene 4200 U 4200 U 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene U 4200 53-70-3----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene____ U 4200 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene_

(1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

EPA SAMPLE NO. 1232 BT414

SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u> Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: - SDG No.: BT411 Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: __BT414 Sample wt/vol: 30.4 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 2996E Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 8/4/88 % Moisture: not dec. 22 dec. -Date Extracted: 8/13/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 8/27/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.9 Dilution Factor: ___10.00

> CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

Number TIC's found: 20

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q
1	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	5:53	10,000	
2	ALKYL SUBSTITUTED COMPOUND	8:38	11,000	1
3	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	10:08	10,000	
4	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	11:38	8,400	
5	UNKNOWN	16:06	8,400	
6	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	20:55	7,600	1
7	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	22:02	10,000	
8. –	ALKYL SUBSTITUTED COMPOUND	23:07	15,000	
9	ALKYL SUBSTITUTED COMPOUND	24:09	19,000	
0	LONG CHAIN COMPOUND	25:09	24,000	
1	LONG CHAIN COMPOUND	26:08	17,000	
2	UNKNOWN	27:03	24,000	В
3	UNKNOWN	28:38	23,000	
4	LONG CHAIN COMPOUND	28:53	30,000	В
5	UNKNOWN	30:21	19,000	В
6. –	UNKNOWN	31:10	13,000	
7	UNKNOWN	31:17	19,000	
8	UNKNOWN	32:13	21,000	
9. –	UNKNOWN	32:53	9,300	
0	UNKNOWN	33:29	10,000	<u> </u>
1.				
2.				1_
3.				<u> </u>
4.				ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
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.8.				<u> </u>
9.				1 -
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1F SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA SAMPLE NO.
BT417 1432

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155	SAS No.: _ SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID: <u>BT417</u>
Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: 2826E
Level: (low/med) LOW	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec dec	Date Extracted: 8/5/88
Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF	Date Analyzed: 8/19/88
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0	Dilution Factor: 1.00
Number TIC's found: 11	CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>

CAS NUMBER	DMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q
1.	UNKNOWN	18:06	10	
2	UNKNOWN	19:05	54	郎
3	UNKNOWN	19:56	10	1
4	UNKNOWN	21:07	24	1
5	UNKNOWN	22:01	24	
6	UNKNOWN	22:54	9	
7. –	UNKNOWN	22:59	11	
8	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	23:55	23	
9	ALKYL SUBSTITUTED COMPOUND	24:28	29	137
10. –	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	25:29	21	1
11	ALKYL SUBSTITUTED COMPOUND	29:28	9	
12.				
13.				
14.				T
15.				T T
16.				
17.				
18.				
19.			1	
20.				
21.		; :		
21. 22.				
23.	1	,		
24.				
25.		1		
25. 26.				
27.	<u> </u>			
28.	1		<u> </u>	
29.				
30.	,	!	!	

EP & SAMPLE NO.

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT114

Sample wt/vol: 30.4 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 2996E

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88

% Moisture: not dec. 22 dec. Date Extracted: 08/13/88

Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 08/27/88

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.9 Dilution Factor:

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

108-95-2Phenol	10000	-
111-44-4bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether	8300	U
	-i 8300	ט - ט -
95-57-82-Chlorophenol 541-73-11,3-Dichlorobenzene	i 8300	Ū
106-46-71,4-Dichlorobenzene	8300	U
100-51-6Benzyl Alcohol	8300	U
95-50-11,2-Dichlorobenzene	8300	U
95-48-72-Methylphenol	8300	U
108-60-1bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether_	8300	U
106-44-54-Methylphenol	8300	U
621-64-7N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine	8300	ט
67-72-1Hexachloroethane	8300	U
98-95-3Nitrobenzene	8300	U
78-59-1Isophorone	8300	U
38-75-52-Nitrophenol	8300	ן טן
105-67-92,4-Dimethylphenol	8300	U
55-85-0Benzoic Acid	40000	102
111-91-1bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane	8300	ט
120-83-22,4-Dichlorophenol	8300	U
120-82-11,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	8300	U
91-20-3Naphthalene	8300	U
106-47-84-Chloroaniline	8300	טן
37-68-3Hexachlorobutadiene	8300	ן ט '
59-50-74-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	_i 8300	U
31-57-62-Methylnaphthalene	170	J
77-47-4Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	8300	ן ט 🛴
38-06-22,4,6-Trichlorophenol	8300	י טן
95-95-42,4,5-Trichlorophenol	40000	U
91-58-72-Chloronaphthalene	_i 8300	ַטן
88-74-42-Nitroaniline	40000	ט י
131-11-3Dimethyl Phthalate	i 8300	U .
TOTALTA-2DIMECHAL Elleriging	_ !	

EPA SAMPLE NO.

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047	
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411	
Matrix: (soil/water) <u>WATER</u> Lab Sample ID: <u>BT418</u>	_
Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2817E	
Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88	
% Moisture: not dec dec Date Extracted: 08/05/88	
Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) <u>SEPF</u> Date Analyzed: <u>08/18/88</u>	
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 1.00	
CONCENTRATION UNITS:	
CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q	
108-95-2Phenol	
65-85-0Benzoic Acid	

BT418 Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 ab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: _____ SDG No.: BT411 matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT418 ample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2817E Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 Moisture: not dec. ____ dec. Date Extracted: 08/05/88 xtraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 08/18/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) <u>N</u> pH: <u>7.0</u> Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 10 50 83-32-9-----Acenaphthene 10 U 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol_ 50 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 50 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 10 U 121-14-2----2,4-Dinitrotoluene 10 U 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene 10 U 84-66-2-----Diethylphthalate 10 U 10 U 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 86-73-7-----Fluorene 10 U 100-0:-6----4-Nitroaniline 50 107 ו ט 50 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol DO W 162 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) U 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 10 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 10 U 87-86-5-----Pentachlorophenol 50 U 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene 10 U 120-12-7-----Anthracene 10 U 10 84-74-2-----Di-n-Butylphthalate U 10 U 206-44-0----Fluoranthene 129-00-0-----Pyrene 10 U 85-68-7----Butylbenzylphthalate 10 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 20 UUJ 10 U 56-55-3----Benzo(a) Anthracene 117-81-7-----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 10 147 218-01-9-----Chrysene 10 U 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 10 U 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene 10 U 10 U 207-08-9----Benzo(k) Fluoranthene 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene 10 U 10 1 U 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene_ U 10 53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene_ 10 IU (1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT418 Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 _watrix: (soil/water) <u>WATER</u> Lab Sample ID: BT418 Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2817E Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 Moisture: not dec. ___ dec. Date Extracted: 08/05/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) <u>SEPF</u> Date Analyzed: 08/18/88 PC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 1,00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L/ Q 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 50 U 83-32-9-----Acenaphthene 10 U 51-28-5-----2,4-Dinitrophenol 50 U 100-02-7-----4-Nitrophenol 50 U 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran U 10 121-14-2----2,4-Dinitrotoluene U 10 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene 10 U 84-66-2----Diethylphthalate 10 U 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether U 10 86-73-7-----Fluorene 10 U 100-07-6----4-Nitroaniline 50 U 534-52-1-----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 50 U 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 2 BJ 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 10 U 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 10 U 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol 50 U 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene 10 U 120-12-7-----Anthracene 10 ΙŪ 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate 10 U 206-44-0----Fluoranthene 10 U 129-00-0----Pyrene 10 U 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate 10 U 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 20 U U 56-55-3----Benzo(a) Anthracene 10 117-81-7-----bis(2-Ethylhexyl),Phthalate 10 ľŪ 218-01-9-----Chrysene 10 ľŪ 10 IU 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 10 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene | U 207-08-9----Benzo(k)Fluoranthene 10 U 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene 10 ľŪ 10 U 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene 10 IU 53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene 10 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene

Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

1F SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA	SAMPLE	NO.	1	100
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Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: <u>RECNY</u> Case No.: 10155	SAS No.: _ SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID: BT418
Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID:2817E
Level: (low/med) <u>LOW</u>	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec dec	Date Extracted: 8/5/88
Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF	Date Analyzed: 8/18/88
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0	Dilution Factor: 1.00
Number TIC's found: 1	CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	۵
	UNKNOWN ALCOHOL	19:05	40	B
2.				1
3.				
1.			1	
				1
5.		<u> </u>	1	1
7.			1	†
3.			†	1
9.				
Ŏ.			†	1
1.		-	1	1
2.			† ·	†
3.				†
4.		1		
5.		1		†
6.		•	 	†
7.				†
8.				
9.			1	1
0.				1
1.				1
2.			1	1
3.				1
4.				1
5.			1	
6.		<u> </u>	 	†
7.			†	1
1 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 7. 7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 7. 7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 7. 7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 7. 7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 7. 7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 7. 7. 7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 7. 7. 7. 7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7.			1	1
9.			1	
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EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT419 b Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 ab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 trix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: <u>BT419</u> ample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2890E _vel: (low/med) <u>LOW</u> Date Received: 08/04/88 Moisture: not dec. ____ dec. __ Date Extracted: 08/05/88 xtraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) <u>SEPF</u> Date Analyzed: <u>08/23/88</u> Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q 108-95-2----Phenol 10 U 111-44-4----bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether 10 95-57-8----2-Chlorophenol 10 U U 541-73-1----1,3-Dichlorobenzene 10 106-46-7----1,4-Dichlorobenzene____ 10 U In.2 100-51-6-----Benzyl Alcohol 10 95-50-1----1,2-Dichlorobenzene 10 ľÜ 95-48-7----2-Methylphenol 10 U 10 108-60-1-----bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether U 10 ΙŪ 106-44-5----4-Methylphenol 621-64-7----N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine 10 UI 67-72-1-----Hexachloroethane 10 /UI 98-95-3-----Nitrobenzene 10 U 10 78-59-1----Isophorone U 88-75-5----2-Nitrophenol 10 U 105-67-9----2,4-Dimethylphenol____ 10 U U 50 65-85-0-----Benzoic Acid 111-91-1----bis(2-Chloroethoxy) Methane 10 IU 10 120-83-2----2,4-Dichlorophenol U 120-82-1----1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 10 ľ 10 U 91-20-3-----Naphthalene 107 10 106-47-8-----4-Chloroaniline 10 87-68-3-----Hexachlorobutadiene 59-50-7----4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol 10 U 10 U 91-57-6----2-Methylnaphthalene 10 U 77-47-4----Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 10 U 88-06-2----2,4,6-Trichlorophenol_ 50 IU 95-95-4----2,4,5-Trichlorophenol___ IU 91-58-7----2-Chloronaphthalene 10 50 U 88-74-4----2-Nitroaniline 10 U 131-11-3-----Dimethyl Phthalate U 10 208-96-8-----Acenaphthylene

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT419

Ab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411

matrix: (soil/water) WATER

Lab Sample ID: <u>BT419</u> Lab File ID: 2890E

sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 08/04/88

Moisture: not dec. ____ dec. ___ Date Extracted: 08/05/88

Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 08/23/88

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0Dilution Factor: 1.00

CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>

			·	
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline		50	107
83-32-9	Acenaphthene		10	ט
51-28-5	2.4-Dinitrophenol	;	50	
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	·	50	20
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	i	10	Ū
	2,4-Dinitrotoluen	e	10	ט
	2,6-Dinitrotoluer		10	ับ
84-66-2	Diethylphthalate			Ū
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-ph	envlether		Ū
	Fluorene			Ū
100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline		50	jū7
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-Met	hylphenol	50	ישוֹן
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenyl	amine (1)		DO W
101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phe	nylether	10	U
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene		10	ַט
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	<u> </u>	50	U
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	i	10	ט
120-12-7	Anthracene	i	10	U
	Di-n-Butylphthala	te	10	U
206-44-0	Fluoranthene		10	ับ
129-00-0	Pyrene	i	10	U
85-68-7	Butylbenzylphthal	ate		U
91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenz	idine	20	107
56-55-3	Benzo(a) Anthracen	e	10	ט ו
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)	Phthalate	10	U
218-01-9	Chrysene		10	U
117-84-0	Di-n-Octyl Phthal	ate	10	U
205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluoranth	ene	10	U
207-08-9	Benzo(k)Fluoranth	ene	10	U
50-32-8	Benzo(a) Pyrene	1	10	טן
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)F	yrene	10	U
53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)Anthra	cene	10	U
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Peryl	ene	10	U

(1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

Menul +

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT419

Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411

Matrix: (soil/water) WATER

Lab Sample ID: <u>BT419</u> Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2890E

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88

Moisture: not dec. ____ dec. ___ Date Extracted: 08/05/88

Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 08/23/88

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 1.00

CAS NO.	COMPOUND		RATION (or ug/Kg)	,	Q
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline			50	 U
83-32-9	Acenaphthene			/ 10	Ū
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophe	nol	i /	50	ប
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol		i/	50	įυ
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran		——	10	Ū
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrot $\overline{\text{ol}}$	uene		10	U
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotol	uene	-/ i	10	U
84-66-2	Diethylphthala	te	 i	10	U
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl	-phenylethe	r	10	U
86-73-7	Fluorene	/	i	10	Ū
	4-Nitroaniline		i i	50	U
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-	Methylpheno	1,	50	U
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphe	nylamine (1)	1	BJ
101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-	phenylether	· _ i	10	U
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenz	ene	i	10	U
87-86-5	Pentachlorophe	nol	 i	50	Ū
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	•	i	10	U
120-12-7	Anthracene			10	U
	Di-n-Butylphth	alate	i	10	U
206-44-0	Fluoranthene			10	jυ
129-00-0	Pyrene	,	i	10	U
85-68-7	Butylbenzylpht	halate	i	10	U
91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorob	enzidine	i	20	U
	Benzo(a)Anthra		i	10	U
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhex	yl) Phthalat	e	10	U
	Chrysene	•	 i	10	Ū
117-84-0	Di-n-Octyl Pht	halate	j	10	U
205-99-2	Benzo(b)Fluora	nthene	i	10	Ŭ
207-08-9	Benzo(k) Fluora	pthene	i	10	U
50-32-8	Benzo(a) Pyreng			10	U
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-c	d) Pyrene	i	10	Įΰ
53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)Ant	hracene		10	U
191-24-2	Benzo(ġ,h,i)Pe	rylene		10	ען
	Benzo(g,h,i)Pe		 ie	10	_

1F SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT419

15:1

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: - SDG No.: BT411 Matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT419 Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2890E Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 8/4/88 % Moisture: not dec. _- dec. _-Date Extracted: 8/5/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 8/23/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: Number TIC's found: 2 (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q
1	UNKNOWN	20:04	72	-
2	UNKNOWN	26:41	22	Æ
3.				+/-
4.				
				+-
5.				+
7. !				+-
1	 		 	+
9.				+
3. 9.				+-
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l. 2.			 	+-
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3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 9.				+-
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BT411

ab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411

atrix: (soil/water) WATER

Lab Sample ID: <u>BT411</u>

Sample wt/vol: 800 (g/mL) ML

Lab File ID: 2829E

evel: (low/med) LOW

Moisture: not dec. ____ dec. ___ Date Extracted: 08/05/88

Date Received: 08/04/88

extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) <u>SEPF</u>

Date Analyzed: 08/19/88

C Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 20.0

CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND

(ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q

	/ Ng) <u>00/ L</u>	×	
108-95-2Phenol	37cc D 29000	1=3	1
111-44-4bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether	250	Ū,	
95-57-82-Chlorophenol	i 250	iu l	İ
541-73-11,3-Dichlorobenzene	i 250	U	•
106-46-71,4-Dichlorobenzene	250	U	į
100-51-6Benzyl Alcohol	i 770	i 1	i
95-50-11,2-Dichlorobenzene	່ 250	וטו	İ
95-48-72-Methylphenol	320	i	İ
108-60-1bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether	250	iu	İ
			Í
106-44-54-Methylphenol 521-64-7N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine	250	ו ט	İ
o/-/2-1Hexachloroethane	250	U	İ
98-95-3Nitrobenzene	250	U	İ
78-59-1Isophorone	250	U	İ
38-75-52-Nitrophenol	250	U .	j
105-67-92,4-Dimethylphenol	250	i U	Ì
55-85-0Benzoic Acid	1300	וֹט וֹ	j
111-91-1bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane	250	iu l	1
120-83-22,4-Dichlorophenol	250	וטו	j
120-82-11,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	250	U	j
91-20-3Naphthalene	250	ן ט	j
106-47-84-Chloroaniline	250	Ü	i
37-68-3Hexachlorobutadiene	250	U	i
59-50-74-Chloro-3-Methylphenol	250	Ü	İ
91-57-62-Methylnaphthalene	45	J	Ì
77-47-4Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	250	U	Ì
88-06-22,4,6-Trichlorophenol	250	ט	1
95-95-42,4,5-Trichlorophenol	1300	U	1
91-58-72-Chloronaphthalene	250	ט	1
38-74-42-Nitroaniline	1300	U	
131-11-3Dimethyl Phthalate	250	[บ 🖑	1
200 00 0	250	UT	1
		_1	1, 2
FORM I SV-1	Horand	saled	KISM JUNE
FORM I SV-1	et such right	1/8	7 Rev.
ξ. ι	1/21/1/20		

COMPOUND

(1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

CAS NO.

EPA SAMPLE NO.

Q

BT411 ab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u> Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 atrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT411 sample wt/vol: 800 Lab File ID: (g/mL) <u>ML</u> 2829E (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 evel: Moisture: not dec. ____ Date Extracted: 08/05/88 dec. _xtraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 08/19/88 -pc Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: <u>7.0</u> Dilution Factor: 20.0

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L

Merch 1941

99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 1300 U 83-32-9----Acenaphthene 250 U 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol 1300 U 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 1300 U 250 U 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran U 121-14-2----2,4-Dinitrotoluene 250 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene 250 U 250 U 84-66-2-----Diethylphthalate 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 250 U U 86-73-7-----Fluorene 250 100-01-6-----4-Nitroaniline 1300 U 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 1300 U 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 250-190 LBO W 250 U 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 250 U 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol_ 1300 ľŪ 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene 250 U 120-12-7-----Anthracene 250 U 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate J 160 206-44-0----Fluoranthene___ 250 U 129-00-0----Pyrene 250 U 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate 7100 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine_ 500 U | 56-55-3----Benzo(a)Anthracene 250 U 117-81-7----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate_ 1100 218-01-9-----Chrysene 250 U 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 45 IJ 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene_ 250 U 207-08-9-----Benzo(k)Fluoranthene 250 ľŪ 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene 250 U 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene_ U 250 53-70-3----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene 250 U 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene_ 250 ١U

EPA SAMPLE NO.

1C SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET BT411 Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u> ode: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 atrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT411 sample wt/vol: 800 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2829E Date Received: Level: (low/med) LOW 08/04/88 % Moisture: not dec. ____ dec. Date Extracted: 08/05/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 08/19/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 20.0 CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> CAS NO. COMPOUND Q 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 1300 U 83-32-9-----Acenaphthene 250 U 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol 1300 I U 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 1300 ľŪ 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 250 U 121-14-2----2, 4-Dinitrotoluené 250 IU 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene 250 | U 84-66-2-----Diethylphthalate 250 U 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether_ 250 U 86-73-7----Fluorene 250 U 100-07-6-----4-Nitroaniliné U 1300 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 1300 U 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 150 BJ

101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 250 U 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene_ 250 ľŪ 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol_ 1300 U 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene 250 U 120-12-7-----Anthracene 250 U 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate 160 IJ 250 206-44-0-----Fluoranthene U 129-00-0-----Pyrene 250 U 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate 7100 91-94-1----3,31/-Dichlorobenzidine_ 500 I U 56-55-3----Benzo(a) Anthracene 250 U 117-81-7-----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 1100 218-01-9-----Chrysene 250 U 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 45 IJ 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene 250 U U 207-08-9----Benzo(k) Fluoranthene 250 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene U 250

(1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

| 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene_

191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene_

53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene__

250

250

250

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1F SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA SAMPLE NO. BT411

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155	SAS No.: _ SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID: BT411
Sample wt/vol: 800 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: 2829E
Level: (low/med) LOW	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec dec	Date Extracted: 8/5/88
Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) <u>SEPF</u>	Date Analyzed: 8/19/88
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0	Dilution Factor: 20.0
Number TIC's found: 20	CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kq) UG/L

(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L

CAS	NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	l Q
1.	-	FURAN DERIVATIVE	4:04	48000	1
2.	-	UNKNOWN	4:44	9200	1
3.		FURAN DERIVATIVE	5:39	4100	1
4.	-	UNKNOWN	8:37	5000	
5.		UNKNOWN	10:33	4100	
6.	_	ALKYL SUBSTITUTED COMPOUND	18:22	4000	
7.		UNKNOWN	18:26	3100	
8.		UNKNOWN	19:35	5600	1
9.	~	UNKNOWN	20:45	4800	Į.
0.	-	UNKNOWN	21:52	5300	
1.	_	AROMATIC COMPOUND	22:31	6400	1
2.	-	LONG CHAIN HYDROCARBON	22:57	5600	1
3.	-	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	23:59	5200	I
4.	<u> </u>	UNKNOWN	24:11	3200	Ι
5.	-	LONG CHAIN COMPOUND	24:58	4800	
6.	~	LONG CHAIN COMPOUND	25:56	2600	<u> </u>
7.	-	UNKNOWN	26:00	1000	<u> </u>
8.	<u> </u>	LONG CHAIN COMPOUND	26:51	2300	<u> </u>
9.		UNKNOWN	28:38	1600	
0.	-	UNKNOWN	29:40	1300	
1.			1		1
2.					<u> </u>
:3.			1		1
4.					1
5.		-			
26.					1
.7.				<u></u>	1
8.					
9.					
30.				1	Re

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or			Q
		(49/10-01	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
108-95-2	Dhenol			3700	 D
	bis(2-Chloroeth	vl\Fther	—¦	2500	Ü
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	11/Luiler	{	2500	Ü
541-73-1	2-Chlorophenol_ 1,3-Dichloroben	7000	 ¦	2500	บ
106-46-7	1,4-Dichloroben	zene	—¦	2500	Ü
100-51-6	Benzyl Alcohol_		—;	2500	Ü
95-50-1	1,2-Dichloroben	zene	- ¦	2500	Ü
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol		¦	2500	บั
108-60-1	bis(2-Chloroiso	propyl)Ether		2500	Ū
106-44-5	4-Methylphenol	propji, bener		2500	Ü
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-Di-n-	Propulamine	—¦	2500	บั
67-72-1	Hexachloroethan	rropyramine_	—¦	2500	Ŭ
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	Ę	 ¦	2500	Ü
	Isophorone	\		2500	Ü
98-75-5	2-Nitrophenol_		—-¦	2500	Ü
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphe	nol \	 ¦	2500	บั
65-85-0	Benzoic Acid		 ¦	13000	ี่บั
	bis(2-Chloroeth	ovy) Methane	 ¦	2500	บั
	2,4-Dichlorophe		. 	2500	Ū
	1,2,4-Trichloro		\	2500	บั
	Naphthalene	Delizerie	─ '\	2500	Ū
	4-Chloroaniline		—¦`\	2500	บ
	Hexachlorobutad		 ¦ `\	2500	Ū
	4-Chloro-3-Meth		 ¦	2500	Ū
	2-Methylnaphtha		—¦	2500	Ü
	Hexachlorocyclo		—¦	2500	Ü
	2,4,6-Trichloro		—- ¦	2500	บ
	2,4,5-Trichloro		—¦	13000	Ū
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphtha	lene	¦	2500	Ü
	2-Nitroaniline	- V.1.V	 ¦	13000	Ü
	Dimethyl Phthal	ate	—¦	2500	Ü
	Acenaphthylene			2500	Ŭ
200 70 0	ucenabuent rene		 !		10

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT411DL

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411

matrix: (soil/water) WATER

sample wt/vol: 800 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 3110E

Level: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 08/04/88

Lab Sample ID: <u>BT411DL</u>

% Moisture: not dec. ____ dec. ___

Date Extracted: 08/05/88

Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 09/01/88

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 200

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or			Q
00.00.2	2 Minagailia		!	1222	1
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline Acenaphthene			13000	U
51-20-5	2,4-Dinitropheno	. 1	!	2500	U
100-02-7	·2,4-binitrophend ·4-Nitrophenol)T	}	13000	JU
132-64-0	Dibenzofuran		¦	13000	U
	2,4-Dinitrotolue		<u>\</u>	2500	U
			¦	2500	Ü
000-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotolue	.ue	!	2500	U
7005 70 2	Diethylphthalate		!	2500	JU
/005-/2-3	4-Chlorophenyl-p	nenylether_	!	2500	1 T
	Fluorene		!	2500	U
100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline		!	13000	U
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-Me	cultibueuor_	!	13000	Ū
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodipheny	lamine (1)	!	2500	U
101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-ph	enylether_	!	2500	U
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzer	<u></u>	!	2500	U
87-86-5	Pentachloropheno)1	!	13000	U
	Phenanthrene		!	2500	U
120-12-7	Anthracene			2500	U
84-74-2	Di-n-Butylphthal	.ate		2500	U
	Fluoranthene			2500	U
129-00-0	Pyrene		1	2500	U
85-68-7	Butylbenzylphtha	late		2500	U
	3,3'-Dichlorober		1	5000	U
56-55-3	Benzo(a)Anthrace	ne		2500	וטן
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexy)	.) Phthalate	1	2500	טן
218-01-9	Chrysene		1	2500	טן
117-84-0	Di-n-Octyl Phtha	late	1	2500	וט
205-99-2	Benzo(b) Fluorant	hene	1	2500	U
207-08-9	Benzo(k) Fluorant	hene	{	2500	∣U
50-32-8	Benzo(a)Pyrene		1	2500	U
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)	Pyrene	1	2500	U
53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)Anthr	acene	1	2500	U
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)Pery	lene		2500	U
l) - Cannot h	oe separated from Dip	henylamine		Servi Kil	dit.
				, 70 × /	2 //

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT421 Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 ab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 a rix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT421 ample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2819E e.el: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 pisture: not dec. ____ dec. ___ Date Extracted: 08/05/88 Date Analyzed: <u>08/18/88</u> P Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: __7.0 Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND Q (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> 108-95-2----Phenol U 10 111-44-4-----bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether UJ 10 95-57-8----2-Chlorophenol 10 ľŪ 541-73-1----1,3-Dichlorobenzene 10 I U 106-46-7----1,4-Dichlorobenzene U 10 100-51-6-----Benzyl Alcohol 10 U 95-50-1----1,2-Dichlorobenzene 10 I U 95-48-7----2-Methylphenol 10 U 108-60-1-----bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether 10 U 106-44-5----4-Methylphenol U 10 621-64-7----N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine 10 U 67-72-1-----Hexachloroethane____ IUT 10 98-95-3-----Nitrobenzene 10 ľŪ 78-59-1-----Isophorone 10 U 88-75-5----2-Nitrophenol 10 U 105-67-9----2,4-Dimethylphenol 10 U 65-85-0-----Benzoic Acid U 50 111-91-1-----bis(2-Chloroethoxy) Methane U 10 120-83-2----2,4-Dichlorophenol 10 ΙŪ 120-82-1----1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 10 U 91-20-3----Naphthalene U 10 106-47-8----4-Chloroaniline I U 10 87-68-3-----Hexachlorobutadiene 10 IU 59-50-7----4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol 10 ľŪ 91-57-6----2-Methylnaphthalene 10 IU 77-47-4-----Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 10 ľ 88-06-2----2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 10 U 50 I U 95-95-4----2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 91-58-7----2-Chloronaphthalene 10 U 88-74-4----2-Nitroaniline 50 U U 131-11-3-----Dimethyl Phthalate 10 IU 208-96-8-----Acenaphthylene 10

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT421 Contract: 68-W8-0047 b Name: RECRA ENVIRON b Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 trix: (soil/water) <u>WATER</u> Lab Sample ID: BT421 mple wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2819E vel: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 loisture: not dec. Date Extracted: 08/05/88 dec. traction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 08/18/88 Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: ___7.0 Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 50 U 83-32-9-----Acenaphthene 10 IU 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol 50 U 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 50 †**U** 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 10 U 121-14-2----2, 4-Dinitrotoluene 10 U 10 U 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene 84-66-2----Diethylphthalate 10 U 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether_ 10 U 10 86-73-7----Fluorene U 100-01-6----4-Nitroaniline 50 W 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 50 U 86-30-6----Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 2 BJ 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether____ 10 U 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 10 U 50 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol U 10 IU 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene 10 IU 120-12-7-----Anthracene 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate 10 U 206-44-0----Fluoranthene 10 U 10 129-00-0-----Pyrene 10 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate l U 20 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine TC U 56-55-3----Benzo(a) Anthracene 10 U 117-81-7----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate_ 10 U 218-01-9-----Chrysene 10 U 10 U 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 10 U 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene U 10 207-08-9----Benzo(k)Fluoranthene 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene U 10 .93-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene 10 U 10 U 3-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene U 10 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i) Perylene

- Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT421 L b Name: RECRA ENVIRON ___ Contract: 68-W8-0047 Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 rix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT421 ample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2819E * rel: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 Moisture: not dec. dec. Date Extracted: 08/05/88 :::raction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 08/18/88 Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 50 U 83-32-9-----Acenaphthene 10 U 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol 50 U 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 50 U 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 10 U 121-14-2----2,4-Dinitrotoluene 10 U 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene 10 ١U 84-66-2-----Diethylphthalate 10 U 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 10 U 86-73-7-----Fluorene 10 U 100-07-6-----4-Nitroaniline 50 IU 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 50 U 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 2 | BJ 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether___ 10 U 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 10 U 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol 50 IU 85-01-8----Phenanthrene 10 U 120-12-7-----Anthracene 10 U 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate 10 U 206-44-0----Fluoranthene 10 U 129-00-0----Pyrene 10 U 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate 10 | U 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine_ 20 U 56-55-3----Benzo(a) Anthracene 10 U 10 IU 117-81-7-----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 218-01-9-----Chrysene 10 ΙŪ 10 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate ΙÜ 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene 10 I U 207-08-9----Benzo(k) Fluoranthene 10 U 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene 10 IU 193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene___ 10 U 10 IU 53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene 10 U 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene_

(1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

1F SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

BT421 1533

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155	SAS No.: _ SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) <u>WATER</u>	Lab Sample ID: BT421
Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: 2819E
Level: (low/med) LOW	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec dec	Date Extracted: 8/5/88
Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF	Date Analyzed: 8/18/88
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0	Dilution Factor: 1.00
Number TIC's found: 1	CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	Q
1	UNKNOWN ALCOHOL	19:05	39	В
2.				1
3.				
4.				+
1 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.				1
6.				1
7.				+
8.				1
9.				1
8. 9. 0. 1. 2. 3.				1
1.				+
2.				+
3.				†
4. 5. 6.				+
15.				†
6.			 	+
17.				+
18.			ļ	
19.				†
17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28.			 	
21.				+
22.			 	+
23.			!	+
24.				+
25.				+
6.			<u> </u>	+
7.			 	
28.			 	+
29	 		 	+
žň.			 	+
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BT422 Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: _____ SDG No.: BT411 rix: (soil/water) <u>WATER</u> Lab Sample ID: BT422 _le wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: 2828E -1: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 oisture: not dec. ____ dec. Date Extracted: 08/05/88 action: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 08/19/88 Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 1.00 CONCENTRATION UNITS: COMPOUND CAS NO. (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q 108-95-2----Phenol U 10 111-44-4-----bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether 10 U 95-57-8----2-Chlorophenol 10 IU 541-73-1----1,3-Dichlorobenzene 10 U 106-46-7----1,4-Dichlorobenzene 10 U 100-51-6----Benzyl Alcohol 10 U 95-50-1----1, 2-Dichlorobenzene 10 U 95-48-7----2-Methylphenol U 10 108-60-1-----bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether 10 U 106-44-5----4-Methylphenol 10 IU 621-64-7----N-Nitroso-Di-n-Propylamine 10 U 67-72-1----Hexachloroethane 10 U 98-95-3----Nitrobenzene 10 U 78-59-1----Isophorone 10 U 88-75-5----2-Nitrophenol 10 IU 105-67-9----2,4-Dimethylphenol_ 10 U 65-85-0-----Benzoic Acid 50 U 10 U 111-91-1----bis(2-Chloroethoxy)Methane 120-83-2----2,4-Dichlorophenol 10 U 10 120-82-1----1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene U 10 IU 91-20-3-----Naphthalene 10 U 1 106-47-8-----4-Chloroaniline U 87-68-3-----Hexachlorobutadiene 10 59-50-7----4-Chloro-3-Methylphenol 10 U 91-57-6----2-Methylnaphthalene 10 77-47-4-----Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 10 10 88-06-2----2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 95-95-4-----2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 50 U 91-58-7----2-Chloronaphthalene___ 10 U U 88-74-4----2-Nitroaniline 50 10 U 131-11-3-----Dimethyl Phthalate____ 10 U 208-96-8----Acenaphthylene____

EPA SAMPLE NO.

Q

BT422 / Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u> Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411

matrix: (soil/water) WATER

Lab Sample ID: BT422

Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML

Lab File ID: 2828E

evel: (low/med) LOW

Date Received: 08/04/88

% Moisture: not dec. dec. Date Extracted: 08/05/88

xtraction:

(SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF

Date Analyzed: 08/19/88

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0

Dilution Factor: <u>1.00</u>

CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>

99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 50 IUT 83-32-9----Acenaphthene **ט**ֿ 10 102 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol 50 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 50 U 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 10 U 121-14-2----2, 4-Dinitrotoluene 10 U 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene U 10 84-66-2----Diethylphthalate 10 U 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 10 IU 86-73-7-----Fluorene 10 I U 100-01-6----4-Nitroaniline 50 In 7 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 50 U 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 10 U 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 10 U 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 10 ľŪ 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol 50 U 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene 10 U 120-12-7-----Anthracene 10 U 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate 10 U 206-44-0----Fluoranthene 10 IU 129-00-0-----Pyrene U 10 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate 10 UT 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 20 56-55-3----Benzo(a) Anthracene 10 U 117-81-7-----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate 10 U U | 218-01-9-----Chrysene 10 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 10 U 205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene 10 U 10 U 207-08-9-----Benzo(k)Fluoranthene U 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene 10 | 193-39-5-----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene 10 IU 53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene__ U 10 U 10 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i)Perylene

(1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

Al Allo

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT422

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>

Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: <u>BT411</u>

matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT422

1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: sample wt/vol: 2828E

Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88

Moisture: not dec. dec. Date Extracted: 08/05/88

Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 08/19/88

GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N____ pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 1.00

CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L Q 99-09-2----3-Nitroaniline 50 U 83-32-9----Acenaphthene IU 10 51-28-5----2,4-Dinitrophenol 50 U 100-02-7----4-Nitrophenol 50 U 132-64-9-----Dibenzofuran 10 IU 121-14-2----2,4-Dinitrotoluene 10 U 606-20-2----2,6-Dinitrotoluene 10 U 84-66-2-----Diethylphthalate 10 U 7005-72-3----4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 10 U 86-73-7-----Fluorene 10 U 100-07-6----4-Nitroaniline 50 U 534-52-1----4,6-Dinitro-2-Methylphenol 50 U 86-30-6----N-Nitrosodiphenylamine/(1) 10 U 101-55-3----4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 10 U 118-74-1-----Hexachlorobenzene 10 U 87-86-5----Pentachlorophenol 50 U 85-01-8-----Phenanthrene 10 U 120-12-7-----Anthracene 10 U 84-74-2----Di-n-Butylphthalate 10 U

206-44-0-----Fluoranthene/ I U 10 129-00-0-----Pyrene 10 U 85-68-7-----Butylbenzylphthalate 10 U 91-94-1----3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 20 U 56-55-3----Benzo(a)Anthracene 10 U 10 U 117-81-7----bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate

218-01-9-----Chrysene 10 U 117-84-0-----Di-n-Octyl Phthalate 10 U

205-99-2----Benzo(b) Fluoranthene 10 U 10 U 207-08-9-----Bénzo(k) Fluoranthene 10 ľ 50-32-8-----Benzo(a) Pyrene

193-39-5----Indeno(1,2,3-cd)Pyrene 10 U U 53-70-3-----Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene 10 10 U 191-24-2----Benzo(g,h,i) Perylene

(1) - Cannot be separated from Diphenylamine

EPA SAMPLE NO.1551

1F SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

BT422

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>		
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155	SAS No.: _ SDG No.: BT411		
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID: BT422		
Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: 2828E		
Level: (low/med) LOW	Date Received: 8/4/88		
% Moisture: not dec dec	Date Extracted: 8/5/88		
Totalite. Not dec dec	Date Extracted: 0/3/00		
Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) <u>SEPF</u>	Date Analyzed: 8/19/88		
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0	Dilution Factor: 1.00		
Number TIC's found: 5	CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>		

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	l Q
	UNKNOWN	19:06	80	, B
2	UNKNOWN	19:18	16	
3	UNKNOWN	24:30	24	!
i	UNKNOWN	28:53	26	†
2 3 1 5	UNKNOWN	33:36	10	†
5.			 	+
7.			1	†
3. 9.			 	
9.			 	+
).			 	1
1.				†
2.				+-
2. 3. 4.			 	+
1.	·	!	 	+
5.			 	†
5. 6.			 	+-
7.			 	+-
3.			 	+
9.			 	+-
0.				†
1.			ļ	1
2.			 	†
3.			 	+-
4.			 	+
5.			1	+-
6.				1
7.				1
7. 8. 9. 0. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 0.			1	1
9.			†	+
0.			<u> </u>	+-

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1D		
PESTICIDE ORGANICS ANALY	YSIS DATA SHEET SAMPLE NO.	<u>. </u>
Tab Names DECDS ENTITIONINGS FIRST TAIC CO	BT415	
Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. Co	DILLIACT: 08-W8-UU4/	
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155	SAS No.: NA SDG No.: BT411	1
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID: SW1816	
Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID:	
Level: (low/med) LOW	Date Received: 8/4/88	
% Moisture: not dec dec	Date Extracted: 8/5/88	
Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) <u>SEPF</u>	Date Analyzed: 8/13/88	
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0	Dilution Factor: 1	
COA.	NCENTRATION NITS:	
CAS NO. COMPO ND (ug		
	3/ Y	
		- ¦
319-84-6alpha-BHC	0.05U	
319-85-7beta-BHC		`
319-86-8delta-BHC	0.05 U	
58-89-9gamma-BHC (Lindane)	0.05 U	
76-44-8Heptachlor	0.05 U	
309-00-2Aldrin	0.05	
1024-57-3Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	'
959-98-8Endosulfan I	0.05 U	
60-57-1Dieldrin	0.10 U	
72-55-94,4'-DDE	0.10 U	
, /2-20-6EIKUEUI	, 0.10 , 0	
33213-65-9Endosulfan II	0.10	
72-54-84,4'-DDD	0.10 U	
1031-07-8Endosulfan sulfate		
50-29-3	0.10	<u></u> }
72-43-5Methoxychlor	0.5	— i
53494-70-5Endrin ketone	0.10	
5103-71-9alpha-Chlordane	0.5	
5103-74-2gamma-Chlordane	0.5 U	
8001-35-2Toxaphene 12674-11-2Aroclor-1016	1.0 0.5	
11104-28-2Aroctor-1016	0.5	
11141-16-5Aroclor-1221	0.5	
53469-21-9Aroclor-1242	0.5	
12672-29-6Aroclor-1248	 	
11097-69-1Aroclor-1254		
11096-82-5Aroclor-1260	1.0	
12070 02 0		[

FORM I PEST

PESTICIDE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET SAMPLE NO.
Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. Contract: 68-W8-0047
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: NA SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: SS1148
Sample wt/vol: 30.06(g/mL) G Lab File ID:
Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec. 24 dec Date Extracted: 8/13/88
Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC Date Analyzed: 8/30/88
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.6 Dilution Factor: 1
CONCENTRATION NITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG Q
319-84-6

FORM I PEST

1D PESTICIDE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET	SAMPLE NO.
Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. Contract: 68-W8-0047	BT416
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: NA SDG	No.: <u>BT411</u>
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: _	SW1819
Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID:	_
Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: _	8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec dec Date Extracted:	8/5/88
Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed:	8/13/88
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor:	1
CONCENTRATION NITS:	
CAS NO. COMPO ND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>	Q
319-84-6alpha-BHC	U

1D PESTICIDE ORGANICS ANA	Lysis data sheet	SAMPLE NO.
Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>	BT413
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155		No.: <u>BT411</u>
Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL	Lab Sample ID: _	SS1151
Sample wt/vol: 30.16(g/mL) G	Lab File ID:	_
Level: (low/med) LOW	Date Received:	8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec. 22 dec	_	
Extraction: (SepE/Cont/Sonc) SONC		
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.9		
	CONCENTRATION NITS: ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/KG</u>	. Q
319-84-6alpha-BHC 319-85-7beta-BHC	21 21	U U
319-86-8delta-BHC 58-89-9gamma-BHC (Lindane)	21 21	
76-44-8Heptachlor	21	U
309-00-2Aldrin	21	<u>U</u>
1024-57-3Heptachlor epoxide	21	U
959-98-8Endosulfan I 60-57-1Dieldrin	21 42	
72-55-94,4'-DDE		- -
72-20-8Endrin		- -
33213-65-9Endosulfan II	42	¦- <u>ĕ</u> -¦
72-54-84,4'-DDD	250	-
1031-07-8Endosulfan sulfate	42	
50-29-34,4'-DDT	410	ii
72-43-5Methoxychlor	210	Ū
53494-70-5Endrin ketone	42	Ü
5103-71-9alpha-Chlordane	210	Ŭ
5103-74-2gamma-Chlordane	130	J
8001-35-2Toxaphene	420	U
12674-11-2Aroclor-1016	$\frac{210}{210}$	Ü
11104-28-2Aroclor-1221	210	<u> </u>
11141-16-5Aroclor-1232	210	<u>U</u>
53469-21-9Aroclor-1242	210	_U_\
12672-29-6Aroclor-1248 11097-69-1Aroclor-1254	210 420	U U
11097-69-1Aroctor-1254 11096-82-5Aroctor-1260	420	
I TIOLO OF I BECOTOF IFOO	1 720	1 0 1

1D PESTICIDE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET SAMPLE NO.
Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. Contract: 68-W8-0047
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: NA SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: SW1820
Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID:
Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec dec Date Extracted: _8/5/88
Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) <u>SEPF</u> Date Analyzed: <u>8/13/88</u>
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 1
CONCENTRATION NITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L Q
319-84-6

FORM I PEST

PESTICIDE ORGANICS AN		SAMPLE NO.
		P 1414
Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>	
Lab Code: <u>RECNY</u> Case No.: <u>10155</u>	SAS No.: NA SDG	No.: <u>BT411</u>
Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL	Lab Sample ID:	SS1152
Sample wt/vol: 30.36(g/mL) G	Lab File ID:	
Level: (low/med)LOW	Date Received:	8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec. 22 dec	Date Extracted:	8/13/88
Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SONC	Date Analyzed:	8/30/88
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) Y pH: 6.9	Dilution Factor:	1
	CONCENTRATION NITS:	
CAS NO. COMPO ND	(ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/KG</u>	_ Q
319-84-6alpha-BHC	21	U
319-85-7beta-BHC	21	! - !
319-86-8delta-BHC	$$ $\left(-\frac{21}{21}\right)$	—— <u>¦ - Ŭ</u> -
58-89-9gamma-BHC (Lindane) 21	
76-44-8Heptachlor	7 21	- -
309-00-2Aldrin	21	-
1024-57-3Heptachlor epoxide		<u> </u>
959-98-8Endosulfan I		
60-57-1Dieldrin	42	
72-55-94,4'-DDE	42	<u> </u>
72-20-8Endrin	42	U
33213-65-9Endosulfan II		U
72-54-84,4'-DDD	170	
1031-07-8Endosulfan sulfate	42	U
50-29-34,4'-DDT	150	U
72-43-5Methoxychlor	210	<u>"</u>
53494-70-5Endrin ketone	42	U
5103-71-9alpha-Chlordane_	210	U
5103-74-2gamma-Chlordane	26	
8001-35-2Toxaphene	420	U
12674-11-2Aroclor-1016	210	<u>U</u>
11104-28-2Aroclor-1221	210	U
11141-16-5Aroclor-1232	210	U_
53469-21-9Aroclor-1242	210	U
12672-29-6Aroclor-1248	210	U
11097-69-1Aroclor-1254	420	U
11096-82-5Aroclor-1260	420	U

FORM I PEST

1D PESTICIDE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

SAMPLE NO. **BT418** Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: NA SDG No.: BT411 Matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: SW1821 Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) MLLab File ID: -Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 8/4/88 % Moisture: not dec. __ dec. _-Date Extracted: 8/5/88 Date Analyzed: 8/13/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0Dilution Factor: 1 CONCENTRATION NITS: CAS NO. COMPO ND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L

		(ug/II or ug/kg) _os/I	*
319-84-6	alpha-BHC	0.05	ับ
	beta-BHC	0.05	- U
	delta-BHC	0.05	-
	gamma-BHC (Lindane)		U
76-44-8	Heptachlor	0.05	
309-00-2		0.05	- - U
1024-57-3	Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	U
	Endosulfan I	0.05	_ U
60-57-1	Dieldrin	0.10	- - - -
72-55-9	4,4'-DDE	0.10	U
72-20-8		0.10	_ U
33213-65-9	Endosulfan II	0.10	U
72-54-8	4,4'-DDD	0.10	_ U
1031-07-8	Endosulfan sulfate	0.10	U
50-29-3	4,4'-DDT	0.10	Ū
72-43-5	Methoxychlor	0.5	U
53494-70-5	Endrin ketone	0.10	U
5103-71-9	alpha-Chlordane_	0.5	บ
5103-74-2	gamma-Chlordane	0.5	U
8001-35-2	Toxaphene	1.0	U
12674-11-2	Aroclor-1016	0.5	U
11104-28-2	Aroclor-1221	0.5	U
	Aroclor-1232	0.5	U
	Aroclor-1242	0.5	U
	Aroclor-1248	0.5	Ü
	Aroclor-1254	1.0	U
11096-82-5	Aroclor-1260	1.0	U

FORM I PEST

 Lab Name:
 RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.
 Contract: 68-W8-0047

 Lab Code:
 RECNY
 Case No.: 10155
 SAS No.: NA SDG No.: BT411

 Matrix:
 (soil/water)
 WATER
 Lab Sample ID: SW1822

 Sample wt/vol:
 1000 (g/mL)
 ML
 Lab File ID:

 Level:
 (low/med)
 LOW
 Date Received: 8/4/88

 % Moisture:
 not dec. dec. Date Extracted: 8/5/88

 Extraction:
 (SepF/Cont/Sonc)
 SEPF
 Date Analyzed: 8/12/88

 GPC Cleanup:
 (Y/N)
 N
 pH: 7.0
 Dilution Factor: 1

CAS NO. COMPO ND CONCENTRATION NITS:

(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L Q

CAS NO.	COMPO ND	(ug/L OI ug/kg) <u>Ug/L</u>	Q
319-84-6	alpha-BHC	0.05	U
319-85-7		0.05	U
	delta-BHC	0.05	U
58-89-9	gamma-BHC (Lindane)	0.05	U
76-44-8	Heptachlor`	0.05	U
309-00-2	Aldrin	0.05	_ U
	Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	U
	Endosulfan I	0.05	Ū
60-57-1		0.10	Ū
	4,4'-DDE	0.10	U
72-20-8		0.10	Ü
	Endosulfan II	0.10	U
72-54-8		0.10	U
	Endosulfan sulfate	0.10	U
50-29-3	4,4'-DDT	0.10	
72-43-5	Methoxychlor	0.5	\U
53494-70-5	Endrin ketone	0.10	
5103-71-9	alpha-Chlordane	0.5	U
5103-74-2	gamma-Chlordane	0.5	U
8001-35-2	Toxaphene	1.0	U
	Aroclor-1016	0.5	U
	Aroclor-1221	0.5	U
	Aroclor-1232	0.5	U
	Aroclor-1242	0.5	
	Aroclor-1248	0.5	Ü
	Aroclor-1254	1.0	
11096-82-5	Aroclor-1260	1.0	
			!

FORM I PEST

14

14

1D PESTICIDE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET BT411 Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: NA SDG No.: BT411 Matrix: (soil/water) TATER Lab Sample ID: SW1813 Sample wt/vol: 740 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: _____ Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 8/4/88 % Moisture: not dec. __ dec. _-Date Extracted: 8/5/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 8/13/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 0.1 CONCENTRATION NITS: CAS NO. COMPO ND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L Q 319-84-6----alpha-BHC 0.68 319-85-7-----beta-BHC 319-86-8-----delta-BHC 0.68 0.27 58-89-9----gamma-BHC (Lindane) 0.68 76-44-8-----Heptachlor Ū 0.68 309-00-2-----Aldrin 0.68 IJ 1024-57-3-----Heptachlor epoxide 0.68 Ū 959-98-8-----Endosulfan I 0.68 U 60-57-1-----Dieldrin Ū 1.472-55-9-----4,4'-DDE Ü 72-20-8-----Endrin Ū 1.4 33213-65-9----Endosulfan II 1.4 U 72-54-8-----4,4'-DDD Ū 1031-07-8-----Endosulfan sulfate U 1.4 50-29-3-----4,4'-DDT 1.4 U 72-43-5-----Methoxychlor 6.8 Ū 53494-70-5----Endrin ketone 1.4 Ū 5103-71-9----alpha-Chlordane 6.8 Ū 5103-74-2----gamma-Chlordane_ 8001-35-2----Toxaphene_ Ū Ū 12674-11-2----Aroclor-1016 6.8 11104-28-2----Aroclor-1221_ Ü 6.8 Ū 11141-16-5-----Aroclor-1232 6.8 Ū 53469-21-9-----Aroclor-1242 6.8 12672-29-6-----Aroclor-1248 Ū 6.8 11097-69-1-----Aroclor-1254

11096-82-5-----Aroclor-1260

SAMPLE NO. 1926 PESTICIDE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET BT421 Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: NA SDG No.: BT411 Matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: SW1823 Sample wt/vol: 1000 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: -Date Received: 8/4/88 Level: (low/med) LOW % Moisture: not dec. _ dec. _ Date Extracted: 8/5/88 Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date Analyzed: 8/12/88 GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilution Factor: 1

CONCENTRATION NITS: CAS NO. COMPO ND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>

		 ,
319-84-6alpha-BHC	0.05	ַ ט
319-85-7beta-BHC	0.05	U
319-86-8delta-BHC	0.05	U
58-89-9gamma-BHC (Lindane)	0.05	U
76-44-8Heptachlor	0.05	U
309-00-2Aldrin	0.05	U
1024-57-3Heptachlor epoxide	0.05	U
959-98-8Endosulfan I	0.05	U
60-57-1Dieldrin	0.10	U
72-55-94,4'-DDE	0.10	U
72-20-8Endrin	0.10	U
33213-65-9Endosulfan II	0.10	U
72-54-84,4'-DDD	0.10	Ū
1031-07-8Endosulfan sulfate	0.10	U
50-29-34,4'-DDT	0.10	U
72-43-5Methoxychlor	0.5	Ū
53494-70-5Endrin ketone	0.10	U
5103-71-9alpha-Chlordane	0.5	U
5103-74-2gamma-Chlordane	0.5	U
8001-35-2Toxaphene	1.0	U
12674-11-2Aroclor-1016	0.5	U
11104-28-2Aroclor-1221	0.5	U
11141-16-5Aroclor-1232	0.5	U
53469-21-9Aroclor-1242	0.5	U
12672-29-6Aroclor-1248	0.5	U
11097-69-1Aroclor-1254	1.0	U
11096-82-5Aroclor-1260	1.0	U

FORM I PEST

1D PESTICIDE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA	SHEET	SAMPLE NO.
Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC. Contract:	68-W8-0047	BT422
Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.:	NA SDG	No.: <u>BT411</u>
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER Lab	Sample ID: _	SW1824
Sample wt/vol: $1000 (g/mL) ML$ Lab	File ID:	
Level: (low/med) LOW Date	Received: _	8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec dec Date	Extracted:	8/5/88
Extraction: (SepF/Cont/Sonc) SEPF Date	Analyzed: _	8/12/88
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N) N pH: 7.0 Dilu	tion Factor:	1
CAS NO. COMPO ND Cug/L or ug	ON NITS:	Q
319-84-6	0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.5 0.10 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	<u>U</u> U

FORM I PEST

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT412

the Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

4.1 (g/mL) G

sample wt/vol:

Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411

! trix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT412

Lab File ID: 27164HP Level: (low/med) MED Date Received: 08/04/88

% Moisture: not dec. 24 Date Analyzed: 08/12/88

Column: (pack/cap) PACK_ Dilution Factor: 10.0

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG Q

	<i>3,</i> 3,	~
74-87-3Chloromethane	13000 1/600¢	رقا
74-83-9Bromomethane	1600	ָּע ע י
75-01-4Vinyl Chloride	1600	Ü
75-00-3Chloroethane	1000	וטו
75-09-2Methylene Chloride	10000 8000	Ü
67-64-1Acetone	2.0000 16000	Ū
75-15-0Carbon Disulfide	1000 8000	Ū
75-35-41,1-Dichloroethene		Ū
75-34-31,1-Dichloroethane	8 000b	Ü
540-59-01,2-Dichloroethene (total)		Ü
67-66-3Chloroform	8000	Ū
107-06-21,2-Dichloroethane	—i 🍛 aobbo	ט
78-93-32-Butanone	20000 16000	UR
71-55-61,1,1-Trichloroethane	10000 8000	U
56-23-5Carbon Tetrachloride		Ü
108-05-4Vinyl Acetate	20000 16000	Ü
75-27-4Bromodichloromethane	- 10800 B000	ט
78-87-51,2-Dichloropropane		ט
10061-01-5Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	8000	Ü
79-01-6Trichloroethene	8000	Ü
124-48-1Dibromochloromethane	8000	Ü
79-00-51,1,2-Trichloroethane	8000	UŽ
71-43-2Benzene		BOUNT
10061-02-6cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10% 250	UJ
75-25-2Bromoform	-:	ן ט ן
591-78-62-Hexanone	2000 160pp	ט
108-10-14-Methyl-2-Pentanone	16000	Ü
127-18-4Tetrachloroethene	10000 8000	עט
79-34-51,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	_ 8000	UJ
	10000 1200	BO WET
108-88-3Toluene	10000 200	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
108-90-7Chlorobenzene	10000 8000	U 3
100-41-4Ethylbenzene		ן ט ן
100-42-5Styrene	8000	, 4,
1330-20-7Total Xylenes	—! ~ 8000	l n 🗲
	1	_

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT412

Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

/Tab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: _____ SDG No.: BT411

atrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: <u>BT412</u>

Lab File ID: 27164HP -ample wt/vol: $\underline{4.1}$ (g/mL) \underline{G}

Level: (low/med) MED Date Received: 08/04/88

Date Analyzed: 08/12/88 { Moisture: not dec. 24

column: (pack/cap) PACK Dilution Factor: 10.0

		CONCENTRATION	UNITS:	
CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or/ug/K	(a) UG/KG	Q
				T
74-87-3	Chloromethane	/ · i	16000	ַט
	Bromomethane	i	16000	ju
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	 i	16000	iυ
75-00-3	Chloroethane	i	16000	ប
	Methylene Chlor	ide /	8000	U
67-64-1	Acetone		16000	įU
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfid	e / '	8000	įυ
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroeth	ene /	8000	ប
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroeth	ane/	8000	ប
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroeth	ene (total)	8000	įυ
67-66-3	Chloroform		8000	įυ
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroeth	ane	8000	U
78-93-3	2-Butanone	/.	16000	U
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloro	éthane	8000	Ū
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachl		8000	U
108-05-4	\sim Vinyl Acetate $/$		16000	U
75-27-4	Bromodichlorome	thane	8000	U
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropro	pane	8000	U
10061-01-5	Trans-1,3-Dichl	oropropene	8000	U
	Trichloroethene		8000	Ŭ
	Dibromochlorome		8000	U
	1,1,2-Trichloro		8000	U
	Benzene //		250	BJ
10061-02-6	cis-1,3-Dichlor	opropene	8000	Ū
75-25-2	Bromoform	i	8000	įυ
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	i	16000	įυ
108-10-1	4-MetMyl-2-Pent	anone	16000	Įΰ
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethe	ne	8000	U
79-34-5	1,1/2,2-Tetrach	loroethane	16000	Ū
108-88-3	Toluene		1200	BJ
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene_		2100	J
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene		8000	U
100-42-5	Styrene		8000	U
1330-20-7	Total Xylenes		8000	١Ŭ

1E VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

<u>EPA</u>	SAMPLE	<u>NO.</u>
	BT412	185

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: RECNY CASE NO.: 10155	SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL	Lab Sample ID: BT412
Sample wt/vol: 4.1 (g/mL) G	Lab File ID: 27164HP
Level: (low/med) MED	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec. 24	Date Analyzed: 8/12/88
Column: (pack/cap) PACK	Dilution Factor: 10.0

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

Number TICs found: 9

	(-5/			
CAS NUMBER		RT	EST. CONC.	Q Bk Be
1	UNKNOWN	01:28	66,000	BK
2	UNKNOWN	06:48	540,000	Br
3	UNKNOWN	25:04	54,000	1
4	ISOMER OF ETHYL METHYL-CYCLOHEXANE	26:25	14,000	
5 6	UNKNOWN	27:50	180,000	
6	POSSIBLY SUBSTITUTED CYCLOHEXANE	29:11	120,000	1
7	UNKNOWN	29:57	24,000	
8. –	SUBSTITUTED HYDROCARBON	31:01	230,000	
8. – 9. –	SUBSTITUTED HYDROCARBON	31:59	20,000	
10.				1
11.				
12. 13.				
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FORM I VOA-TIC

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT416 I b Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 Lab Sample ID: \ trix: (soil/water) WATER BT416 5.0 (g/mL) ML Lab File ID: f mple wt/vol: 6504 Level: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88 % Moisture: not dec. ____ Date Analyzed: 08/05/88 Dilution Factor: 1.00 Column: (pack/cap) PACK_ CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u> Q 102 74-87-3-----Chloromethane 10 74-83-9-----Bromomethane 10 U 75-01-4-----Vinyl Chloride 10 U 75-00-3-----Chloroethane 10 UJ 75-09-2----Methylene Chloride 6 10000 67-64-1-----Acetone 75-15-0-----Carbon Disulfide 10 BU 75-35-4----1,1-Dichloroethene 5 ΙŪ 5 75-34-3-----1,1-Dichloroethane U 540-59-0----1,2-Dichloroethene (total) 5 ΙŪ 5 0041 26U 67-66-3-----Chloroform 107-06-2----1, 2-Dichloroethane 5 U 78-93-3----2-Butanone 10 IUR 5 71-55-6----1,1,1-Trichloroethane ľŪ 5 56-23-5-----Carbon Tetrachloride U 108-05-4------Vinyl Acetate 10 U 75-27-4-----Bromodichloromethane 5 102 5 U 78-87-5----1,2-Dichloropropane 5 U 10061-01-5----Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene 79-01-6----Trichloroethene 5 U 5 U 124-48-1-----Dibromochloromethane LUJ 79-00-5----1,1,2-Trichloroethane 5 50417W 71-43-2----Benzene U 10061-02-6---- :is-1,3-Dichloropropene 103 75-25-2----- romoform 5 591-78-6---- -Hexanone 10 | U 108-10-1----- - Methyl-2-Pentanone 10 U 127-18-4----0.9|J -crachloroethene 5 U 79-34-5-----1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 5 0001 30 W luene 5 DA 1300 108-90-7---orobenzene 100-41-4----5 ΙŪ glbenzene 5 JU 100-42-5---rene U 1330-20-7---- al Xylenes_

1E VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA	SAMPLE	NQA	Λ
	, , , , , , ,	-03	v
		1	
	BT416	ŧ	
	DIAIO	1	

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL,	INC. Contract: 68-W8-0047
Lab Code: RECNY CASE NO.	: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) WATER	Lab Sample ID: BT416
Sample wt/vol: 5.0 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: 6504
Level: (low/med) LOW	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec	Date Analyzed: 8/5/88
Column: (pack/cap) PACK	Dilution Factor: 1.00

Number TICs found: 2

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>

		1	т
COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	O BA
UNKNOWN	2:16	12	BA
UNKNOWN	5:42	28	BA
		Ţ	7
	1	1	
		1	Ţ
			1
			
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		1	1
		1	1
			
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<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		1	+
			
			+
		·	+
		 	+
			-
		 	
			1
		 	
			1
	- 	 	
		 	+
			+
			
	COMPOUND NAME UNKNOWN UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN 2:16	UNKNOWN 2:16 12

EPA SAMPLE NO.

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET BT413 Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047 ab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411 ::rix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT413 imple wt/vol: 4.0 (g/mL) GLab File ID: 27168HP ==el: (low/med) MED Date Received: 08/04/88 oisture: nct dec. 22 Date Analyzed: 08/12/88 >lumn: (pack/cap) PACK Dilution Factor: 10.0 CONCENTRATION UNITS: CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/KG</u>

		
74-87-3Chloromethane	20000 20000	U.
74-83-9Bromomethane	16000	ับจี
75-01-4Vinyl Chloride	16000	U
75-00-3Chloroethane	16000	Ū
75-09-2Methylene Chloride	10000 2000	U
67-64-1Acetone	- 1 20000 1 dobo	ט
75-15-0Carbon Disulfide	1/0000 8000	Ū
75-35-41,1-Dichloroethene	8000	Ū
75-34-31,1-Dichloroethane	8000	Ū
540-59-01,2-Dichloroethene (total)		Ü
67-66-3Chloroform	8000	ָט ו
107-06-21,2-Dichloroethane	- 3 8000	וטו
78-93-32-Butanone	2000 16000	U
71-55-61,1,1-Trichloroethane	- 1 2 C O SO 8000	U
56-23-5Carbon Tetrachloride	8000	U
108-05-4Vinyl Acetate	- 20000 16000	ט
75-27-4Bromodichloromethane		ָ ט
78-87-51,2-Dichloropropane	8000	U
10061-01-5Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	8000	ŭ .
79-01-6Trichloroethene	8000	ָ ט
	<u> </u>	ט
124-48-1Dibromochloromethane	_ 8000	
79-00-51,1,2-Trichloroethane	8000	U
71-43-2Benzene	0008	U
10061-02-6cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	_ 8000	U
75-25-2Bromoform	8000	U,
591-73-62-Hexanone	20000 16000	U
108-10-14-Methyl-2-Pentanone	16000	ן ט
127-18-4Tetrachloroethene	10000 \$000	U
79-34-51,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1 8000	U
1088-3Toluene	8000	ַט
108- 0-7Chlorobenzene	8000	טן
100- 1-4Ethylbenzene	\$ 00 0	U
100- 2-5Styrene	<u> </u>	10 %
1330 20-7Total Xylenes	<u> </u>	107

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

Q

1236

BT413

Dab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

COMPOUND

CAS NO.

Lab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT413

Sample wt/vol: 4.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 27168HP

Level: (low/med) MED Date Received: 08/04/88

% Moisture: not dec. 22 Date Analyzed: 08/12/88

Column: (pack/cap) PACK Dilution Factor: 10.0

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG

74-87-3-----Chloromethane U 16000 74-83-9-----Bromomethane 16000 U 75-01-4-----Vinyl Chloride_ 16000 U 75-00-3-----Chloroethane 16000 U 75-09-2----Methylene Chloride 8000 U 67-64-1-----Acetone 16000 U 75-15-0-----Carbon Disulfide 8000 IU 75-35-4-----1,1-Dichloroethene 8000 U 75-34-3-----1,1-Dichloroethane_ 8000 U 540-59-0----1,2-Dichloroethene (total)___ 8000 U 67-66-3-----Chloroform 8000 IU 107-06-2----1, 2-Dichloroethane 8000 IU 78-93-3----2-Butanone 16000 ľŪ 71-55-6----1,1,1-Trichloroethame 8000 U 56-23-5-----Carbon Tetrachloride 8000 U 108-05-4-----Vinyl Acetate 16000 U 8000 IU 75-27-4-----Bromodichloromethane 78-87-5----1,2-Dichloropropane 8000 U 10061-01-5----Trans-1, 3-Dichloropropene 8000 U 79-01-6----Trichloroetheme 8000 U 8000 IU 124-48-1-----Dibromochloromethane 79-00-5----1,1,2-Trichloroethane 8000 ١U 8000 U 71-43-2----Benzene 10061-02-6----cis-1,3-Dichloropropene 8000 IU U 75-25-2-----Bromoform 8000 591-78-6----2-Hexanone 16000 U 108-10-1----4-Methyl-2-Pentanone 16000 IU 127-18-4-----Tetrachloroethene IU 8000 16000 U 79-34-5----1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane_ U 8000 108-88-3-----Toluene 108-90-7-----Chlorobenzene 8000 U 8000 U 100-41-4----Ethylbenzene IU 100-42-5----Styrene 8000 8000 U 1330-20-7----Total Xylenes

1E VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

EPA	SAMPLE	NO.	
1	BT413	12:	37

Lab Name: <u>RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL</u> , INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: <u>RECNY</u> CASE NO.: 10155	SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL	Lab Sample ID: BT413
Sample wt/vol: 4.0 (g/mL) G	Lab File ID: 27168HP
Level: (low/med) MED	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec. 22	Date Analyzed: 8/12/88
Column: (pack/cap) <u>PACK</u>	Dilution Factor:10.0

Number TICs found: 6

CONCENTRATION UNITS: (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/KG</u>

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	10
1	UNKNOWN	03:16	640,000	+-×
2	UNKNOWN	06:48	350,000	В
2. – 3. 1112-39-6	DIMETHOXYDIMETHYL-SILANE	16:33	16,000	+
4. –	SUBSTITUTED HYDROCARBON	25:30	89,000	†
5. – 6. –	SUBSTITUTED SILOXANE COMPOUND	27:52	44,000	+
6	ALKYL HYDROCARBON	29:29	25,000	
7.		1		1
8.				1
9.		1	,	1
10.				1
1.		1	1	1
13.	1		1	1
13.				1
14.				1
15.				1
16.				1
17.				1
18.		T		
19.	1			7
20.			1	1
21.				1
22.	•	T		
23.				1
24. 25.				
25.		1		1
26.		 		1
27.		1	1	
28.		1		1
29. 30.		1		+-
30.		!	!	

FORM I VOA-TIC

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT417

trix: (soil/water) WATER Lab Sample ID: BT417

Lab File ID: 6529

Tel: (low/med) LOW Date Received: 08/04/88

Moisture: not dec. ____ Date Analyzed: 08/10/88

mn: (pack/cap) PACK Dilution Factor: 1.00

CAS NO. COMPOUND CONCENTRATION UNITS:

(ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/L

74-87-3		,
74-83-9	74-87-3Chloromethane	
75-00-3	74-83-9Bromomethane	, , , ,
75-00-3	75-01-4Vinvl Chloride	i io iu i
75-09-2		
67-64-1		
75-15-0		
75-35-4		
75-34-3		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
540-59-01,2-Dichloroethene (total) 5 U 67-66-3	75-34-31.1-Dichloroethane	
107-06-21,2-Dichloroethane	540-59-01,2-Dichloroethene (total)	
107-06-21,2-Dichloroethane		
78-93-32-Butanone		
71-55-61,1,1-Trichloroethane 5 U 56-23-5Carbon Tetrachloride 5 U 108-05-4Vinyl Acetate 10 U 75-27-4Bromodichloromethane 5 U 78-87-51,2-Dichloropropane 5 U 10061-01-5Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene 5 U 79-01-6Trichloroethene 5 U 79-00-51,1,2-Trichloroethane 5 U 79-00-51,1,2-Trichloroethane 5 U 71-43-2Benzene 5 U 75-25-2Bromoform 5 U 75-25-2Bromoform 5 U 75-25-2Bromoform 5 U 79-34-5Tetrachloroethene 10 U 127-18-4Tetrachloroethene 0.1 J 79-34-51,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 5 U 108-88-3Toluene 5 U 108-88-3		
56-23-5		
108-05-4		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
75-27-4Bromodichloromethane		
78-87-51,2-Dichloropropane 5 U 10061-01-5Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene 5 U 79-01-6Trichloroethene 5 U 124-48-1Dibromochloromethane 5 U 79-00-51,1,2-Trichloroethane 5 U 71-43-2Benzene 10061-02-6cis-1,3-Dichloropropene 5 U 75-25-2Bromoform 5 U 75-25-2Bromoform 5 U 108-10-14-Methyl-2-Pentanone 10 U 127-18-4Tetrachloroethene 0.1 J 79-34-51,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 5 U 108-88-3Toluene 108-90-7		,
10061-01-5Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		
79-01-6Trichloroethene 5 U 124-48-1Dibromochloromethane 5 U 79-00-51,1,2-Trichloroethane 5 U 71-43-2Benzene 5 U 10061-02-6cis-1,3-Dichloropropene 5 U 75-25-2Bromoform 5 U 591-78-62-Hexanone 10 U 108-10-14-Methyl-2-Pentanone 10 U 127-18-4Tetrachloroethene 0.1 J D 79-34-51,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 5 U 108-88-3Toluene 5 U 108-90-7		
124-48-1Dibromochloromethane		
79-00-51,1,2-Trichloroethane 5 U 71-43-2Benzene 5 U 10061-02-6is-1,3-Dichloropropene 5 U 75-25-2Bromoform 5 U 591-78-62-Hexanone 10 U 108-10-14-Methyl-2-Pentanone 10 U 127-18-4Tetrachloroethene 0.1 J 0.1 J 79-34-51,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 5 U 108-88-3		
71-43-2Benzene		•
10061-02-6cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		
75-25-2Bromoform		
591-78-62-Hexanone		
108-10-14-Methyl-2-Pentanone	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
127-18-4Tetrachloroethene		, , ,
79-34-51,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		
108-88-3Toluene		
108-90-7Colorobenzene 5 U		
LUU 3L 3		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
100-42-5 Sene 5 U		•
1330-20-7		
1550 20 / Tall Allenes	1330 20 / Tables	

1E VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

	<u>EPA</u>	SAMPI	Æ	NO.		
1111		BT41	7	3	7	9

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	Contract: <u>68-W8-0047</u>
Lab Code: RECNY CASE NO.: 10155	SAS No.: _ SDG No.: BT411
Matrix: (soil/water) <u>WATER</u>	Lab Sample ID: <u>BT417</u>
Sample wt/vol: 5.0 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: 6529
Level: (low/med) <u>LOW</u>	Date Received: 8/4/88
% Moisture: not dec	Date Analyzed: 8/10/88
Column: (pack/cap) PACK	Dilution Factor: 1.00

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

Number TICs found: 2 (ug/L or ug/Kg) <u>UG/L</u>

CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	0
	UNKNOWN	2:22	11	BA
1 2 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	UNKNOWN	2:22	49	BA
3.			†	
4.				1
5.				1
6.		1		1
7.				+
8.				†
9.		1		†
10.				1
11.				
12.				1
13.				1
14.				1
15.				
16.			T	
17.				1
18.			1	1
19.				1
20.				
21.				1
22.			1	
23.			1	1
24.			1	1
25.			i	1
26.				
8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30.			_	
28.			1	
29.				
30.			†	

FORM I VOA-TIC

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

BT414

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT414

Sample wt/vol: 4.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 27169HP

Level: (low/med) MED Date Received: 08/04/88

% Moisture: not dec. 22 Date Analyzed: 08/12/88

Column: (pack/cap) PACK Dilution Factor: 10.0

CONCENTRATION UNITS:

CAS NO. COMPOUND (ug/L or ug/Kg) UG/KG Q

74-87-3	Chloromethane	2000016000	ן ט
74-83-9	Bromomethane	16000	ָּט <u>װ</u>
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	16000	U
75-00-3	Chloroethane	16000	Ü
75-09-2	Methylene Chloride	28000	BILL
67-64-1	Acetone		Ū
75-15-0	Carbon Disulfide	1 13000 8000	U
75-35-4 -	1,1-Dichloroethene	8000	Ū
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	8000	U
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)		Ū
67-66-3	Chloroform	8000	Ü
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	8000	U
78-93-3	2-Butanone	20000 16000	UR
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	3900 8000	U
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	8000	บี
108-05-4	Vinyl Acetate	12000 16d00	บ
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane		Ū
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	8000	Ū
10061-01-5	Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	8000	ับ
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	8000	เบิ
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane		្រំប
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	8000	บ้
71-43-2	Renzene	-i 8000	ט
10061-02-6	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	8000	Ü
75-25-2	Bromoform	-i × 8000	Ü
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	- こっこっつ 16000	ו טו
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	16000	Ü
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	- 1 12000 a000	ָּׁ ט [ּ]
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	8000	Ü
108-88-3	Toluene	8000	ַ ט
	Chlorobenzene	-i 800 0	บี
100-90-7	Ethylbenzene	-i 800 0	Ü
100-41-4	Styrene	-i 800 0	וֹט .
1220-20-7	Total Xylenes	- 8000 8000	U
1220-70-1	torat våtenez	_i 🛴 8000	10 7

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

BT414

Lab Name: RECRA ENVIRON Contract: 68-W8-0047

ab Code: RECNY Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: BT411

Matrix: (soil/water) SOIL Lab Sample ID: BT414

imple wt/vol: 4.0 (g/mL) G Lab File ID: 27169HP

Level: (low/med) MED Date Received: 08/04/88

Moisture: not dec. 22 Date Analyzed: 08/12/88

Column: (pack/cap) PACK Dilution Factor: 10.0

CAS NO. COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION U		Q
74-87-3Chloromethane	/	16000	 U
74-83-9Bromomethane		16000	ו טו
75-01-4Vinyl Chloride		16000	ן טן
75-00-3Chloroethane		16000	U
75-09-2Methylene Chlorid	10	28000	B
67-64-1Acetone		16000	ן טו וט
75-15-0Carbon Disulfide		8000	Ü
75-35-41,1-Dichloroether			U .
75-34-31,1-Dichloroethar		8000	U
540-59-01,2-Dichloroether	e (total)	8000	IU I
67-66-3Chloroform	le (90car)	8000	U
107-06-21,2-Dichloroethar		8000	U
78-93-32-Butanone		16000	ָ עו
71-55-61,1,1-Trichloroet	hane	8000	ָ טו
56-23-5Carbon Tetrachlor		8000	ן טו
108-05-4Vinyl Acetate	746	16000	ָּט ו וֹט וֹ
75-27-4Bromodichlorometh	ane	8000	Ŭ
78-87-51,2-Dichloropropa	ine	8000	Ü
10061-01-5Trans-1,3-Dichlor	copropere		U
79-01-6Trichloroethene	Opropene	8000	ָ ט
124-48-1Dibromochlorometh	220	=	ו טו
79-00-51,1,2-Trichloroet		8000	ן ט וט
71-43-2Benzene	.nane	8000	ָ ט
10061-02-6cis-1,3-Dichlorop	· ropono	8000	ן ט וט
75-25-2Bromoform	ropene	8000	ן טו וט
591-78-62-Hexanone		16000	ן ט
108-10-14-Methyl-2-Pentar		16000	U
127-18-4Tetrachloroethene		8000	ן טו טו
79-34-51,1,2,2-Tetrachlo		16000	ן ט נט
108-88-3Toluene	TOECHAILE	8000	U
108-90-7Chlorobenzene		8000	lΩ
100-41-4Ethylbenzene		8000	U
		-	
100-42-5Styrene		8000 8000	ן טן טן
1330-20-7Total Xylenes		8000	10

REFERENCE NO. 24

SITE NAME: AIRCRAFT PAINTING, INC.

TD06: 02-8805-04

SAMPLING DATE: 06/02/86 EPA CASE NO.: 10155

LAB NAME: JTC ENVIRONMENTAL

INDRSMMICS Sample ID Mo. Traffic Report Mo. Matrix Units		U88-SEB-1 (NE/NSB) NB0701 SEBINENT mg/kg	NJ88-SH-2 HB0705 HRTER Ug/L	NJ88-SED-2 I NB0702 SEDJIÆNT ng/kg	1388-5W-3 (DUP) 1886706 Mater Ug/L	NJ88-SED-3 (DUP) MB0703 SEDIMENT mg/kg	NJ88-GW-1 MBG707 MATER ug/L	NJ88-SH-2 MBQ708 MATER ug/L	NJ88-TA-1 MBG700 MATER ug/L	NJ88-RIN- MBQ710 MATER ug/L	1 NJ88-RIN-A MBQ711 MATER Ug/L	? NJ88-TBLK-1 N/A N/A Ug/L
Aluninum	1 11400 E	363	7050 E	R	7660 E	#			1640			MR
Antimony	60.9				75				4630			MR
Arsenic	f .	j		J		J						NR
Sarium	1 3	j	260	1	J	J	J	J	J			NR
Beryllium	1 1			J		J	J	J			J	NR
Cadmi un	70.7	5.1	65.4	R -	80.2	R	J	6.2	1320 E			NR
Calcium	1 J	1670	7050	1690	5900	1710	3	J	9930			MR
Chronius	1 2630 E	47.1	5400 E	12.8	1820 E	47.9			176000			NR
Cobalt	1		ı		1				112			NR
Copper	1 137	4.5	R	J	R	7. 6	99	33.7	2860			NR
Iron	1 20400 E	376	43300 E		37500 E		452 E		2720			NR
Lead	1 155	1370		243	R	419	12. 1	5.3	1050			NR
Magnes i un	1	J	1	j	j	J	1	J	j			MR
Manganese	1 42	10.7	216	7.9	335	7. 1	16. 9		28. 3		3	MR
Hercury	1							1.1 E	R			MR
Mickel	i J	j	518		410	J						NR
Potassium	1 3	1	1	ı	j	J	J	J	26200	J	J	MR
Selenium	1				17.8				*			MR
Silver	J 15.4				J				12.2 E			MR
Sodium	1								197000			NR
Thallium	1											MR
Vanad i un	1				J				R			MR
Zinc	1 434	61.3	R	R	R	R	1220	86.9	8370			MR

NOTES:

Blank space - compound analyzed for but not detected

E - estimated value

J - estimated value, compound present below CRDL but above IDL

R - analysis did not pass EPA QA/QC

MR - analysis not required

Acle: Evaluation of Metals Data for the Date: Feb. 1988 Contract Laboratory Program Number: HW-2 Appendix A.2: Data Acceptability Narrative Revision: 7 Site AIRCRAFT PAINTING Case# /0/55 Matrix: Water 8Other ~ A.2.1 Are all data of acceptable quality? Yes If no, list exceptions with reason(s) for rejection or qualification as estimated value (J). The following analyte is qualified as rejected (red-lined) analytes are

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE

tle: Evaluation of Metals Data for the

Contractor Reviewer:

Verified by:

Page 22 or La

Date: Feb. 1900

Contract Laboratory Program Number: HW-2Appendix A.2: Data Acceptability Narrative Revision: .2.1 (continuation) .2.2 Contract Problems/Non-compliance MMB Reviewer: Signature

U.S. EPA - CLF

COVER PAGE - INORGANIC ANALYSES DATA PACKAGE

Name: JTC ENVIR	ONMENTAL CNSLTS.	Contract: 68-W8-0023	3	
Code: JTC	Case No.: 10155	SAS No.:	SDG No.:	MBQ700
No.: 7/87 EPA	Sample No. MBQ700 MBQ700D MBQ700S MBQ701 / MBQ701D MBQ701S MBQ702 / MBQ703 / MBQ704 / MBQ704 / MBQ704 / MBQ704 / MBQ704 / MBQ704 / MBQ705 / MBQ706 / MBQ707 / MBQ707 / MBQ708 / MBQ710 / MBQ711 /	Lab Sample ID. 740557 740557D 740557S 740558 740558D 740558S 740559 740559 740561 740561D 740561B 740562 740563 740565 740565 740566 740567		
: ICP intereleme	nt corrections applied	?	Yes/No	NO
If yes-were ra	corrections applied? w data generated before		Yes/No	YES
application of ments:	background correction:	5 .	Yes/No	NO
ase of the data uter-readable d	contained in this hardata submitted on floppy or the Manager's design	dcopy data package a y diskette has been	nd in the	
owing signature	Li	ab Manager:		

COVER PAGE - IN

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INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

-	_	_	-	_	 _	_	-	-	_	٠

Name: JTC ENVIRONMENTAL CNSLTS. Contract: 68-W8-0023

MBQ704

Code: JTC Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDG No.: MBQ700

ix (soil/water): WATER

Lab Sample ID: 740561

) (low/med): LOW

Date received: 02/04/88

lids: .0

Concentration Units (ug/L or mg/kg dry weight): UG/L

CAS No.	! ! Analyte :	 Concentration 	C :	Q	M:
17429-90-5	<u> Aluminum</u>	11400.0	:_:	*E!	_P:
1 <u>7440-35-0</u>		60.9			P:
: <u>7440-38-2</u>		13.9_	ĮΨ	 	E
: <u>7440-39-3</u>		42.3_			_P:
7440-41-7					_P:
: <u>7440-43-9</u>		70.7			_P;
17440-70-2		1050.0	<u>B</u> :		<u> </u>
7440-47-3	Chromium	2630.0		~	_P!
	Cobalt	:	ָיַטַ וּ		_P!
17440-50-8	Copper	137.0	_		P
	Iron	20400.0	_		PI
	Lead	155.0			F
		495.0			<u> </u>
7439-96-5	Manganese	42.0			<u>P</u> !
7439-97-6		120_			ČΛΙ
<u> </u>		35.0			
7440-09-7		2040.0			_≙;
	<u>Selenium</u>	13.1_	-		_E !
	Silver	<u>-15</u> -4-			_P :
7440-23-5		2970.0			<u>-</u> 2:
	Thallium	11.7_	_		_E!
		14.0			- <u>P</u> !
	Zins	434.0	- !		_P
	<u>Cyanide</u>		! _ !		NP !
			- 1		:

er	its:					
ŗ	After:	COLORLESS	Clarity	After:	CLEAR	Artifacts:
•	Before:	COLORLESS	Clarity	Before:	CLEAR	Texture:
	_					

FORM I - IN

	1		
INORGANIC	ANALYSIS	DATA	SHEET

EPA	SAMPLE	NO.

		INURGAN.	IC WINHTISIS	DAIN DUEE!			
						ì	
						-	MBQ701
Name:	JTC	ENVIRONMENTAL	CNSLTS.	Contract:	68-W8-0023	;	

Code: JTC Case No.: 10155 SAS No.:

SDG No.: MBQ700

(x (soi)/water): SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 740558

Date received: 08/04/88

ids: 75.0

el (low/med): LOW

Concentration Units (ug/L or mg/kg dry weight): MG/KG

,					
CAS No.	Analyte	Concentration	C	Q	M
7429-90-5 7440-36-0 7440-39-3 7440-41-7 7440-43-9 7440-42-3 7440-42-3 7440-48-4 7440-50-8	Aluminum Antimony Ansenic Barium Cadmium Calcium Chromium Cobalt Copper	393.0 15.5 -1.9 12.2 -21 5.1 1670.0 47.1 -1.9 			ימיטיורים ימיטיוטיוטיוטיוטיוטיו
7439-95-4 17439-95-5 17439-96-5 17439-97-6 17440-02-0 17440-09-7 17782-49-2 17440-23-5 17440-28-0 17440-62-2	Lead Magnesium Manganese Mercury Nickel Potassium Selenium Silver Sodium Thallium	1370.0 260.0 10.7 .13 7.9 506.0 .23 .25.0 .45 .3.7			

r	Before:	BROWN	Clarity	Before:	Texture: MEDIUM
	After:	COLORLESS	Clarity	After:	Artifacts:
€	ts:				
~					
_					

U.S. EPA - CLP

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

Name: JTC ENVIRONMENTAL CNSLTS. Contract: 68-W8-0023

ode: JTC

Case No.: 10155 SAS No.:

SDG No.: MBQ700

~ x (soil/water): WATER

Lab Sample ID: 740562

el (low/med): LOW

Date received: 08/04/88

: ids: .0

Concentration Units (ug/L or mg/kg dry weight): UG/L

CAS No.	 Analyte 	Concentration	C :	Q	. M:
17429-90-5	Aluminum_	7050.0	- 1	*E	<u> </u>
7440-36-0	Antimony '	58.0	ĮΨ		PI
1 <u>7440-38-2</u>	Ansenic	<u>3.9</u>	ָיַעַ וּ		L_E
: <u>7440-39-3</u>	Barium	260.0	1 1		<u> </u>
: <u>7440-41-7</u>	Beryllium		١Ų١		<u> </u>
1 <u>7440-43-9</u>	Cadmium	8 <u>85.4</u>	! !		<u> </u>
	Calcium	7050.0	! !		:_P:
	Chromium_	2400.0	_	E	:_P:
	Cobalt	40.5.	_		<u> </u>
7440-50-8		445:0			_P
<u>Z439-89-6</u> _		43300.0			_ <u>P</u> :
	Lead	22.7	! <u>-</u> !		<u> </u>
	Magnesium	2920.0	E		_P:
	Manganese	216.0			P
	Weccaca		Ų		! <u>C</u> ⊻ !
	<u>Nickel</u>	518.0	=		<u> </u>
	Potassium		₽		:-≙:
	<u>Selenium</u>		Ų		:_ <u>E</u>
	Silver	<u> </u>			:- <u>P</u> :
	Sodium		! <u>U</u> !		- <u>-</u>
	Thallium.		Ų		:_ <u>E</u> :
	<u>Vanadium.</u>	14.0			;_ <u>P</u> ;
<u>7440-66-6</u>	Zinc	336010	-		; <u>.P</u> ;
İ	Cyanide		}		NR!
'			' '		· ;

רוכ	Be	for	e:	COL	ORL	ESS.
-----	----	-----	----	-----	-----	------

Clarity Before: CLEAR

Texture:

After: COLORLESS Clarity After: CLEAR

FORM I - IN

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

	EPA	SAMPLE	NO.
	,		
	i		
	‡	MBQ702	
1	1		

ime: JTC ENVIRONMENTAL CNSLTS. Contract: 68-W8-0023

de: JTC Case No.: 10155

SAS No.:

SDG No.: MBQ700

: (soil/water): SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 740559

(low/med): LOW

Date received: 08/04/88

ds: 76.5

Concentration Units (ug/L or mg/kg dry weight): MG/KG

,					
CAS No.	: Analyte	Concentration	C	Q	M
7429-90-5	Aluminum	142+0	-		P
7440-36-0					P
17440-38-2					
		5.4			P
7440-39-3					
		<u> </u>			- <u>P</u> :
<u> 7440-43-9</u> _		2.1			
7440-70-2		1690.0			
	:Chromium_	12.8			
17440-48-4		1.9			<u>-P</u> :
17440-50-8	Copper	6.1	E	·	! <u>. P</u> !
17439-89-6	Iron	155.0	!_	·	! <u>-</u> P !
	Lead	243.0	;		:_E:
17439-95-4	Magnesium	219.0			<u> </u>
	Manganese				! <u>P</u> !
7439-97-6		.13	١Ü		IČVI
17440-02-0		4.2.			
		495.0			: A:
	Selenium	.81			F
	Silver	2.1			P
		750.0			P
			_		F
	Thallium		-		P
	<u>Vanadium</u>	3.7			
7.440-66-6		-25,5	<u> </u>	*	: <u>P</u> :
<u> </u>	Cyanide		<u>.</u>		INR I
			i	·	' '

Aften: COLORLESS Clarity Aften: Antifacts:	Before:	BROWN	Clarity	Before:	Texture: MEDIUM
	After:	COLORLESS	Clarity	After:	Antifacts:
	ts:				

FORM I - IN

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

JTC ENVIRONMENTAL CNSLTS. Contract: 68-W8-0023 :_____

e: JTC Case No.: 10155 SAS No.:

SDG No.: MBQ700

: oil/water): WATER

Lab Sample ID: 740563

low/med): LOW

Date received: 08/04/88

, 0

Concentration Units (uq/L or mq/kq dry weight): UG/L

			,,		, ,
CAS No.	Analyte	Concentration		Q :	M
17429-90-5	Aluminum	7660.0	- ; - ;	*E	P
	Antimony	75,0	_		! <u>"</u> P}
	Ansenic	3.9	-		: F :
	Barium	130.0	_	~~~~~	: <u>P</u> :
	Beryllium				! P!
	Cadmium	80.2			PI
	Calcium		! - !		; P:
	Chromium	1820.0	-		; P:
	Cobalt	38.0	_		PI
	Copper	169.0			! <u>P</u> !
		37500.0			: P:
	Lead	76.5			! Ē!
		3790.0			: <u>P</u> :
	Manganese		!		: <u>P</u> :
	Mercury	.20	֓֞֓֞֜֞֞֜֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֞֞֞֞֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֞֝֓֓֡֓֡֞֜֜֡	N	I CV I
	Nickel	410.0	١		! P!
17440-09-7	Potassium				1 A 1
	Selenium	17.8	1 _ ;	!	E
17440-22-4	Silver	9.5	B		!_P!
	Sodium	2870.0			! P!
7440-28-0	Thallium	1.7	וַ עַ וּ		: <u>F</u> !
17.440-62-2	<u>Vanadium</u>	37.3	P		1 P
	Zing	946.0	; _ ;	**	! <u> P</u>
	Cyanide	}	! _ !		NR !
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After:	COLORLESS	Clarity	After:	CLEAR	Artifacts:
! !fore:	COLORLESS	Clarity	Before:	CLEAR	Texture:

FORM I - JN

U.S. EPA - CLP

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA	SAMPLE	NO
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Vame: JTC ENVIRONMENTAL CNSLTS. Contract: 68-W8-0023

Case No.: 10155 SAS No.:

SDG No.: MBQ700

ix (soil/water): SOIL

Lab Sample ID: 740560

) ()ow/med): LOW

Date received: 08/04/88

lids: 75.7

Concentration Units (ug/L or mg/kg dry weight): MG/KG

CAS No.	! Analyte	 Concentration	C	Q	. M:
!	!		;	_	
17429-90-5	Aluminum	972.0	· - :		P
		15.3			
7440-38-2		2.5			F
		9.4			
7440-41-7			Ë		P
7440-43-9					P:
		1710.0			
		47.9			: _P:
7440-48-4		1.9			: <u>-</u> P:
		7,8			<u> P</u> :
		398.0			P
17439-92-1	Lead	419.0	! _ !		LEI
7439-95-4	Magnesium	310.0	<u>P</u>		LP!
17439-96-5	Manganese	7.1	! _ !		LP!
17439-97-6	Mencury	.19	ָיַטַ וּ		ΙĆΛΙ
7440-02-0	Nickel	10.3	Ε		<u> </u>
		463.0			
17.782-49-2					
		2-2-			
		758.0			
		<u>:45</u>			
		3.7			<u> </u>
7440-66-6					P
	CASUIGE		·		NE
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	perore;	BROWN	Clarity	Before:	Texture:	MEDIUM
^	After:	COLORLESS	Clarity	After:	Artifacts	;;
er	its:					

INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

EPA SAMPLE NO.

: e: JTC ENVIRONMENTAL CNSLTS. Contract: 68-W8-0028

ode: JTC Case No.: 10155 SAS No.:

SDG No.: MBQ700

(soil/water): WATER

Lab Sample ID: 740564

(low/med): LOW

Date received: 08/04/88

:15: .0

Concentration Units (ug/L or mg/kg dry weight): UG/L

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CAS No.	: Analyte 	Concentration	С	Q	M
7429-90-5	Aluminum	169.0	Ū	*E	
17440-36-0		58.0			;
7440-38-2		3.9	_		F
~~~~~~~~~		33.4			
17440-39-3					
7440-41-7					: <u>- P</u> :
7440-43-9		3.9	_		<u> </u>
17440-70-2		441.0	_		! <u>- P</u> !
17440-47-3		6.9_	_		:_P:
17440-48-4	Cobalt	7.2	ַיַעַ וּ	 	:_P:
17440-50-8	Copper	99.0.	: _ :		:_P;
17439-89-6		452.0	<b>:</b>	*E	PI
	Lead	12.1	; _		E
7439-95-4	Magnesium	833.0	₽		1 P1
7439-96-5	Mandanese	16.9	<b>:</b>	}	:_P:
7439-97-6		.20	! U	<u>N</u>	1CV!
17440-02-0		16.0	١Ū		; <u>P</u> ;
7440-09-7			. =		1 Al
7782-49-2		3.1	_		F
7440-22-4		,			P
			ιŬ		P
	Sodium		_		
	Thallium_	1-7-			:_ <u>F</u> ;
	<u>Vanadium</u>	1 1 4 - 0 -	<u>, y</u>		_P
7440-66-6	: 4102	11220:0_	i	<del>*</del>	_P!
	Cyanide		<u> </u>		INE
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TOTAL COLUMNESS	Before: COL	DRLESS
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Clarity Before: CLEAR Texture:

or After: COLORLESS Clarity After: CLEAR Artifacts:

FORM I - IN

Clarity After: CLEAR COTOKFERR Artifacts: Clarity Before: CLEAR Texture: E BELOLG: COTOBEES CX3DTGET; 75472: 7979970772 id | 2440-23-0 | Thall tum | 2440-23-5 | 2011 tum | 2440-23-5 | 2011 tum Ž+ī 101 ์ จิ๋ จิ๋ จิ๋ ฮิ ฮิ ฮิ 101 រការ 1240-22-4 | STTXEL 276 iñ:" | \$\forall \text{SS} = \forall \text{SE} \text{Torus } \text{CS} \text{SE} \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{SE} \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \text{Torus } \ יה: דדב : 8: 0 TOZET ١∀ 17: 77: 77: : **a** 117 775 : 11 <u>-9-208</u> | 2438-88-6 | TCOU -ฮาฐ์ Ε¦ ŀЬ 12440-48-4 ; copera-١d 0-0EZ1 ¦ d 779 ¦ਰੋ -<u>578</u> WHITTADBE: 72-16-0662: ŧĒ∶ 18: 676T i d | 5440-98-5| | PCEEDITC| | 5440-98-0| | POTTEMOUX | 5450-60-2| | PTRWIDRW ١ñ١ ~578S ١ñ١ i d 707691 (Cincitentneamod) atylenA ( CAS No. | W Concentration Units (ug/L or mg/kg dry weight): UC/L ISP; ! 0 ' MOT : (pam/mol) ! Date received: 08/04/88 STER (soil/water): WATER Lab Sample ID: 740565 Code: JTC Case No.: 10155 SDC No.: MBG700 : .ON ZAZ Name: JTC ENVIRONMENTAL CUSLTS. Contract: 68-W8-0023 : 80708M INORCANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET EPA SAMPLE NO. Ţ U.S. EPA - CLP

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                     Clarity Before: CLOUDY
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                                              CAS No.
          Concentration Units (ug/L or mg/kg dry weight): UG/L
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 Date received: 08/04/88
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   Tab Sample ID: 740557
SDC No:: WBG\00
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            e: JTC ENVIRONMENTAL CNSLTS. Contract: 68-W8-0023 :_
    WBG200
                       INORGANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET
 EPA SAMPLE NO.
                               U.S. EPA - CLP
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FORM I - IN

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 Date received: 09/04/89
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   Lab Sample ID: 740566
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SDC No.: MBQ700
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               Vame: JTC ENVIRONMENTAL CUSLTS. Contract: 68-W9-0023
    MBGZ10
                            INORCANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET
EPA SAMPLE NO.
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                                     U.S. EPA - CLP
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FORM I - IN 7/87

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Texture: Clarity Before: CLEAR COPORPER - Kanadium TUSTTTOWT: 0-82-0772: יַּבּסּמִיָּחשּ־־־־ S-EZ-0772! ---Jaitis: าพิกิรินิฮ (ฮิริ: Te75.0 12440-03-0 | Nickel | 12440-03-0 | Nickel | 1 2-60-0772 ١ã ังอั๋าำ ١ã١ | Massace | | 1-26-6642| | 1-28-6642| _06⁺² រការ 575E 1240-50-8-102-0442; 1540-48-4 (Cobalt រកិរ 12440-43-8-10-64Z WTTTTADB: 7-14-04421 | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | Tara | 1110 2 E 101 7785 | Analyte | Concentration | C : W Concentration Units (ug/L or mg/Kg dry weight): UC/L :SP! 0 . MOT : (paw/mo() ! Date received: 08/04/88 HETTAM : ( Tetsw/(ios) x; 795047 : CI 91qms2 dsJ Case No.: 10155 SAS No.: SDC No.: MBQ700 ##### 1TC ENVIRONMENTAL CNSLTS. Contract: 68-W8-0023 MBG711 INORCANIC ANALYSIS DATA SHEET EPA SAMPLE NO. N'S' EPA - CLP

FORM I - IN

COPORTER

Clarity After: CLEAR Artifacts:

REFERENCE NO. 25

ERP No. D-MMS-A02224-00, Rating EO2, 1989 Central and Western Planning Areas Gulf of Mexico Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) Oil and Gas Sales No. 118 and 122, Lease Offerings offshore the coast of Alabama, Mississippi, Louisians and Texas.

#### **Summary**

EPA expressed objections to the proposed action of unrestricted leasing in the Central and Western Gulf. EPA also expressed concern over the lack of any proposed mitigation for possible impacts to deep-water benthic communities. EPA also expressed concern that ozone modeling of the effect of offshore emission on onshore air quality be conducted.

ERP No. D-NPS-K61095-NV, Rating LO. Death Valley National Monument, General Management Plan, Implementation, Inyo and San Bernardino Counties, CA and Nye and Esmeralda Counties, NV.

#### Summary

EPA expressed a lack of objections to the proposed management plan but noted that future multiple use activities (mining, campgrounds) will require an assessment of air quality, surface water and ground water impacts.

#### Final FISe

ERP No. F-COE-H30000-IA. Des Moines Recreational River and Greenbelt Area. Development, Operation and Maintenance, Des Moines River, Webster, Hamilton, Boone, Dallas, Polk, and Warren Counties, IA.

# Summary

EPA has no objections to this project with the understanding that each unit of the project will be evaluated separately for NEPA compliance at a later date.

ERP No. F-FHW-F40290-WI, WI-TH-83 Improvement, I-94 to Cardinal Lane/WI-TH-16. Funding and 404 Permit, Waukesha County, WI.

### Summary

EPA has no objection to this project, long as a minimum of 0.8 acre of additional wetlands are created.

(Note: The above summary should have appeared in the 6-10-68 Federal Register Notice.)

ERP No. F-USN-C85041-NJ, Colts Neck, Naval Weapons Station Earle Family Housing Development, Construction, Mammonth County, NJ.

#### Summary

EPA's concern regarding the location of the mitigation site has been

information within the document clarified our questions with respect to the delineation of wetlands, and the point of discharge of the wastewater treatment plant. Accordingly, EPA has no unresolved concerns regarding the implementation of the project as proposed.

ERP No. F-USN-D84005-VA, Empress II Operation, Electromagnetic Pulsa, Radiation Environment Simulator for Ships, Chesapeake Bay (West of Bloodsworth Island) and Atlantic Grean (Virginia Capes Operating Area), off the Coast of VA.

#### Summary

EPA expressed a preference for the proposed site and requested a thorough monitoring program for the project.

(Note: The above summary should have appeared in the 6-17-88 Federal Register Notice.)

Dated: June 21, 1988.
William D. Dickerson,
Deputy Director, Office of Federal Activities.
[FR Doc. 88-14353 Filed 6-23-88; 8:45 am]
SMLING CODE 888-88-88

### [ER-FRL-3404-3]

### Environmental Impact Statements; Availability; Weekly Receipts

Responsible Agency: Office of Federal Activities, General Information (202) 382-5073 or (202) 382-5075. Availability of Environmental Impact Statements, Filed June 13, 1988 Through June 17, 1988. Pursuant to 40 CFR 1506.9.

EIS No. 880189, Draft, BLM, AZ, San Pedro River Riparian Resource Management Plan, Implementation, San Simon Resource Area, Safford District, Cochise County, AZ, Due: September 21, 1988, Contact: Jerrold Coolidge (602) 428-4040.

EIS No. 880190, Draft, DOE, ND. Charlie Creek-Belfield 345 kV
Transmission Line Project, Construction, Operation and Maintenance, Implementation, Billings, Stark, McKenzie and Dunn Counties, ND, Due: August 8, 1988, Contact: James D. Davis (406) 657-5525.

EIS No. 880191, Draft, SCS, MD, East Yellow Creek Watershed, Soil Erosion and Flood Damage Reduction Plan, Funding and Implementation, Sullivan, Linn and Chariton Counties, MO, Due: August 8, 1988, Contact: Russell C. Mills (314) 875-5214.

EIS No. 880192, Draft, NPS, AK, Denali National Park and Preserve, Wilderness Recommendations, Designation or Nondesignation, AK, Due: August 29, 1988, Contact: Linda Nebel (907) 257EIS No. 880193. Draft. AFS, WY, Little Bighorn River. Wild and Scenic River Study, National Wild and Scenic Rivers System, Designation, Bighorn National Forest, Sheridan County, WY, Due: September 22, 1988. Contact: Arthur Bauer (307) 672-6751.

EIS No. 880194, Draft, USN, PA, U.S. Navy Girard Point Site, Sale to the Philadelphia Muncipal Authority for the Establishment of a Steam Generation Facility that Produces Steam for Purchase by the U.S. Navy, City of Philadelphia, PA. Due: August 12, 1988, Contact: Kenneth Petrone (215) 897-

EIS No. 880195. Final, FHW, PA. PA-23/New Holland Avenue/LR-1124.
Section B01 Relocation, US 30 to Walnut and Chestnut Streets. Funding and 404
Permit, Manheim, East Lampeter and Lancaster Townships and the City of Lancaster, Lancaster County, PA, Dus: July 25, 1988, Contact: Philibert A. Quellet (717) 782-4422.

EIS No. 880196, Draft, FRC, REG, Regulations Governing Independent Power Producers (RM88-4-000) and Regulations Governing Bidding Programs (RM88-5-000), Implementation, Due: August 15, 1988, Contact: Gilda Rodriquez (202) 357-9155.

EIS No. 880197, Draft, SCS, MS.
Whites Creek, Watershed Protection
and Flood Prevention Plan, Funding,
Possible 404 Permit and Implementation,
Webster County, MS, Due: August 8,
1988, Contact: L. Peter Heard (601) 965—
5205.

EIS No. 880198, Draft, EPA, FL, CF Mining Complex II, Open Pit Phosphate Mine and Beneficiation Plan, Construction and Operation, NPDES and 404 Permits, Hardee County, FL, Due: August 8, 1988, Contact: Maryann Gerber (404) 347–3778.

Dated: June 21, 1988.
William D. Dickerson,
Deputy Director, Office of Federal Activities.
[FR Doc. 88–14352 Filed 8–23–88; 8:45 am]

#### [FRL-3340-F]

New Jersey Coastal Plain Aquifer System, New Jersey Sole Source Aquifer Final Determination

AGENCY: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to section 1424(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act, the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection.

New Jersey Coastal Plain Aquifer System, underlying the New Jersey Coastal Plan Area, is the sole or principal source of drinking water for the Counties of Monmouth, Burlington, Ocean. Camden, Gloucester, Atlantic. Salem, Cumberland, Cape May and portions of Mercer and Middlesex Counties, New Jersey, and that the acquifer, if contaminated, would create a significant hazard to public health. As a result of this action EPA will review. Federally-assisted projects (projects which receive Federal financial assistance through a grant, contract, loan guarantee, or otherwise) proposed for construction in a project review area which includes the New Jersey Coastal Plain Area and a portion of the aquifer streamflow source zone. The streamflow source zone includes upstream portions of the Delaware River Basin in the States of Delaware, New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania. Federallyassisted projects will be reviewed to ensure that they are designed and constructed so that they do not create a significant bazard to public health. Projects outside of the project review ares but within the streamflow source zone will be reviewed if they require an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). DATES: This determination shall be promulgated for purposes of judicial review at 1:00 P.M. Eastern Time on July 7, 1988. This determination shall become effective on August 8, 1988. ADDRESSES: The data on which these findings are based, detailed maps of the New Jersey Coastal Plain Area and the project review area, a compilation of public comments and the Agency's response to those comments, are available to the public and may be inspected during normal business hours at the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Water Management Division, 26 Federal Plaza, New York, New York 10278. In addition, copies of a map showing the designated area and a responsiveness summary to public comment are available upon request. for further information contact: John Malleck, Chief, Office of Ground Water Management, Water Management Division, 28 Federal Plaza,

New York, New York 10278 (212) 264—5635.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that pursuant to section 1424(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C., 300f, 300h—3(e), Pub. L. 93—523), the Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) has determined that the New Jersey Coastal Plain Aquifer System, underlying the New Jersey Coastal Plain Area, is the sole or principal source of

drinking water for the Counties of Monmouth, Burlington, Ocean, Camden, Gloucester, Atlantic, Salem, Cumberland, Cape May and portions of Mercer and Middlesex Counties, New Jersey. Pursuant to section 1424(e), Federally-assisted projects proposed for construction in the New Jersey Coastal Plain Area and the project review area within portions of its streamflow source zone will be subject to EPA review. The streamflow source zone for the New Jersey Coastal Plain Aquifer System includes upstream portions of the Delaware River Basin in the States of Delaware (New Castle County). New Jersey (Mercer-part, Hunterdon-part, Sussex-part, and Warren Counties), New York (Delaware, Orange, Sullivan and Ulster Counties), and Pennsylvania (Berks-part, Bucks, Carbon-part, Chester-part, Delaware, Lackawannapart, Lancaster, Lehigh, Luzeme-part, Monroe Montgomery, Northampton, Philadelphia, Pike, Schuykill and Wayne Counties). The project review area includes that portion of the streamflow source zone which lies within two miles of the Delaware River in the States of New Jersey (in Mercer, Hunterdon, Sussex and Warren Counties), Delaware (in New Castle County), Pennsylvania (in Delaware, Philadelphia, Bucks, Monroe, Northampton, Pike and Wayne Counties) and New York (in Delaware. Orange and Sullivan Counties). . .

#### L. Background

Section 1424(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act states: (e) If the Administrator determines, on his own initiative or upon petition, that an area has an aquifer which is the sole or principal drinking water source for the ares and which, if contaminated, would create a significant hazard to public. health, he shall publish notice of that determination in the Federal Register. After the publication of any such notice no commitment for Federal financial assistance (through a grant, contract, loan guarantee, or otherwise) may be entered into for any project which the Administrator determines may contaminate such aquifer through a recharge zone so as to create a significant hazard to public health, but a commitment for Federal financial assistance may, if authorized under another provision of law, be entered into to a plan or design the project to assure that it will not so contaminate the aquifer.

On December 4, 1978 the
Environmental Defense Fund, Inc. and
the Sierra Club New Jersey Chapter
petitioned the EPA Administrator to
determine that the Counties of
Monmouth Burlington Cook Condenses

Gloucester, Atlantic, Salem. Cumberland, Cape May and portions of . Mercer and Middlesex Counties, New Jersey, constitute an area whose aquifer system is "the sole or principal drinking water source for the area and which, if contaminated, would create a significant: hazard to public health." On March 21. 1979, EPA published the petition in the Federal Register. Public hearings on the petition request were held May 1, 15 and 17, 1979 in Lindenwold, Trenton, Freehold and Pomona, New Jersey. A May 19, 1983 Federal Register notice announced the availability of additional technical information and the extension of public comment period to July 15. 1983.

#### II. Basis for Determination

Among the factors to be considered by the Administrator in connection with the designation of an area under section 1424(e) are:

(1) Whether the aquifer is the area's sole or principal source of drinking water and (2) whether contamination of the aquifer would create a significant hazard to public health.

On the basis of information available to this Agency, the Administrator has made the following findings, which are the basis for the determination noted above:

(1) The New Jersey Coastal Plain Area depends upon the underlying Coastal Plain Aquifer System for seventy-five (75) per cent or more of its drinking water to serve 3 million people.

(2) Data show that the formations of the New Jersey Coastal Plain Area are hydrologically interconnected such that they respond collectively as an interrelated aquifer system.

(3) If the aquifer system were to become contaminated, exposure of the persons served by the system would constitute a significant hazard to public health.

(4) Alternative supplies capable of providing lifty (50) per cent or more of the drinking water to the designated area are not available at similar economic costs.

The New Jersey Coastal Plain Aquifer System is highly susceptible to contamination through its recharge zone from a number of sources, including but not limited to, chemical spills, leachate from landfills, stormwater runoff, highway de-icing, faulty septic systems wastewater treatment systems and waste disposal lagoons. The aquifer is also susceptible to contamination to a lesser degree from the same sources, through its streamflow source zone. Since ground-water contamination can

completely and since the acquifer in this area is solely or principally relied upon for drinking water purposes by the population of the New Jersey Coastal. Plain Area, contamination of the aquifer could pose a significant hazard to public health.

1.4.

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III. Description of the New Jersey
Coastal Plain Area Aquifer System, Its
Recharge Zone and Its Streamflow
Source Zone

The New Jersey Coustal Plain Aquifer System consists of a wedge-shaped mass of unconsolidated sediments composed of clay, silt, sand and gravel. The wedge thins to a feathered edge along the Fall Line and attains a thickness of over 6,000 feet at the tip of Cape May County, New Jersey.

These sediments range in age from Cretaceous to Holocene and can be classified as continental, coastal or marine deposits. There are five major aquifers within the Coastal Plain Aquifer System. They are the Potomac-Raritan-Mugothy Aquifer System. Englishtown Aquifer, Wenonah-Mount Laurel Aquifer, Kirkwood Aquifer and the Cohansey Aquifer. Natural recharge to the New Jersey Coastal Plain Aquifer System occurs primarily through direct precipitation on the outcrop area of the geologic formations. A smaller component of natural recharge to the deeper layers of the system occurs by vertical leakage from the upper layers. This accounts for a small percentage of the total amount of recharge; however. over a large area and a long period of time the amount of water transmitted. can be significant.

The New Jersey Coustal Plain Aquiferdischarges to the surface through streams, springs and evapotranspiration. Many streams ultimately flow into bays or directly into the ocean. Development of the ground-water reservoir as a water supply source constitutes another discharge component which today accounts for a significant portion of discharge from the overall system. In certain areas (e.g. along the Delaware River) heavy pumping has caused a reversal in the normal discharge from 'the aquifer (Raritan-Magothy) such that ... the surface stream (Delaware River) now recharges the aquifer. This phenomenon implies that, in addition to the New Jersey Coastal Plain Area, the Delaware River Busin within Delaware... New Jersey, Pennsylvania and New York must be regarded as a streamflow. source zone (an upstream headwaters area which drains into a recharge zone).

IV. Information Utilized in Determination

The information utilized in this determination includes the petition, written and verbal comments submitted by the public, and various technical publications. The above data are available to the public and may be inspected during normal business hours at the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region II, Water Management Division, 26 Federal Plaza, New York, New York 10278.

#### V. Project Review.

When the EPA Administrator publishes his determination for a sole or principal drinking water source, no commitment for Federal financial assistance may be may if the Administrator finds that the Federallyassisted project may contaminate the aquifer through a recharge zone so as to creute a significant hazard to public beolth . . . Safe Drinking Water Act section 1424(e), 42 U.S.C. 300h-3(e). In many cases, these Federally-assisted projects would also be analyzed in an "Environmental Impact Statement" (EIS) under the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA). 42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C). All EISs, as well as any other proposed Federal actions affecting an EPA program or responsibility, are required by Federal law (under the so-called "NEPA/309" process) 1 to be reviewed and commented upon by the EPA Administrator. Therefore, in order to streamline EPA's review of the possible environmental impacts on designated aquifers, when an action is analyzed in an EIS, the two reviews will be consolidated, and both authorities will be cited. The EPA review (under the Sufe Drinking Water Act) of Federallyassisted projects potentially affecting sole or principal source aquilers, will be included in the LPA review (under the "NEI'A/309" process) of any EIS accompanying the same Federallyassisted project. The letter transmitting EFA's comments on the final EIS to the lead agency will be the vehicle for informing the lead agency of EPA's actions under section 1424(e).

All Federally-assisted proposed projects will be reviewed, within the New Jersey Coastal Plain Area (Counties of Monmouth, Burlington, Ocean, Camden, Gloucester, Atlantic, Sulem, Cumberland and Cape May, and portions of Mercer and Middlesex Counties, New Jersey (as delineated on maps included in the petition), and that

1 42 U.S.C. § 760P requires EPA to conduct this seview. The "No" in a "NEPA/303" derives from the original source of this general requirement: Section

portion of the streamflow source zone which lies within two miles of the Delaware River in the States of New Jersey (in Mercer, Hunterdon, Sussex and Warren Counties), Delaware (in New Castle County), Pennsylvania (in Delaware, Philadelphia, Bucks, Monroe. Northampton. Pike and Wayne Counties) and New York (in Delaware, Orange and Sullivan Counties) (as delineated on maps included in the public record). Outside the New Jersey Coastal Plain Area and further than two miles from the Dolaware River in the streamflow source zone, only those Federally-assisted proposed projects requiring the preparation of an EIS will be reviewed. The Agency has chosen a two-mile limit for the project review area along the Delaware River based on the climate and hydrologic setting of the. area. The two-mile distance is consistent with the two-mile review radius included in the EPA guidelines for Ground-Water Classification and is protective of human health.

# VI. Summary and Discussion of Public Comments

There has been much controversy over the possible designation of this aquifer system. The majority of the comments from the original 1979 public hearings were in direct opposition to such a designation. More than half of all responses received were against designation. Several commenters felt constrained by the original comment period and thereby requested an extension. EPA complied with this request on two occasions, once by announcing at the four public bearings it held throughout the area under consideration that the agency had extended the formal comment period from May 14, 1979, to December 31, 1979, and again in a May 19, 1983 Federal Register Notice that announced the availability of additional information and extension of the public comment period to July 15, 1983. Although a number of ground-water protection measures are available at the Federal. State and local level, none of these, either individually or collectively, permit EPA to act as directly as would a sole source aquifer designation in the review and approval of Federally-assisted projects. In addition, EPA feels that the sole source project review process will foster integration rather than duplication of environmental review efforts. Memoranda of Understanding have been negotiated with various Federal agencies with the purpose of sireamlining the review process and minimizing project delays. Must of the

designation would be a duplication of efforts already existing on the state and local levels. Some commenters felt that a sofe source squifer designation would give EPA the power to reject any applications for Federally-funded projects indiscriminately and to delay any project underway. Another main concern of many commenters was that a designation would cause a strong negative economic impact on the area in question and curtail needed development, thus eliminating jobs. EPA is sympathetic to the concerns of the commenters; however, the Agency feels that a sole source aquifer designation would not interfere with economic development. Federal financial assistance will be withheld only in those instances where it is determined that a proposed project may contaminate the acquifer so as to create a significant hazard to public health and no acceptable remedial measures are available to prevent the potential

Dated: June 26, 1988.
Los M. Thomas,
Administrator.
[FR Doc. 88-14293 Filed 6-23-88; 8:45 am],
SNLING CODE 6560-60-6

#### [OPTS-59045: FRL-3404-5]

Toxic and Hazardous Substances; Certain Chemicals Premanufacture Notices

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Section 5(a)(1) of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) requires any person who intends to megufacture or import a new chemical substance to submit a premamulacture notice (PAIN) to EPA at least 90 days before manufacture or import commences. Statutory requirements for section. 5(a)(1) premanufacture notices are discussed in the final rule published in the Federal Register of May 13, 1963 (48 FR 21722). in the Federal Register of November 12, 1984, (49 FR 46066) (40 CFR 723.250), EPA published a rule which granted a limited exemption from certain PMN requirements for certain types of polymers. Notices for such polymers are reviewed by EPA within 21 days of receipt. This notice announces receipt of nine such PMN's and provides: a summary of each.

DATES: Close of Review Periods:

Y 88-192, 88-193—june 5, 1988. Y 88-194—june 7, 1988. Y 88-195—May 17, 1988. Y 88-197—June 14, 1988. Y 88-198—June 16, 1988.

Y 88-199-june 10, 1985.

Y 88-200-june 23, 1968.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Stephania Roan, Premanufactura Natica
Management Branch, Chemical Control
Division (TS-794), Office of Toxic
Substances, Environmental Protection
Agency, Rm. E-611, 401 M Street SW.,
Washington, DC 20460 (202) 382-3725.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following notice contains information extracted from the non-confidential version of the submission provided by the manufacturer on the PMNs received by EPA. The complete non-confidential document is available in the Public. Reading Room NE-GOO4 at the above address between 8:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays.

#### Y 88-192

Manufocturer. Confidential. Chemical. (C) Hydroxy function scrylic resin.

Lise/Production. (S) Coatings. Prod. range: Confidential.

#### Y 88-193

Manufacturer. Confidential.
Chemical. [G] Polyurethene resin.
Use/Production. [S] Coating. Prod.
range: Confidential.

#### Y 88-196

Manufacturer. Sybron Chemicals Inc. Chemical. (G) Copolymer of aliphatic esters of 2-propenoic acid with homocyclic and heterocyclic aromatic. vinyl compounds, reaction production with aliphatic polyam ne.

Use/Production. (G) Waste and process water purification. Prod. range: Confidential.

#### Y 28-195

Manufacturer. Confidential. Chemical. (G) Dibasic acid polyol polyester.

Use/Production. (G) Used in coatings. Prod. range: Confidential.

#### Y 88-196

Monufacturer. Confidential Chemical (S) Rosin, dicyclopentadione, dimer fatty scid polymer.

Use/Production. (S) Printing ink vehicles. Prod. range: 1,000,000-3,700,000 kg/ys.

### Y 88-197

Manufacturer, Reichhold Chemicola,

Use/Production. (S) Architectural trade sales coating. Prod. range: Confidential.

#### Y 88-196

Manufacturer. Confidential.
Chemical (C) Aliphatic polyester urethane.

Use/Production (G) Coatings Production Confidential

#### Y 88-198

Manufacturer. C.J. Osborn.
Chemical. (G) Polyester.
Use/Production. (S) Pigmented and
clear finish. Prod. range: Confidential.

#### Y 88-200

Manufacturer. Confidential. Chemical (G) Styrene/acrylic copolymer.

Use/Production. Coatings and inks. Prod. range: Confidential.

Date: June 12, 1988. Stave Newburg-Rine,

Acting Chief, Public Data Brasels, Information Management Division, Office of Taxic Substances.

[FR Doc. 88-14292 Filed 6-23-88; 8-45 am]. BILLING CODE 680-58-16

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Public Information Collection Requirement Submitted to Office of Management and Budget for Review

#### lune 16, 1866.

The Federal Communications
Commission has submitted the following information collection requirement to OMB for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1989 (44) ISC. 3507).

Copies of this submission may be purchased from the Commission's copy contractor, International Transcription Service. (202) 852–3600, 2100 M Street NW., Suite 140, Washington, DC 20037. For further information on this submission contact judy Boley, Federal Communications Commission. (202) 832–7513. Persons wishing to comment on this information collection should contact Yvette Flynn, Office of Management and Budget, Room 3235 NEOB, Washington, DC 20503, (202) 395–3785.

ONB Number: 3080-0025.

Title: Application for Restricted.
Radiotelephone Operator Permit—
Limited Use.

Form Number: FCC 755. Action: Revision. REFERENCE NO. 26

# GRAPHICAL EXPOSURE MODELING SYSTEM

(GEMS)

USER'S GUIDE

VOLUME 2. MODELING

# Prepared for:

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
OFFICE OF PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES
EXPOSURE EVALUATION DIVISION
Task No. 3-2
Contract No. 68023970
Project Officer: Russell Kinerson
Task Manager: Loren Hall

# Prepared by:

GENERAL SCIENCES CORPORATION 8401 Corporate Drive Landover, Maryland 20785

Submitted: December 1, 1986

AIRCRAFT PAINTING

LATITUDE 39:22:29 LONGITUDE 75: 4:23 1980 POPULATION

SECTOR
KM 0.00-.400 .400-.810 .810-1.60 1.60-3.20 3.20-4.80 4.80-6.40 TOTALS
S 1 0 0 0 6586 15534 3307 25427
RING 0 0 0 6586 15534 3307 25427
TOTALS

GEMS> I

AIRCRAFT PAINTING

LATITUDE 39:22:29 LONGITUDE 75: 4:23 1980 HOUSING

Distance (miles)	Population	Housing
	0	0
1/2	0	0
1	0	0
2	6586	2194
3	22120	9251
4	25427	19251